

5.244 max_n

	DESCRIPTION	LINKS	GRAPH
Origin	[27]		
Constraint	<code>max_n(MAX, RANK, VARIABLES)</code>		
Arguments	MAX : <code>dvar</code> RANK : <code>int</code> VARIABLES : <code>collection(var-dvar)</code>		
Restrictions	$RANK \geq 0$ $RANK < VARIABLES $ $ VARIABLES > 0$ <code>required(VARIABLES, var)</code>		
Purpose	MAX is the maximum value of rank RANK (i.e., the $RANK^{th}$ largest distinct value, identical values are merged) of the collection of domain variables VARIABLES. The maximum value has rank 0.		
Example	<code>(6, 1, <3, 1, 7, 1, 6>)</code> <p>The <code>max_n</code> constraint holds since its first argument $MAX = 6$ is fixed to the second (i.e., $RANK + 1$) largest distinct value of the collection $\langle 3, 1, 7, 1, 6 \rangle$.</p>		
Typical	$RANK > 0$ $RANK < 3$ $ VARIABLES > 1$ <code>range(VARIABLES.var) > 1</code>		
Symmetries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Items of VARIABLES are <code>permutable</code>. One and the same constant can be <code>added</code> to MAX as well as to the <code>var</code> attribute of all items of VARIABLES. 		
Arg. properties	Functional dependency: MAX determined by RANK and VARIABLES.		
Algorithm	[27].		
Reformulation	The constraint <code>among_var(1, <MAX>, VARIABLES)</code> enforces MAX to be assigned one of the values of VARIABLES. The constraint <code>nvalue(NVAL, VARIABLES)</code> provides a hand on the number of distinct values assigned to the variables of VARIABLES. By associating to each variable V_i ($i \in [1, VARIABLES]$) of the VARIABLES collection a <i>rank</i> variable $R_i \in [0, VARIABLES - 1]$ with the reified constraint $R_i = RANK \Leftrightarrow V_i = MAX$, the inequality $R_i < NVAL$, and by creating for each pair of variables V_i, V_j ($i, j < i \in [1, VARIABLES]$) the reified constraints		

$$V_i > V_j \Leftrightarrow R_i < R_j,$$

$$V_i = V_j \Leftrightarrow R_i = R_j,$$

$$V_i < V_j \Leftrightarrow R_i > R_j,$$

one can reformulate the `max_n` constraint in term of $3 \cdot \frac{|\text{VARIABLES}| \cdot (|\text{VARIABLES}| - 1)}{2} + 1$ reified constraints.

See also

comparison swapped: `min_n`.

generalisation: `maximum` (*absolute maximum replaced by maximum or order `n`*).

Keywords

characteristic of a constraint: `rank`, `maximum`.

constraint arguments: pure functional dependency.

constraint type: order constraint.

modelling: functional dependency.

Arc input(s)	VARIABLES
Arc generator	<i>CLIQUE</i> \mapsto collection(variables1, variables2)
Arc arity	2
Arc constraint(s)	$\bigvee \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{variables1.key} = \text{variables2.key}, \\ \text{variables1.var} > \text{variables2.var} \end{array} \right)$
Graph property(ies)	<u>ORDER</u> (RANK, MININT, var) = MAX

Graph model Parts (A) and (B) of Figure 5.535 respectively show the initial and final graph associated with the **Example** slot. Since we use the **ORDER** graph property, the vertex of rank 1 (without considering the loops) of the final graph is outlined with a thick circle.

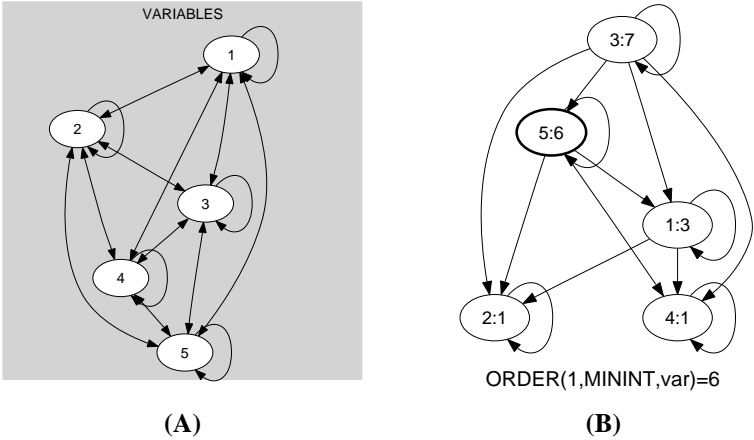


Figure 5.535: Initial and final graph of the max_n constraint

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