BFAE – FAE with Mutable Boxes

1 INTRODUCTION

BFAE is a toy language for the COSE212 course at Korea University. BFAE stands for an extension of the FAE language with **mutable boxes**, and it supports the following features:

- **integers**
- **basic arithmetic operators**: addition (+) and multiplication (*)
- **immutable variables** (val)
- **first-class functions**
- **mutable boxes** (Box)
- **box operations**: get (get) and set (set)
- **sequences** (;)

This document is the specification of BFAE. First, Section 2 describes the concrete syntax, and Section 3 describes the abstract syntax with the desugaring rules. Then, Section 4 describes the big-step operational (natural) semantics of BFAE.

2 CONCRETE SYNTAX

The concrete syntax of BFAE is written in a variant of the extended Backus–Naur form (EBNF). The notation `<nt>` denotes a nonterminal, and `"t"` denotes a terminal. We use ? to denote an optional element and + (or *) to denote one or more (or zero or more) repetitions of the preceding element. We use butnot to denote a set difference to exclude some strings from a producible set of strings. We omit some obvious terminals using the ellipsis (. . .) notation.

```
// basic elements
<digit>    ::= "0" | "1" | "2" | ... | "9"
<number>   ::= "-"? <digit>+
<alphabet> ::= "A" | "B" | "C" | ... | "Z" | "a" | "b" | "c" | ... | "z"
<idstart>  ::= <alphabet> | "_"
<idcont>   ::= <alphabet> | "_" | <digit>
<keyword>  ::= "Box" | "val"
<id>       ::= <idstart> <idcont>* butnot <keyword>

// expressions
<expr> ::= <number> | <expr> "+" <expr> | <expr> "*" <expr>
         | "(" <expr> ")" | "{" <expr> "}"
         | "val" <id> "=" <expr> ";" <expr> | <id>
         | <id> "=>" <expr> | <expr> "(" <expr> ")"
         | "Box" "(" <expr> ")"
         | <expr> "." "get" | <expr> "." "set" "(" <expr> ")"
         | <expr> ";" <expr>
```

The precedence and associativity of operators are defined as follows:

Description	Operator	Precedence	Associativity
Multiplicative	*	1	left
Additive	+	2	left

3 ABSTRACT SYNTAX

The abstract syntax of BFAE is defined as follows:

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
\text{Expressions} & \mathbb{E} \ni e ::= n & \text{(Num)} & \mid \text{Box}(e) & \text{(NewBox)} \\
& \mid e + e & \text{(Add)} & \mid e.\texttt{get} & \text{(GetBox)} \\
& \mid e \times e & \text{(Mul)} & \mid e.\texttt{set}(e) & \text{(SetBox)} \\
& \mid x & \text{(Id)} & \mid e;\ e & \text{(Seq)} \\
& \mid \lambda x.e & \text{(Fun)} & & \\
& \mid e(e) & \text{(App)} & &
\end{array}
$$

where

$$
\text{Integers} \quad n \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \text{(BigInt)} \qquad \text{Identifiers} \quad x \in \mathbb{X} \quad \text{(String)}
$$

The semantics of the remaining cases are defined with the following desugaring rules:

$$
\mathcal{D}[\![\texttt{val } x\texttt{=}e;\ e']\!] = (\lambda x.\mathcal{D}[\![e']\!])(\mathcal{D}[\![e]\!])
$$

The omitted cases recursively apply the desugaring rule to sub-expressions.

4 SEMANTICS

We use the following notations in the semantics:

$$
\begin{array}{llllll}
\text{Values} & \mathbb{V} \ni v ::= n & \text{(NumV)} & \text{Environments} & \sigma \in \mathbb{X} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \mathbb{V} & \text{(Env)} \\
& \mid a & \text{(BoxV)} & \text{Addresses} & a \in \mathbb{A} & \text{(Addr)} \\
& \mid \langle \lambda x.e, \sigma \rangle & \text{(CloV)} & \text{Memories} & M \in \mathbb{A} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \mathbb{V} & \text{(Mem)}
\end{array}
$$

The big-step operational (natural) semantics of BFAE is defined as follows:

$$
\boxed{\sigma, M \vdash e \Rightarrow v, M}
$$

$$
\text{Num} \frac{}{\sigma, M \vdash n \Rightarrow n, M} \qquad \text{Add} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1, M_1 \qquad \sigma, M_1 \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2, M_2}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 + n_2, M_2}
$$

$$
\text{Mul} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1, M_1 \qquad \sigma, M_1 \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2, M_2}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \times e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 \times n_2, M_2}
$$

$$
\text{Id} \frac{x \in \text{Domain}(\sigma)}{\sigma, M \vdash x \Rightarrow \sigma(x), M} \qquad \text{Fun} \frac{}{\sigma, M \vdash \lambda x.e \Rightarrow \langle \lambda x.e, \sigma \rangle, M}
$$

$$
\text{App} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow \langle \lambda x.e_3, \sigma' \rangle, M_1 \qquad \sigma, M_1 \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow v_2, M_2 \qquad \sigma'[x \mapsto v_2], M_2 \vdash e_3 \Rightarrow v_3, M_3}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1(e_2) \Rightarrow v_3, M_3}
$$

$$
\text{NewBox} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e \Rightarrow v, M_1 \qquad a \notin \text{Domain}(M_1)}{\sigma, M \vdash \text{Box}(e) \Rightarrow a, M_1[a \mapsto v]}
$$

$$
\text{GetBox} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e \Rightarrow a, M_1}{\sigma, M \vdash e.\texttt{get} \Rightarrow M_1(a), M_1} \qquad \text{SetBox} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow a, M_1 \qquad \sigma, M_1 \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow v, M_2}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1.\texttt{set}(e_2) \Rightarrow v, M_2[a \mapsto v]}
$$

$$
\text{Seq} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow \_, M_1 \qquad \sigma, M_1 \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow v_2, M_2}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1;\ e_2 \Rightarrow v_2, M_2}
$$