Assignment 2 DSC 478 Part B

February 11, 2024

0.1 Assignment 2 DSC 478 Part B

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```
[]: #load libraries libraries
      import numpy as np
      import pandas as pd
      from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
      import sklearn
[81]: df = pd.read_csv("C:/Users/19148/Downloads/adult-modified1.csv") #import data
      df.head()
[81]:
                                                                  hours-per-week
          age workclass
                         education marital-status
                                                    race
                                                             sex
                 Public
          39
                                13
                                           Single
                                                   White
                                                            Male
                                                                               40
      1
          50 Self-emp
                                13
                                          Married
                                                   White
                                                            Male
                                                                               13
      2
          38
               Private
                                 9
                                           Single
                                                   White
                                                            Male
                                                                               40
                                 7
      3
          53
               Private
                                          Married Black
                                                            Male
                                                                               40
          28
                                13
                Private
                                          Married Black Female
                                                                               40
        income
      0 <=50K
      1 <=50K
      2 <=50K
      3 <=50K
      4 <=50K
[338]: df_null = df.isnull()
      np.unique(df_null.to_numpy()) #no missing values
[338]: array([False])
[82]: for i in df:
          x = (df[i].unique())
          print(np.sort(x)) # no missing values
      [17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40
       41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64
       65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 88 90]
```

```
['Private' 'Public' 'Self-emp']
          2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16]
     ['Married' 'Single']
     ['Amer-Indian' 'Asian' 'Black' 'Hispanic' 'White']
     ['Female' 'Male']
     [ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
      25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48
      49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 62 63 64 65 66 68 70 72 73 75 77 78
      80 84 85 87 88 89 90 94 97 98 99]
     ['<=50K' '>50K']
[83]: df_dummies = pd.get_dummies(df, dtype = int) # create dummy variables
      df dummies.shape
[83]: (9412, 17)
[84]: target_df = df_dummies['income_>50K'] #create a new dataframe with our target_
       \rightarrow attribute
      target_df.head()
[84]: 0
      1
           0
      2
           0
      3
           0
      Name: income_>50K, dtype: int32
[85]: df_dummies_drop=df_dummies.drop(['income_>50K', 'income_<=50K'],axis =__
      ⇔'columns') #drop income columns since they'll be our labels
      df_dummies_drop.head()
[85]:
         age
              education hours-per-week workclass_Private workclass_Public \
      0
          39
                     13
                                     40
      1
          50
                     13
                                     13
                                                          0
                                                                            0
      2
          38
                      9
                                     40
                                                          1
                                                                            0
                      7
      3
          53
                                     40
                                                          1
                                                                            0
      4
          28
                     13
                                     40
                                                          1
                                                                            0
         workclass_Self-emp marital-status_Married marital-status_Single
      0
                          1
                                                  1
                                                                          0
      1
      2
                          0
                                                  0
                                                                          1
      3
                          0
                                                   1
                                                                          0
                          0
                                                                          0
         race_Amer-Indian race_Asian race_Black race_Hispanic race_White \
      0
                        0
                                    0
                                                0
                                                0
      1
                        0
                                    0
```

```
3
                        0
                                     0
                                                  1
                                                                 0
                                                                              0
      4
                        0
                                                                              0
                                     0
                                                                 0
         sex_Female
                     sex_Male
      0
                  0
                  0
                             1
      1
      2
                  0
                             1
      3
                  0
                             1
      4
                  1
                             0
[86]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split #split test and training
      X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(df_dummies_drop, target_df, __

state=42)

state=42)

state=42)

