MAGNET – Mutable Arithmetic Expressions with Generators and Exceptions

1 INTRODUCTION

MAGNET is a toy language for the COSE212 course at Korea University. MAGNET stands for the Mutable Arithmetic Expressions with Generators and Exceptions, and it supports the following features:

- undefined value (undefined):
- number (integer) values (0, 1, -1, 2, -2, 3, -3, ...)
- boolean values (true and false)
- arithmetic operators: negation (-), addition (+), subtraction (-), multiplication (*), division (/), and modulo (%)
- **logical operators**: conjunction (&&), disjunction (||), and negation (!)
- **comparison operators**: equality (== and !=) and relational (<, >, <=, and >=)
- mutable variable definitions (var)
- variable assignment (=)
- sequences (;)
- augmented assignment (+=, -=, *=, /=, and %=)
- increment/decrement (++ and --)
- conditionals (if-else)
- while loops (while)
- loop controls (break and continue)
- first-class functions (=> or function)
- return (return)
- try-catch (try-catch)
- throw (throw)
- **generators** (=>* or function*)
- **yield** (yield)
- iterator operations (_.next, _.value, and _.done)
- for-of loops (for-of)

This document is the specification of MAGNET. First, Section 2 describes the concrete syntax, and Section 3 describes the abstract syntax with the desugaring rules. Then, Section 4 describes the small-step operational (reduction) semantics of MAGNET.

2 CONCRETE SYNTAX

The concrete syntax of MAGNET is written in a variant of the extended Backus–Naur form (EBNF). The notation <nt> denotes a nonterminal, and "t" denotes a terminal. We use ? to denote an optional element and + (or *) to denote one or more (or zero or more) repetitions of the preceding element. We use butnot to denote a set difference to exclude some strings from a producible set of strings. We omit some obvious terminals using the ellipsis (...) notation.

```
// basic elements
<digit> ::= "0" | "1" | "2" | ... | "9"
<number> ::= "-"? <digit>+
<alphabet> ::= "A" | "B" | "C" | ... | "Z" | "a" | "b" | "c" | ... | "z"
```

```
// expressions
<expr> ::= "undefined" | <number> | "true" | "false"
        // unary/binary operators and parentheses
        | <uop> <expr> | <expr> <bop> <expr> | "(" <expr> ")" | "{" <expr> "}"
        // mutable variable definitions
        "var" <id> "=" <expr> ";" <expr> | <id>
        // variable (augmented) assignment and sequence
        | <id> <aop> <expr> | <expr> ";" <expr>?
        // increment and decrement
        // conditionals and loops
        | "if" "(" <expr> ")" <expr> "else" <expr>
        | "while" "(" <expr> ")" <expr>
        // first-class functions
        | <id> "=>" <expr> | <params> "=>" <expr>
        | "function" <id> <params> "{" <expr> "}" <expr>
        // function applications and returns
        | <expr> "(" <expr> ")" | "return" <expr>
        // try-catch and throw
        | "try" <expr> "catch" "(" <id> ")" <expr> | "throw" <expr>
        // generators and yields
        | <id> "=>" "*" <expr> | <params> "=>" "*" <expr>
        | "function" "*" <id> <params> "{" <expr> "}" <expr> | "yield" <expr>
        // iterator next and iterator result accessors
        | <expr> "." "next" "(" <expr>? ")"
        | <expr> "." "value" | <expr> "." "done"
// operators
<aop> ::= "=" | "+=" | "-=" | "*=" | "/=" | "%="
<uop> ::= "-" | "!"
<bop> ::= "+" | "-" | "*" | "/" | "%" | "&&" | "||"
       | "==" | "!=" | "<" | "<=" | ">" | ">="
// parameters
<params> ::= "(" ")" | "(" <id> ")" | "(" <id> ["," <id>]* ")"
```

The precedence and associativity of operators are defined as follows:

Description	Operator	Precedence	Associativity
Postfix Unary	++,,next,value,done	10	left
Prefix Unary	-, !, ++,	9	right
Multiplicative	*, /, %	8	- left
Additive	+, -	7	
Relational	<, <=, >, >=	6	
Equality	==, !=	5	
Logical Conjunction	&&	4	
Logical Disjunction	H	3	
Assignment	=, +=, -=, *=, /=, %=, var	2	right
Sequence	;	1	left

3 ABSTRACT SYNTAX

The abstract syntax of MAGNET is defined as follows:

Expressions
$$\mathbb{E} \ni e ::= \text{undefined}$$
 (EUndef) | if $(e) e \text{ else } e$ (EIf) | n (ENum) | while $(e) e$ (EWhile) | b (EBool) | break (EBreak) | $e + e$ (Add) | continue (EContinue) | $e * e$ (Mul) | $\lambda(x, \dots, x).e$ (EFun) | e / e (EDiv) | $e(e, \dots, e)$ (EApp) | $e % e$ (EMod) | return e (EReturn) | $e == e$ (EEq) | try $e \operatorname{catch}(x) e$ (ETry) | $e < e$ (ELt) | throw e (EThrow) | $v = e < e$ (EVar) | $v = e < e$ (EVar) | $v = e < e$ (EId) | $v = e < e$ (EId) | $v = e < e$ (EId) | $v = e < e$ (EVar) | $v = e < e < e$ (EValueField) | $v = e < e < e$ (EValueField) | $v = e < e < e$ (EValueField) | $v = e < e < e$ (EValueField)

$$\text{where } \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{Identifier} & x \in \mathbb{X} & (\texttt{String}) \\ \text{Number} & n \in \mathbb{Z} & (\texttt{BigInt}) \end{array} \right. \text{Boolean} \quad \mathbb{B} \ni b ::= \mathsf{true} \mid \mathsf{false} \quad (\texttt{Boolean})$$

The semantics of the remaining cases are defined with the following desugaring rules:

```
\mathcal{D}[\![ -e ]\!]
                       =\mathcal{D}\llbracket e \rrbracket * (-1)
                                                                                                           \mathcal{D}[[x += e]] = x = x + \mathcal{D}[[e]]
\mathcal{D}[\![e_1 - e_2]\!] = \mathcal{D}[\![e_1]\!] + \mathcal{D}[\![-e_2]\!]
                                                                                                           \mathcal{D}[\![x -= e]\!] = x = x - \mathcal{D}[\![e]\!]
\mathcal{D}\llbracket e_1 \&\& e_2 \rrbracket = \text{if } (\mathcal{D}\llbracket e_1 \rrbracket) \mathcal{D}\llbracket e_2 \rrbracket \text{ else false } \mathcal{D}\llbracket x *= e \rrbracket = x = x * \mathcal{D}\llbracket e \rrbracket
\mathcal{D}\llbracket e_1 \mid \mid e_2 \rrbracket = \text{if } (\mathcal{D}\llbracket e_1 \rrbracket) \text{ true else } \mathcal{D}\llbracket e_2 \rrbracket
                                                                                                           \mathcal{D}[\![x/=e]\!] = x = x/\mathcal{D}[\![e]\!]
                       = if (\mathcal{D}[e]) false else true
                                                                                                           \mathcal{D}[\![x \% = e]\!] = x = x \% \mathcal{D}[\![e]\!]
\mathcal{D}[\![ ! e ]\!]
\mathcal{D}[\![e_1 != e_2]\!] = \mathcal{D}[\![! (e_1 == e_2)]\!]
                                                                                                           \mathcal{D}\llbracket ++x \rrbracket = \mathcal{D}\llbracket x +=1 \rrbracket
\mathcal{D}[\![e_1 \le e_2]\!] = \text{var } x_1 = \mathcal{D}[\![e_1]\!];
                                                                                                           \mathcal{D}[\![--x]\!] = \mathcal{D}[\![x-=1]\!]
                                                                                                           \mathcal{D}[x ++] = \text{var } x_1 = x; \mathcal{D}[x += 1]; x_1
                                \mathsf{var}\; x_2 = \mathcal{D}[\![e_2]\!];
                                                                                                           \mathcal{D}[\![x --]\!] = \operatorname{var} \overline{x_1} = x; \, \mathcal{D}[\![x -= 1]\!]; \, \overline{x_1}
                                \mathcal{D}[[(x_1 == x_2) \mid \mid (x_1 < x_2)]]
\mathcal{D}[\![e_1 > e_2]\!] = \mathcal{D}[\![e_1 \leq e_2]\!]
\mathcal{D}[\![e_1 > = e_2]\!] = \mathcal{D}[\![e_1 < e_2)]\!]
              \mathcal{D}[\![\text{function } x (x_1, \ldots, x_n) \{ e_1 \} e_2 ]\!] = \text{var } x = (x_1, \ldots, x_n) \implies e_1; e_2
              \mathcal{D}[[function * x (x_1, ..., x_n) \{ e_1 \} e_2]] = var x = (x_1, ..., x_n) \implies e_1; e_2
```

