Lecture 5 – Identifiers (2)

COSE212: Programming Languages

Jihyeok Park



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- Identifiers
 - Bound identifiers
 - Free identifiers
 - Shadowing
- VAE AE with variables
 - Concrete syntax
 - Abstract syntax





- Identifiers
 - Bound identifiers
 - Free identifiers
 - Shadowing
- VAE AE with variables
 - Concrete syntax
 - Abstract syntax
- In this lecture, we will
 - implement the interpreter for VAE
 - define the natural semantics for VAE

Contents



1. Evaluation with Environments

2. Interpreter and Natural Semantics for VAE

Numbers

Addition and Multiplication

Variable Definition

Variable Lookup

3. Examples

Contents



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2. Interpreter and Natural Semantics for VAE

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3. Example:





Let's evaluate the following VAE expressions:





Let's evaluate the following VAE expressions:

How to evaluate the expression x + y into the value 3?

$$\vdash x + y \Rightarrow 3$$





Let's evaluate the following VAE expressions:

How to evaluate the expression x + y into the value 3?

$$\vdash x + y \Rightarrow 3$$

We need to keep track of the **environment** that maps identifiers to values:

$$[x\mapsto 1, y\mapsto 2]\vdash x+y\Rightarrow 3$$





For AE, the interpreter takes an expression and returns a number.

$$\vdash e \Rightarrow n$$





For VAE, we extend the interpreter to take an **environment** as well.

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

We read it as "with the environment σ , the expression e evaluates to the number n"





For VAE, we extend the interpreter to take an **environment** as well.

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

We read it as "with the environment σ , the expression e evaluates to the number n"

For example, the interpreter should be able to evaluate like this:

$$[x \mapsto 1, y \mapsto 2] \vdash x + y \Rightarrow 3$$

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Interpreter and Natural Semantics for VAE



For VAE, we need to 1) implement the interpreter with environments

```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = ???
```

Interpreter and Natural Semantics for VAE



For VAE, we need to 1) implement the **interpreter** with **environments**

```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = ???
```

and 2) define the **natural semantics** with **environments**.

 $\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$

where

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Environments} & \sigma \in \mathbb{X} \xrightarrow{\text{fin}} \mathbb{Z} & (\texttt{Env}) \\ \text{Integers} & n \in \mathbb{Z} & (\texttt{BigInt}) \\ \text{Identifiers} & x \in \mathbb{X} & (\texttt{String}) \end{array}$$

(Id)

Interpreter and Natural Semantics for VAE



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
 case Num(n) => ???
 case Add(1, r) => ???
 case Mul(1, r) => ???
 case Val(x, e, b) \Rightarrow ???
 case Id(x) => ???
```

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} \sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n \end{array}\right]$$
Num
$$\frac{???}{\sigma \vdash n \Rightarrow ???}$$

Add
$$\frac{???}{\sigma \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Rightarrow ???}$$
 Mul $\frac{???}{\sigma \vdash e_1 * e_2 \Rightarrow ???}$

Val
$$\frac{???}{\sigma \vdash \text{val } x = e_1; \ e_2 \Rightarrow ???}$$
 Id $\frac{???}{\sigma \vdash x \Rightarrow ???}$

ID
$$\frac{???}{\sigma \vdash x \Rightarrow ???}$$

Numbers



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
  case Num(n) => ???
  ...
```

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

Num
$$\frac{???}{\sigma \vdash n \Rightarrow ???}$$

Numbers



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
  case Num(n) => n
  ...
```

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

$$\operatorname{Num}\, \overline{\sigma \vdash n \Rightarrow n}$$

With the **environment** σ , the **expression** n evaluates to the **number** n.

Addition



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
    ...
    case Add(1, r) => ???
    ...
```

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

Add
$$\frac{???}{\sigma \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Rightarrow ???}$$

Addition



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
    ...
    case Add(1, r) => interp(1, env) + interp(r, env)
    ...
```

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

$$\text{Add} \ \frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \qquad \sigma \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\sigma \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 + n_2}$$

With the **environment** σ , the **expression** e_1 + e_2 evaluates to the **number** $n_1 + n_2$ when

- With the **environment** σ , the **expression** e_1 evaluates to the **number** n_1 .
- With the **environment** σ , the **expression** e_2 evaluates to the **number** n_2 .

Multiplication



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
   ...
   case Mul(1, r) => interp(1, env) * interp(r, env)
   ...
```

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

$$\text{MUL } \frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \qquad \sigma \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\sigma \vdash e_1 * e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 \times n_2}$$

With the **environment** σ , the **expression** $e_1 * e_2$ evaluates to the **number** $n_1 \times n_2$ when

- With the **environment** σ , the **expression** e_1 evaluates to the **number** n_1 .
- With the **environment** σ , the **expression** e_2 evaluates to the **number** n_2 .