      X_train.shape, X_test.shape,y_train.shape,y_test.shape
[86]: ((7529, 15), (1883, 15), (7529,), (1883,))
[87]: #apply minmax normalization
      X_train['age'] = X_train['age']/X_train['age'].abs().max()
      X_train['education'] = X_train['education']/X_train['education'].abs().max()
      X_train['hours-per-week'] = X_train['hours-per-week']/X_train['hours-per-week'].
       →abs().max()
      X_train.head()
[87]:
                      education hours-per-week workclass_Private
                 age
      8977 0.555556
                          0.5625
                                        0.353535
                                                                    1
      8143 0.400000
                                                                    0
                          0.8125
                                        0.454545
      6717 0.266667
                          0.6250
                                        0.404040
                                                                    1
      2132 0.533333
                          0.5625
                                        0.404040
                                                                    1
      1509 0.600000
                          0.5625
                                        0.404040
                                                                    1
            workclass_Public workclass_Self-emp
                                                   marital-status_Married \
      8977
                                                                          0
                            0
                                                 0
      8143
                            0
                                                 1
                                                                          0
                            0
                                                 0
      6717
                                                                          0
      2132
                            0
                                                 0
                                                                          1
      1509
                            0
                                                 0
            marital-status_Single race_Amer-Indian
                                                      race_Asian race_Black \
      8977
                                 1
                                                    0
      8143
                                 1
                                                    0
                                                                0
                                                                             1
      6717
                                                                0
                                 1
                                                    0
                                                                             0
      2132
                                 0
                                                    0
                                                                0
                                                                             0
      1509
                                 0
                                                    0
                                                                0
                                                                             0
```

```
8977
                         0
                                      1
                                                             0
                                                   0
       8143
                         0
                                      0
                                                             1
       6717
                         0
                                      1
                                                   0
                                                             1
       2132
                         0
                                                   0
                                                             1
                                      1
       1509
                         0
                                      1
                                                             1
[88]: #normalize the data using min max normalization
       X_test['age'] = X_test['age']/X_test['age'].abs().max()
       X test['education'] = X test['education']/X test['education'].abs().max()
       X_test['hours-per-week'] = X_test['hours-per-week']/X_test['hours-per-week'].
        ⇒abs().max()
       X_test.head()
[88]:
                       education hours-per-week workclass_Private
                  age
                                         0.404040
       8320 0.333333
                           0.6250
       8126 0.333333
                          0.5625
                                         0.464646
                                                                    1
       1298 0.411111
                                         0.44444
                                                                    1
                          0.5625
       9093 0.344444
                          0.4375
                                         0.404040
       8457 0.422222
                          0.6250
                                         0.202020
             workclass_Public workclass_Self-emp marital-status_Married \
       8320
                                                 0
       8126
                             0
                                                  0
                                                                           1
       1298
                             0
                                                  0
                                                                           0
       9093
                             0
                                                  0
                                                                           1
       8457
                             0
                                                  0
                                                                           0
             marital-status_Single race_Amer-Indian race_Asian race_Black \
       8320
                                                                 1
       8126
                                  0
                                                                 0
                                                                              0
                                                     0
       1298
                                  1
                                                     0
                                                                 0
                                                                              1
       9093
                                  0
                                                     0
                                                                 0
                                                                              0
       8457
                                                     0
                                                                              0
                                  1
             race_Hispanic race_White sex_Female sex_Male
       8320
                                      0
       8126
                         0
                                                   0
                                                             1
                                      1
       1298
                         0
                                      0
                                                   0
                                                             1
       9093
                         0
                                      1
                                                   0
                                                             1
       8457
                                      0
                                                   0
                         0
                                                             1
[116]: #convert to numpy arrays
       train = X_train.to_numpy()
```

sex Female

sex_Male

race_Hispanic

race_White

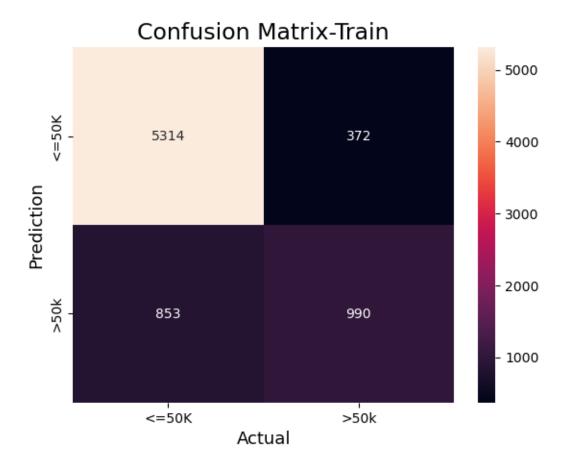
```
test = X_test.to_numpy()
lab_train = y_train.to_numpy()
lab_test = y_test.to_numpy()
```

KNN Classification