$$\mathcal{D}[\![\![\text{for } (x \text{ of } e_1) \ e_2]\!]\!] = \mathcal{D}[\![\![\!]\!]\!] = \mathcal{D}[\![\![\![\!]\!]\!]\!] = \mathcal{D}[\![\![\![\!]\!]\!]\!] = \mathcal{D}[\![\![\![\!]\!]\!]\!]$$

where $\underline{x_k}$ denotes a fresh temporary variable. All the omitted cases recursively apply the desugaring rule to their sub-expressions. For example, $\mathcal{D}[\![e_1 + e_2]\!] = \mathcal{D}[\![e_1]\!] + \mathcal{D}[\![e_2]\!]$.

4 SEMANTICS

We use the following notations in the semantics:

```
\langle \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \in \mathbb{K} \times \mathbb{S} \times \mathbb{H} \times \mathbb{M} (State)
                  States
                                                            \kappa \in \mathbb{K}
                  Continuations
                                                                                          (Cont)
                                                            \kappa ::= \Box \mid i :: \kappa
Instructions i \in \mathbb{I}
                                                         (Inst)
                  i ::= (\sigma \vdash e)
                                                        (IEval)
                                                                              |\mathsf{jmp-if}[\psi]|
                                                                                                  (IJmpIf)
                        (+)
                                                        (IAdd)
                                                                               | jmp[c]
                                                                                                   (IJmp)
                        |(*)
                                                        (IMul)
                                                                             |call[n]
                                                                                                   (ICall)
                        |(/)
                                                        (IDiv)
                                                                              return
                                                                                                   (IReturn)
                                                        (IMod)
                        (%)
                                                                              next
                                                                                                   (INext)
                        | (==)
                                                                              |yield
                                                        (IEq)
                                                                                                   (IYield)
                        (<)
                                                         (ILt)
                                                                              | value
                                                                                                   (IValueField)
                        | def[x,...,x][\sigma \vdash e]  (IDef)
                                                                               done
                                                                                                   (IDoneField)
                        |write[a]
                                                        (IWrite)
                                                                                                   (IPop)
                                                                               pop
                                 Value Stacks s \in \mathbb{S}
                                                                            (Stack)
                                                     s := \blacksquare \mid v :: s
   Values v \in \mathbb{V}
                                               (Value)
               v := undefined
                                                (UndefV)
                                                                    |\langle \kappa || s || H \rangle
                                                                     |\langle \kappa || s || H \rangle
|\langle \lambda *(x, ..., x).e, \sigma \rangle
                                                                                                      (ContV)
                    \mid n
                                                (NumV)
                                                                                                      (GenV)
                    \mid b
                                                                     |iter[a]
                                               (BoolV)
                                                                                                      (IterV)
                    |\langle \lambda(x,\ldots,x).e,\sigma\rangle| (CloV)
                                                                     | \{ value : v, done : b \}  (ResultV)
                         Control Handlers H \in \mathbb{H} = \mathbb{C} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \Psi (Handler)
      Control Operators c \in \mathbb{C}
                                                         (Control)
                                  c ::= return
                                                        (Return)
                                                                                   | throw
                                                                                                   (Throw)
                                       | break (Break)
                                                                                  | finally (Finally)
                                       continue (Continue)
                                                                                  |yield
                                                                                                   (Yield)
               Continuation Values \psi, \langle \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \rangle \in \Psi = \mathbb{K} \times \mathbb{S} \times \mathbb{H} (KValue)
                                                            M \in \mathbb{M} = \mathbb{A} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \mathbb{V}
               Memories
               Environments
               Addresses
                                                             a \in \mathbb{A}
                                                                                            (Addr)
```

The small-step operational (reduction) semantics of MAGNET is defined in the following form of the reduction relation (\rightarrow) :

$$\langle \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \rightarrow \langle \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$$