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
   ...
   case Val(x, e, b) => ???
   ...
```

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

Val
$$\frac{???}{\sigma \vdash \text{val } x = e_1; \ e_2 \Rightarrow ???}$$



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
   ...
   case Val(x, e, b) => ... interp(e, env) ...
   ...
```

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

VAL
$$\frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1}{\sigma \vdash \text{val } x = e_1; e_2 \Rightarrow ???}$$

With the **environment** σ , the **expression** val $x = e_1$; e_2 evaluates to the **number** ??? when

- **1** With the **environment** σ , the **expression** e_1 evaluates to the **number** n_1 .
- 2 ...



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
   ...
   case Val(x, e, b) => ... env + (x -> interp(e, env)) ...
   ...
```

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

VAL
$$\frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \qquad \sigma[x \mapsto n_1] \qquad \dots}{\sigma \vdash \text{val } x = e_1; \ e_2 \Rightarrow ???}$$

With the **environment** σ , the **expression** val $x = e_1$; e_2 evaluates to the **number** ??? when

- **1** With the **environment** σ , the **expression** e_1 evaluates to the **number** n_1 .
- **2** With the **environment** $\sigma[x \mapsto n_1], \ldots$



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
    ...
    case Val(x, e, b) => interp(b, env + (x -> interp(e, env)))
    ...
```

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

$$\operatorname{Val} \frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \qquad \sigma[x \mapsto n_1] \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\sigma \vdash \operatorname{val} x = e_1; \ e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}$$

With the **environment** σ , the **expression** val $x = e_1$; e_2 evaluates to the **number** n_2 when

- **1** With the **environment** σ , the **expression** e_1 evaluates to the **number** n_1 .
- **2** With the **environment** $\sigma[x \mapsto n_1]$, the **expression** e_2 evaluates to the **number** n_2 .

Variable Lookup



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
    ...
    case Id(x) => ???
    ...
```

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

ID
$$\frac{fff}{\sigma \vdash x \Rightarrow ???}$$

Variable Lookup



