# **TFAE - FAE with Type System**

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

TFAE is a toy language for the COSE212 course at Korea University. TFAE stands for an extension of the FAE language with a **type system**, and it supports the following features:

- number (integer) values
- basic arithmetic operators: addition (+) and multiplication (\*)
- first-class functions
- immutable variables (val)
- static type checking

This document is the specification of TFAE. First, Section 2 describes the concrete syntax, and Section 3 describes the abstract syntax. Then, Section 4 describes the type system. Finally, Section 5 describes the big-step operational (natural) semantics of TFAE.

#### 2 CONCRETE SYNTAX

The concrete syntax of TFAE is written in a variant of the extended Backus–Naur form (EBNF). The notation <nt> denotes a nonterminal, and "t" denotes a terminal. We use? to denote an optional element and + (or \*) to denote one or more (or zero or more) repetitions of the preceding element. We use <a href="butnot">butnot</a> to denote a set difference to exclude some strings from a producible set of strings. We omit some obvious terminals using the ellipsis (...) notation.

```
// basic elements
<digit> ::= "0" | "1" | "2" | ... | "9"
<number> ::= "-"? <digit>+
<alphabet> ::= "A" | "B" | "C" | ... | "Z" | "a" | "b" | "c" | ... | "z"
<idstart> ::= <alphabet> | "_"
<idcont> ::= <alphabet> | "_" | <digit>
<keyword> ::= "val" | "Number"
<id>
         ::= <idstart> <idcont>* butnot <keyword>
// expressions
          ::= <number> | <expr> "+" <expr> | <expr> "*" <expr>
<expr>
             | "(" <expr> ")" | "{" <expr> "}"
             | "val" <id> "=" <expr> ";" <expr> | <id>
             | "(" <id> ":" <type> ")" "=>" <expr> | <expr> "(" <expr> ")"
// types
           ::= "(" <type> ")" | "Number" | <type> "=>" <type>
<type>
```

For types, the arrow (=>) operator is right-associative. For expressions, the precedence and associativity of operators are defined as follows:

Operator	Associativity	Precedence
*	left	1
+	left	2

### 3 ABSTRACT SYNTAX

The abstract syntax of TFAE is defined as follows:

Expressions 
$$\mathbb{E} \ni e := n$$
 (Num) Numbers  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$  (BigInt)  $\mid e + e \mid (\mathsf{Add}) \mid e \times e \mid (\mathsf{Mul}) \mid \mathsf{Identifiers} \quad x \in \mathbb{X}$  (String)  $\mid \mathsf{val} \; x = e; \; e \mid (\mathsf{Val}) \mid \mathsf{x} \quad (\mathsf{Id}) \quad \mathsf{Types} \quad \mathbb{T} \ni \tau ::= \mathsf{num} \quad (\mathsf{NumT}) \mid \lambda x : \tau.e \quad (\mathsf{Fun}) \quad \mid \tau \to \tau \quad (\mathsf{ArrowT}) \mid e(e) \quad (\mathsf{App})$ 

### 4 TYPE SYSTEM

This section explains type system of TFAE, and we use the following notations:

Type Environments 
$$\Gamma \in \mathbb{X} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \mathbb{T}$$
 (TypeEnv)

In the type system, type checking is defined with the following typing rules:

$$\tau-\operatorname{Num} \frac{\Gamma\vdash e:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash n:\operatorname{num}}$$
 
$$\tau-\operatorname{Add} \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1:\operatorname{num} \qquad \Gamma\vdash e_2:\operatorname{num}}{\Gamma\vdash e_1+e_2:\operatorname{num}} \qquad \tau-\operatorname{Mul} \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1:\operatorname{num} \qquad \Gamma\vdash e_2:\operatorname{num}}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\times e_2:\operatorname{num}}$$
 
$$\tau-\operatorname{Val} \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1:\tau_1 \qquad \Gamma[x:\tau_1]\vdash e_2:\tau_2}{\Gamma\vdash \operatorname{val} x=e_1;\ e_2:\tau_2} \qquad \tau-\operatorname{Id} \frac{x\in\operatorname{Domain}(\Gamma)}{\Gamma\vdash x:\Gamma(x)}$$
 
$$\tau-\operatorname{Fun} \frac{\Gamma[x:\tau]\vdash e:\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash \lambda x:\tau.e:\tau\to\tau'} \qquad \tau-\operatorname{App} \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_0:\tau_1\to\tau_2 \qquad \Gamma\vdash e_1:\tau_1}{\Gamma\vdash e_0(e_1):\tau_2}$$

## **5 SEMANTICS**

We use the following notations in the semantics:

Values 
$$\mathbb{V} \ni v ::= n$$
 (NumV) Environments  $\sigma \in \mathbb{X} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \mathbb{V}$  (Env)  $|\langle \lambda x.e, \sigma \rangle$  (CloV)

The big-step operational (natural) semantics of TFAE is defined as follows:

$$\operatorname{Num} \frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1}{\sigma \vdash n \Rightarrow n} \qquad \operatorname{Add} \frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1}{\sigma \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 + n_2} \qquad \operatorname{Mul} \frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1}{\sigma \vdash e_1 \times e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 \times n_2}$$

$$\operatorname{Val} \frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow v_1}{\sigma \vdash \operatorname{Val} x = e_1; \ e_2 \Rightarrow v_2} \qquad \operatorname{Fun} \frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1}{\sigma \vdash \lambda x : \tau . e \Rightarrow \langle \lambda x . e_1 , \sigma \rangle}$$

$$\operatorname{Id} \frac{x \in \operatorname{Domain}(\sigma)}{\sigma \vdash x \Rightarrow \sigma(x)} \qquad \operatorname{App} \frac{\sigma \vdash e_0 \Rightarrow \langle \lambda x . e_2, \sigma' \rangle}{\sigma \vdash e_0(e_1) \Rightarrow v_2} \qquad \sigma \vdash e_0(e_1) \Rightarrow v_2$$