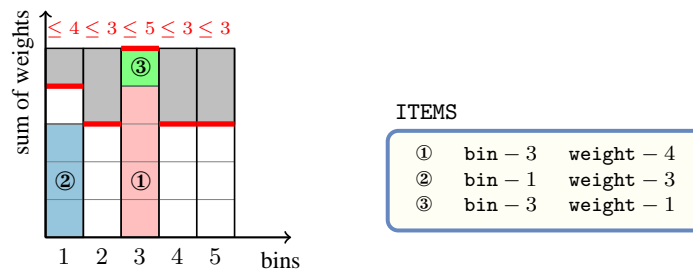


5.54 bin_packing_capa

	DESCRIPTION	LINKS
Origin	Derived from bin_packing .	
Constraint	<code>bin_packing_capa(BINS, ITEMS)</code>	
Arguments	BINS : <code>collection(id=int, capa=int)</code> ITEMS : <code>collection(bin=dvar, weight=int)</code>	
Restrictions	$ BINS > 0$ <code>required(BINS, [id, capa])</code> <code>distinct(BINS, id)</code> $BINS.id \geq 1$ $BINS.id \leq BINS $ $BINS.capa \geq 0$ <code>required(ITEMS, [bin, weight])</code> <code>in_attr(ITEMS, bin, BINS, id)</code> $ITEMS.weight \geq 0$	
Purpose	Given several items of the collection ITEMS (each of them having a specific weight), and different bins described the the items of collection BINS (each of them having a specific capacity capa), assign each item to a bin so that the total weight of the items in each bin does not exceed the capacity of the bin.	
Example	$\left(\begin{array}{cc} id - 1 & capa - 4, \\ \left\langle \begin{array}{cc} id - 2 & capa - 3, \\ id - 3 & capa - 5, \\ id - 4 & capa - 3, \end{array} \right\rangle, \\ id - 5 & capa - 3 \\ \left\langle \begin{array}{cc} bin - 3 & weight - 4, \\ bin - 1 & weight - 3, \\ bin - 3 & weight - 1 \end{array} \right\rangle \end{array} \right)$	
	The <code>bin_packing_capa</code> constraint holds since the sum of the height of items that are assigned to bins 1 and 3 is respectively equal to 3 and 5. The previous quantities are respectively less than or equal to the maximum capacities 4 and 5 of bins 1 and 3. Figure 5.140 shows the solution associated with the example.	
Typical	$ BINS > 1$ <code>range(BINS.capa) > 1</code> $BINS.capa > \maxval(ITEMS.weight)$ $BINS.capa \leq \sum(ITEMS.weight)$ $ ITEMS > 1$ <code>range(ITEMS.bin) > 1</code> <code>range(ITEMS.weight) > 1</code> $ITEMS.weight > 0$	

Figure 5.140: Bin-packing solution to the **Example** slot**Symmetries**

- Items of BINS are [permutable](#).
- Items of ITEMS are [permutable](#).
- BINS.capacity can be [increased](#).
- ITEMS.weight can be [decreased](#) to any value ≥ 0 .
- All occurrences of two distinct values in BINS.id or ITEMS.bin can be [swapped](#); all occurrences of a value in BINS.id or ITEMS.bin can be [renamed](#) to any unused value.

Arg. properties

[Contractible](#) wrt. ITEMS.

Remark

In [MiniZinc](http://www.minizinc.org/) (<http://www.minizinc.org/>) there is also a constraint called `bin_packing_load` which, for each bin has a domain variable that is equal to the sum of the weights assigned to the corresponding bin.

Systems

`pack` in [Choco](#), `binpacking` in [Gecode](#), `bin_packing_capa` in [MiniZinc](#).

See also

[generalisation](#): `indexed_sum` (negative contribution also allowed).

[specialisation](#): `bin_packing` (non-fixed capacity replaced by fixed overall capacity).

Keywords

[application area](#): assignment.

[constraint type](#): predefined constraint, resource constraint.

[modelling](#): assignment dimension, assignment to the same set of values.

[modelling exercises](#): assignment to the same set of values.