

F1VAE – VAE with First-Order Functions

1 INTRODUCTION

F1VAE is a toy language for the [COSE212](#) course at Korea University. F1VAE stands for an extension of the [VAE](#) language with **first-order functions**, and it supports the following features:

- **integers**
- **basic arithmetic operators**: addition (+) and multiplication (*)
- **immutable variables** (val)
- **first-order functions** (def)

This document is the specification of F1VAE. First, Section 2 describes the concrete syntax, and Section 3 describes the abstract syntax. Then, Section 4 describes the big-step operational (natural) semantics of F1VAE.

2 CONCRETE SYNTAX

The concrete syntax of F1VAE is written in a variant of the extended Backus–Naur form (EBNF). The notation `<nt>` denotes a nonterminal, and `"t"` denotes a terminal. We use `?` to denote an optional element and `+` (or `*`) to denote one or more (or zero or more) repetitions of the preceding element. We use **butnot** to denote a set difference to exclude some strings from a producible set of strings. We omit some obvious terminals using the ellipsis (`...`) notation.

```
// basic elements
<digit>      ::= "0" | "1" | "2" | ... | "9"
<number>     ::= "-"? <digit>+
<alphabet>   ::= "A" | "B" | "C" | ... | "Z" | "a" | "b" | "c" | ... | "z"
<idstart>    ::= <alphabet> | "_"
<idcont>     ::= <alphabet> | "_" | <digit>
<keyword>    ::= "val" | "def"
<id>         ::= <idstart> <idcont>* butnot <keyword>

// programs
<program>    ::= <fdef>* <expr>

// function definitions
<fdef>       ::= "def" <id> "(" <id> ")" "=" <expr> ";"

// expressions
<expr>       ::= <number> | <expr> "+" <expr> | <expr> "*" <expr>
               | "(" <expr> ")" | "{" <expr> "}"
               | "val" <id> "=" <expr> ";" <expr> | <id>
               | <id> "(" <expr> ")"
```

The precedence and associativity of operators are defined as follows:

Operator	Associativity	Precedence
*	left	1
+	left	2

3 ABSTRACT SYNTAX

The abstract syntax of F1VAE is defined as follows:

Programs	$\mathbb{P} \ni p ::= f^* e$	(Program)
Function Definitions	$\mathbb{F} \ni f ::= \text{def } x(x)=e$	(FunDef)
Expressions	$\mathbb{E} \ni e ::= n$	(Num)
	$ e + e$	(Add)
	$ e \times e$	(Mul)
	$ \text{val } x=e; e$	(Val)
	$ x$	(Id)
	$ x(e)$	(App)

where

Integers	$n \in \mathbb{Z}$	(BigInt)
Identifiers	$x \in \mathbb{X}$	(String)

4 SEMANTICS

We use the following notations in the semantics:

Environments	$\sigma \in \mathbb{X} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \mathbb{Z}$	(Env)
Function Environments	$\Lambda \in \mathbb{X} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \mathbb{F}$	(FEnv)

For a given program $p = f^* e$, the initial function environment Λ is constructed from f^* by mapping each function name to its definition. We assume that there is no duplicate function name in f^* . The big-step operational (natural) semantics of F1VAE is defined as follows:

$\boxed{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash e \Rightarrow n}$		
Num $\frac{}{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash n \Rightarrow n}$		
Add $\frac{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad \sigma, \Lambda \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 + n_2}$	Mul $\frac{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad \sigma, \Lambda \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash e_1 \times e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 \times n_2}$	
Val $\frac{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad \sigma[x \mapsto n_1], \Lambda \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash \text{val } x=e_1; e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}$	Id $\frac{x \in \text{Domain}(\sigma)}{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash x \Rightarrow \sigma(x)}$	
App $\frac{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad x_0 \in \text{Domain}(\Lambda) \quad \Lambda(x_0) = \text{def } x_0(x_1)=e_2 \quad [x_1 \mapsto n_1], \Lambda \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash x_0(e_1) \Rightarrow n_2}$		

4.1 Dynamic Scoping

The above semantics is defined with **static scoping (or lexical scoping)**. We can augment it with **dynamic scoping** by changing the rule for function application as follows:

App $\frac{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad x_0 \in \text{Domain}(\Lambda) \quad \Lambda(x_0) = \text{def } x_0(x_1)=e_2 \quad \sigma[x_1 \mapsto n_1], \Lambda \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\sigma, \Lambda \vdash x_0(e_1) \Rightarrow n_2}$
