

# Workshop 8 Solutions

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We'll begin by loading all the packages we might need.

```
library(MASS)
library(plyr)
library(reshape) # You may need to install this one first!
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'reshape'

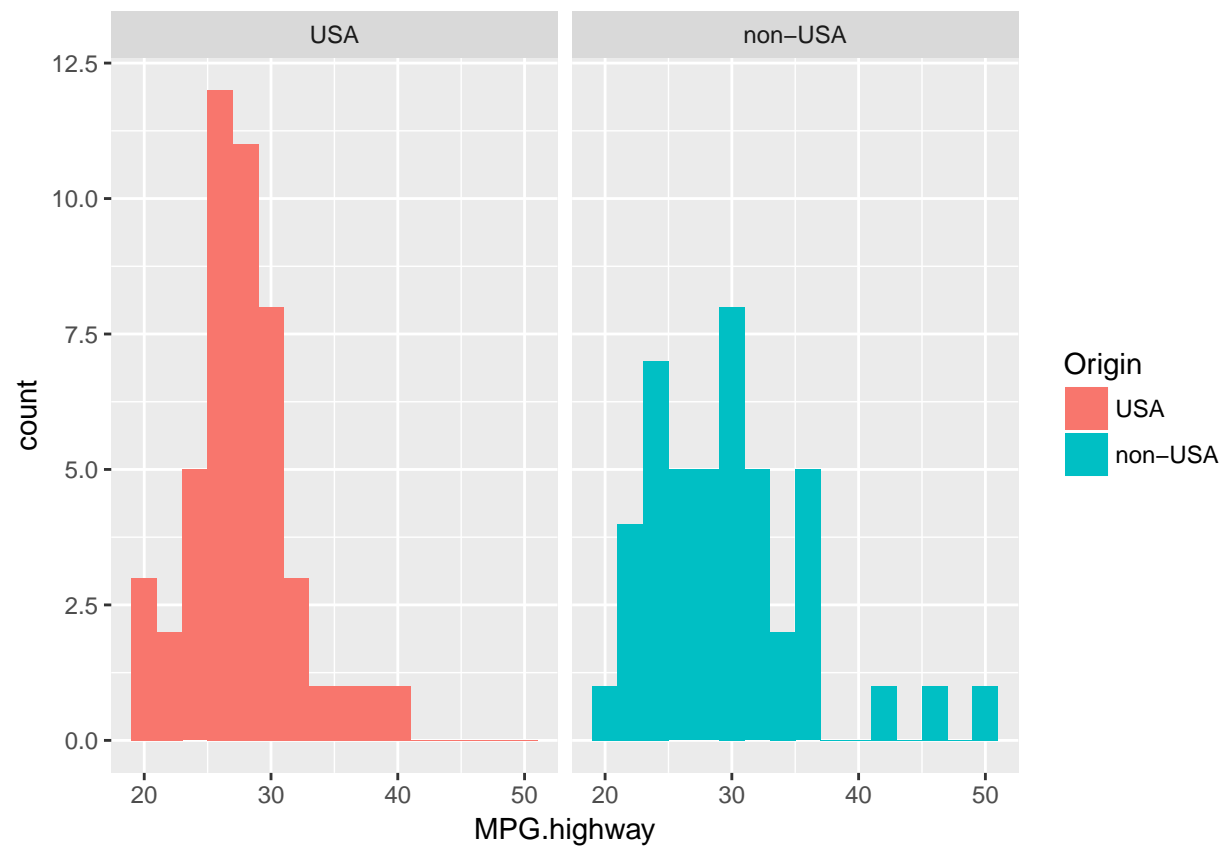
## The following objects are masked from 'package:plyr':
##
##   rename, round_any

library(ggplot2)
```

Is the data normal?

(a) Construct histograms of MPG.highway, one plot for each Origin category.

```
qplot(x = MPG.highway, data = Cars93, facets = ~Origin, geom = "histogram", fill = Origin, binwidth = 2)
```

