



KOREA
UNIVERSITY



기계화 명세를 이용한 JavaScript 언어의 설계 및 구현

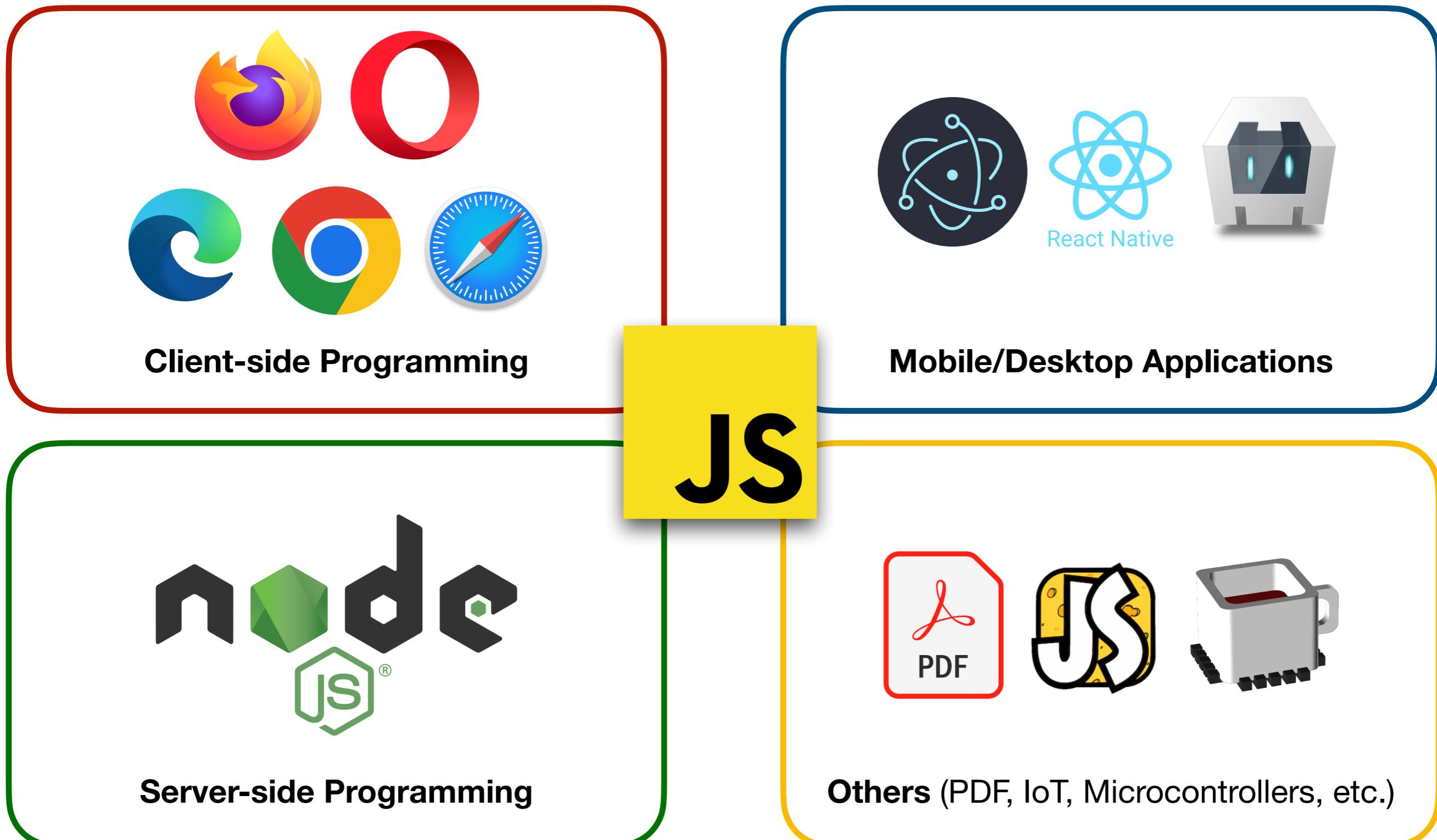
세미나 @ 소프트웨어 분석 연구실

박지혁

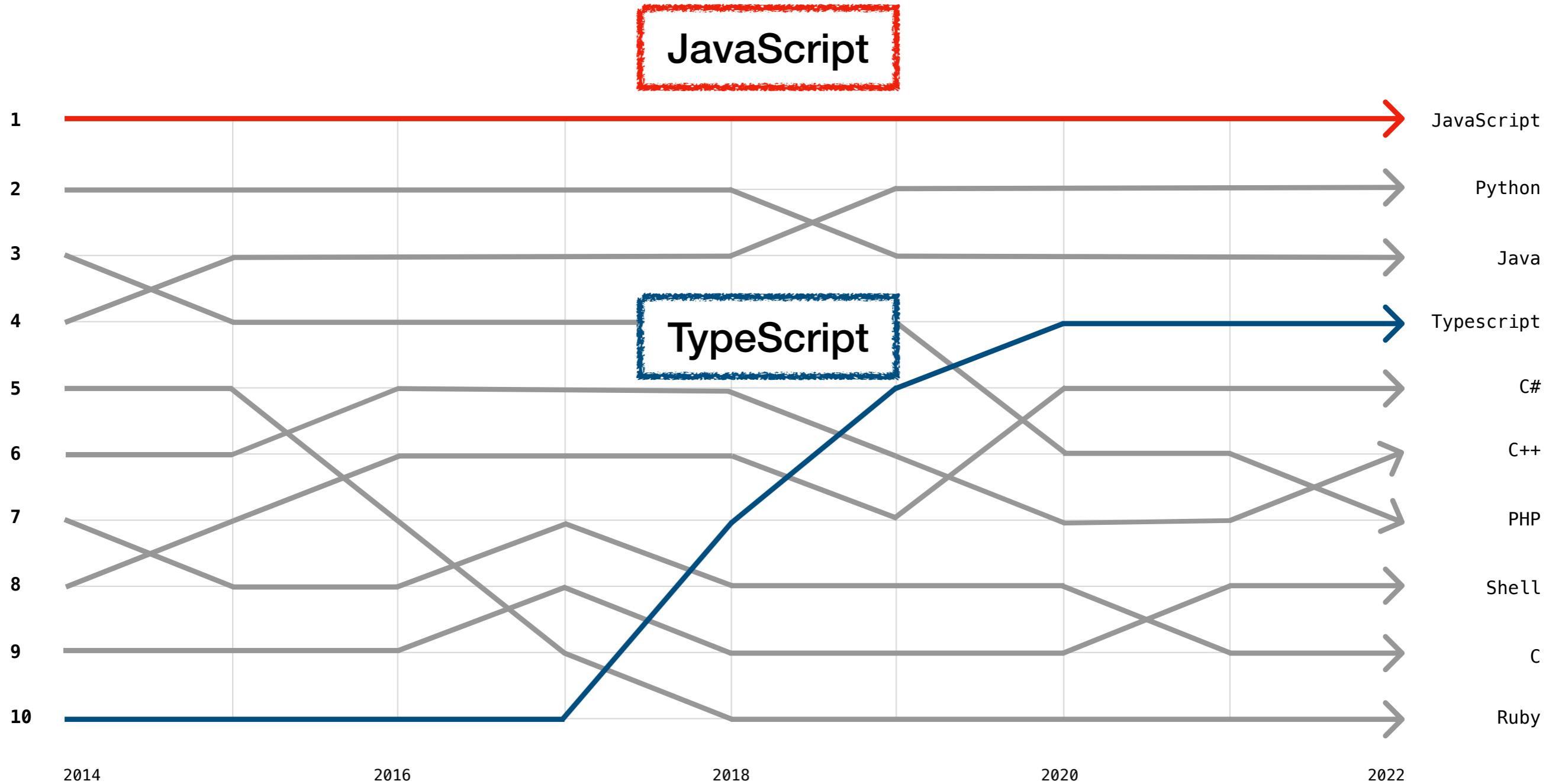
고려대학교 컴퓨터학과

2023. 03. 10

JavaScript is Everywhere



JavaScript is Everywhere



<https://octoverse.github.com/>

JavaScript Complex Semantics

```
function f(x) { return x == !x; }
```

Always return **false**?

