# STFAE - TFAE with Subtype Polymorphism

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

STFAE is a toy language for the COSE212 course at Korea University. STFAE stands for an extension of the TFAE language with **subtype polymorphism**, and it supports the following features:

- number (integer) values
- basic arithmetic operators: addition (+) and multiplication (\*)
- first-class functions
- immutable variables (val)
- records and record access (.)
- subtype polymorphism
- **bottom type** (Bot) and **top type** (Top)
- exit (exit)
- static type checking

This document is the specification of STFAE. First, Section 2 describes the concrete syntax, and Section 3 describes the abstract syntax. Then, Section 4 describes the type system. Finally, Section 5 describes the big-step operational (natural) semantics of STFAE.

# 2 CONCRETE SYNTAX

The concrete syntax of STFAE is written in a variant of the extended Backus-Naur form (EBNF). The notation <nt> denotes a nonterminal, and "t" denotes a terminal. We use? to denote an optional element and + (or \*) to denote one or more (or zero or more) repetitions of the preceding element. The notation +{A} or \*{A} denotes the same as + or \*, respectively, but the elements are separated by the element A. We use butnot to denote a set difference to exclude some strings from a producible set of strings. We omit some obvious terminals using the ellipsis (...) notation.

```
// basic elements
<digit> ::= "0" | "1" | "2" | ... | "9"
<number> ::= "-"? <digit>+
<alphabet> ::= "A" | "B" | "C" | ... | "Z" | "a" | "b" | "c" | ... | "z"
<idstart> ::= <alphabet> | "_"
<idcont> ::= <alphabet> | "_" | <digit>
<keyword> ::= "val" | "exit" | "Number" | "Bot" | "Top"
<id>
         ::= <idstart> <idcont>* butnot <keyword>
// expressions
<expr>
           ::= <number> | <expr> "+" <expr> | <expr> "*" <expr>
            "(" <expr> ")" | "{" <expr> "}"
             | "val" <id> [ ":" <type> ]? "=" <expr> ";"? <expr> | <id>
             | "(" <id> ":" <type> ")" "=>" <expr> | <expr> "(" <expr> ")"
             | "{" [<id> "=" <expr>]*{","} "}" | <expr> "." <id> | "exit"
// types
<type>
           ::= "(" <type> ")" | "Number" | <type> "=>" <type>
             | "{" [<id> ":" <type>]*{","} "}" | "Bot" | "Top"
```

For types, the arrow (=>) operator is right-associative. For expressions, the precedence and associativity of operators are defined as follows:

Operator	Associativity	Precedence
•	left	1
*	left	2
+	left	3

# 3 ABSTRACT SYNTAX

The abstract syntax of STFAE is defined as follows:

Expressions 
$$\mathbb{E} \ni e ::= n$$
 (Num)  $|\lambda x : \tau . e$  (Fun)  $|e + e|$  (Add)  $|e(e)|$  (App)  $|e \times e|$  (Mul)  $|\{[x = e]^*\}$  (Record)  $|val \ x \ [: \tau]^? = e; \ e \ (Val) \ |e.x|$  (Access)  $|x|$  (Id)  $|exit|$  (Exit) 
$$\text{Types} \quad \mathbb{T} \ni \tau ::= \text{num} \quad (\text{NumT}) \quad |\bot \quad (\text{BotT}) \quad |\tau \to \tau \quad (\text{ArrowT}) \quad |\top \quad (\text{TopT}) \quad |\{[x : \tau]^*\} \quad (\text{RecordT})$$
Numbers  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$  (BigInt) Identifiers  $x \in \mathbb{X}$  (String)

# 4 TYPE SYSTEM

This section explains type system of STFAE, and we use the following notations:

Type Environments 
$$\Gamma \in \mathbb{X} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \mathbb{T}$$
 (TypeEnv)

In the type system, type checking is defined with the following typing rules:

the following rules for subtyping:

$$\frac{\tau <: \tau}{\bot <: \tau} \qquad \frac{\tau_1 :> \tau_1' \qquad \tau_2 <: \tau_2'}{(\tau_1 \to \tau_2) <: (\tau_1' \to \tau_2')}$$

$$\frac{\tau_1 :> \tau_1' \qquad \tau_2 <: \tau_2'}{(\tau_1 \to \tau_2) <: (\tau_1' \to \tau_2')}$$

$$\frac{\tau_1 <: \tau_1' \qquad \dots \qquad \tau_n <: \tau_n'}{\{x_1 : \tau_1, \dots, x_n : \tau_n\}}$$

$$\frac{\{x_1 : \tau_1, \dots, x_n : \tau_n\} <: \{x_1 : \tau_1, \dots, x_n : \tau_n\}}{\{x_1 : \tau_1, \dots, x_n : \tau_n\} <: \{x_1' : \tau_1', \dots, x_n' : \tau_n'\}}$$

$$\frac{\{x_1 : \tau_1, \dots, x_n : \tau_n\} <: \{x_1' : \tau_1', \dots, x_n' : \tau_n'\}}{\{x_1 : \tau_1, \dots, x_n' : \tau_n'\}}$$

### 5 SEMANTICS

We use the following notations in the semantics:

Values 
$$\mathbb{V} \ni v ::= n$$
 (NumV) Environments  $\sigma \in \mathbb{X} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{fin}} \mathbb{V}$  (Env)  $|\langle \lambda x.e, \sigma \rangle$  (CloV)  $|\{[x=v]^*\}\}$  (RecordV)

The big-step operational (natural) semantics of STFAE is defined as follows:

Note that there is no rule for exit because it cannot produce any value.