```
[120]: #KNN Classification with sklearn
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
import seaborn as sns
correctTrain = 0
predicted = []
neigh = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=10)
neigh.fit(train,lab_train)
for i in range(len(train)):
    if neigh.predict([train[i]]) == lab_train[i]:
        correctTrain+=1
        predicted.append(neigh.predict([train[i]]))
    else:
        predicted.append(neigh.predict([train[i]]))
correctTrain/len(train)
```

[120]: 0.8372957896134945

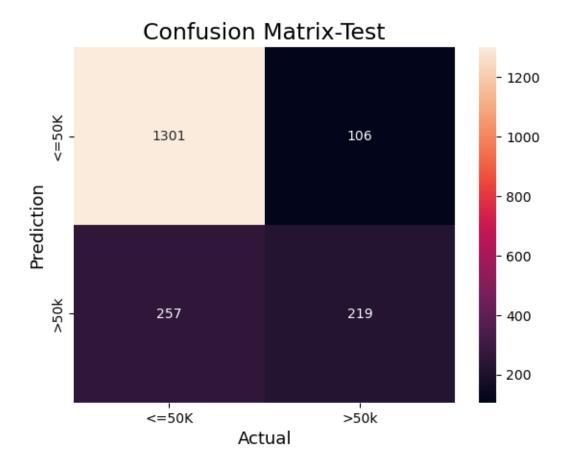
83% success rate is pretty high but not too high which is a good sign for overfitting.



```
[136]: #classification report
       from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
       y_true = lab_train
       y_pred = predicted
       target_names = ["<=50k",">50k"]
       print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=target_names))
                    precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                     support
             <=50k
                         0.86
                                    0.93
                                              0.90
                                                         5686
              >50k
                         0.73
                                    0.54
                                                         1843
                                              0.62
                                                         7529
                                              0.84
          accuracy
                                              0.76
                                                         7529
         macro avg
                          0.79
                                    0.74
      weighted avg
                         0.83
                                    0.84
                                              0.83
                                                         7529
[130]: #test model on test data
       correctTest = 0
       predictedTest = []
```

```
for i in range(len(test)):
    if neigh.predict([test[i]]) == lab_test[i]:
        correctTest+=1
        predictedTest.append(neigh.predict([test[i]]))
    else:
        predictedTest.append(neigh.predict([test[i]]))
correctTest/len(test)
```

[130]: 0.807222517259692



```
[135]: #classification report for test set
       from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
       y_true = lab_test
       y_pred = predictedTest
       target_names = ["<=50k",">50k"]
       print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=target_names))
                                  recall f1-score
                    precision
                                                     support
                         0.84
                                    0.92
                                              0.88
                                                        1407
             <=50k
                                    0.46
              >50k
                         0.67
                                              0.55
                                                         476
```