JavaScript Complex Semantics

```
function f(x) { return x == !x; }
```

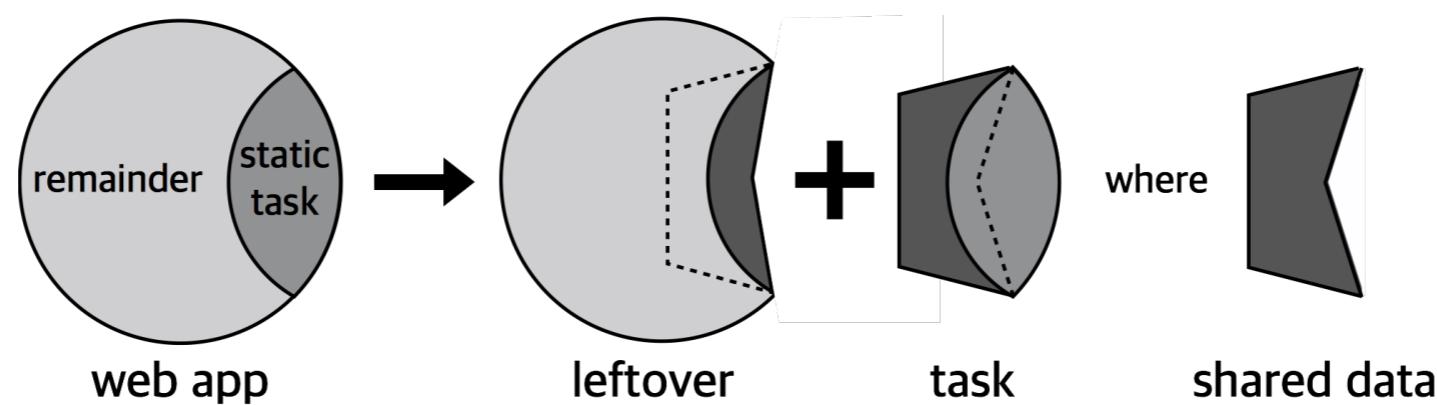
Always return **false**?

NO!!

```
f( []) -> [] == ![]
-> [] == false
-> +[] == +false
-> 0 == 0
-> true
```

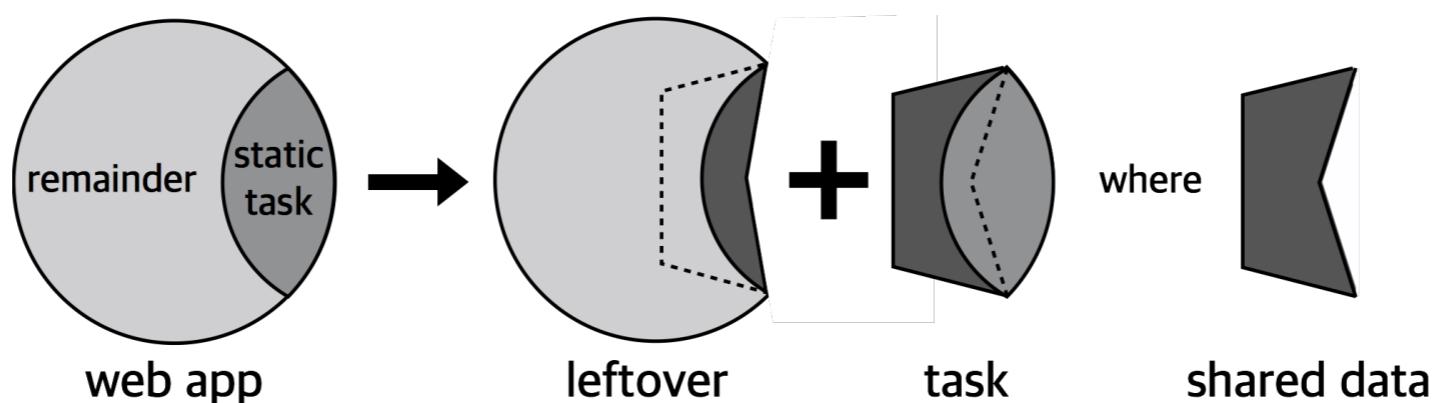
Early Research on JS Static Analysis

- **API Misuse Detection using TypeScript Declarations** (Mod'14)
 - Modeling abstract semantics using TypeScript `d.ts` files
- **SAFE (Scalable Analysis Framework for ECMAScript) 2.0** (ICSE'17 - Demo)
 - Extensibility (Abs. Domain, Sensitivity) / GUI Web Debugger
- **Revisiting Recency Abstraction** (SOAP'17)
 - Explaining why recency abstraction is not monotone
- **Dynamic Inter-Device Task Dispatch** (ProWeb'18)

