

1) INTRODUCTION

Background, objective and purpose of this publication

The Government of India has enacted the Right of Information Act, 2005 (22 of 2005) to provide for setting out the practical regime of right to information for citizens to secure access to information under the control of public authorities in order to promote transparency and accountability in the working of every public authority. This handbook is published as per provisions under section 4(1) of above act.

Updated information on all seventeen issues as mentioned in Section 4(1) (b) along with additional important and relevant information is consolidated in this handbook relating to the office of the Chief Electoral Officer, Maharashtra State.

This publication will be useful for members of public, political parties, organizations, officers and staff connected with the election administration

Procedure and fee for seeking information

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Right of Information act, 2005 (22 of 2005), the Government of Maharashtra has made the Maharashtra Right to Information Rules, 2005. As per the provisions contained in these rules, a request for information under sub-section (1) of section 6 shall be made to the concerned State Public Information Officer on plain paper in the prescribed format and shall be accompanied by an application fee of rupees ten by way of cash against proper receipt or by demand draft or banker's cheque payable to public authority or by affixing a court fee stamp of rupees ten. When the information is readily available either by way of photocopying or by other way, the fee shall be

charged at the rate of rupees two for each page (in A-4 or A-3 size paper) created or copied plus postal charges or actual charge or cost price of a copy in large size paper plus postal charges .For inspection of records, no fee for the first hour and a fee of rupees five for each fifteen minutes (or fraction thereof) thereafter will be charged.

For providing the information under sub-section (5) of Section 7, the fee shall be charged by way of cash against proper receipt or by Demand Draft or Bankers cheque or by way of money order payable to public authority at the following rates :-

(a) for information provided in diskette or floppy , rupees fifty per diskette or floppy plus postal charges and

(b) For information provided in printed form at the price fixed for such publication or rupees two per page of photocopy for extracts from publication plus postal charges, provided that no postal charges shall be charged if the applicant collects the information personally.

Any person who does not receive a decision within the time specified or is aggrieved by an order of Public Information Officer, may prefer an appeal to the concerned appellate authority on plain paper in prescribed format, which shall be accompanied by fee of rupees twenty.

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2;) Particulars of Organization, functions and duties Office

Office of the Chief Electoral Officer,
General Administration Department. 5th
floor, Mantralaya, Mumbai-4000 32

Legal standing and functions/duties of Chief Electoral Officer,

The Election Commission of India, which has been set up in accordance with the provisions of Article 324 of Constitution of India holds the Elections to the both houses of Indian Parliament as well as State Legislatures. The Election Commission is an independent constitutional authority which plays a fundamental and critical role in strengthening the Democracy in India. The Election Commission of India designates or nominates an officer of the Government of State/Union Territory as the Chief Electoral Officer of that State or Union Territory as per provisions in section 13 A of the Representation of the People Act, 1950.

The general duties of the Chief Electoral Officer are mentioned in Section 13 (A) (2) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 and Section 20 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951. As mentioned in Section 13 (A) (2) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, the Chief Electoral Officer has to supervise the preparation, revision and correction of electoral rolls in State subject to the superintendence, direction and control of the Election Commission of India. As per Section 20 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951, the Chief Electoral Officer has to supervise the conduct of all elections to Lok Sabha (House of People), Rajya Sabha (Council of States), Vidhan Sabha (Legislative Assembly) and Vidhan

Parishad (Legislative Council) in the State subject to the superintendence, direction and control of the Election Commission of India.

To perform these duties, the State Government has made available sufficient staff and infrastructure to the Chief Electoral Officer, at State, district and tehsil level in that State.

State Level

At the State Level, following staff is available to assist the Chief Electoral Officer, Maharashtra State.

Sr. No.	Designation	No of Posts
1	Deputy Secretary and Joint Chief Electoral Officer	1
2	Under Secretary and Deputy Chief Electoral Officer	2
4	Section Officer	3
5	Assistant and other Staff	23

District Level

At district level, the Collector of each district is designated as the District Election Officer for that district. The Deputy District Election Officer and other staff help the District Election Officers to conduct elections in the respective districts, under the supervision of the Chief Electoral Officer.

There are 35 districts in this State, each having a District Election Officer, with head-quarter at district capital. The Election Branch of each district consists of following staff for 33 out of 35 districts in the State :-

Deputy District Election Officer	One
Naib Tehsildar	One
Awwal Karkun	One

Clerk-Typist	One
Peon	One

For remaining two districts i.e Mumbai City and Mumbai Suburban districts, the staffing pattern is different considering the certain geographical/administrative conditions and large population. In the Election branch of Mumbai City and Mumbai Suburban district, No. of staff is 75 and 95 respectively.

Tehsil Level

At tehsil level, posts of one awwal karkun and one clerk are sanctioned for each tehsil in the office of the Tehsildar of concerned Tehsil for election related work.

Parliamentary, Assembly and Council Constituencies

There are 48 Parliamentary (Lok Sabha) and 288 Assembly Constituencies in this State. In Maharashtra Legislative Council, there are 78 council constituencies. The Election Commission of India designates the Returning Officer for each Parliamentary! Assembly! Council Constituency in consultation with the State Government. The general duty of the Returning Officer at any election to do all such acts and things as may be necessary for effectually conducting the election in the manner provided by election acts rules.

The Election Commission also designates the Electoral Registration Officer for each Assembly and Council Constituency in consultation with the State Government. The General duty of the Electoral Registration Officer is to prepare and revise the Electoral Roll of his Constituency.

Grievance redressal Cell

As per directions of the Election Commission of India, grievance redressal cells are created in the office of the Chief Electoral Officer as well as in the office of District Election Officer and Electoral Registration Officers to receive the grievances! Complaints relating to election.

3) POWERS AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

Officers/Staff in the office of Chief Electoral Officer

As mentioned earlier, the Chief Electoral Officer has to supervise the preparation, revision and correction of electoral rolls as well as the conduct of all elections in State subject to the superintendence, direction and control of the Election Commission of India. The Chief Electoral Officer is also empowered to hear appeals against the orders passed by the Electoral Registration Officers under Section 24 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950. The officers and employees of the organization assist the Chief Electoral Officer in discharge of his duties.

