# Lecture 0 – Course Overview COSE215: Theory of Computation

Jihyeok Park



2025 Spring

#### Course Information



- Instructor: Jihyeok Park (박지혁)
  - Position: Assistant Professor in CS, Korea University
  - Expertise: Programming Languages, Software Analysis
  - Office hours: 14:00–16:00, Tuesdays (appointment by e-mail)
  - Office: 609A, Science Library Bldg
  - Email: jihyeok\_park@korea.ac.kr
- Class: COSE215 02 (English)
- Lectures: 13:30-14:45, Mondays and Wednesdays @ 301, Aegineung (애기능생활관 301호)
- Homepage: https://plrg.korea.ac.kr/courses/cose215/
- Teaching Assistant:
  - Jungyeom Kim (김준겸) kimjg1119@korea.ac.kr
  - Seongmin Ko (고성민) 2018320221@korea.ac.kr
  - Hyunjoon Kim (김현준) rickykhj@korea.ac.kr

## Grading



- 6 Homework Assignments: 30%
  - Programming assignments in Scala (submission in LMS)
  - You can utilize or refer to any other materials (e.g., ChatGPT), but you MUST write your OWN solution.
  - Cheating is strictly prohibited. Cheating will get you an F.
- Midterm exam: 30%
  - April 23 (Wed.) 13:30 14:45 (in class, 75 min.)
- Final exam: 30%
  - June 23 (Mon.) 13:30 14:45 (in class, 75 min.)
- Attendance: 10%
  - Please use LMS to attend the class with the code provided.
  - Today's attendance check is a test run.

## Schedule



Weak	Contents	Weak	Contents	
1	Basic Concepts	9	Pushdown Automata	
2	Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA)	10	Deterministic Pushdown Automata	
3	Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)	11	Properties of Context-Free Languages	
4	Regular Expressions and Languages	12	Turing Machines (TMs)	
5	Properties of Regular Languages	13	Extensions of Turing Machines	
6	Context-Free Grammars and Languages	14	Undecidability	
7	Parse Trees and Ambiguity	15	P, NP, and NP-Completeness	
8	Midterm Exam (Apr. 23 - Wed.)	16	Final Exam (Jun. 23 - Mon.)	

- There will be no offline lectures on May 5 (Children's Day).
- Instead, a recorded lecture video will be uploaded to <u>LMS</u>.
- You don't need to check the attendance on May 5.

#### Course Materials



Self-contained lecture notes.

https://plrg.korea.ac.kr/courses/cose215/

Reference:



John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman. Introduction to automata theory, languages, and computation. Third edition.

## Goal of This Course



• What is the mathematical model of computers?

## Turing Machine!

Let's learn Turing Machine

• Is it possible to solve every problem using computers?

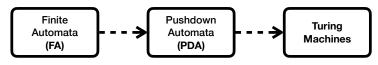
No!

Let's learn **Undecidability** and **Intractability** 

## Roadmap: Towards Turing Machine



A Turing machine is a specific kind of **automaton**.



- Part 1: Finite Automata (FA)
  - Regular Expressions (REs)
  - Regular Languages (RLs)
  - Applications: text search, etc.
- Part 2: Pushdown Automata (PDA)
  - Context-Free Grammars (CFGs)
  - Context-Free Languages (CFLs)
  - Applications: programming languages, natural language processing, etc.
- Part 3: Turing Machines (TMs)
  - Lambda Calculus (LC)
  - Recursively Enumerable Languages (RELs)
  - Undecidability and Intractability

## Roadmap: Towards Turing Machine



	Automata	Grammars	Languages
(Part 3) Turing Machines	(Lecture 23) (Lecture 21/22) TM	(Lecture 24)	(Lecture 21)
(Part 2) Pushdown Automata	(Lecture 14/15) (Lecture 16) $PDA_{FS} \rightleftharpoons PDA_{ES}$ $\cup$ $DPDA_{FS} \supset DPDA_{ES}$ $\cup$ (Lecture 17) $\bowtie$	(Lecture 11/12)  CFG Chomsky Normal Form (Lecture 18)	(Lecture 11) (Lecture 13)  CFL Parse Trees & Ambiguity  Closure Properties (Lecture 19) (Lecture 20)
(Part 1) Finite Automata	(Lecture 4) (Lecture 3) (Lecture 5) (Lecture 7) NFA $\longrightarrow$ DFA $\longleftrightarrow$ $\epsilon$ -NFA $\longleftrightarrow$ Minimization (Lecture 10)	(Lecture 6)	(Lecture 3)  RL  Closure Pumping Properties Lemma (Lecture 8)  (Lecture 9)
(Part 0) Basic Concepts	(Lecture 1)  Mathematical  Preliminaries	(Lecture	,

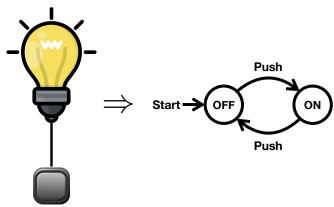
### Introduction of Automata



A Turing machine is a specific kind of **automaton**.

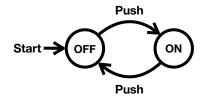
Then, what is an **automaton**? A **state transition system** that takes an **input** and changes its **state** based on the input.

For example,



#### Introduction of Automata





#### Theorem

The current state is OFF if and only if the button is pushed even times.

• Is it possible to prove it?

Let's learn mathematical background and notation.

• Is it possible to implement the automaton?

Let's learn Scala as an implementation language.

## Next Lecture



Mathematical Preliminaries

Jihyeok Park
 jihyeok\_park@korea.ac.kr
https://plrg.korea.ac.kr