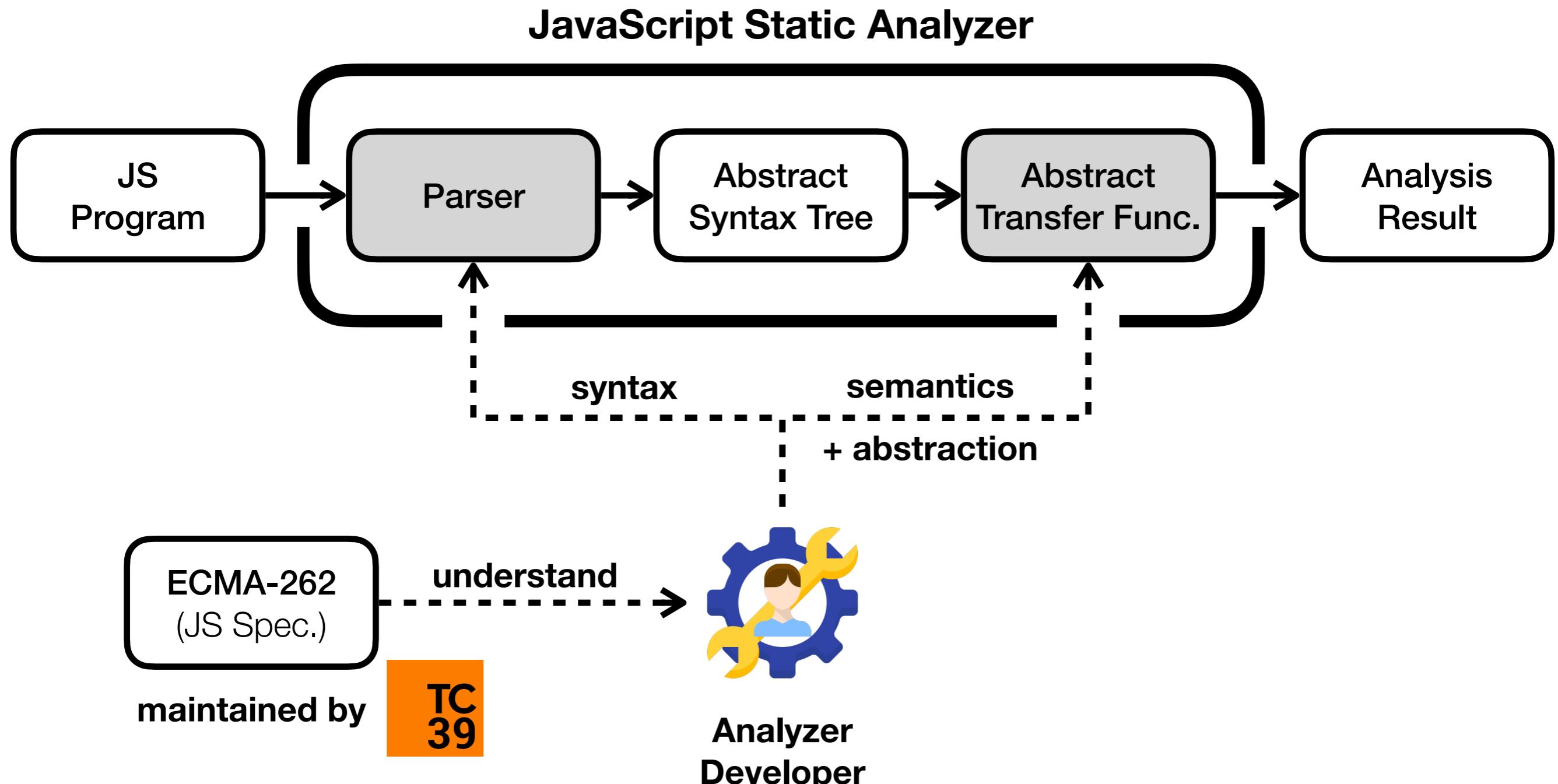


Early Research on JS Static Analysis

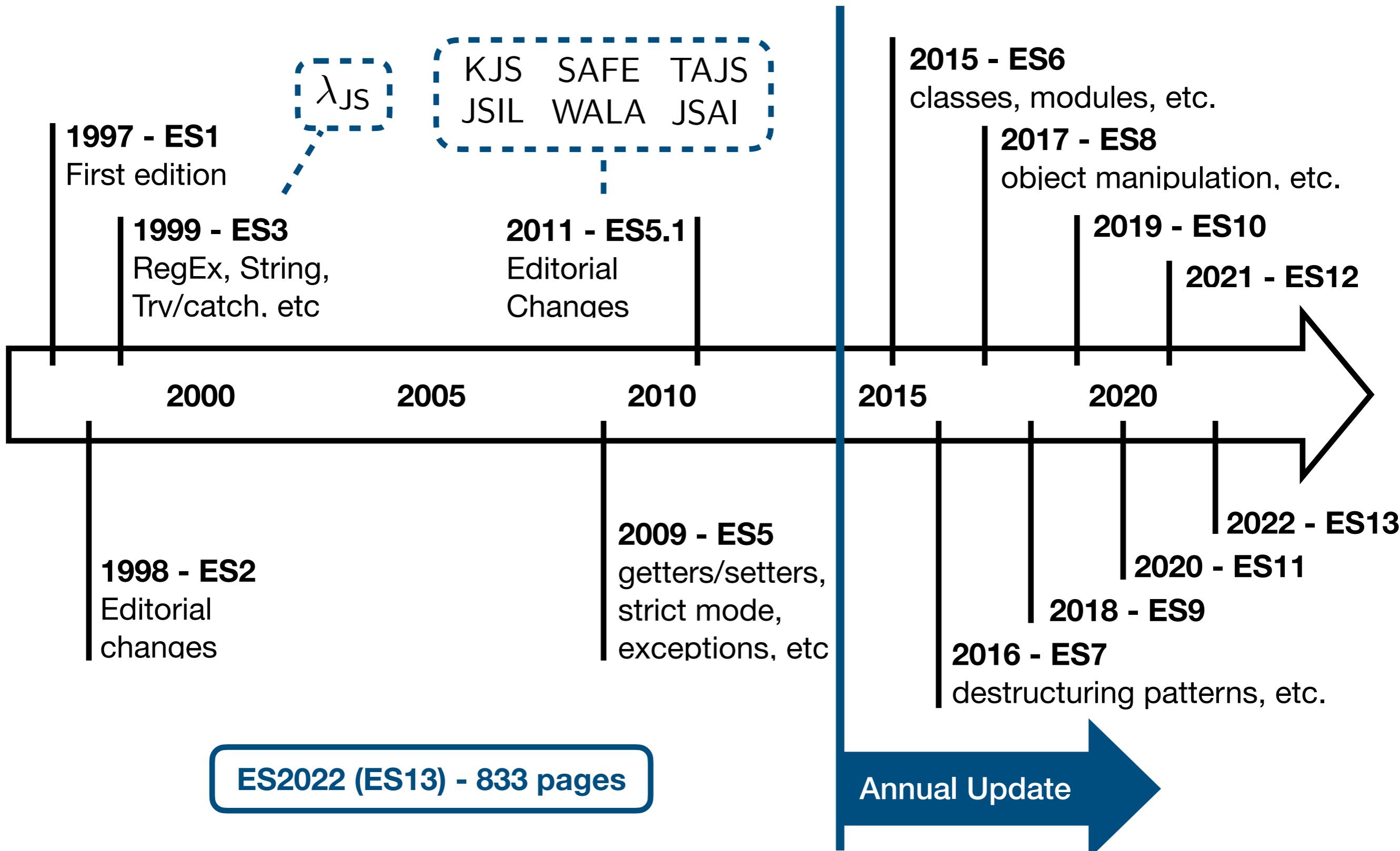
- **API Misuse Detection using TypeScript Declarations** (Mod'14)
 - Modeling abstract semantics using TypeScript `d.ts` files
- **SAFE (Scalable Analysis Framework for ECMAScript) 2.0** (ICSE'17 - Demo)
 - Extensibility (Abs. Domain, Sensitivity) / GUI Web Debugger
- **Revisiting Recency Abstraction** (SOAP'17)
 - Explaining why recency abstraction is not monotone
- **Dynamic Inter-Device Task Dispatch** (ProWeb'18)