District Election Officers

The District Election Officer co-ordinates and supervises all work in the district or in the area within his jurisdiction in connection with the preparation, revision and correction of the electoral rolls and the conduct of election of all elections including Lok Sabha, Legislative Assembly and Legislative Council, under supervision and control of the Chief Electoral Officer, Mumbai. In this State, 33 out of 35 District Election Officers are Returning Officers of concerned Parliamentary Constituencies, also Main functions of the District Election Officers are listed as follows:

Conduct of Elections

- Assessment and procurement of election material/ stationery
- Setting up of polling stations and physical verification thereof.
- Drafting of polling and counting personnel and their

training

- Fixation of counting centre
- Necessary arrangement of poll at respective polling stations
- Implementation of all directions/orders and instructions of the Election Commission and Chief Electoral Officer and circulation thereof to concerned election authority including Returning Officers.
- Consolidation of information relating to nominations from Returning Officers and sending reports to the Chief Electoral Officer in this regard.
- Making necessary arrangement of security at polling / counting centers with the help of concerned police authorities.
- Meeting with political parties, candidates, government and local authorities, police authorities to ensure free and fair elections and implementation of model code of conduct.
- Assessment of Electronic Voting Machines, power packs (batteries) various seals /tags for EVMs and testing/cheking of requisite No. of EVMs, in advance.
- Preparation of EVMs for elections.
- Transport and Storage of EVMs and other election stationery
- Keeping record of account of election expenses and sending the reports to the Commission
- Supervising the poll process on poll day and sending periodical report to the Commission regarding poll events.
- Supervising the counting of votes and sending necessary report to the Commission
- Safe custody of evms, election papers and materials after counting
- Voter Awareness Campaign
- Overall supervision and control of elections in his jurisdiction.

Preparation and revision of Electoral Roll

- Requisition of staff and vehicles for preparation / revision of electoral rolls
- Implementation of all directions/orders and instructions of the Election Commission and Chief Electoral Officer and circulation thereof to concerned authorities including Electoral Registration Officers.
- Meeting with political parties to discuss various issues relating to electoral roll.
- Assessment and making demand of necessary forms and funds
- Grievances cell to receive the complaints regarding electoral roll and rectification thereof.
- Overall supervision on preparation /revision of electoral roll in his jurisdiction.

Apart from these works, the District Election Officers have to do various other duties regarding election including supervision and control the work of Electoral Photo Identity Cards, Photo Electoral Roll and computerization of Electoral Roll etc.

Returning Officers

Returning Officer of Parliamentary/Assembly/ Council Constituency is responsible for the conduct of elections in concerned constituency. In addition, the Election Commission also appoints one or more Assistant Returning Officers for each of the Constituency to assist Returning Officer in the performance of its functions in connection with the conduct of election.

Main functions of the District Election Officers and Returning Officers in connection with the conduct of elections are

Listed as follows:-

- Assessment and procurement of election material/ stationery through District Election Officer
- Training of polling personnel
- Necessary arrangement of poll at respective polling stations
- Issue of public notice of nomination on the day of notification
- Receiving Nomination Papers, scrutiny thereof and preparation of list of nominated, validly nominated as well as contesting candidates
- Allotment of Symbols to candidates
- Dissemination of information contained in Affidavits filed by candidates
- Publishing information regarding assets and liabilities of candidates on notice board
- Meeting with political parties, candidates, government and local authorities, police authorities to ensure free and fair elections and implementation of model code of conduct.
- Assessment of Electronic Voting Machines, power packs (batteries) various seals/tags for EVMs and testing/checking of requisite No. of EVMs, in advance.
- Preparation of EVMs for elections.
- Transport and Storage of EVMs and other election stationery
- Printing of Ballot Papers and checking hereof
- Printing of postal ballot papers and dispatching the same to service voters
- Dispatching of polling parties well in advance to respective polling stations
- Necessary facilities for polling personnel at polling stations

- Conducting poll on poll day and sending periodical report to the Commission regarding poll events.
- Conducting counting and sending necessary report to the Commission.
- Declaration of result.

Electoral Registration Officer

Under Section 13 B of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, the Election Commission of India in consultation with State Government nominates/designates an officer of Government/ Local Authority as Electoral Registration Officer for each Assembly/Council Constituency. The Commission also appoints one or more persons as Assistant Electoral Registration Officers to assist the concerned Electoral Registration Officer.

The general duty of the Electoral Registration Officer is to prepare the defect-free Electoral Roll for his constituency and revision of that electoral roll, time to time as per directions of the Election Commission of India. He has to carry out all procedures in respect of electoral roll including preparation and revision of rolls, inclusion of names, deletions, corrections of entries in electoral rolls, preparation and distribution of Electoral Photo-Identity Cards and computerization of Electoral Rolls as per provisions contained in election Acts/Laws.

Presiding Officers and Polling Officers

Under Section 26 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951, the District Election Officer appoints a presiding officer and polling officer/s for each polling station to conduct the poll procedure at respective polling station.

4) Procedure followed in decision-making process

Including channels of supervision and accountability

The various election acts/rules including the Representation of the People Act, 1950 and 1951, Conduct of Election Rules, 1961, Electoral Registration Rules, 1960 etc. as enacted/framed by the Parliament of India are consisted in the Manual of Election Law, a publication of Election Commission of India. Apart from these acts/rules, the Commission has published various handbooks e.g. hand book for Returning Officers, Electoral Registration Officers, Presiding Officers, Polling Officers, Candidates etc on the basis of above rules /acts. Apart from this publication, the Election Commission of India issues the directions/ instructions regarding any subject relating to conduct of elections or preparation and revision of electoral rolls, time to time. The Chief Electoral Officer as well as other election officer as mentioned in previous chapter have to act accordingly.

All policy decisions regarding election are taken at the level of the Election Commission of India and the implementation of these decisions is done through this office with the assistance of election related staff at district and tehsil level. Fixing the dates of elections, recognizing or de-recognizing political parties, allotment to or freezing the symbols of political parties, declaring the dates for intensive and summary revision of electoral rolls etc. are some of the policy decisions taken at the level of the Election Commission of India.

Decisions required to implement the orders of the Election Commission of India are taken at the level of the Chief Electoral Officer. Fixing agencies for procurement of material or services required for conduct elections, controlling activities of the political parties under the model code of

Conduct framed by the Election Commission of India act. Are some of the decisions to be taken by the Chief Electoral Officer.

The Chief Electoral Officer and the entire machinery working under him works under the direction, supervision and control of the Election Commission of India and is accountable to the Election Commission of India for all the actions.

Some of the important criteria/ norms fixed for certain election related procedures relevant to public are as follows:-

A) Preparation and Revision of Electoral Rolls

Eligibility for registration in all Electoral Roll of Assembly Constituency

- A person should be citizen of India
- He/She must have completed 18 years on qualifying date
- He/She should be ordinarily resident of in concerned Constituency
- He/She should not be of unsound mind.
- He/she should not have been disqualified from voting under the provisions of any law relating corrupt practices and other offences in connection with elections.

Eligibility for registration in an Electoral Roll of Council Constituency of Legislative Council

Local Authorities Constituencies

- The electorate consists of members of such local authorities exercising jurisdiction in any place or area within the limits of that constituency
- Every member of each such local authority be entitled to be registered in the electoral roll for that constituency
- The Electoral Registration Officer for every local authority constituency maintains in his office corrected and updated electoral roll of concerned constituency.
- For Maharashtra State, Municipalities (Municipal Corporations/ Municipal Councils), Zilla Parishads and Cantonment

Boards are Local Authorities for purpose of elections to the Legislative Council.

