1586 PREDEFINED

## 5.234 lex\_lesseq\_allperm

## **DESCRIPTION** LINKS

Origin Inspired by [168]

Constraint lex\_lesseq\_allperm(VECTOR1, VECTOR2)

Synonym leximin.

**Purpose** 

Arguments VECTOR1 : collection(var-dvar)

VECTOR2 : collection(var-dvar)

 ${\bf Restrictions} \qquad \qquad {\tt required}({\tt VECTOR1}, {\tt var})$ 

required(VECTOR2, var)
|VECTOR1| = |VECTOR2|

VECTOR1 is lexicographically less than or equal to all permutations of VECTOR2. Given two vectors  $\vec{V}$  and  $\vec{V}$  of a components  $\vec{V}$  and  $\vec{V}$  and  $\vec{V}$  of a components  $\vec{V}$  and  $\vec{V}$  and  $\vec{V}$  or  $\vec{V}$  is

two vectors,  $\vec{X}$  and  $\vec{Y}$  of n components,  $\langle X_0, \dots, X_{n-1} \rangle$  and  $\langle Y_0, \dots, Y_{n-1} \rangle$ ,  $\vec{X}$  is lexicographically less than or equal to  $\vec{Y}$  if and only if n=0 or  $X_0 < Y_0$  or  $X_0 = Y_0$ 

and  $\langle X_1, \ldots, X_{n-1} \rangle$  is lexicographically less than or equal to  $\langle Y_1, \ldots, Y_{n-1} \rangle$ .

**Example**  $(\langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle, \langle 3, 1, 2 \rangle)$ 

The lex\_lesseq\_allperm constraint holds since vector  $\langle 1,2,3 \rangle$  is lexicographically less than or equal to all the permutations of vector  $\langle 3,1,2 \rangle$  (i.e.,  $\langle 1,2,3 \rangle$ ,  $\langle 1,3,2 \rangle$ ,

 $\langle 2, 1, 3 \rangle$ ,  $\langle 2, 3, 1 \rangle$ ,  $\langle 3, 1, 2 \rangle$ ,  $\langle 3, 2, 1 \rangle$ ).

Typical |VECTOR1| > 1

Symmetry All occurrences of two distinct values in VECTOR1.var or VECTOR2.var can be swapped;

all occurrences of a value in VECTOR1.var or VECTOR2.var can be renamed to any unused

value.

**Arg. properties**Suffix-contractible wrt. VECTOR1 and VECTOR2 (remove items from same position).

Remark The lex\_lesseq\_allperm(VECTOR1, VECTOR2) can be reformulated as the conjunction

 $\verb|sort|(\verb|VECTOR|2, \verb|VECTOR|), \verb|lex_lesseq|(\verb|VECTOR|1, \verb|VECTOR|).$ 

Systems leximin in Choco.

Used in allperm.

See also common keyword: allperm (matrix symmetry,lexicographic order).

implies: lex\_lesseq.

system of constraints: allperm.

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**Keywords** characteristic of a constraint: vector.

constraint type: predefined constraint, order constraint.
symmetry: symmetry, matrix symmetry, lexicographic order.