4.1 Reduction Relations for IEval

```
\rightarrow \langle \kappa \mid \mid \text{ undefined } :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle
EUndef
                      \langle (\sigma \vdash \mathsf{undefined}) :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle
                       \langle (\sigma \vdash n) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
                                                                                                                       \rightarrow \langle \kappa \mid \mid n :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle
ENum
EBool
                       \langle (\sigma \vdash b) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
                                                                                                                       \rightarrow \langle \kappa \mid \mid b :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle
EAdd
                       \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1 + e_2) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
                                                                                                                       \rightarrow \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: (\sigma \vdash e_2) :: (+) :: \kappa || s || H || M \rangle
                       \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1 * e_2) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
EMul
                                                                                                                       \rightarrow \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: (\sigma \vdash e_2) :: (\star) :: \kappa || s || H || M \rangle
                       \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1 / e_2) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
                                                                                                                       \rightarrow \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: (\sigma \vdash e_2) :: (/) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
EDiv
EMod
                       \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1 \% e_2) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
                                                                                                                       \rightarrow \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: (\sigma \vdash e_2) :: (\%) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
                       \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1 == e_2) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
                                                                                                                      \rightarrow \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: (\sigma \vdash e_2) :: (==) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
EEq
                       \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1 \lessdot e_2) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
                                                                                                                       \rightarrow \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: (\sigma \vdash e_2) :: (<) :: \kappa || s || H || M \rangle
ELt
                       \langle (\sigma \vdash \mathsf{var} \ x = e_1; \ e_2) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle \rightarrow \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: \mathsf{def}[x][\sigma \vdash e_2] :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
EVar
                       \langle (\sigma \vdash x) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
                                                                                                                       \rightarrow \langle \kappa \mid \mid M(\sigma(x)) :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle
EId
EAssign \langle (\sigma \vdash x = e) :: \kappa || s || H || M \rangle
                                                                                                                      \rightarrow \langle (\sigma \vdash e) :: write(\sigma(x)) :: \kappa || s || H || M \rangle
                       \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1; e_2) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
                                                                                                                      \rightarrow \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: pop :: (\sigma \vdash e_2) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle
ESea
```

4.1.1 Conditionals and While Loops.

4.1.2 Functions and Return.

$$\begin{split} & \mathsf{EFun} \qquad \langle (\sigma \vdash \lambda(x,\ldots,x).e) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle \\ & \to \qquad \langle \kappa \mid\mid \langle \lambda(x,\ldots,x).e,\sigma \rangle :: s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle \\ & \mathsf{EApp} \qquad \langle (\sigma \vdash e(e_1,\ldots,e_n)) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle \\ & \to \qquad \langle (\sigma \vdash e) :: (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: \ldots :: (\sigma \vdash e_n) :: \mathsf{call}[n] :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle \\ & \mathsf{EReturn} \qquad \langle (\sigma \vdash \mathsf{return} \ e) :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle \\ & \to \qquad \langle (\sigma \vdash e) :: \mathsf{return} :: \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle \end{aligned}$$

4.1.3 Exceptions.

$$\begin{split} \mathsf{ETry} & \quad \langle (\sigma \vdash \mathsf{try} \ e_1 \ \mathsf{catch} \ (x) \ e_2) \ :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \\ \to & \quad \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) \ :: \ \mathsf{jmp[finally]} \ :: \ \square \mid \mid s \mid \mid H_{\mathsf{body}} \mid \mid M \rangle \\ & \quad \mathsf{where} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} H_{\mathsf{body}} \ = \ H[\mathsf{throw} \mapsto \psi_{\mathsf{throw}}, \mathsf{finally} \mapsto \psi_{\mathsf{finally}}] \\ \psi_{\mathsf{throw}} \ = \ \langle \mathsf{def}[x][\sigma \vdash e_2] \ :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \rangle \\ \psi_{\mathsf{finally}} \ = \ \langle \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \rangle \\ \end{array} \right. \\ \mathsf{EThrow} \quad \langle (\sigma \vdash \mathsf{throw} \ e) \ :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \\ \to & \quad \langle (\sigma \vdash e) \ :: \ \mathsf{jmp[throw]} \ :: \ \square \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \\ \end{split}$$

4.1.4 Generators.

EGen
$$\langle (\sigma \vdash \lambda*(x_1,\ldots,x_n).e) :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$$
 $\rightarrow \qquad \langle \kappa \mid \mid \langle \lambda*(x_1,\ldots,x_n).e,\sigma \rangle :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$

EIterNext₁ $\langle (\sigma \vdash e_1.\operatorname{next}()) :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$
 $\rightarrow \qquad \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: (\sigma \vdash \operatorname{undefined}) :: \operatorname{next} :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$

EIterNext₂ $\langle (\sigma \vdash e_1.\operatorname{next}(e_2)) :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$
 $\rightarrow \qquad \langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: (\sigma \vdash e_2) :: \operatorname{next} :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$

EYield $\langle (\sigma \vdash e_1) :: (\sigma \vdash e_2) :: \operatorname{next} :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$

$$\rightarrow \qquad \langle (\sigma \vdash e) :: \operatorname{yield} :: \Box \mid \mid \operatorname{false} :: \psi_{\operatorname{next}} :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$$

where $\psi_{\operatorname{next}} = \langle \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$