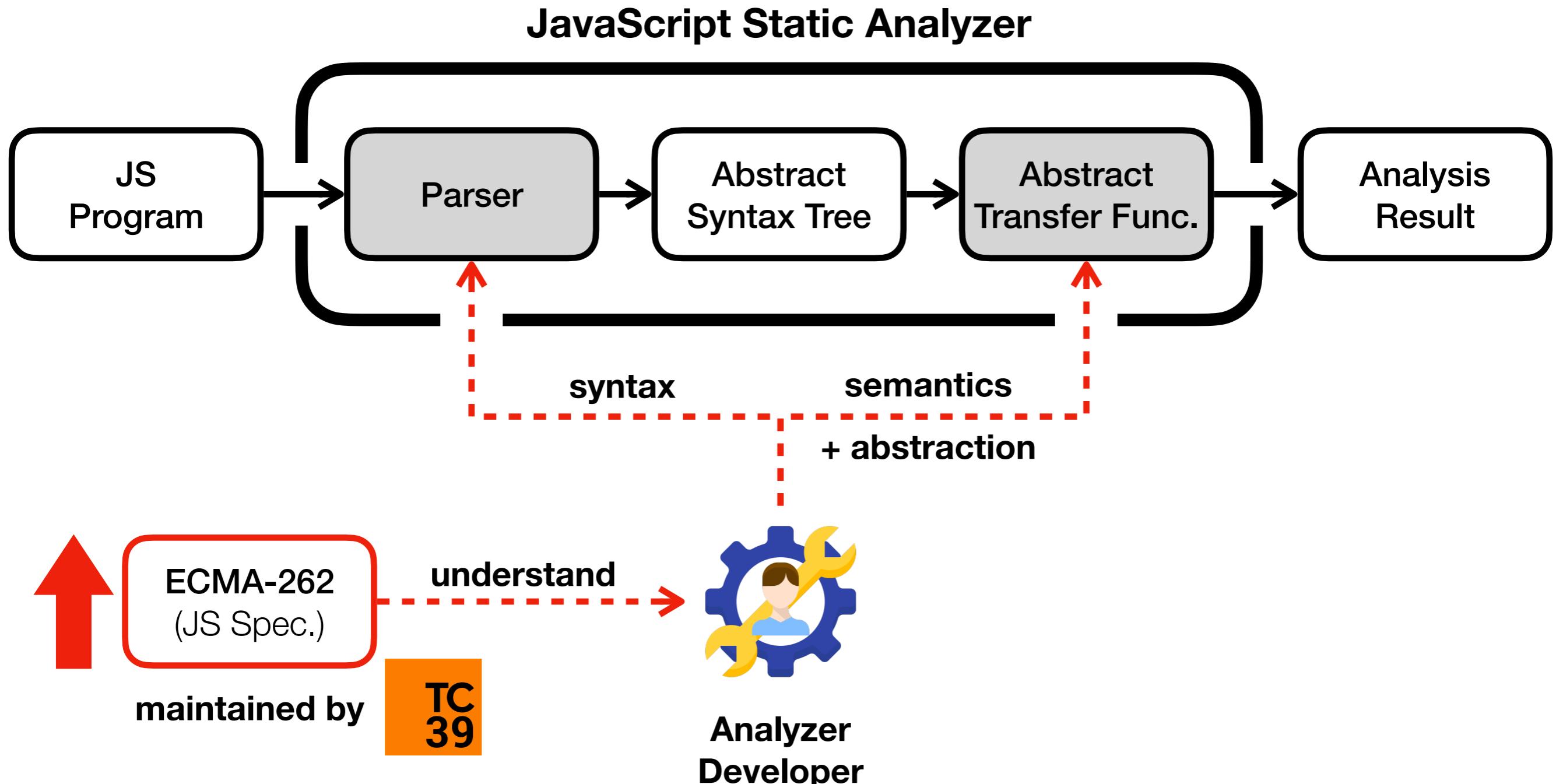
JavaScript Static Analyzers



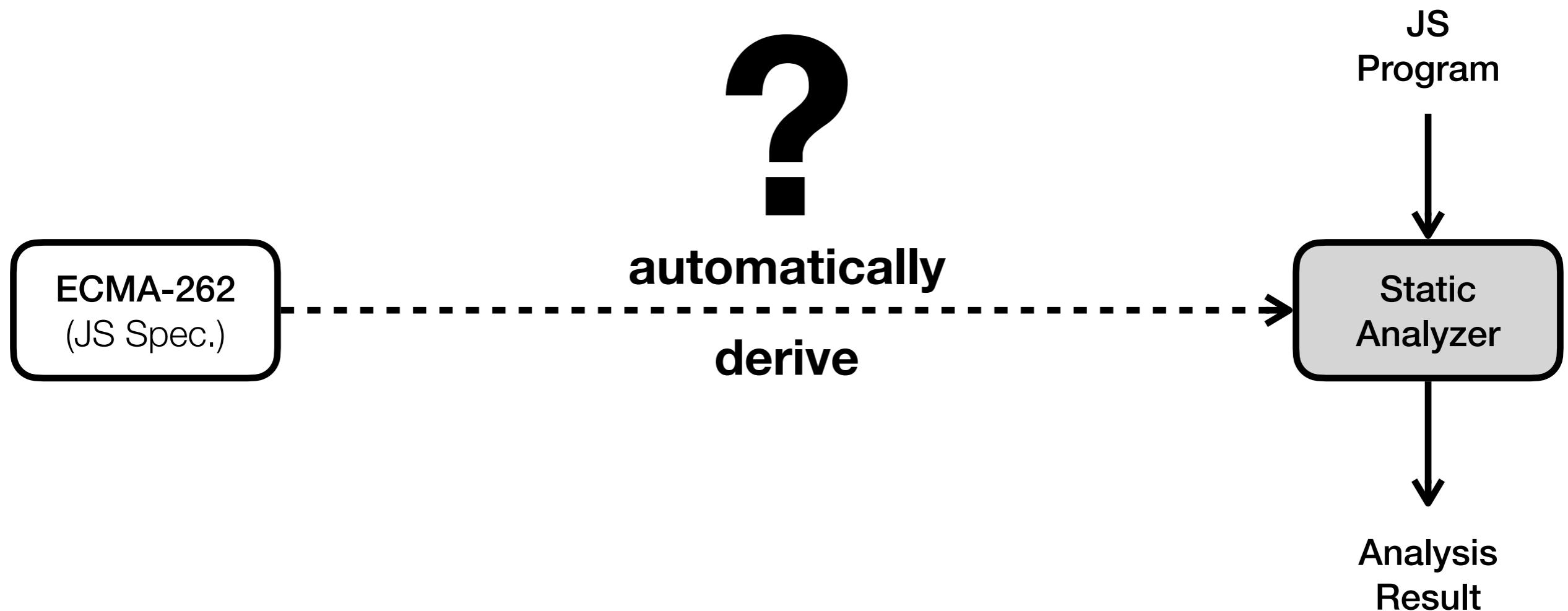
Problem: Fast Evolving JavaScript



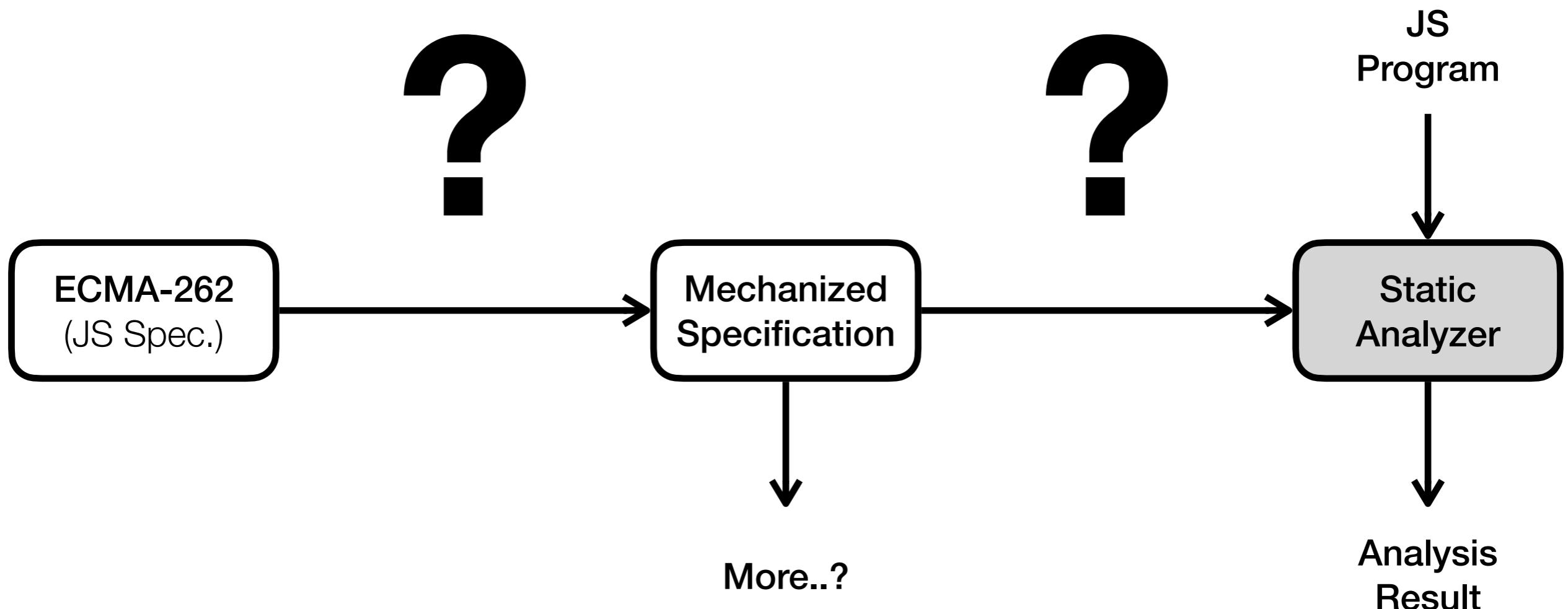
Problem: Manual Update

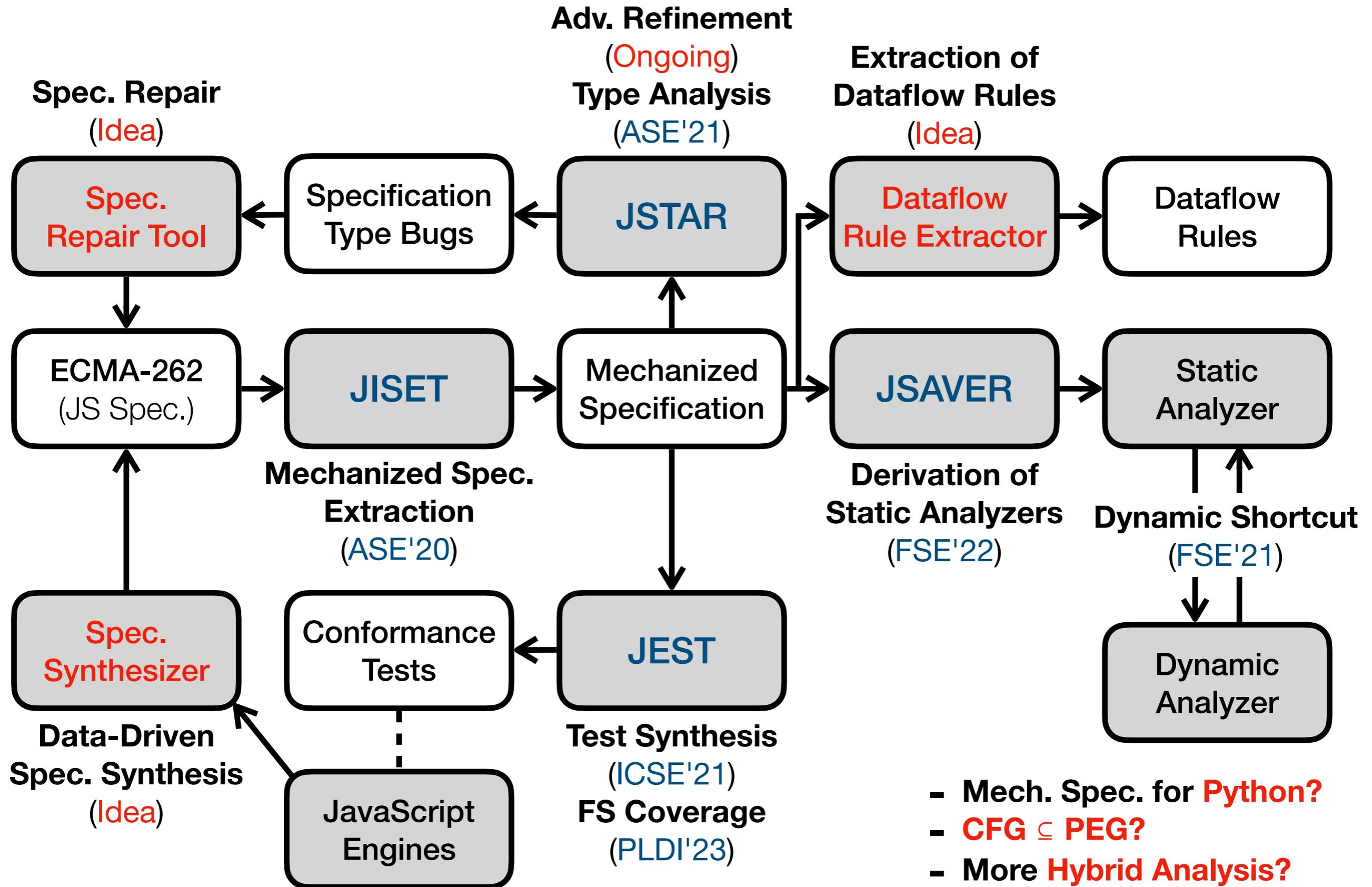


Derivation of Static Analyzer?

