

# DATA-DRIVEN CLIMATE RESILIENCE

---

## IMPROVING SEATTLE'S CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTABILITY WITH OPEN DATA

### PROBLEM

While Seattle leads the nation on climate change policy, [data.seattle.gov](https://data.seattle.gov) currently provides limited open data related to solving climate change issues.

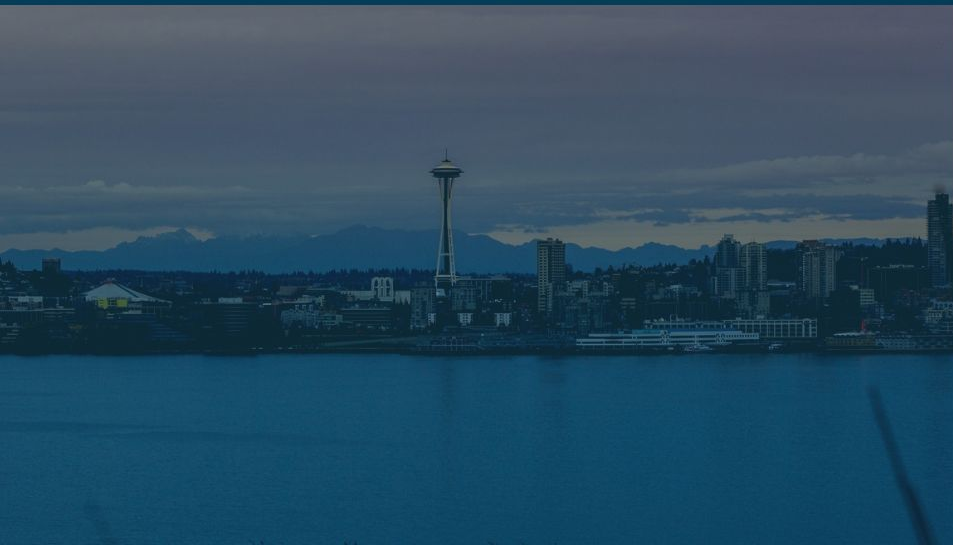
### COMMUNITY

Citizens of Seattle deserve excellent climate open data to foster transparency and spark innovation. Plus, other organizations may benefit.



## SEATTLE AT RISK

Weather extremes, sea level rise,  
threatened resources



## OPEN DATA CAN HELP

More climate-related datasets:  
assets, vulnerabilities, predictions,  
and visualized scenarios

# EXISTING DATA & INFRASTRUCTURE

<b>2015 Building Energy Benchmarking</b>
Seattle's Building Energy Benchmarking and Reporting Program (SMC 22.920) requires owners of non-residential and multifamily buildings (20,000 square feet or larger) to track energy performance and annually report to the City of <a href="#">More</a>
Tags: ghg, greenhouse gas, electricity, gas, seattle, and 6 more <span>API Docs</span>
<b>2016 Building Energy Benchmarking</b>
Seattle's Building Energy Benchmarking and Reporting Program (SMC 22.920) requires owners of non-residential and multifamily buildings (20,000 square feet or larger) to track energy performance and annually report to the City of <a href="#">More</a>
Tags: steam, natural gas, benchmarking, emissions, greenhouse gas, and 4 more <span>API Docs</span>
<b>2017 Building Energy Benchmarking</b>
Seattle's Building Energy Benchmarking Program (SMC 22.920) requires owners of non-residential and multifamily buildings (20,000 square feet or larger) to track energy performance and annually report to the City of Seattle. <a href="#">More</a>
Tags: energy, emissions, buildings, building performance, energy star, and 3 more <span>API Docs</span>

## DATA.SEATTLE.GOV'S CURRENT DATASETS

Building energy benchmarking, liquefaction zones, tree canopy, flood zones, environmentally critical areas



## CITY OF SEATTLE CLIMATE ACTION

The Office of Sustainability & Environment leads climate planning, and recently published a new, data-driven plan.



## GLOBAL & NATIONAL CLIMATE DATA

More and more climate data is released every day, and some of it has implications for Seattle, if transformed with users in mind.



