A5: (Bereiche komplexer Zahlen) Zeichne die Mengen komplexer Zahlen (oder einen Aus-

a.
$$\{z \in \mathbb{C} : z = 8i\overline{z}\}$$
 b. $\{z \in \mathbb{C} : -e < 2z + 2\overline{z} < e\}$ c. $\{z \in \mathbb{C} : z^4 = 81i^2\}$

z = a+ib a. M= {ze (: z = 8iz }

b.
$$M = \{ 2 \in \mathbb{C} : -e < 2z + 2\overline{z} < e \}$$
 $z = a + ib \Rightarrow 2z + 2\overline{z} = 2(a + ib + a - ib) = 4a$
 $-e < 4a < e \Rightarrow -e < a < e \Rightarrow$
 $M = \{ a + ib : -e < a < e \Rightarrow \}$

$$C. M = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : z' = 21i^2\}$$
 $z' = 21i^2 = -21 \Rightarrow |z| = |z| = 3$

$$\frac{2z}{z_1} = \frac{3(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4})}{\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{2}{2} \sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{3\pi}{4} = \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3 \cdot (\cos \frac{3}{4}\pi + i \sin \frac{3}{4}\pi)}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{2} (-1 + i)$$

$$\frac{2z}{z_{1}} = 3\left(\cos\frac{\pi}{4} + i\sin\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{2}{2}\sqrt{2}(1+i)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{3\pi}{4\pi} \implies z_{2} = 3\cdot\left(\cos\frac{3\pi}{4}\pi + i\sin\frac{3\pi}{4}\pi\right) = \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{2}\left(-1+i\right)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{4\pi}{4} = \frac{5\pi}{4}\pi \implies z_{3} = 3\cdot\left(\cos\frac{5\pi}{4}\pi + i\sin\frac{5\pi}{4}\pi\right) = \frac{2}{2}\sqrt{2}\left(-1+i\right)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4}\pi = \frac{5\pi}{4}\pi \implies z_{3} = 3\cdot\left(\cos\frac{5\pi}{4}\pi + i\sin\frac{5\pi}{4}\pi\right) = \frac{2}{2}\sqrt{2}\left(-1+i\right)$$