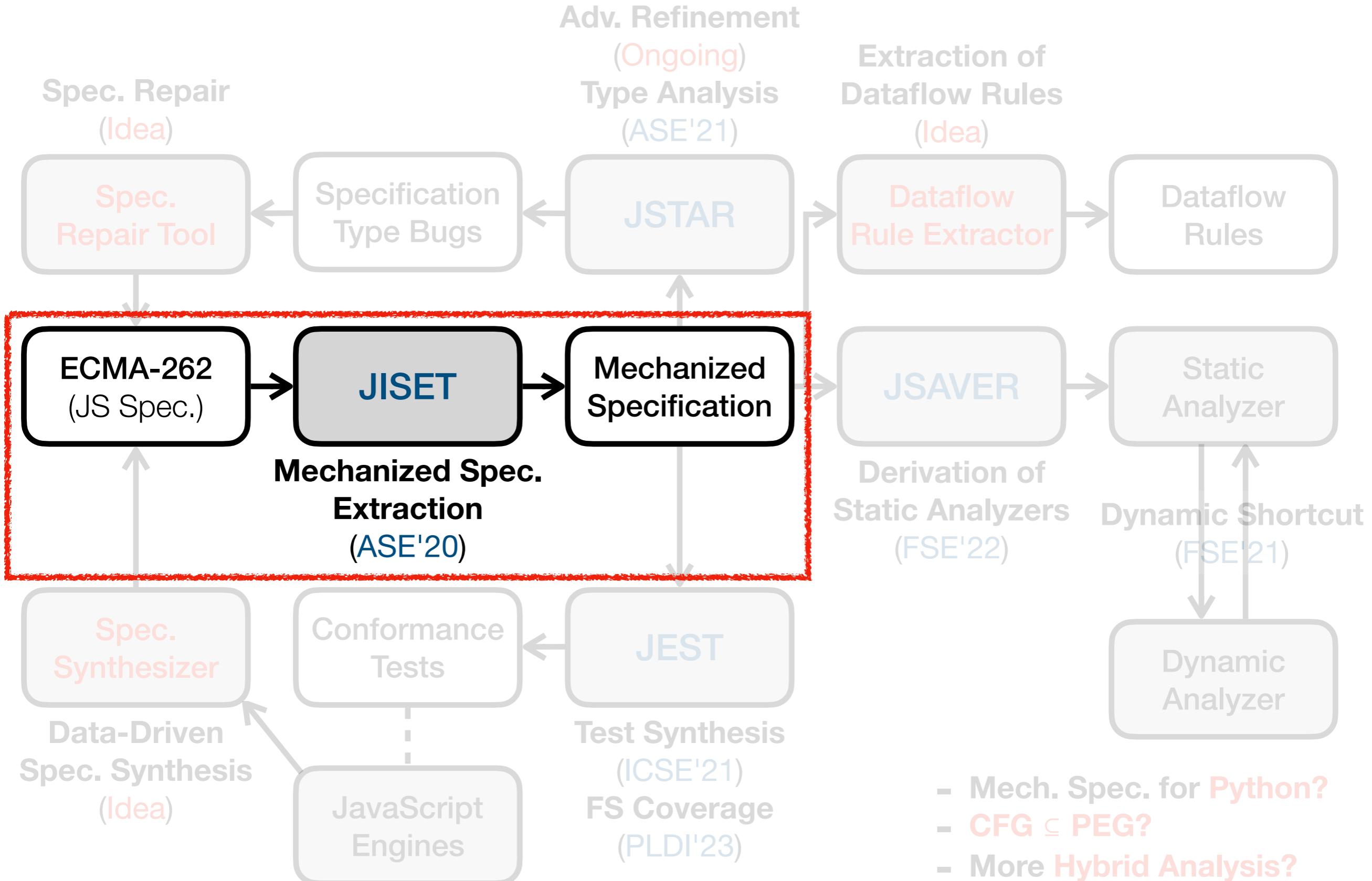


Idea: Mechanized Specification





- Mech. Spec. for Python?
- CFG ⊆ PEG?
- More Hybrid Analysis?



ECMA-262 (JavaScript Spec.)

```
ArrayLiteral [Yield, Await] :  
  [ Elisionopt ]  
  [ ElementList [?Yield, ?Await] ]  
  [ ElementList [?Yield, ?Await] , Elisionopt ]
```

Syntax

TC
39

The production of *ArrayLiteral* in ES13

Semantics

13.2.5.2 Runtime Semantics: Evaluation

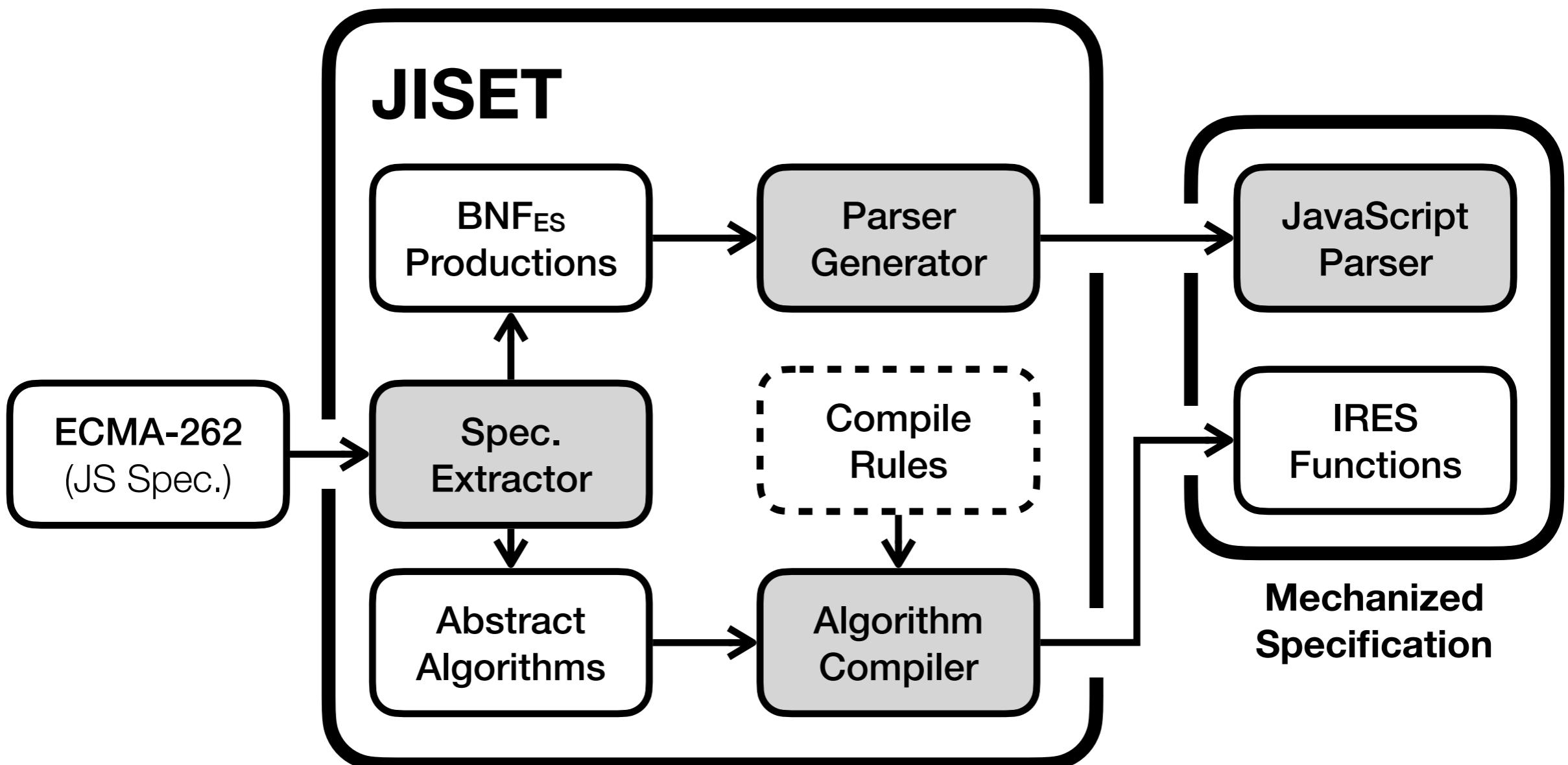
ArrayLiteral : [ElementList , Elision_{opt}]

1. Let *array* be ! *ArrayCreate*(0).
2. Let *nextIndex* be the result of performing *ArrayAccumulation* for *ElementList* with arguments *array* and 0.
3. *ReturnIfAbrupt*(*nextIndex*).
4. If *Elision* is present, then
 - a. Let *len* be the result of performing *ArrayAccumulation* for *Elision* with arguments *array* and *nextIndex*.
 - b. *ReturnIfAbrupt*(*len*).
5. Return *array*.