- A person should be citizen of India
- He! She should not be of unsound mind.
- He/she should not have been disqualified from voting under the provisions of any law relating corrupt practices and other offences in connection with elections.

Graduates Constituencies

- Every person who ordinarily resident in a Graduate's Constituency and has at least three years before the qualifying date been either a graduate of a university in the territory of India or is possession of any equivalent qualification specified by State Government.
- A person should be citizen of India
- He! She should not be of unsound mind.
- He/she should not have been disqualified from voting under the provisions of any law relating corrupt practices and other offences in connection with elections.

Teachers' Constituencies

- Every person who ordinarily resident in a teachers' Constituency and has at least three years before the qualifying date been engaged in teaching in any of the educational institutions within the state not lower in standard than that of secondary school.
- A person should be citizen of India
- He! She should not be of unsound mind.
- He/she should not have been disqualified from voting under the provisions of any law relating corrupt practices And other offences in connection with elections.

Apart from above council constituencies , nearly one third members of Maharashtra Legislative Council are elected from members of Maharashtra Legislative Assembly and reminder are nominated by the Governor from persons having special knowledge or practical experience in respect of one of the following matters :- Literature, Science, Art, Cooperative Movement and Social Services.

Whose names can be deleted from the Electoral Roll

- Names of dead persons
- Persons who have ceased to be or are not ordinarily resident in the Constituency
- Persons disqualified from voting.

Correction of entries in Electoral Roll

- defective or erroneous particulars are corrected
- Transposition of entry from one place to other place in roll due to changing of place of ordinary residence in same constituency
- No amendment, transposition or deletion of any entry can be made after the last date for making nomination for an election from that constituency.

Service Voters

Service voters can be enrolled in the place where they would have been ordinarily resident had they have not been in service i.e. place of permanent address. They can exercise their franchise either through postal ballot papers or proxy voting.

IMPORTANT FORMS RELATING TO ELECTORAL ROLL

- 1) Form 6 Claim application for inclusion of name
- 2) Form 7 Objection to inclusion of name

3) Form 8 Objections to particulars in any entry

4) Form 8A

B) Conduct of Election

Qualification for membership of Lok Sabha/

Legislative Assembly

- A person shall be citizen of India.
- He/She shall not be less than 25 years.
- He/She should not hold any office of profit under the Government of India or State Government.
- He/She shall not be of unsound mind
- He /She shall not be an undischarged insolvent.
- He/She shall not be disqualified by or under any law made by Parliament.

Qualification for membership of Rajya Sabha/

Legislative Council

- A person shall be citizen of India.
- He/She shall not be less than 30 years.
- He/She should not hold any office of profit under the Government of India or State Government.
- He/She shall not be of unsound mind
- He /She shall not be an undischarged insolvent.
- He/She shall not be disqualified by or under any law made by Parliament.

Criteria for setting up of polling stations

- The District Election Officer is responsible for the provision of polling stations and the publication of list of polling stations, under section 25 of the Representation

Of the People Act, 195 1.

- No. of voters assigned to each polling station normally may not exceed 1500 electors. However, in exceptional cases, it can be exceed 1500, maximum upto 1600.
- When the number of voters exceeds 1600, an auxiliary polling station to original polling station is set up , generally in same building or in same locality.
- Polling Stations can be set up for weaker sections of the society for voters less than 500, also.
- Maximum distance that voter has to travel to reach the polling station shall not generally exceed 2 KMs. In sparsely populated, hilly or forest area, this rule can be relaxed.
- Normally polling stations shall be in same polling area.
- Normally, polling stations shall be located in Schools, Government or Semi-Government Buildings. However, in unavoidable circumstances, polling station can be situated in private building or premises, with proper control of Returning Officer.
- No polling station shall be situated in Police Station, Hospital, Temple or places of religious significance.
- As far as possible, polling station shall be in pucca structure. Temporary pedals with full security can be allowed in exceptional cases.
- Separate polling station can be set up for voters suffering from leprosy in a leprosy sanatorium.
- District Election Officer or officer appointed on behalf of Him shall physically verify the location of polling stations and publish the draft list of polling stations

For general information.

- Considering the claims and objections received from public and representatives of public and political parties, the District Election Officer can amend the list, if necessary.
- After above procedure, District Election Officer sends the draft list along with necessary enclosures to the Chief Electoral Officer, for seeking necessary approval of Election Commission of India.
- The Chief Electoral Officer after scrutinizing the same, forwards it to the Election Commission of India with recommendations.
- After receipt of approval for draft list of polling stations, the District Election Officer finally publish the list of polling stations for public information.
- Only printing or clerical mistakes can be rectified by the District Election Officer, after final publication.

Persons to be allowed inside the polling stations

- The Electors
- The Polling Officers
- Each Candidate, his election agent and one polling agent of each candidate at a time
- Persons authorized by the Commission
- Public Servant on duty
- A Child in arms accompanying an elector
- A person accompanying a blind or an infirm voter
- Such other persons as the Presiding Officer may from time to time admit for the purpose of identifying voters or Otherwise.

Electors deciding not to vote

If an elector, after his electoral roll number has been duly entered in the Register of Voters (Form 1 7A) and he has put his signature /thumb impression on that register, decides not to record his vote, he shall not be forced or compelled to record his votes. A remark to that effect shall be made in the remarks column against the entry relating to him in the Register of Votes.

Persons to be allowed inside the polling stations

- Counting supervisors and counting assistants
- Persons authorized by the Election Commission
- Public servants on duty in connection with the election
- Candidates, their election agents and counting agents

Persons entitled to vote by post For Parliamentary/ Assembly Elections

- Special Voters
- Service Voters
- Voters on election duty
- Electors subjected to preventive detention

For Council Constituencies

- Voters on election duty
- Electors subject to preventive detention
- Electors in the whole or any specified parts of the constituency if directed by the Election Commission of India For an election by assembly members
- Electors subject to preventive detention

- All electors if directed by the Election Commission of India

Important Forms relating to conduct of elections

1	Form 1	Notice of Election
2	Form 2A	Nomination Paper for Lok Sabha Elections
3	Form 2B	Nomination Paper for Vidhan Sabha
4	Form 2C	Elections Nomination Paper for Council of States
5	Form 2D	Nomination Paper for Legislative Council by the members of Legislative Assembly
6	Form 2E	Nomination Paper for Legislative Council from a Council Constituency
7	Form 4	List of validly nominated candidates
8	Form 7B	List of contesting candidates
9	Form 20	Final Result Sheet

Registration of Political Parties with Election

Commission of India

- Any association or body of individual citizens of India may make an application to the Election Commission of India for it's registration as a political party
- Every such application shall be signed by the Chief Executive Officer of that organization (he may be known as Secretary or by any other designation) and may be presented or sent to the Secretary to the Election Commission of India.
- Every such application shall contain the following particulars :-
 - (a) the name of the association or body
 - (b) the state in which its head office is situated
 - (c) the address to which letters and other communications meant for it should be sent
 - (d) the names of its president, secretary, treasurer and other