```
[187]: #test different values of K for uniform weight on training set bestKNN = {} #uniform weight
```

0.69

0.81

accuracy

0.75

0.79

macro avg

weighted avg

0.81

0.71

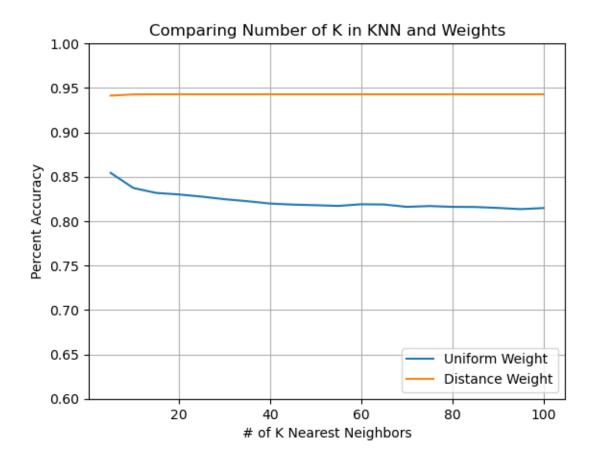
0.79

1883

1883

1883

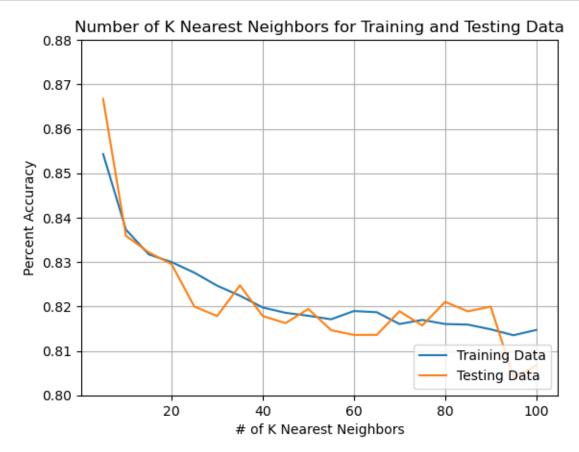
[160]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x12fbc649590>



The distance weight seems very strange to me. The same percent correct was seen for almost every value of K which seems very strange. However, if the further away a neighbor is means it is less significant, then getting further and further out shouldn't change the accuracy much as the further neighbors are less important.

```
[195]: #compare training and test sets for uniform weight
plt.plot(bestKNN.keys(),bestKNN.values(), label = "Training Data")
plt.plot(bestKNNTest.keys(),bestKNNTest.values(), label = "Testing Data")
plt.xlabel("# of K Nearest Neighbors")
plt.ylabel("Percent Accuracy")
plt.title("Number of K Nearest Neighbors for Training and Testing Data")
plt.ylim(.80,.88)
plt.grid(True)
plt.legend(loc = 'lower right')

