

CB2070 Ex. 7

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ a) } |\psi\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \beta_1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_2 \\ \beta_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_1 \beta_2 \\ \beta_1 \alpha_2 \\ \beta_1 \beta_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{S}^2 = (\hat{S}_1 + \hat{S}_2)^2 = \hat{S}_1^2 + \hat{S}_2^2 + 2\hat{S}_1 \cdot \hat{S}_2$$

$$\hat{S}_1^2 = \hat{S}_2^2 = \frac{3}{4}\hbar^2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{3}{4}\hbar^2 \mathbb{1}^{2x2}$$

$$\text{To be fully precise: } \hat{S}^2 = (\hat{S}_1 \otimes \mathbb{1}_2 + \hat{S}_2 \otimes \mathbb{1}_1)^2$$

$$= \underbrace{\hat{S}_1^2 \otimes \mathbb{1}_2^2}_{\frac{3}{4}\hbar^2 \mathbb{1}^{2x2} \otimes \mathbb{1}^{2x2}} + \underbrace{\mathbb{1}_1^2 \otimes \hat{S}_2^2}_{\frac{3}{4}\hbar^2 \mathbb{1}^{4x4}} + \underbrace{2\hat{S}_1 \otimes \hat{S}_2}_{\text{2 terms}}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}\hbar^2 \mathbb{1}^{2x2} \otimes \mathbb{1}^{2x2} = \frac{3}{4}\hbar^2 \mathbb{1}^{4x4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2(\hat{S}_{1,x} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,x} + \hat{S}_{1,y} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,y} + \hat{S}_{1,z} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,z}) \\ &= \hat{S}_{1,+} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,+} + \hat{S}_{1,-} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,-} + 2\hat{S}_{1,\pm} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,\mp} \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{S}_+ = \hat{S}_x + i\hat{S}_y \quad \Rightarrow \quad \hat{S}_x = \frac{1}{2}(S_+ - S_-)$$

$$\hat{S}_- = \hat{S}_x - i\hat{S}_y \quad \Rightarrow \quad \hat{S}_y = \frac{1}{2i}(S_+ - S_-)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \hat{S}_{1,x} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,x} = \frac{1}{4}(\cancel{\hat{S}_x \otimes \hat{S}_x} + \hat{S}_{1,+} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,+} + \hat{S}_{1,-} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,-} + \hat{S}_{1,\pm} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,\mp})$$

$$\hat{S}_{1,y} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,y} = -\frac{1}{4}(-u - u - u + u)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \hat{S}_{1,x} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,x} + \hat{S}_{1,y} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,y} = \frac{1}{2}(\hat{S}_{1,+} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,-} + \hat{S}_{1,-} \otimes \hat{S}_{2,+})$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{S}^2 = 2 \cdot \frac{3}{4}\hbar^2 \mathbb{1}^{4x4} + \hbar^2 \left[ \underbrace{(\begin{smallmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{smallmatrix}) \otimes (\begin{smallmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{smallmatrix})}_{(\begin{smallmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{smallmatrix})} + \underbrace{(\begin{smallmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{smallmatrix}) \otimes (\begin{smallmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{smallmatrix})}_{(\begin{smallmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{smallmatrix})} + \underbrace{(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{smallmatrix}) \otimes (\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{smallmatrix})}_{(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{smallmatrix})} \right]$$

$$= \hbar^2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

b) 2 el sp., since sp. has off-diagonals

c) Edges are already decoupled and inner 2x2 is diagonalized by equal lin. comb., so eigenpairs are  $2\hbar^2 : (\uparrow\uparrow)$ ,  $2\hbar^2 : (\uparrow\downarrow)$ ,  $0 : (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow)$ ,  $2\hbar^2 : (\downarrow\downarrow)$

e) d) States 1, 2 and 4 are triplets ( $S^z = 1$ ) with  $M_S = 1, 0, -1$ , respectively and state 3 is a singlet with  $S^z = 0$  and  $M_S = 0$ , uniquely characterizing the eigenfunctions

① a)  $\hat{J}^2 |1\rangle = \phi_s |\alpha\rangle \quad |2\rangle = \phi_{11} |\alpha\rangle$

$$\Rightarrow |1\rangle = |\alpha_1 \alpha_2\rangle = \phi_s^\dagger |\alpha\rangle \phi_{11}^\dagger |\alpha\rangle - \phi_{11}^\dagger |\alpha\rangle \phi_s^\dagger |\alpha\rangle \\ = \alpha_1 \alpha_2 (\phi_s^\dagger \phi_{11}^2 - \phi_{11}^\dagger \phi_s^2)$$

b)  $\hat{J}^2 = \hat{J}_x^2 + \hat{J}_y^2 + \hat{J}_z^2 = \hat{J}_z^2 + \hbar \hat{J}_z + \hat{J}_- \hat{J}_+$

$$\hookrightarrow \hat{J}_x^2 + \hat{J}_y^2 = \hbar \hat{J}_z + \hat{J}_- \hat{J}_+ = \hbar \hat{J}_z + \hat{J}_x^2 + \hat{J}_y^2 + i \hat{J}_x \hat{J}_y - i \hat{J}_y \hat{J}_x \\ = i \underbrace{[\hat{J}_x, \hat{J}_y]}_{= 0} = -\hbar \hat{J}_z \\ = -i \hbar \hat{J}_z$$

c)  $\hat{J}_z |1\rangle = (\hat{L}_z + \hat{S}_z) |1\rangle = 2\hbar |1\rangle$

$$\hookrightarrow \hat{S}_z |\alpha_1 \alpha_2\rangle = \hbar$$

$$\hookrightarrow \hat{L}_z |\phi_s^\dagger \phi_{11}^2\rangle = (\hat{L}_{z_1} + \hat{L}_{z_2}) |\phi_s^\dagger \phi_{11}^2\rangle = \underbrace{\hat{L}_{z_1} |\phi_s^\dagger\rangle}_{= 0} + \underbrace{\hat{L}_{z_2} |\phi_{11}^2\rangle}_{= \hbar} - \text{perm.}$$

d)  $\hat{J}^2 |1\rangle = \left[ \hat{J}_z^2 + \hbar \hat{J}_z + \hat{J}_- \hat{J}_+ \right] |1\rangle$

$$\Rightarrow \hbar \hat{J}_z |1\rangle = 2\hbar^2 |1\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{J}_z^2 |1\rangle = 4\hbar^2 |1\rangle$$

$\Rightarrow \hat{J}_- \hat{J}_+ |1\rangle = 0$ , because  $\hat{J}_+ |1\rangle = 0$ , because 1 and 1 can't be linearly combined to something higher than 2, which is the eigenvalue of  $|1\rangle$

e)  ${}^{2S+1} L_2 \rightarrow {}^3 P_2$