

# Linearisation of Laser Equations for Lyapunov Exponent Calculation

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# 1 Class C Equations

$$\dot{E}_x = -E_x - \Delta_p E_y - P_y + f_x(T), \quad (1)$$

$$\dot{E}_y = -E_y + \Delta_p E_x + P_x + f_y(T), \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma_{pc}} \dot{P}_x = -P_x + \Delta_p P_y + E_y N, \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma_{pc}} \dot{P}_y = -P_y - \Delta_p P_x - E_x N, \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma_{nc}} \dot{N} = \Lambda - N + (P_y E_x - E_y P_x). \quad (5)$$

where the forcing terms are,

$$f_x(T) = \alpha \cos \phi \sin \omega \phi \delta(t - T) \quad (6)$$

$$f_y(T) = \alpha \sin \phi \sin \omega \phi \delta(t - T) \quad (7)$$

with  $\alpha = \text{"Kick Amplitude"}$ ,  $\phi = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{E_y}{E_x} \right)$ , and  $\omega = \text{"Number of petals"}$ .

## 1.1 Auxiliary Calculation

Want  $\partial_{E_x} f_x(T)$ ,  $\partial_{E_y} f_x(T)$ ,  $\partial_{E_x} f_y(T)$ , and  $\partial_{E_y} f_y(T)$ .

$$\partial_{E_x} f_x(T) = \alpha \partial_{E_x} (\cos \phi) \sin \omega \phi + \alpha \partial_{E_x} (\sin \omega \phi) \cos \phi \quad (8)$$

$$= (\alpha \omega \cos \phi \cos \omega \phi - \alpha \sin \phi \sin \omega \phi) \partial_{E_x} \phi \quad (9)$$

$$= \left( \frac{-E_y}{E_x^2 + E_y^2} \right) (\alpha \omega \cos \phi \cos \omega \phi - \alpha \sin \phi \sin \omega \phi) \delta(t - T) \quad (10)$$

$$\partial_{E_y} f_x(T) = \alpha \partial_{E_y} (\cos \phi) \sin \omega \phi + \alpha \partial_{E_y} (\sin \omega \phi) \cos \phi \quad (11)$$

$$= (\alpha \omega \cos \phi \cos \omega \phi - \alpha \sin \phi \sin \omega \phi) \partial_{E_y} \phi \quad (12)$$

$$= \left( \frac{E_x}{E_x^2 + E_y^2} \right) (\alpha \omega \cos \phi \cos \omega \phi - \alpha \sin \phi \sin \omega \phi) \delta(t - T) \quad (13)$$

$$\partial_{E_x} f_y(T) = \alpha \partial_{E_x} (\sin \phi) \sin \omega \phi + \alpha \partial_{E_x} (\sin \omega \phi) \cos \phi \quad (14)$$

$$= (\alpha \omega \sin \phi \cos \omega \phi + \alpha \cos \phi \sin \omega \phi) \partial_{E_x} \phi \quad (15)$$

$$= \left( \frac{-E_y}{E_x^2 + E_y^2} \right) (\alpha \omega \sin \phi \cos \omega \phi + \alpha \cos \phi \sin \omega \phi) \delta(t - T) \quad (16)$$

$$\partial_{E_y} f_y(T) = \alpha \partial_{E_y} (\sin \phi) \sin \omega \phi + \alpha \partial_{E_y} (\sin \omega \phi) \cos \phi \quad (17)$$

$$= (\alpha \omega \sin \phi \cos \omega \phi + \alpha \cos \phi \sin \omega \phi) \partial_{E_y} \phi \quad (18)$$

$$= \left( \frac{E_x}{E_x^2 + E_y^2} \right) (\alpha \omega \sin \phi \cos \omega \phi + \alpha \cos \phi \sin \omega \phi) \delta(t - T) \quad (19)$$

## 1.2 Jacobian

Now we get the Jacobian for the Class C laser including the terms that belong to the forcing/kicking,

$$\mathbf{Df} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 + \partial_{E_x} f_x(T) & -\Delta_p + \partial_{E_y} f_x(T) & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ \Delta_p + \partial_{E_x} f_y(T) & -1 + \partial_{E_y} f_y(T) & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \gamma_{pc} N & -\gamma_{pc} & \gamma_{pc} \Delta_p & \gamma_{pc} E_y \\ -\gamma_{pc} N & 0 & -\gamma_{pc} \Delta_p & -\gamma_{pc} & -\gamma_{pc} E_x \\ \gamma_{nc} P_y & -\gamma_{nc} P_x & -\gamma_{nc} E_y & \gamma_{nc} E_x & -\gamma_{nc} \end{pmatrix} \quad (20)$$