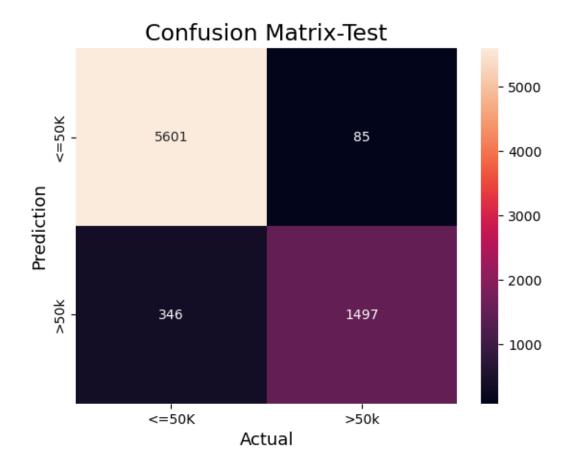
plt.show()
```



Very low values of K show overfitting. We can see overfitting when there are very low error rates and high variance. The biggest jump is low numbers of (<10). So I would say somewhere around 10-20 would be a good K to use as it doesn't seem common to use very large numbers of K. However, the variance is a lot lower with K around 25-80. It's also interesting to note that the training data is a lot smoother. One way to deal with overfitting is to use more data and obviously the training data is 4X the amount of data

Decision Trees

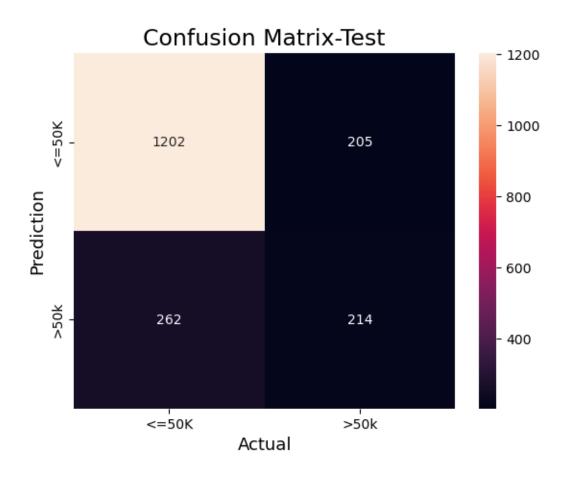
```
[196]: from sklearn import neighbors, tree, naive_bayes
[234]: X_train1, X_test1, y_train1, y_test1 = ___
        otrain_test_split(df_dummies_drop,target_df, test_size=.2, random_state=42) ∪
        →#I have to resplit the data because I didn't make a new dataframe with the
        \hookrightarrownormalized data
       X_train1,X_test1,y_train1, y_test1 = X_train1.to_numpy(),X_test1.
        sto_numpy(),y_train1.to_numpy(), y_test1.to_numpy()
[243]: treeclf = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
       treeclf = treeclf.fit(X_train1, y_train1)
[244]: print (treeclf.score(X_train1, y_train1))
      0.9427546818966662
[245]: print (treeclf.score(X_test1, y_test1))
      0.7519915029208709
[256]: correctTreeTrain = 0
       predictedTrainTree = []
       for i in range(len(X_train1)):
           x = treeclf.predict([X_train1[i]])
           if x == y_train1[i]:
               correctTreeTrain += 1
               predictedTrainTree.append(x)
           else:
               predictedTrainTree.append(x)
       #confusion matrix for train set
       predictedTrainTree = np.array(predictedTrainTree)
       cmTest = confusion_matrix(y_train1,predictedTrainTree)
       sns.heatmap(cmTest,
                   annot=True,
                   fmt='g',
                   xticklabels=['<=50K','>50k'],
                   yticklabels=['<=50K','>50k'])
       plt.ylabel('Prediction',fontsize=13)
       plt.xlabel('Actual',fontsize=13)
       plt.title('Confusion Matrix-Train Decision Tree',fontsize=17)
       plt.show()
```



```
[257]: #classification report for train set
       y_true = y_train1
       y_pred = predictedTrainTree
       target_names = ["<=50k",">50k"]
       print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=target_names))
                    precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                      support
                                    0.99
             <=50k
                          0.94
                                              0.96
                                                         5686
              >50k
                          0.95
                                    0.81
                                              0.87
                                                         1843
          accuracy
                                              0.94
                                                         7529
                                                         7529
                         0.94
                                    0.90
                                              0.92
         macro avg
                                    0.94
                                              0.94
                                                         7529
      weighted avg
                         0.94
[252]: correctTreeTest = 0
       predictedTestTree = []
       for i in range(len(X_test1)):
```

```
x = treeclf.predict([X_test1[i]])
    if x == y_test1[i]:
        correctTreeTest += 1
        predictedTestTree.append(x)
    else:
        predictedTestTree.append(x)
#confusion matrix for test set
predictedTestTree = np.array(predictedTestTree)
cmTest = confusion_matrix(y_test1,predictedTestTree)
sns.heatmap(cmTest,
            annot=True,
            fmt='g',
            xticklabels=['<=50K','>50k'],
            yticklabels=['<=50K','>50k'])
plt.ylabel('Prediction',fontsize=13)
plt.xlabel('Actual',fontsize=13)
plt.title('Confusion Matrix-Test Decision Tree',fontsize=17)
plt.show()
```

0.7519915029208709



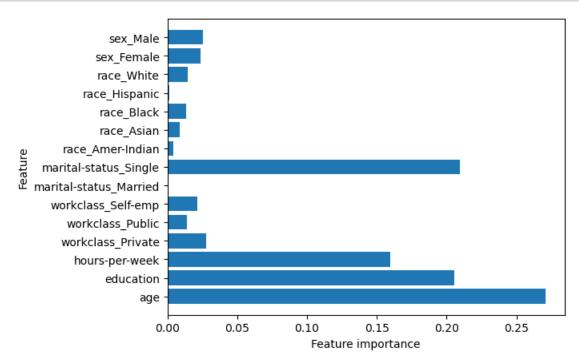
```
[253]: #classification report for test set
y_true = y_test1
y_pred = predictedTestTree
target_names = ["<=50k",">50k"]
print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=target_names))