The Evaluation algorithm for the third alternative of *ArrayLiteral* in ES13

JISET - ASE'20

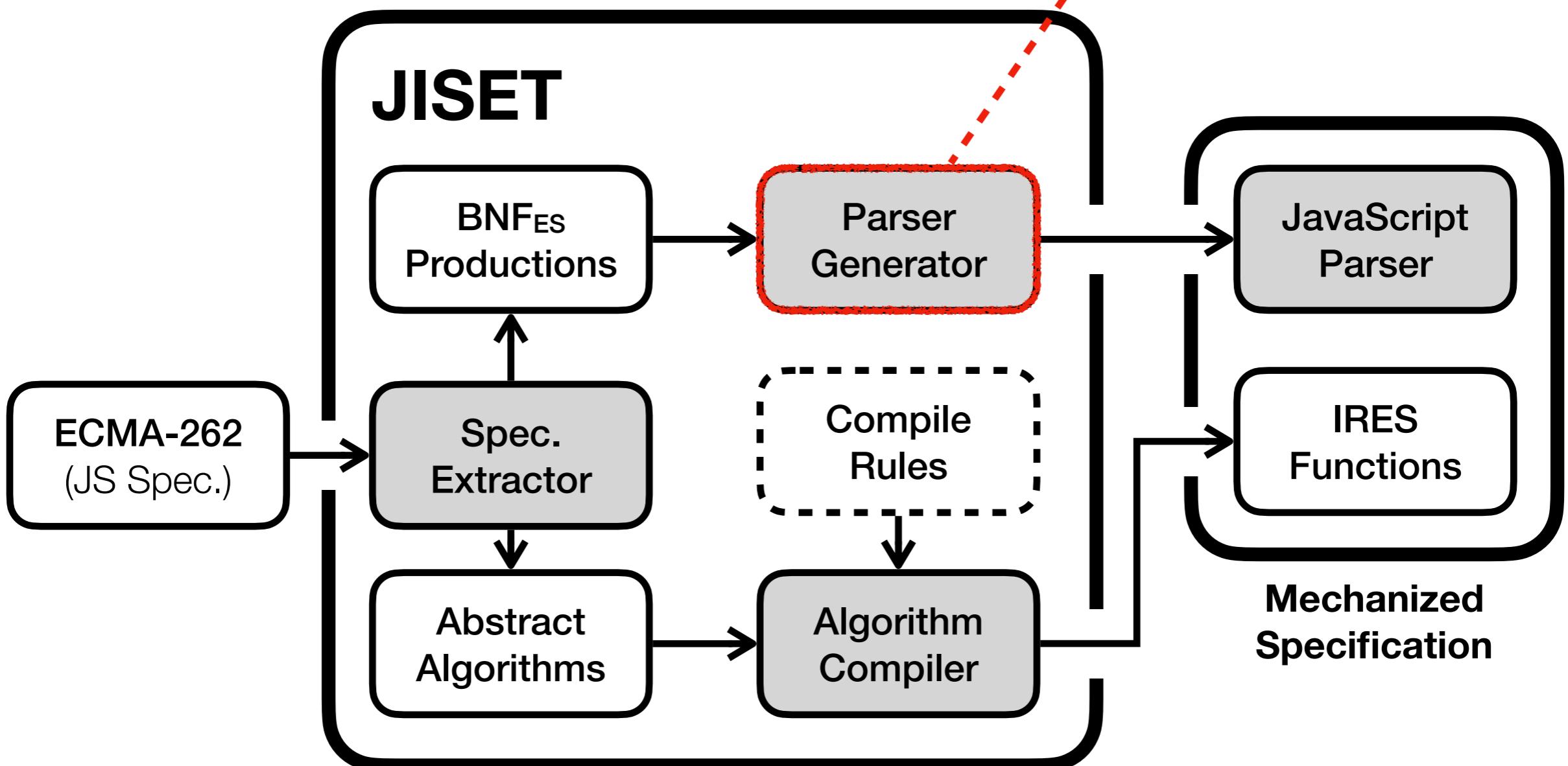
(JavaScript IR-based Semantics Extraction Toolchain)



JISET - ASE'20

(JavaScript IR-based Semantics Extraction Toolchain)

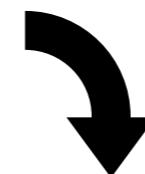
Syntax



JISET - Parser Generator (Syntax)

```
ArrayLiteral[Yield, Await] :  
  [ Elisionopt ]  
  [ ElementList[?Yield, ?Await] ]  
  [ ElementList[?Yield, ?Await] , Elisionopt ]
```

Parsing Expression Grammar
(PEG)



```
val ArrayLiteral: List[Boolean] => LAParser[T] = memo {  
  case List(Yield, Await) =>  
    "[" ~ opt(Elision) ~ "]" ^^ ArrayLiteral0 |  
    "[" ~ ElementList(Yield, Await) ~ "]" ^^ ArrayLiteral1 |  
    "[" ~ ElementList(Yield, Await) ~ "," ~ opt(Elision) ~ "]" ^^ ArrayLiteral2  
}
```

[POPL'04] B. Ford, "Parsing Expression Grammars: A Recognition-based Syntactic Foundation"

JISET - Parser Generator (Syntax)

- **Context-Free Grammar (CFG)**

- Unordered Choices

$$A ::= B; \mid B + B; \quad xy; \checkmark$$
$$B ::= x \mid xy \quad x+x; \checkmark$$

- **Parsing Expression Grammar (PEG)**

- Ordered Choices

$$A ::= B; \mid B + B; \quad xy; \times$$
$$B ::= x \mid xy \quad \text{always ignored}$$
$$x+x; \checkmark$$

- **PEG with Lookahead Parsing**

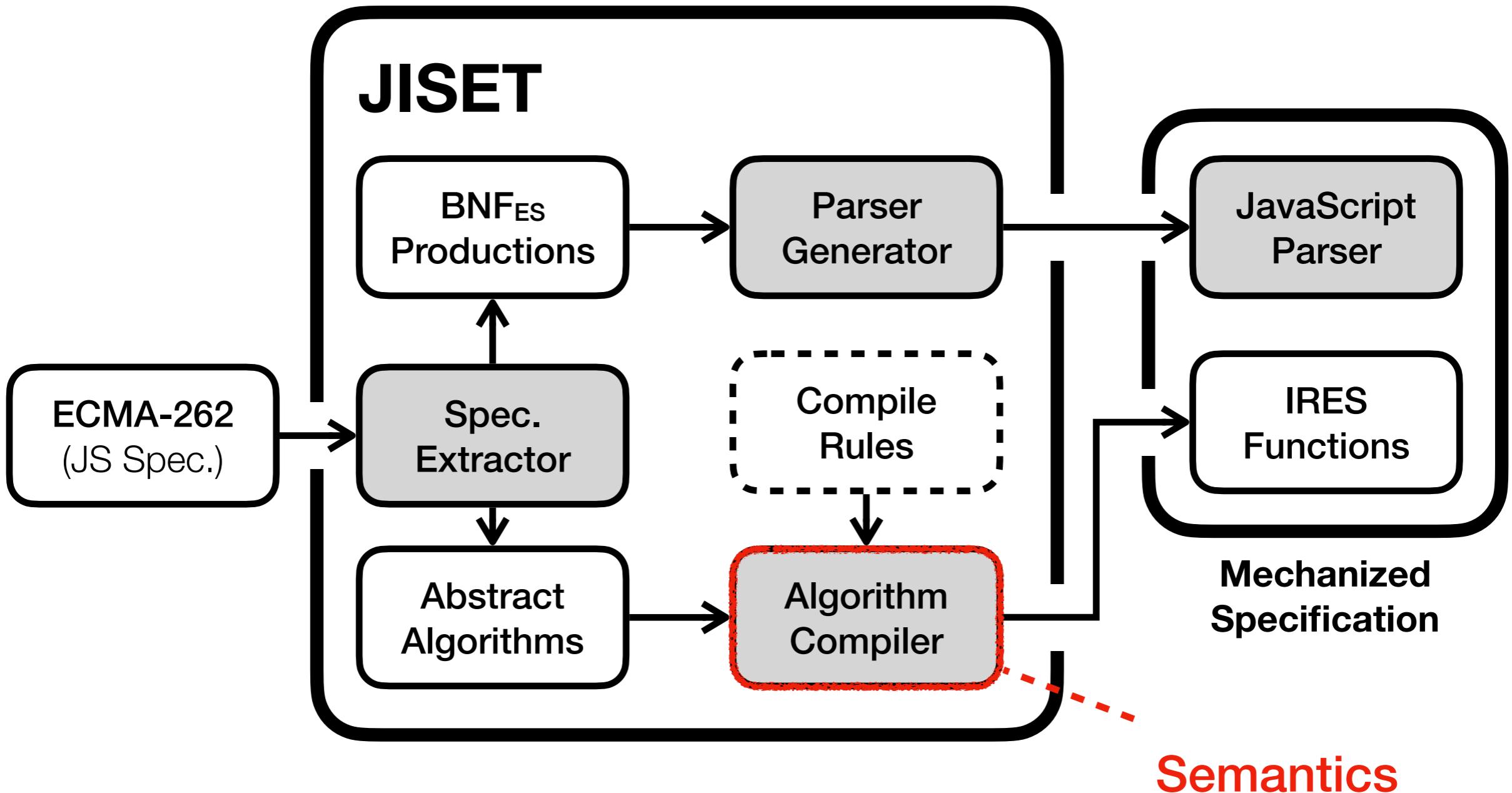
- Ordered Choices with Lookahead Tokens

$$A ::= B; \mid B + B; \quad xy; \checkmark$$
$$B ::= x \mid xy \quad x+x; \checkmark$$