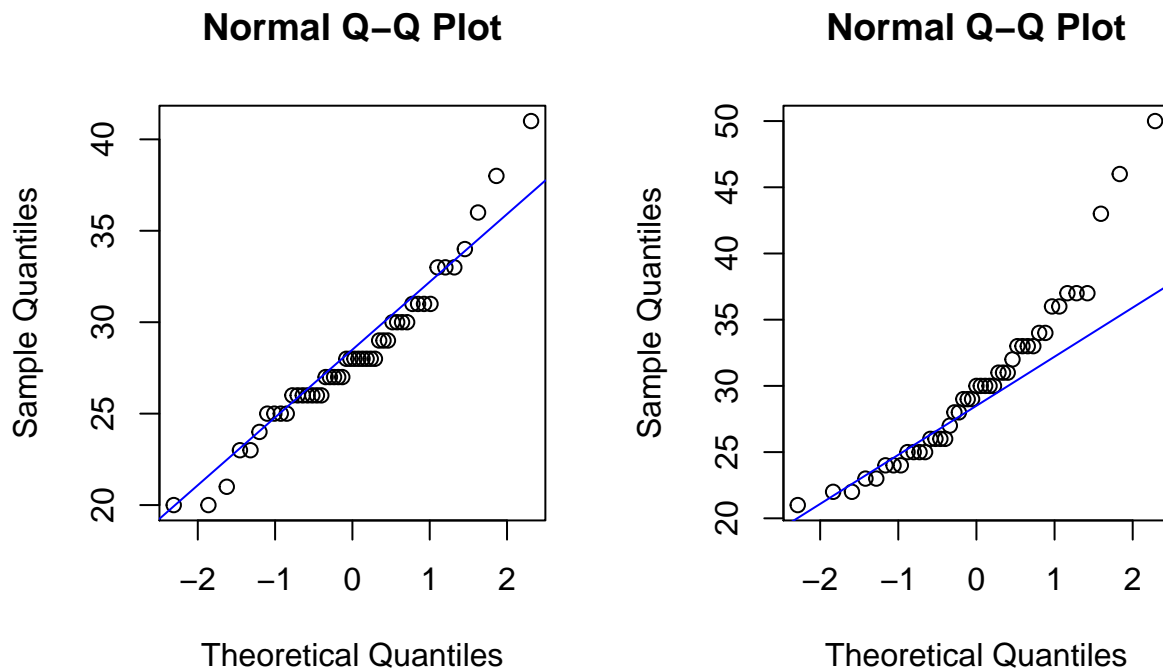


(b) Does the data look to be normally distributed?

The histograms don't really look normally distributed, so we might be better off using the non-parametric test.

(c) Construct qqplots of `MPG.highway`, one plot for each `Origin` category. Overlay a line on each plot using with `qqline()` function.

```
par(mfrow = c(1,2))
# USA cars
with(Cars93, qqnorm(MPG.highway[Origin == "USA"]))
with(Cars93, qqline(MPG.highway, col = "blue"))
# Foreign cars
with(Cars93, qqnorm(MPG.highway[Origin == "non-USA"]))
with(Cars93, qqline(MPG.highway, col = "blue"))
```



(d) Does the data look to be normally distributed?

The non-USA `MPG.highway` data looks very far from normally distributed.

### Testing means between two groups

(a) Using the `Cars93` data and the `t.test()` function, run a t-test to see if average `MPG.highway` is different between US and non-US vehicles.

Try doing this both using the formula style input and the `x, y` style input.

```
# Formula version
mpg.t.test <- t.test(MPG.highway ~ Origin, data = Cars93)
mpg.t.test

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: MPG.highway by Origin
## t = -1.7545, df = 75.802, p-value = 0.08339
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
```

```
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -4.1489029 0.2627918
## sample estimates:
##      mean in group USA mean in group non-USA
##      28.14583          30.08889
```

## x, y version

with(Cars93, t.test(x = MPG.highway[Origin == "USA"], y = MPG.highway[Origin == "non-USA"])) “

(b) What is the confidence interval for the difference?

```
mpg.t.test$conf.int
```

```
## [1] -4.1489029 0.2627918
## attr(,"conf.level")
## [1] 0.95
```

(c) Repeat part (a) using the wilcox.test() function.

```
mpg.wilcox.test <- wilcox.test(MPG.highway ~ Origin, data = Cars93)
```

```
## Warning in wilcox.test.default(x = c(31L, 28L, 25L, 27L, 25L, 25L, 36L, :
## cannot compute exact p-value with ties
```

```
mpg.wilcox.test
```

```
##
## Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
##
## data: MPG.highway by Origin
## W = 910, p-value = 0.1912
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

## What about one tail?

Mean of X less than Y

```
t.test(formula,alternative="less")
```

```
with(Cars93, t.test(x = MPG.highway[Origin == "USA"], y = MPG.highway[Origin == "non-USA"], alternative=
```

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: MPG.highway[Origin == "USA"] and MPG.highway[Origin == "non-USA"]
## t = -1.7545, df = 75.802, p-value = 0.0417
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is less than 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##      -Inf -0.09886038
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 28.14583 30.08889
```

Mean of Y greater than X

```
t.test(formula,alternative="greater")
```

```
with(Cars93, t.test(x = MPG.highway[Origin == "USA"], y = MPG.highway[Origin == "non-USA"], alternative=
```

```
##
```

```
## Welch Two Sample t-test
```

```
##
```

```
## data: MPG.highway[Origin == "USA"] and MPG.highway[Origin == "non-USA"]
```

```
## t = -1.7545, df = 75.802, p-value = 0.9583
```

```
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is greater than 0
```

```
## 95 percent confidence interval:
```

```
## -3.787251      Inf
```

```
## sample estimates:
```

```
## mean of x mean of y
```

```
## 28.14583 30.08889
```