precision recall f1-score support
```

```
0.82
                               0.85
                                           0.84
                                                      1407
       <=50k
                    0.51
        >50k
                               0.45
                                           0.48
                                                       476
                                           0.75
                                                      1883
    accuracy
   macro avg
                    0.67
                               0.65
                                           0.66
                                                      1883
weighted avg
                    0.74
                               0.75
                                          0.75
                                                      1883
```

```
plt.yticks(np.arange(n_features), feature_names)
  plt.xlabel("Feature importance")
  plt.ylabel("Feature")
  plt.ylim(-1, n_features)

plot_feature_importances(treeclf, len(X_trainDF.columns), X_trainDF.columns)
```



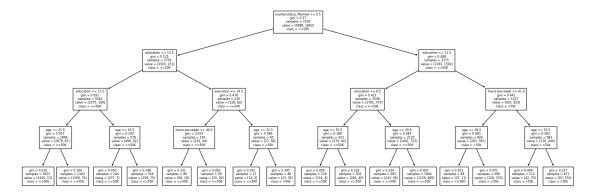
Looking at the differences between the training and testing set, the training set has a significantly higher accuracy than the training set. This is a sign of overfitting in the model. I suspect this is because the decision tree was built with the default parameters which resulted in overfitting. There has also been no pruning done.

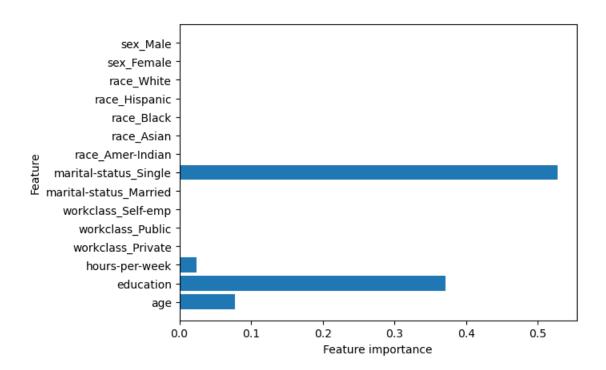
```
[261]: treeclf1 = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion = 'gini', min_samples_split = 10, max_depth = 4)
    treeclf1 = treeclf1.fit(X_train1, y_train1)

[262]: print (treeclf1.score(X_train1, y_train1))
    0.8177712843671139

[263]: print (treeclf1.score(X_test1, y_test1))
    0.8125331917153479

[325]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,7))
```





This model is better. The test data prediction is more accurate, but the models prediction on both the test and training set is very close. These changes indicate that the parameter changes fixed the overfitting. Also, from the feature importance chart we can see that being married is the most significant feature. Before changing the parameters though, age was the most important feature

[299]: 0.807942873894493

Comparing the average accuracy of the cross validations, the original score is very similar (less than 1% difference). LDA is also about 10% more accurate from the training sets.

```
with test data:
```

```
[306]: LDACorrect = 0
  LDAPredict = []
  for i in range(len(X_test1)):
        x = ldclf.predict([X_test1[i]])
        if x == y_test1[i]:
            LDACorrect+=1
            LDAPredict.append(x)
        else:
            LDAPredict.append(x)
```

[306]: 0.8098778544875199

Using the test data to test the accuracy of the models prediction, LDA gives an 80% accuracy of prediction which is similar to the accuracy of the model on the training data