Office- bearers

- (e) the numerical strength of its members , and if there are categories of its numbers , the numerical strength in each category
- (f) Whether it has any local unit, if so, at what level
- (g) Whether it is represented by any member or members in either House of Parliament or of any State Legislature, if so, number of such members.
- Such application shall be accompanied by a copy of the memorandum or rules and regulations of the association or body

Election Petition

- No election shall be called in question except by an election petition presented as per provisions in laws.
- Election Petitions shall be submitted in High Court only.
- Election Petitions must be submitted within 45 days from the date of election of returned candidate.
- Only elected candidates and other contesting candidates against whom allegations of any corrupt practice are made, can be made the respondents in the Election Petition.
- Election Commission of India, Chief Electoral Officer, District Election officer, Returning Officer or any other government officials cannot be made party in the array of respondents in the Election Petition.

Corrupt Practice & Certain Election Offences

Corrupt Practice

- Bribery
- Undue influence
- The appeal by a candidate or his agent or by any other person with

Consent of candidate or his election agent to vote or refrain from voting.

- Promotion of enmity or hatred between two different classes of citizens
- Propagation of the practice or the commission of sati or its glorification
- Publication of any statement which is false in relation to personal character or conduct of any election
- Hiring or procurement of any vehicle by candidate or his agent or any person with the consent of candidate or his agent , for transporting electors to/from polling station.
- Incurring or authorizing of expenditure in contravention of section 77
- Obtaining or procuring or abetting or attempting for furtherance of the prospects of election from any person in the service of Government.
- Booth Capturing by a candidate or his agent or other person

Electoral Offences

- Promoting enmity between classes in connection with election
- Taking public meetings during period of forty-eight hours ending with hours fixed for conclusion of poll
- Disturbances at election meetings
- Offence connected with the printing of pamphlets, posters etc.
- Maintenance of secrecy of voting
- Doing any act for the prospects of the election of a candidate by election officers
- Canvassing in or near polling stations
- Disorderly conduct in or near polling station

- Misconduct at polling station
- Failure to observe procedure for voting
- Illegal hiring or procuring of conveyance at elections
- Breaches of official duty in connection with election
- Government servant acting as election agent, polling agent or counting agent
- Going arms to or near polling station
- Removal of ballot papers from polling station to be an offence
- Other offences as mentioned in election laws/acts

C) Disqualification for members of Parliament and State Legislatures

"Disqualified" means disqualified for being chosen as, and being, a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State.

Disqualification on conviction for certain offences

According to Section 8 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951 (1) a person convicted of an offence punishable under:-

Indian Penal Code	
Section 153 A	Offence of promoting enmity between different groups on ground of religion, race, place of birth, Residence, language, etc. and doing acts prejudicial to maintenance of harmony or
Section 171 E	Offence of bribery or
Section 171F	Offence of undue influence or personation at an election or
Sub-Section (1) or (2) of Section 376 or 376 A or 376 B or 376 C or 376 D	Offences relating to rape or
Section 498	A Offence of cruelty by husband or relative of husband or

Sub-Section (2) or (3) of Section 505	Offence of making statement creating or promoting enmity, hatred or ill-will between classes or offence relating to such statement in any place of worship or in any assembly engaged in the performance of religious worship or religious ceremonies or
The Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955	Which provides for punishment for the preaching and practice of "Untouchability" and for the enforcement of any disability arising there from or
Section 11 of the Customs Act, 1962	Offence of importing or exporting prohibited goods or
Sections 10 to 12 of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967	Offence of being a member of an association declared unlawful offence relating to contravention of an order made in respect of a notified place or
The Foreign Exchange (Regulation) Act, 1973 or	
The Narcotics Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 or	
The Terrorists and Disruptive Activities (Prevention) Act, 1987	
Section 3	Offence of committing terrorist acts or
Section 4	Offence of committing disruptive activities or
Section 7 of the Religious Institutions Act, 1988	Offence or contravention of the provision of Sections 3(Prevention of Misuse) to 6 or
The Representation of the People Act, 1951	

Section 125	Offence of promoting enmity between classes in connection with the election or
Section 135	Offence of removal of ballot papers from polling papers from polling stations or
Section 135a	Offence of booth capturing or
Clause (a) of sub - section (2) of Section 136	Offence of fraudulently defacing or fraudulently destroying any nomination
Section 6 of the Places of Worship (Special Provisions) Act, 1991	Offence of conversion of a place of worship or
Prevention of Insults to National Honour Act, 1971	
Section 2	Offence of insulting the Indian National Flag or the Constitution of India or
Section 3	Offence of preventing singing of National Anthem

Shall be disqualified for a period of 6 years from the date of such conviction. (The quantum of punishment is immaterial).

(2) A person convicted for the contravention of-

- (a) any law providing for the prevention of hoarding or profiteering or
- (b) any law relating to the adulteration of the food or drugs or
- (c) any provisions of the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 or
- (d) any provisions of the Commission of Sati (prevention) Act, 1987

And sentenced to imprisonment for not less than 6 months, shall be disqualified from the date of such conviction and shall continue to be disqualified for a further period of 6 years since his release.

(3) A person convicted of any offence and sentenced to

imprisonment for not less than 2 years (other than an offence referred to in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) above), shall be disqualified from the date of such conviction and shall continue to be disqualified for a further period of 6 years since his release.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) or sub-section (3), a disqualification under either sub-section shall not, in the case of a person who on the date of the conviction is a member of Parliament or the Legislature of a State, take effect until 3 months have elapsed from the date or, if within that period an appeal or application for revision is brought in respect of the conviction or the sentence, until that appeal or application is disposed of by the court.

Disqualification on ground of corrupt practices

According to Section 8 A of the Act, the case of every person found guilty of a corrupt practice by an order under Section 99 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951 (made by the High Court at the conclusion of the trial of an Election Petition in case where a charge is made in an Election Petition of any corrupt practice having been committed at an election), shall be submitted, as soon as may be, after such order takes effect, by such authority as the Central Government may specify in this behalf, to the President for determination of the question as to whether such person shall be disqualified and if so, for what period. Provided that the period for which any person may be disqualified shall in no case exceed 6 years from the date on which the order made in relation to him under Section 99 takes effect.

The Central Government has specified -

- (a) in relation to an election to the House of the People or the Council of States, the Secretary-General of the House of the

People or the Council of States, as the case may be, and

- (b) in relation to an election to the Legislative Assembly or to the Legislative Council of a State, the Secretary of the Legislative Assembly or the Legislative Council of a State, as the case may be, as the authority for the above purpose)

Before giving his decision on any question indicated above, the President! Governor shall obtain the opinion of the Election Commission and shall act according to such opinion.

