1192 PREDEFINED

5.150 eq_cst

DESCRIPTION LINKS

Origin Arithmetic.

Constraint eq_cst(VAR1, VAR2, CST2)

Arguments VAR1 : dvar

VAR2 : dvar CST2 : int

Purpose Enforce the fact that the first variable is equal to the sum of the second variable and the

constant.

Example (8,2,6)

The eq_cst constraint holds since 8 is equal to 2 + 6.

Typical $CST2 \neq 0$

• Arguments are permutable w.r.t. permutation (VAR1) (VAR2, CST2).

• One and the same constant can be added to VAR1 and VAR2.

• One and the same constant can be added to VAR1 and CST2.

Arg. properties

• Functional dependency: VAR1 determined by VAR2 and CST2.

• Functional dependency: VAR2 determined by VAR1 and CST2.

• Functional dependency: CST2 determined by VAR1 and VAR2.

See also implies: geq_cst, leq_cst.

 ${\color{red} \textbf{negation:}} \ {\color{blue} \textbf{neq_cst.}}$

specialisation: eq (constant *set to* 0).

Keywords constraint arguments: binary constraint, pure functional dependency.

constraint type: predefined constraint, arithmetic constraint.

filtering: arc-consistency.

modelling: functional dependency.

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