# PROPOSAL MODEL: ANALYZE BOSTON

## DATASETS

- Sea level rise
- Social vulnerability
- Greenhouse gas emissions

## DOCUMENTATION

- Data dictionaries
- Associated research study
- Map explorer
- Data dashboard



# PROPOSAL: NEW DATASETS & SUPPORTING ELEMENTS

## DATASETS

- 12 new open datasets on data.seattle.gov
  - Sea level rise projections (3)
  - Flood level risks (6)
  - Social vulnerability assessment
  - Seismic data
  - Evacuation routes

## DOCUMENTATION

- Data dictionaries + METACLIP metadata
- Research Study
- Visualizations
- Portal Highlight



# PROPOSAL: STAGES OF WORK

1

## COORDINATE WITH PARTNERS

Collaborate with existing partners at City of Seattle, and other organizations to identify data.

2

## COLLECT CLIMATE DATA

In coordination with partners, begin collecting climate datasets identified for ingest.

3

## INGEST AND PACKAGE DATA

Once collected, transform and package data using climate4R for upload to portal.

4

## PROMOTE NEW DATA

Curate data for reuse and discovery with METACLIP metadata and documentation; promote to public.



# PROPOSAL: TIMELINE & COST ESTIMATE

## TIMELINE

- Approximately 1 year
- Hiring / training data intern (1-2 months)
- Stages of work (6-8 months)
- Project wrap-up / documentation (1-2 months)
- If funding is needed first, add approximately 6 extra months to write and secure grants.

## COSTS

- Approximately 200 FTE hours
- Data analyst summer intern
- In coordination with other departments
- Will seek grant funding opportunities from EPA, FEMA, Kresge Foundation, IMLS, and any other funders applicable to this project.

(U.S. Climate Resilience Toolkit, 2016)

# RESOURCES

## RECOMMENDED READING

- City of Boston. (2016) Climate Ready Boston Executive Summary. Retrieved from [https://www.boston.gov/sites/default/files/02\\_20161206\\_executivesummary\\_digital.pdf](https://www.boston.gov/sites/default/files/02_20161206_executivesummary_digital.pdf).
- Goodman, A., Pepe, A., Blocker, A.W., Borgman, C.L., Cranmer, K., Crosas, M., ..., Slavkovic, A. (2014). Ten simple rules for the care and feeding of scientific data. *PLOS Computational Biology*, 10(4). doi:10.1371/journal.pcbi.1003542.
- Iturbide, M., Bedia, J., Herrera, S., Baño-Medina, J., Fernández, J., Frías, M.D., ...Gutiérrez, J.M. (2019). The R-based climate4R open framework for reproducible climate data access and post-processing. *Environmental Modelling & Software*, 111(2019), 42-54. doi:10.1016/j.envsoft.2018.09.009.
- Miller, B. (2018). Can government turn up the heat on climate change? *Government Technology*. Retrieved from <https://www.govtech.com/products/Can-Government-Turn-Up-the-Heat-on-Climate-Change.html>.
- Qin, Z. Haili, X., & Haiping, T. (2018). Knowledge Domain and Emerging Trends in Vulnerability Assessment in the Context of Climate Change: A Bibliometric Analysis (1991-2017). *Knowledge Organization*, 45(6), 467-483. doi:10.5771/0943-7444-2018-6-467.
- Sparc. (n.d.) Open Data. Retrieved from <https://sparcopen.org/open-data/>.
- Sunlight Foundation. (2014). Open data policy guidelines. Retrieved from <https://sunlightfoundation.com/opendataguidelines/>.
- What Works Cities. (n.d.) Open data guidebooks: Getting meta with metadata.

## ADDITIONAL REFERENCES

- City of Boston. (n.d.) Climate Ready Boston Map Explorer. Retrieved from <https://www.boston.gov/departments/environment/climate-ready-boston-map-explorer>.
- City of Seattle. (2018). Seattle Climate Action. Retrieved from [http://greenspace.seattle.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/04/SeaClimateAction\\_April2018.pdf](http://greenspace.seattle.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/04/SeaClimateAction_April2018.pdf).
- City of Seattle. (n.d.) Office of Sustainability & Environment. Retrieved from <http://www.seattle.gov/environment>.
- Metaclip. (n.d.) Retrieved from [www.metaclip.org](http://www.metaclip.org).
- Li, D. (2018). Setting wildfire evacuation triggers by coupling fire and traffic simulation models: A spatiotemporal GIS approach. *Fire Technology*, (55) 2, 617-642. doi:10.1007/s10694-018-0771-6
- U.S. Climate Resilience Toolkit. (2016). Funding Opportunities. Retrieved from <https://toolkit.climate.gov/content/funding-opportunities>.