Disqualification for dismissal for corruption or disloyalty

According to Section 9 of the Act, a person who having held an offence under the Government of India or under the Government of any State has been dismissed for corruption or for disloyalty to the State shall be disqualified for a period of 5 years from the date of such dismissal. For this purpose, a certificate issued by the Election Commission to the effect that a person having held office under the Government of India or under the Government of any State has or has not been dismissed for corruption or for disloyalty to the State shall be conclusive proof of that fact. Provided that no certificate to the effect that a person has been dismissed for corruption or for disloyalty to the State shall be issued unless an opportunity of being heard has been given to the said person.

Disqualification for office under Government Company

According to Section 10 of the Act, a person shall be disqualified if, and so long as, he is a managing agent, manager or secretary of any company or corporation (other than a co-operative society) in the capital of which the appropriate

Government has not less than 25% share.

Disqualification for failure to lodge account of election expenses

According to Section 10 A of the Act, if the Election Commission is satisfied that a person -

- (a) has failed to lodge an account of election expenses within the time and in the manner required by or under the Act, and
- (b) has no good reason or justification for the failure,

The Election Commission shall, by order published in the official Gazette, declare him to be disqualified and any such person shall be disqualified for a period of 3 years from the date of the order.

According to Section 77-

every candidate an election shall, either by himself or by his election agent, keep a separate and correct account of all expenditure in connection with the election incurred or authorised by him or by his agent between the date on which he has been nominated and the date of declaration of the result thereof, both dates inclusive.

- (1) The account shall contain particulars such as expenditure incurred on vehicles, meetings, publicity etc. The total of the said expenditure shall not exceed limit of Rs.25 lakhs in the case of Parliament and Rs.10 lakhs in the case of Legislative Assembly.
- (2) According to Section 78 of the Act, every contesting candidate at

an election shall, within 30 days from the date of election of the returned candidate or, if there are more than one returned candidate at the election and the dates of their election are different, the later of those two dates, lodge with the District Election Officer (Returning Officer in the case of a constituency in a Union Territory) an account of his election expenses which shall be a true account of the account kept by him or his agent under Section 771).

Removal or reduction of period of disqualification

The Election Commission may, for reasons to be recorded, remove any disqualification except under Section 8 A or reduce the period of such disqualification.

D) Electronic Voting Machines (EVM)

The Election Commission of India has provided nearly 150 thousand Electronic Machines to this State. All elections including General and Bye elections, held after the year 2000 are conducted with help of the EVMs. The most important advantage of EVM is that printing of millions of ballot papers could be dispensed with, as only one ballot paper is required for fixing on the Balloting Unit at each polling station instead of one ballot paper for each individual elector. This has resulted in huge savings by way of cost of paper, printing, transportation, storage and distribution.

Secondly, counting has become very quick and easy and the result can be declared within 3 hours as compared to 30-340 hours, on an average, under the conventional system.

Thirdly, there are no invalid votes under the system of voting under EVMs. The importance of this can be better appreciated, if one knows that in many constituencies, the

Number of invalid votes is more than the winning margin between the winning candidate and the second candidate. To this extent, the choice of the electorate is more correctly reflected due to use of EVMs.

EVMs can record a maximum of 3840 votes. As normally the total number of electors in a polling station will not exceed 1500, the capacity of EVMs is more than sufficient. EVMs are designed to accommodate up to 16 candidates as there are 16 buttons on the Balloting Unit of the EVM. In case of more than 16 candidates in a Constituency, two or more Balloting Units can be attached with one Control Unit of the EVM.

The people in Maharashtra have accepted the EVM very well and the percentage of poll has increased after the introduction of EVMs, which are found to be user friendly and hassle free.

(5) Norms set for the discharge of functions

The norms of all the important functions of the Chief Electoral Officer, e.g. conducting elections, preparing and revising electoral rolls, preparing election photo identity cards are fixed by the Election Commission of India. The deadlines for each activity and the detailed procedure are declared by the Commission. The Election Commission of India publishes different hand books from time to time, detailing the procedure to be followed by different election functionaries. Detailed guidelines are also issued by the Commission for various activities like revision of electoral rolls, implementation of model code of conduct etc.

(6) Rules, regulations, instructions, manuals and Records, held or under the control of Chief Electoral

Officer used by its employees for discharging its functions.

All the activities of the organization of the Chief Electoral Officer are governed by the Manual of Election Laws, Vol- I and II, which contain extracts of the Constitution of India, the Representation of the People Act, 1950 and 1951, the Conduct of Election Rules, 1961, the Electoral Registration Rules, 1960 and other relevant acts and rules. The Election Commission also publishes various Hand Books and guidelines from time to time describing the step by step procedure to be followed by the election staff.

7) Statement of the categories of documents that are held by Chief Electoral Officer or under his control

The list of members of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha

- The list of Members of Maharashtra Legislative Assembly! Council • CDs of Electoral Roll of 288 Assembly Constituencies. Hard copies available with Collectors and District Election Officers
- Affidavits filed by the Candidates along with their nomination papers in general elections to Lok Sabha/ Maharashtra Legislative Assembly are available on this office web-site '<http://ceo.maharashtra.gov.in>'. Hard copies are available the District Election Officers! Returning Officers.
- Poll statistics of the last General Elections to Lok Sabha / Maharashtra Legislative Assembly

- Search facility for Elector's name in the Electoral Rolls of 22 cities having Municipal Corporations (on internet)
- Various downloadable forms
- A-B as well as AA-BB forms for political parties

8) Particulars of any arrangement that exists for consultation with or representation by, the members of the public in relation to the formulation of its policy or administration thereof

Consultations are held with the representatives of political parties and the NGOs at various levels before all major events like conduct of elections, revision of rolls etc. There is, however, no formal committee or forum where Representatives of public are included.

9) Statement of the boards , councils, committee and other bodies Consisting of two or more persons constituted as its part or for the purpose of its advice and as to whether meeting of those boards , councils, committees and other bodies are open to the public or the minutes of such meeting are accessible for public.

There are no such boards, councils or committees at the level of the Chief Electoral Officer or under it. Policy decisions are taken by the Election Commission of India and are implemented by the office of the Chief Electoral Officer with the assistance of the election machinery at the district level.

10) Manner of execution of subsidy programmes

Including the amounts allocated and the details of beneficiaries of such programme.

There are no subsidy programmes carried out in the office of Chief Electoral Officer.

11) Particulars recipients of concessions, permits or authorizations granted.

No concessions, permits etc. are given by office of the Chief Electoral Officer.

12) Details in respect of the information available to or held by Chief Electoral Officer, reduced in electronic form.

This office has its own website <http://ceo.maharashtra.gov.in> and a whole lot of information regarding elections as mentioned above can be easily accessed through Internet.

Information on the following topics is available on the official website of the Chief Electoral Officer.

