

TestNotes/pset1/RecursivePrint.java

```
1 // RecursivePrint.java
2
3 /**
4  * Recursive method that prints the contents of a directory.
5  * PSET1: Exercise 8 (Supplemental)
6  *
7  * @Kuljit Takhar
8  * @version Last modified 19_Sept_2023
9  *
10 */
11
12 public class RecursivePrint {
13     private static final String[] units = {
14         "", "one", "two", "three", "four", "five", "six", "seven", "eight", "nine", "
15         ten",
16         "eleven", "twelve", "thirteen", "fourteen", "fifteen", "sixteen", "seventeen",
17         "eighteen", "nineteen"
18     };
19
20     private static final String[] tens = {
21         "", "", "twenty", "thirty", "forty", "fifty", "sixty", "seventy", "eighty", "
22         ninety"
23     };
24
25     public static void main(String[] args) {
26         int n = 123456;
27         System.out.println(printNumber(n));
28     }
29
30     public static String printNumber(int n) {
31         if (n < 0) {
32             return "minus " + printNumber(-n);
33         } else if (n == 0) {
34             return "zero";
35         } else if (n < 20) {
36             return units[n];
37         } else if (n < 100) {
38             return tens[n / 10] + ((n % 10 != 0) ? " " + units[n % 10] : "");
39         } else if (n < 1000) {
40             return units[n / 100] + " hundred" + ((n % 100 != 0) ? " " + printNumber(n
41             % 100) : "");
42         } else if (n < 1000000) {
43             return printNumber(n / 1000) + " thousand" + ((n % 1000 != 0) ? " " +
44             printNumber(n % 1000) : "");
45         } else {
46             return "Number too large to handle";
47         }
48     }
49 }
```