[POPL'04] B. Ford, "Parsing Expression Grammars: A Recognition-based Syntactic Foundation"

JISET

(JavaScript IR-based Semantics Extraction Toolchain)



JISET - Metalanguages for ECMA-262

- IR_{ES} - Intermediate Representation for ECMA-262

Programs	$\mathfrak{P} \ni P ::= f^*$
Functions	$\mathcal{F} \ni f ::= \text{syntax? def } x(x^*) \{ [\ell : i]^* \}$
Variables	$\mathcal{X} \ni x$
Labels	$\mathcal{L} \ni \ell$
Instructions	$\mathcal{I} \ni i ::= r := e \mid x := \{ \} \mid x := e(e^*)$ if $e \ell \ell$ return e
Expressions	$\mathcal{E} \ni e ::= v^p \mid \text{op}(e^*) \mid r$
References	$\mathcal{R} \ni r ::= x \mid e[e] \mid e[e]_{js}$

• • •

Values	$v \in \mathbb{V} = \mathbb{A} \uplus \mathbb{V}^p \uplus \mathbb{T} \uplus \mathcal{F}$
Primitive Values	$v^p \in \mathbb{V}^p = \mathbb{V}_{\text{bool}} \uplus \mathbb{V}_{\text{int}} \uplus \mathbb{V}_{\text{str}} \uplus \dots$
JS ASTs	$t \in \mathbb{T}$

• • •

JISET - Metalanguages for ECMA-262

- IR_{ES} - Intermediate Representation for ECMA-262

Programs $\mathfrak{P} \ni P ::= f^*$

Functions $\mathcal{F} \ni f ::= \text{syntax? def } x(x^*) \{ [\ell : i]^* \}$

Variables $\mathcal{X} \ni x$

Labels $\mathcal{L} \ni \ell$

Instructions $\mathcal{I} \ni i ::= r := e \mid x := \{\} \mid x := e(e^*)$
 $\mid \text{if } e \ell \ell \mid \text{return } e$

Expressions $\mathcal{E} \ni e ::= v^p \mid \text{op}(e^*) \mid r$

References $\mathcal{R} \ni r ::= x \mid e[e] \mid e[e]_{js}$

• • •

Values $v \in \mathbb{V} = \mathbb{A} \uplus \mathbb{V}^p \uplus \mathbb{T} \uplus \mathcal{F}$

Primitive Values $v^p \in \mathbb{V}^p = \mathbb{V}_{\text{bool}} \uplus \mathbb{V}_{\text{int}} \uplus \mathbb{V}_{\text{str}} \uplus \dots$

JS ASTs $t \in \mathbb{T}$

• • •

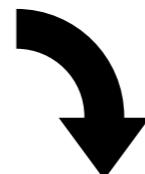
JISET - Metalanguages for ECMA-262

13.2.5.2 Runtime Semantics: Evaluation

ArrayLiteral : [*ElementList* , *Elision*_{opt}]

1. Let *array* be ! *ArrayCreate*(0).
2. Let *nextIndex* be the result of performing *ArrayAccumulation* for *ElementList* with arguments *array* and 0.
3. *ReturnIfAbrupt*(*nextIndex*).
4. If *Elision* is present, then
 - a. Let *len* be the result of performing *ArrayAccumulation* for *Elision* with arguments *array* and *nextIndex*.
 - b. *ReturnIfAbrupt*(*len*).
5. Return *array*.

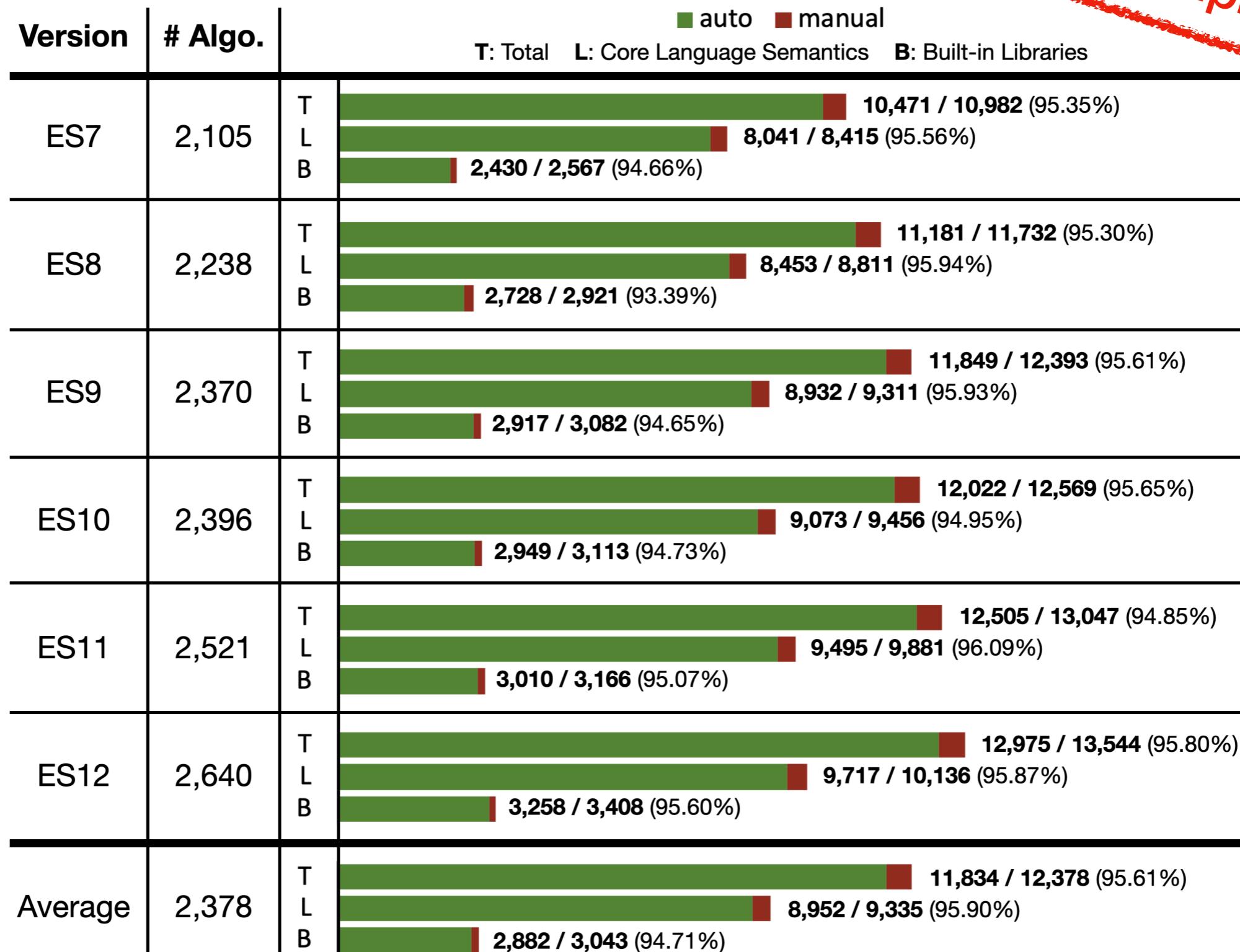
118 Compile Rules for
Steps in Abstract Algorithms



```
syntax def ArrayLiteral[2].Evaluation(  
    this, ElementList, Elision  
) {  
    let array = [! (ArrayCreate 0)]  
    let nextIndex = (ElementList.ArrayAccumulation array 0)  
    [? nextIndex]  
    if (! (= Elision absent)) {  
        let len = (Elision.ArrayAccumulation array nextIndex)  
        [? len]  
    }  
    return array  
}
```

JISET - Evaluation

≈ 96%
Compiled



ESMeta

 es-meta / esmeta Public

[Edit Pins](#) [Unwatch 7](#) [Fork 9](#) [Starred 115](#)

[Code](#) [Issues 8](#) [Pull requests 1](#) [Discussions](#) [Actions](#) [...](#)

[main](#) [Go to file](#) [Add file](#) [Code](#) [About](#) [⚙️](#)

 **jhnaldo** Updated version ... ✖ on Dec 14, 2022 🕒 976

	.github/wo...	Updated <code>ci.yml</code> and <code>e2e...</code>	3 months ago
	client @ c6...	Updated version of client	3 months ago
	ecma262 ...	Remove implicit wrapping/u...	8 months ago
	project	Downgraded sbt-assembly f...	4 months ago
	src	Updated version	3 months ago
	tests	Fixed bugs for Test262 (#118)	3 months ago
	.completion	Supported -extract:eval to e...	3 months ago
	.gitignore	Updated .gitignore for local ...	6 months ago
	.gitmodules	Updated README / Added c...	6 months ago
	.jvmopts	Added -XX:ReservedCodeC...	7 months ago