EValueField $\langle (\sigma \vdash e.\operatorname{value}) :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$

$$\rightarrow \qquad \langle (\sigma \vdash e) :: \operatorname{value} :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$$

EDoneField $\langle (\sigma \vdash e.\operatorname{done}) :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$

$$\langle (\sigma \vdash e) :: \operatorname{done} :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$$

4.2 Reduction Relations for Other Instructions

$$\text{where eq}(v_1,v_2) = \left\{ \begin{array}{lll} \text{true} & \text{if } v_1 = v_2 = \text{iter} \llbracket a \rrbracket & \text{true} & \text{if } v_1 = v_2 = \text{undefined} \\ \text{true} & \text{if } v_1 = v_2 = n & \text{true} & \text{if } v_1 = v_2 = \{\text{value}: v, \text{done}: b\} \\ \text{true} & \text{if } v_1 = v_2 = b & \text{false} & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{split} \text{IDef} & \quad \langle \text{def}[x_1, \dots, x_n] \llbracket \sigma \vdash e \rrbracket :: \kappa \mid \mid v_n :: \dots :: v_1 :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \\ & \quad \rightarrow \quad \langle (\sigma[x_1 \mapsto a_1, \dots, x_n \mapsto a_n] \vdash e) :: \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M[a_1 \mapsto v_1, \dots, a_n \mapsto v_n] \rangle \\ & \quad \text{where} \ \forall 1 \leq p \leq n. \ a_p \notin \text{Domain}(M) \land (\forall 1 \leq q < p. \ a_q \neq a_p) \\ \\ \text{IWrite} & \quad \langle \text{write}[a] :: \kappa \mid \mid v :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \quad \rightarrow \quad \langle \kappa \mid \mid v :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M[a \mapsto v] \rangle \\ \\ \text{IPop} & \quad \langle \text{pop} :: \kappa \mid \mid v :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \quad \rightarrow \quad \langle \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \end{aligned}$$

4.2.1 Control Flow Instructions.

$$\begin{split} \operatorname{IJmpIf}_{\operatorname{true}} \ \langle \operatorname{jmp-if[}\langle \kappa' \mid \mid s' \mid \mid H' \rangle] &:: _ \mid \mid \operatorname{true} :: _ \mid \mid _ \mid \mid M \rangle \rightarrow \langle \kappa' \mid \mid s' \mid \mid H' \mid \mid M \rangle \\ \operatorname{IJmpIf}_{\operatorname{false}} \ \langle \operatorname{jmp-if[}_] &:: \kappa \mid \mid \operatorname{false} :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \qquad \rightarrow \langle \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \\ \operatorname{IJmp} \ \ \langle \operatorname{jmp[}c] &:: \kappa \mid \mid v :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \qquad \rightarrow \langle \kappa' \mid \mid v :: s' \mid \mid H'' \mid \mid M \rangle \\ \\ \operatorname{where} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} H(c) &= \langle \kappa' \mid \mid s' \mid \mid H' \rangle \\ H'' &= \begin{cases} H'[\operatorname{yield} \mapsto H(\operatorname{yield})] & \text{if yield} \in \operatorname{Domain}(H) \\ H' & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right. \end{split}$$

4.2.2 Function Call/Return Instructions.

ICall₁

$$\begin{split} & | \text{Call}[n] :: \kappa \mid \mid v_n :: \ldots :: v_1 :: \langle \lambda(x_1, \ldots, x_m).e, \sigma' \rangle :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \\ & \rightarrow & \langle \text{def}[x_1, \ldots, x_m][\sigma' \vdash \text{return } e] :: \Box \mid \mid s_{\text{body}} \mid \mid H_{\text{body}} \mid \mid M \rangle \\ & \qquad \qquad \\ & \text{where} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} v_p' & \text{if } p \leq n \\ \text{undefined otherwise} \end{array} \right. \text{for all } 1 \leq p \leq m \\ & \qquad \qquad \\ s_{\text{body}} & = v_m' :: \ldots :: v_1' :: \blacksquare \\ & \qquad \qquad \\ H_{\text{body}} & = H[\text{return} \mapsto \psi_{\text{return}}] \setminus \{\text{break, continue, yield}\} \\ & \qquad \qquad \\ \psi_{\text{return}} & = \langle \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \rangle \end{split}$$