General information

1)	Voters Helpline	To download various forms, electoral rolls information, Election statistics etc
	Candidate	List of Assembly Constituencies and download nomination forms for candidates
	Election Officers Directory	List of District Election Officers and Deputy District Election Officers, Electoral Registration Officers, etc.
	Vidhan Sabha	Affidavits filed by candidates in the last elections, results of last Elections and the list of MLAs.
	Lok Sabha	Affidavits filed by candidates in the last elections, results of last

		elections and the list of MPs.
	Search Electoral Rolls	The facilities to search names and other information in the Electoral Rolls is available on link for all Municipal Corporation Areas. A link to Election Commission of India is also available to access detailed information on earlier elections, rules & regulations, notifications, orders of Election Commission of India and information regarding other states as well

13) The particulars of facilities available to citizens for obtaining information including the working hours of a library or regarding room, if maintained for public use:

This office has its own website '<http://ceo.maharashtra.gov.in>' and a whole lot of information regarding elections as mentioned above can be easily accessed through internet. A link to Election Commission of India is also available to access detailed information on earlier elections, rules & regulations, notification, orders of Election Commission of India and information regarding other states as well.

14) The names, designations and other particulars of the Public Information officers:

Serial No.	Name and Designation of the Officers	Designated as
1	Deputy Secretary and Joint Chief Electoral Officer, Maharashtra State.	Appellate Authority
2	Under Secretary, office of the Chief Electoral Officer General Administration Department, Maharashtra State	Public Information Officer
3	Section Officer, office of the Chief Electoral Officer, General Administration Department, Maharashtra State	Assistant Public Information Officer

Election Commission of India
Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioner

Sr. No.	Name	Officer Phone	Email	Fax No.
1	Dr. Nasim Zaidi, Chief Election Commissioner	23052323, 23052424	nasimzaidi@eci.gov.in	23052525
2	Mr. Achal Kumar Joti, Election Commissioner	23052132, 23052134	akjoti@eci.gov.in	23052249
3	Mr. Om Prakash Rawat , Election Commissioner	23052137, 23052138	op.rawat@eci.gov.in	23052139
4	Mr. Umesh Sinha, Deputy Election Commissioners	23052081, 23052226	decus@eci.gov.in	23052227
5	Mr. Sandeep Saxena, Deputy Election Commissioners	23052023, 23052024	decss@eci.gov.in	23052025
4	Mr. Sudeep Jain, Director Generals	23052232, 23052004	sudeep.jain@eci.gov.in	23052234
5	Shri S.K.Mendiratta, Legal Advisor	23052142	mendiratta.sk@eci.gov.in	23052204
6	Mr. Tapas Kumar, Senior Principal Secretary	23052236	tkumar@eci.gov.in	23052007
7	Mr. K. Ajay Kumar, Senior Principal Secretary	23052237	kakumar@eci.gov.in	23052238
8	Mr. R.K.Srivastava, Principal Secretary	23052239	rksrivastava@eci.gov.in	23052240
9	Mr. K.F. Wilfred, Principal Secretary	23052026	kfwilfred@eci.gov.in	23052010
10	Mr. Bernard John, Principal Secretary	23052037	bjohn@eci.gov.in	23052038
11	Mr. Y. Standhope, Principal Secretary	23052241	ystandhope@eci.gov.in	23052046
12	Mr. S.K. Rudola, Principal Secretary	23052149	skrudola@eci.gov.in	23052049
13	Mr. Varinder Kumar, Secretary	23052242	varinderkr@eci.gov.in	23052065
14	Mr. K.N.Bhar , Secretary	23052014	knbhar@eci.gov.in	23052084
15	Mr. Anuj Jaipuriar, Secretary	23052243	anuj@eci.gov.in	23052059
16	Mr. N.N.Butolia , Secretary	23052016	narendranb@eci.gov.in	23052050
17	Mr. Sumit Mukherjee, Secretary	23052246	smukherjee@eci.gov.in	23052001
18	Ms. Padma Angmo, Dy. Secretary	23052008	padma.angmo@eci.gov.in	23052072
19	Mrs. Rachna Gupta, Joint.Dir(OL)	23052248	-	-
20	Mr. A.N.Das, Secretary	23052012	andas@eci.gov.in	-
21	Mr. J.K.Rao, Secretary	23052022	jkrao@eci.gov.in	-
22	Mr. K.D.K. Verma, Secretary	23052060	dilver@eci.gov.in	-
23	Mr. S.B.Joshi, Secretary	23052033	sbjoshi@eci.gov.in	-
24	Mr. P.K.Sharma, Secretary	23052057	Pramod@eci.gov.in	-
25	Mr. Darsuo Thang, Secretary	23052062	darsuo.thang@eci.gov.in	-
26	Mr. Malay Mallick, Secretary	23052058	malaym@eci.gov.in	-
27	Mr. Avinash Kumar, Secretary	23052055	-	-
28	Mr. Arvind Anand, Secretary	23052063	arvind.anand@eci.gov.in	-
29	Mr. Rahul Sharma, Under Secretary	23052070	rahulsharma.eci@gmail.com	-

30	Mr. Ajoy Kumar, Under Secretary	23052067	ajoykumar@eci.gov.in	-
31	Mr. Mohammad Umar, Under Secretary	23052066	mohammad.umar@eci.gov.in	-
32	Mr. T.C.Kom, Under Secretary	23052075	-	-
33	Ms. Pushpa N. Lakra, Under Secretary	23052074	-	-
34	Mr. N.T.Bhutia, Under Secretary	23052083	ntbhutia@eci.gov.in	-
35	Mr. B.C.Patra, Under Secretary	23052079	bcpatra@eci.gov.in	-
36	Mr. A.K Bhatnagar, Under Secretary	23052076	bhatnagar@eci.gov.in	-
37	Mr. A.K.Pathak, Under Secretary	23052080	akpathak@eci.gov.in	-
38	Mr. Suman Kumar Das, Under Secretary	23052082	skdas@eci.gov.in	-
39	Mr. Jaydeb Lahiri, Under Secretary	23052162	jlahari@eci.gov.in	-
40	Mr. Anoop Kumar, Under Secretary	23052071	ak.us.eci@gmail.com	-
41	Mr. Rakesh Kumar, Under Secretary	23052077	-	-
42	Sh. Lekh Raj Sharma, Under Secretary/PAO	23052107	-	-
43	Sh. I.C.Goel, Under Secretary	23052031	icgoel@eci.gov.in	-

**OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTORAL OFFICER
MAHARASHTRA STATE**

Sr. No.	Name	Officer Phone	Email	Mobile No.	Fax No.
1	Shri Ashwani, Kumar Chief Electoral Officer	22029965	ceo_maharashtra@eci.gov.in	-	22793674
2	Shri A.N. Valvi, Joint Chief Electoral Officer	22856667	anil.valvi@nic.in	9833005769	22026441
3	Shri Shirish Mohod, Under Secretary & Deputy Chief Electoral Officer	22855948	shirishmohod@gmail.com	9892987595	22835698 SVEEP, Voter ID, court case
4	Shri. S.N. Mahire, Under Secretary & Deputy Chief Electoral Officer	22025059	ceo_maharashtra@eci.gov.in	8381026720	22835698 Conduct Budget
5	Smt. Shubha Borkar, Section Officer	22026441	ceo_maharashtra@eci.gov.in	9870330739	22026441 Budget
6	Shri P.V. Kulkarni, Desk Section Officer	22855948	ceo_maharashtra@eci.gov.in	9892312705	22835698 SVEEP, Voter ID, court case
7	Shri Tushar Hirlekar, Section Officer	22025059	ceo_maharashtra@eci.gov.in	9821692191	- Conduct

Collectors & DEO's							
Sr. No.	District	Name	Code	Office	Fax	Res	Mobile
Kokan Region							
1	Mumbai City	Smt. Ashwini Madhukar Joshi	022	22662440	22664232	22073254	9552966770
2	Mumbai Suburban	Shri. Deependra Kushwah	022	26514742	26556805		9422645400
3	Thane	Dr.Mahendra Kalyankar	022	25344041	25349200	25329191	9833699999
4	Palghar	Shri. Abhijit Bangar	02525	253111		241111	8888842212
5	Raigad	Smt. Sheetal Teli-Ugale	02141	222001	227451	222002	9822876089
6	Ratnagiri	Shri Prabhakar Pradeep	02352	222301	226250	222302	9420486486
7	Sindhudurg	Shri Uday Chaudhari	02362	228844	228589	229029	8451803111
Pune Region							
8	Pune	Shri. Saurabh Rao	020	26114949	26123938	26361818	9423688760
9	Satara	Shri Ashwani Mudgal	02162	232750	230310	232751	9420492277
10	Sangli	Shri. Shekhar Gaikwad	0233	2373001	2326710	2373003	9028462283
11	Kolhapur	Shri. Amit Saini	0231	2654811	2650501	2856006	9422644441
12	Solapur	Shri Ranjit Kumar	0217	2731000	2621120	2731024	9604999077
Nashik Region							
13	Nashik	Shri Radhakrishnan B.	0253	2578500	2575703	2578600	9604998685
14	Dhule	Shri.Dilip Pandharpatte	02562	288701	288715	2288702	9821075542
15	Nandurabar	Dr. M Kalshetti	02564	221001	222230	221002	9422661265
16	Ahmednagar	Mr Anil Kawade	0241	2345001	2322432	2345000	9422502212
17	Jalgaon	Shri. Rubal Agarwal	0257	2220400	2220500	2260401	9822362620
Aurangabad Region							
18	Aurangabad	Dr. Nidhi Pandey	0240	2331200	2331100	2331100	8476045209
19	Jalna	Shri S R Jondhale	02482	224700	225326	225701	9820131307
20	Parbhani	Shri. Rahul Ranjan Mahiwal	02452	223555	223774	222444	9422434299
21	Hingoli	Shri. Anil Bhandari	02456	221701	222400	220250	8390520673
22	Nanded	Shri. Suresh Kakani	02462	237101	238500	253001	9004444338
23	Beed	Shri. Naval Kishore Ram	02442	222201	222011	222202	7757926060
24	Latur	Shri Pandurang Pole	02382	224001	242330	221001	7588115495
25	Osmanabad	Dr. Prashant Narnaware	02472	224501	228018	224601	9850053503
Amaravati Region							
26	Amaravati	Shri Kiran Kumar Gite	0721	2662522	2662843	2662112	9527828282
27	Akola	Shri G.Sreekanth	0724	2424442	2424443	2414441	9921044466
28	Washim	Shri. Rahul Dvivedi	07252	233400	232858	233401	8806268811
29	Yavatmal	Shri Sachindra Pratap Singh	07232	242501	242211	242301	9422885511
30	Buldhana	Dr. Vijay Zhade	07262	242307	242289	242888	9422931509
Nagpur Region							
31	Nagpur	Shri. Sachin Kurve	0712	2564973	2560543	2561755	7758831977
32	Wardha	Shri Shelesh Nawal	07152	240102	240533	240101	8698886611
33	Chandrapur	Shri Ashutosh Salil	07172	255300	255500	2255200	8390520945
34	Gadchiroli	Shri A.S.R. Nayak	07132	222001	222022	222002	7798977831
35	Bhandara	Dr. Abhijeet Choudhary	07184	254777	252312	254666	9637200961
36	Gondiya	Shri Abhimanyu Kale	07182	236149	224161	236348	9869405001

DEPUTY COLLECTOR & DY DISTRICT ELECTION OFFICERS

NO	District	Name of the Officer	Std	office	Fax	Residence	Mobile
1	Nandurbar	Shri Devdatt keKane	2564	210008	210041		9921139896
2	Dhule	Shri J.R.Valvi	2562	288716	288715	235998	9850442694
3	Jalgaon	Shri Manohar Chaudhari	257	2217640	2217640	2217340	9403080001
4	Buldhana	Shri Ramesh N. Ghevande	7262	243116	243116	243116	9881211115
5	Akola	Shri Gajanan Surje	724	2438763	2435007		8275049620
6	Washim	Shri Prakash Patil	7252	232852	232858		9975700396
7	Amravati	Shri Vishalkumar Meshram	721	2662364	2662843	2665055	7588880507
8	Wardha	Shri Lonkar	7152	249776	249776	242399	7588873469
9	Nagpur	Smt. Deena Phalke	712	2541832	2541832	2714414	7028910319
10	Bhandara	Shri Vijay Urkude	7184	252798/ 254289	252076	252336	9422858914
11	Gondia	Shri Vilas Thakare	7182	236148	233866	-	9822576583
12	Gadchiroli	Shri Shaildrakumar Meshram	7132	222011	222301	222012	9422835591
13	Chandrapur	Dr. Arjun Chikhale	7172	255466	256588	255466	8411840999
14	Yeatmal	Shri N.S. Fulzele	7232	242105	242211	256021	9422131932
15	Nanded	Shri A.B. Pinate	2462	235762	235762	251999	9421323366 9404334601
16	Parbhani	Shri Mahesh Vadadkar	2452	222154	227897	222666	9403689689
17	Hingoli	Shri Latif Pathan	2456	221456	221456	221457	9422069786
18	Jalna	Shri Rajesh Joshi	2482	225802	225326	223352	9422230055
19	Aurangabad	Shri Prashant Shelke	240	2331211	2338394	-	8975593542
20	Nashik	Smt. Deepmala Chaure	253	2310523	2578652	2570806	9923567449
21	Thane	Smt. Faroz Mukadam Madhavi Sardeshmukh	22	25342125	25342125	25705859	9833590710
22	Mum Sub	Shri Rajendra Thakur	22	26550070	26512303		8652829999
23	Mumbai City	Smt. Aparna Somani	22	22613264	22663453	26512303	9769180749
24	Raigad	Shri V.N. Vetkoli	2141	224131	224138	224153	9422594466
25	Pune	Mrs Chandrakar -	20	26061011	26122348	26332599	9822186477
26	Ahmednagar	Shri Arun Anandkar	241	2347623	2320330	2357506	9689898636
27	Beed	Shri Rajendra Wagh	2442	222185	222185	222249	9423468111
28	Latur	Shri Pratap Kale	2382	222362	242330	-	9422379151
29	Osmanabad	Shri P.G. Mule	2472	227526	227527	227528	7588811115
30	Solapur	Shri Satish Dhumal	217	2731005	2621120/ 2731005	2731029	9822356318
31	Satara	Shri Sahebrao Gaikwad	2162	237088/ 229605	230310	237088	9922501463
32	Ratnagiri	Shri Nitin Raut	2352	222330	222330	224809	9423032530
33	Sindhudurg	Shri S.R. Shiroadkar	2362	228854	228846/45		9422633500
34	Kolhapur	Smt. Sanjay Shinde	231	2658316	2650501		9422404242
35	Sangli	Shri Minaj Mulla	233	2326200	2326710	2302077	9423326601
36	Palghar	Shri Kiran Mahajan	2525	250808			9822434196