```
def interp(expr: Expr, env: Env): Value = expr match
   ...
   case Id(x) => env.getOrElse(x, error(s"free identifier: $x"))
   ...
```

$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

$$\operatorname{Id} \ \frac{x \in \operatorname{Domain}(\sigma)}{\sigma \vdash x \Rightarrow \sigma(x)}$$

With the **environment** σ , the **expression** x evaluates to the **number** $\sigma(x)$ when

1 The variable x is in the domain of the environment σ .

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$$\text{NUM} \underbrace{\frac{\text{NUM}}{\varnothing \vdash 1 \Rightarrow 1} \, \frac{x \in \text{Domain}([x \mapsto 1])}{\text{ADD}} \, \frac{\text{NUM}}{[x \mapsto 1] \vdash x \Rightarrow 1} \, \frac{\text{NUM}}{[x \mapsto 1] \vdash 2 \Rightarrow 2}}_{\varnothing \vdash \text{val} \, x = 1; \, x + 2 \Rightarrow 3}$$



$$\operatorname{NUM}_{\operatorname{VAL}} \frac{ \prod_{\varnothing \vdash 1 \Rightarrow 1} \operatorname{Add}}{ \sum_{\operatorname{ADD}} \frac{x \in \operatorname{Domain}([x \mapsto 1])}{[x \mapsto 1] \vdash x \Rightarrow 1} \operatorname{Num} \frac{1}{[x \mapsto 1] \vdash 2 \Rightarrow 2}}{[x \mapsto 1] \vdash x + 2 \Rightarrow 3}$$

We can name environments σ_i to make the derivation tree concise.

$$\text{Num}_{\text{VAL}} \frac{\text{ID}}{ \frac{\varnothing \vdash 1 \Rightarrow 1}{\text{Val}}} \frac{x \in \text{Domain}(\sigma_0)}{\frac{\sigma_0 \vdash x \Rightarrow 1}{\sigma_0 \vdash x \Rightarrow 2}} \frac{\text{Num}}{\sigma_0 \vdash 2 \Rightarrow 2} \frac{}{\sigma_0 \vdash x + 2 \Rightarrow 3}$$

$$\sigma_0 = [x \mapsto 1]$$





$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Num} \\ \text{Num} \\ \text{Val} \end{array} \frac{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Num} \\ \text{Val} \end{array} \frac{x \in \mathsf{Domain}(\sigma_1)}{\sigma_1 \vdash x \Rightarrow 1} \quad \text{In} \ \frac{y \in \mathsf{Domain}(\sigma_1)}{\sigma_1 \vdash y \Rightarrow 2} \\ \hline \sigma_0 \vdash 2 \Rightarrow 2 \end{array} }{ \begin{array}{c} \sigma_0 \vdash x \Rightarrow 1 \end{array} } \\ \begin{array}{c} \sigma_0 \vdash x \Rightarrow 1 \end{array} } \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{Val} \ \frac{y \in \mathsf{Domain}(\sigma_1)}{\sigma_1 \vdash y \Rightarrow 2} \\ \hline \sigma_0 \vdash x \Rightarrow 1 \end{array} } \\ \begin{array}{c} \sigma_0 \vdash x \Rightarrow 1 \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \sigma_0 & = & [x \mapsto 1] \\ \sigma_1 & = & [x \mapsto 1, y \mapsto 2] \end{array}$$





$$\operatorname{Val} \frac{\operatorname{Num}}{\operatorname{Val}} \frac{\frac{\sigma_0 \vdash 2 \Rightarrow 2}{\sigma_0 \vdash 2 \Rightarrow 2} \quad \operatorname{Id} \frac{x \in \operatorname{Domain}(\sigma_1)}{\sigma_1 \vdash x \Rightarrow 2}}{\frac{\sigma_0 \vdash \operatorname{val} x = 2; \ x \Rightarrow 2}{\sigma_0 \vdash \operatorname{Val} x = 2; \ x} \quad \operatorname{Id} \frac{x \in \operatorname{Domain}(\sigma_0)}{\sigma_0 \vdash x \Rightarrow 1}}{\frac{\sigma_0 \vdash \operatorname{Val} x = 2; \ x}{\sigma_0 \vdash x \Rightarrow 3}}$$

$$\varnothing \vdash \operatorname{val} x = 1; \ \{\operatorname{val} x = 2; \ x\} + x \Rightarrow 3$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
\sigma_0 & = & [x \mapsto 1] \\
\sigma_1 & = & [x \mapsto 2]
\end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Num} \\ \text{Val} \\ \text{ADD} \end{array} \frac{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Domain}(\sigma_0) \\ \hline \varnothing \vdash 1 \Rightarrow 1 \end{array} \text{ID} \frac{x \in \mathsf{Domain}(\sigma_0)}{\sigma_0 \vdash x \Rightarrow 1} \\ \hline \varnothing \vdash \mathsf{val} \ x = 1; \ x \Rightarrow 1 \end{array} \\ \text{ID} \ \frac{x \not \in \mathsf{Domain}(\varnothing)}{\varnothing \vdash x \Rightarrow \mathsf{FAIL}} \\ \hline \\ \varnothing \vdash \{\mathsf{val} \ x = 1; \ x\} + x \Rightarrow \mathsf{FAIL} \end{array}$$

where

$$\sigma_0 = [x \mapsto 1]$$

We cannot draw the derivation tree for this example because of the **free** variable x in the right-hand side of the addition.

Summary



$$\sigma \vdash e \Rightarrow n$$

$$\operatorname{Num} \frac{}{\sigma \vdash n \Rightarrow n}$$

$$\text{Add} \ \frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \qquad \sigma \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\sigma \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 + n_2} \qquad \text{Mul} \ \frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \qquad \sigma \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\sigma \vdash e_1 * e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 \times n_2}$$

$$\operatorname{Val} \frac{\sigma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \qquad \sigma[x \mapsto n_1] \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\sigma \vdash \operatorname{val} \ x = e_1; \ e_2 \Rightarrow n_2} \qquad \qquad \operatorname{Id} \frac{x \in \operatorname{Domain}(\sigma)}{\sigma \vdash x \Rightarrow \sigma(x)}$$

Exercise #2



https://github.com/ku-plrg-classroom/docs/tree/main/cose212/vae

- Please see above document on GitHub:
 - Implement interp function.
 - Implement freeIds function.
 - Implement bindingIds function.
 - Implement boundIds function.
 - Implement shadowedIds function.
- It is just an exercise, and you don't need to submit anything.
- However, some exam questions might be related to this exercise.

Next Lecture



First-Order Functions

Jihyeok Park
 jihyeok_park@korea.ac.kr
https://plrg.korea.ac.kr