(Note that $A \setminus B$ denotes the removal of B's elements from A)

$$\begin{split} & | \text{ICall}_{\lambda*} \quad \langle \text{call}[n] :: \kappa \mid \mid v_n :: \ldots :: v_1 :: \langle \lambda*(x_1,\ldots,x_m).e,\sigma' \rangle :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \\ & \rightarrow \quad \langle \kappa \mid \mid \text{iter}[a] :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M[a \mapsto \psi_{\text{body}}] \rangle \\ & = \begin{cases} a \quad \notin \text{Domain}(M) \\ \psi_{\text{body}} = \langle \kappa_{\text{body}} \mid \mid \otimes \rangle \\ \kappa_{\text{body}} = \text{pop} :: \text{def}[x_1,\ldots,x_m][\sigma' \vdash \text{return}(\text{try } e \text{ catch } (x) \ x)] :: \Box \\ v'_p &= \begin{cases} v_p & \text{if } p \leq n \\ \text{undefined otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{for all } 1 \leq p \leq m \end{cases} \\ s_{\text{body}} = v'_m :: \ldots :: v'_1 :: \blacksquare \\ x \text{ could be any identifier.} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{IReturn} & \langle \operatorname{return} :: \kappa \mid \mid v :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \\ \\ \rightarrow & \begin{cases} \langle \operatorname{yield} :: \square \mid \mid v :: \operatorname{true} :: \psi_{\operatorname{done}} :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle & \text{if yield} \in \operatorname{Domain}(H) \\ \\ \langle \operatorname{jmp}[\operatorname{return}] :: \square \mid \mid v :: \blacksquare \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ \\ & \text{where} & \psi_{\operatorname{done}} = \langle \operatorname{return} :: \square \mid \mid \blacksquare \mid \mid \varnothing \rangle \\ \end{aligned}$$

4.2.3 Generator Instructions.

INext
$$\langle \text{next} :: \kappa \mid \mid v :: \text{iter}[a] :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$$

$$\langle \kappa' \mid \mid v :: s' \mid \mid H_{\text{body}} \mid \mid M \rangle$$

$$\text{where } \begin{cases} M(a) = \langle \kappa' \mid \mid s' \mid \mid H' \rangle \\ H_{\text{body}} = H' [\text{yield} \mapsto \psi, \text{return} \mapsto \psi] \\ \psi = \langle \kappa \mid \mid \text{iter}[a] :: s \mid \mid H \rangle \end{cases}$$

$$\text{IYield } \langle \text{yield} :: _ \mid \mid v :: b :: v' :: _ \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \\ \wedge \langle \kappa' \mid \mid \{ \text{value} :: v, \text{done} :: b \} :: s' \mid \mid H' \mid \mid M [a \mapsto v'] \} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{where } H(\text{yield}) = \langle \kappa' \mid \mid \text{iter}[a] :: s' \mid \mid H' \rangle$$

$$\text{IValueField } \langle \text{value} :: \kappa \mid \mid \{ \text{value} :: v, \text{done} :: _ \} :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$$

$$\wedge \langle \kappa \mid \mid v :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$$

$$\text{IDoneField } \langle \text{done} :: \kappa \mid \mid \{ \text{value} :: _, \text{done} :: b \} :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$$

$$\wedge \langle \kappa \mid \mid b :: s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle$$

And \rightarrow^* is the reflexive-transitive closure of \rightarrow and denotes the repeated reduction:

$$\langle \kappa \mid \mid s \mid \mid H \mid \mid M \rangle \rightarrow^* \langle \kappa' \mid \mid s' \mid \mid H' \mid \mid M' \rangle$$

$$\frac{\langle \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle \rightarrow \langle \kappa' \mid\mid s' \mid\mid H' \mid\mid M' \rangle \qquad \langle \kappa' \mid\mid s' \mid\mid H' \mid\mid M' \rangle \rightarrow^* \langle \kappa'' \mid\mid s'' \mid\mid H'' \mid\mid M'' \rangle}{\langle \kappa \mid\mid s \mid\mid H \mid\mid M \rangle \rightarrow^* \langle \kappa'' \mid\mid s'' \mid\mid H'' \mid\mid M'' \rangle}$$

The evaluation result of an expression e is the value v if

$$\langle (\varnothing \vdash e) :: \Box \mid \mid \blacksquare \mid \mid \varnothing \mid \mid \varnothing \rangle \rightarrow^* \langle \Box \mid \mid v :: \blacksquare \mid \mid _ \mid \mid _ \rangle$$