BUDGET ALLOCATION FOR 2016-17

(For Mar 2016 & April 2016)

Demand No: A-02**GENERAL ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT****A0003 - JOINT/DEPUTY SECRETARY AND JOINT CHIEF ELECTION OFFICER,
G.A.D. DESK-33, MANTRALAYA, MUMBAI**

Scheme	Grant Received	Allocated	
		In Draft	Finalized
20150012 102.1-ELECTORAL OFFICERS	59651.3	0.000	29141.4
20150032 103-PREPARATION .AND PRINTING OF ELECTORAL ROLLS.	186901.7	0.000	29356.8
20150041 104-charges For Conduct Of Elections For Lok Sabha And State/union Territory Legislative Assemblies When Held Simultaneously	3333.3	0.000	0.000
20150059 105-CHARGES FOR CONDUCT OF ELECT.TO PARLIAMENT	8958.3	0.000	0.000
20150068 106-CHARGES FOR CONDUCT OF ELE. STATE/UNION TERRITORY LEGISLATURE	151589.3	0.000	0.000
20150086 108-ISSEU OF PHOTO IDENTITY CARDS.	50000.000	0.000	0.000

Scheme :20150012-102 1-ELECTORAL OFFICERS

Detail Head	Grant Received	Allocation	
		In Draft	Finalized
01-SALARIES	55000.000	0.000	27283.000
03-OVERTIME ALLOWANCES	36.000	0.000	18.000
06-TELEPHONE ELECTRICITY AND WATER CHARGES	1583.300	0.000	711.200
11-DOMESTIC TRAVEL EXPENSES	666.700	0.000	309.200
13-OFFICE EXPENSES	1735.300	0.000	820.000
17-COMPUTER EXPENSES	630.000	0.000	0.000

Scheme: 20150032-103-PREPARATION .AND PRINTING OF ELECTORAL ROLLS.

Detail Head	Grant Received	Allocation	
		In Draft	Finalized
01-SALARIES	56666.600	0.000	27176.000
06-TELEPHONE ELECTRICITY AND WATER CHARGES	1334.300	0.000	662.400
11-DOMESTIC TRAVEL EXPENSES	1180.800	0.000	518.400
13-OFFICE EXPENSES	127720.000	0.000	1000.000

20150041 104-charges For Conduct Of Elections For Lok Sabha And State/union Territory Legislative Assemblies When Held Simultaneously

Detail Head	Grant Received	Allocation	
		In Draft	Finalized
13-OFFICE EXPENSES	3333.300	0.000	0.000

20150059 105-charges For Conduct of Elect.to Parliament

Detail Head	Grant Received	Allocation	
		In Draft	Finalized
13-OFFICE EXPENSES	8958.300	0.000	0.000

**20150068 106-charges For Conduct Of Ele. State/union Territory
Legislature**

Detail Head	Grant Received	Allocation	
		In Draft	Finalized
<u>13-OFFICE EXPENSES</u>	151589.300	0.000	0.000

20150086 108-issue Of Photo Identity Cards.

Detail Head	Grant Received	Allocation	
		In Draft	Finalized
<u>13-OFFICE EXPENSES</u>	50000.000	0.000	0.000

GRANT DISTRIBUTED DURING 2016-2017 IN APRIL 2016 (figures in thousands)								
अ.क्र.	जिल्हा	102-Total	103-Total	104-Total	105-Total	106-Total	108-Total	Total (Major Head 2015)
1	रायगड	664.600	338.700					1003.300
2	रत्नागिरी	380.000	144.500					524.500
3	सिंधुदुर्ग	446.400	446.300					892.700
4	पुणे	1642.800	1202.100					2844.900
5	सातारा	436.400	900.800					1337.200
6	सांगली	553.400	714.800					1268.200
7	सोलापूर	843.800	789.100					1632.900
8	कोल्हापूर	448.000	1591.000					2039.000
9	औरंगाबाद	598.200	470.900					1069.100
10	परभणी	374.200	388.400					762.600
11	बीड	424.800	396.600					821.400
12	नांदेड	481.200	718.900					1200.100
13	उस्मानाबाद	413.200	388.400					801.600
14	जालना	458.000	82.500					540.500
15	लातूर	658.800	458.600					1117.400
16	हिंगोली	290.400	74.300					364.700
17	गोंदीया	491.200	450.400					941.600
18	वर्धा	374.200	388.400					762.600
19	नागपूर	1317.600	793.200					2110.800
20	भंडारा	368.400	384.300					752.700
21	चंद्रपूर	931.800	768.600					1700.400
22	गडचि रोली	563.400	756.300					1319.700
23	नाशिक	984.000	1115.500					2099.500
24	धुळे	380.000	330.500					710.500
25	ठाणे	1040.400	1685.800					2726.200
26	पालघर	229.800	524.600					754.400
27	जळगांव	765.800	789.100					1554.900
28	अहमदनगर	810.600	855.200					1665.800
29	नंदुरबार	218.200	574.400					792.600
30	अमरावती	748.400	838.800					1587.200
31	अकोला	497.000	454.500					951.500
32	बुलढाणा	703.600	896.700					1600.300
33	यवतमाळ	703.600	1020.700					1724.300
34	वाशिम	329.400	322.300					651.700
35	अ.स.का .26	2188.000	1000.000					3188.000
36	मुंबई उपनगर	3114.800	2276.600					5391.400

37	मुंबईशहर	3267.000	4025.000					7292.000
	एकूण	29141.400	29356.800	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	- 58498.200