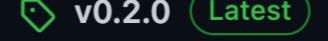
ECMAScript Specification (ECMA-262) Metalanguage

[javascript](#) [ecmascript](#)

[Readme](#) [BSD-3-Clause license](#)

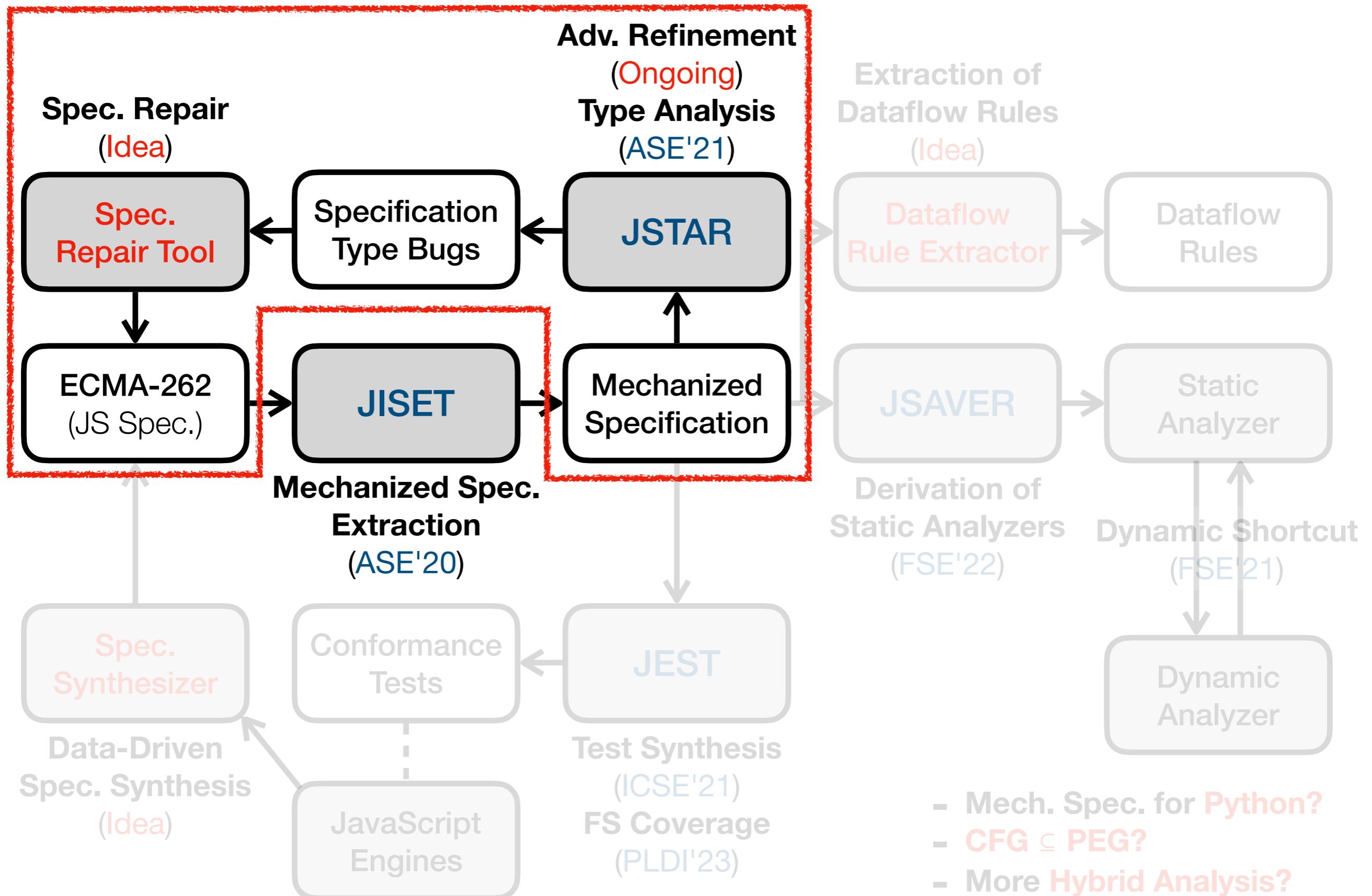
[115 stars](#) [7 watching](#) [9 forks](#)

Releases 11

 **v0.2.0** Latest on Dec 14, 2022

[+ 10 releases](#)

<https://github.com/es-meta/esmeta>



Types in ECMA-262

20.3.2.28 Math.round (x)

1. Let n be ? ToNumber(x).
2. If n is an integral Number, return n .
3. If $x < 0.5$ and $x > 0$, return +0.
4. If $x < 0$ and $x \geq -0.5$, return -0.
- • •

<https://github.com/tc39/ecma262/tree/575149cf77aebcf3a129e165bd89e14caafc31c>

Types in ECMA-262

20.3.2.28 Math.round (x: (String v Boolean v Number v Object v ...))

1. Let n be ? ToNumber(x).
2. If n is an integral Number, return n .
3. If $x < 0.5$ and $x > 0$, return +0.
4. If $x < 0$ and $x \geq -0.5$, return -0.
- • •

<https://github.com/tc39/ecma262/tree/575149cf77aebcf3a129e165bd89e14caafc31c>

Types in ECMA-262

20.3.2.28 Math.round (x) x : (String \vee Boolean \vee Number \vee Object $\vee \dots$)

1. Let n be $\text{?ToNumber}(x)$ $\text{ToNumber}(x)$: (Number \vee Exception)
2. If n is an integral Number, return n .
3. If $x < 0.5$ and $x > 0$, return $+0$.
4. If $x < 0$ and $x \geq -0.5$, return -0 .
- • •

<https://github.com/tc39/ecma262/tree/575149cf77aebcf3a129e165bd89e14caafc31c>

Types in ECMA-262

20.3.2.28 Math.round (x) x : (String \vee Boolean \vee Number \vee Object $\vee \dots$)

1. Let n be $? \text{ToNumber}(x)$ $\text{ToNumber}(x)$: (Number \vee Exception)
2. If n is an integral Number, return n .
3. If $x < 0.5$ and $x > 0$, return $+0$.
4. If $x < 0$ and $x \geq -0.5$, return -0 .
- • •

<https://github.com/tc39/ecma262/tree/575149cf77aebcf3a129e165bd89e14caafc31c>

Types in ECMA-262

20.3.2.28 Math.round (x) x : (String \vee Boolean \vee Number \vee Object $\vee \dots$)

1. Let n be $\text{?ToNumber}(x)$ $\text{ToNumber}(x)$: (Number \vee Exception) \wedge n : (Number)
2. If n is an integral Number, return n .
3. If $x < 0.5$ and $x > 0$, return $+0$.
4. If $x < 0$ and $x \geq -0.5$, return -0 .
- • •

<https://github.com/tc39/ecma262/tree/575149cf77aebcf3a129e165bd89e14caafc31c>

Types in ECMA-262

20.3.2.28 Math.round (x) x : (String v Boolean v Number v Object v ...)

1. Let n be $\text{?ToNumber}(x)$ $\text{ToNumber}(x)$: (Number v Exception) $\wedge n$: (Number)
 2. If n is an integral Number, return n .
 3. If $x < 0.5$ and $x > 0$, return $+0$.
Type Mismatch for
numeric operator `>`
 4. If $x < 0$ and $x \geq -0.5$ return -0 .
- • •

<https://github.com/tc39/ecma262/tree/575149cf77aebcf3a129e165bd89e14caafc31c>

Types in ECMA-262

20.3.2.28 Math.round (x) x : (String v Boolean v Number v Object v ...)

1. Let n be $\text{?ToNumber}(x)$ $\text{ToNumber}(x)$: (Number v Exception) $\wedge n$: (Number)
 2. If n is an integral Number, return n .
 3. If $x < 0.5$ and $x > 0$, return $+0$.
 4. If $x < 0$ and $x \geq -0.5$ return -0 .
- • •
- Type Mismatch for numeric operator `>`
- Math.round(true) = ?
Math.round(false) = ?

<https://github.com/tc39/ecma262/tree/575149cf77aebcf3a129e165bd89e14caafc31c>

Types in ECMA-262

20.3.2.28 Math.round (x) $x: (\text{String} \vee \text{Boolean} \vee \text{Number} \vee \text{Object} \vee \dots)$

1. Let n be $\text{?ToNumber}(x)$ $\text{ToNumber}(x): (\text{Number} \vee \text{Exception}) \wedge n: (\text{Number})$
2. If n is an integral Number, return n .

3. If $x < 0.5$ and $x > 0$, return $+0$.
4. If $x < 0$ and $x \geq -0.5$, return -0 .

Type Mismatch for
numeric operator `>`

• • •



3. If $n < 0.5$ and $n > 0$, return $+0$.
4. If $n < 0$ and $n \geq -0.5$, return -0 .

Math.round(true) = ?
Math.round(false) = ?

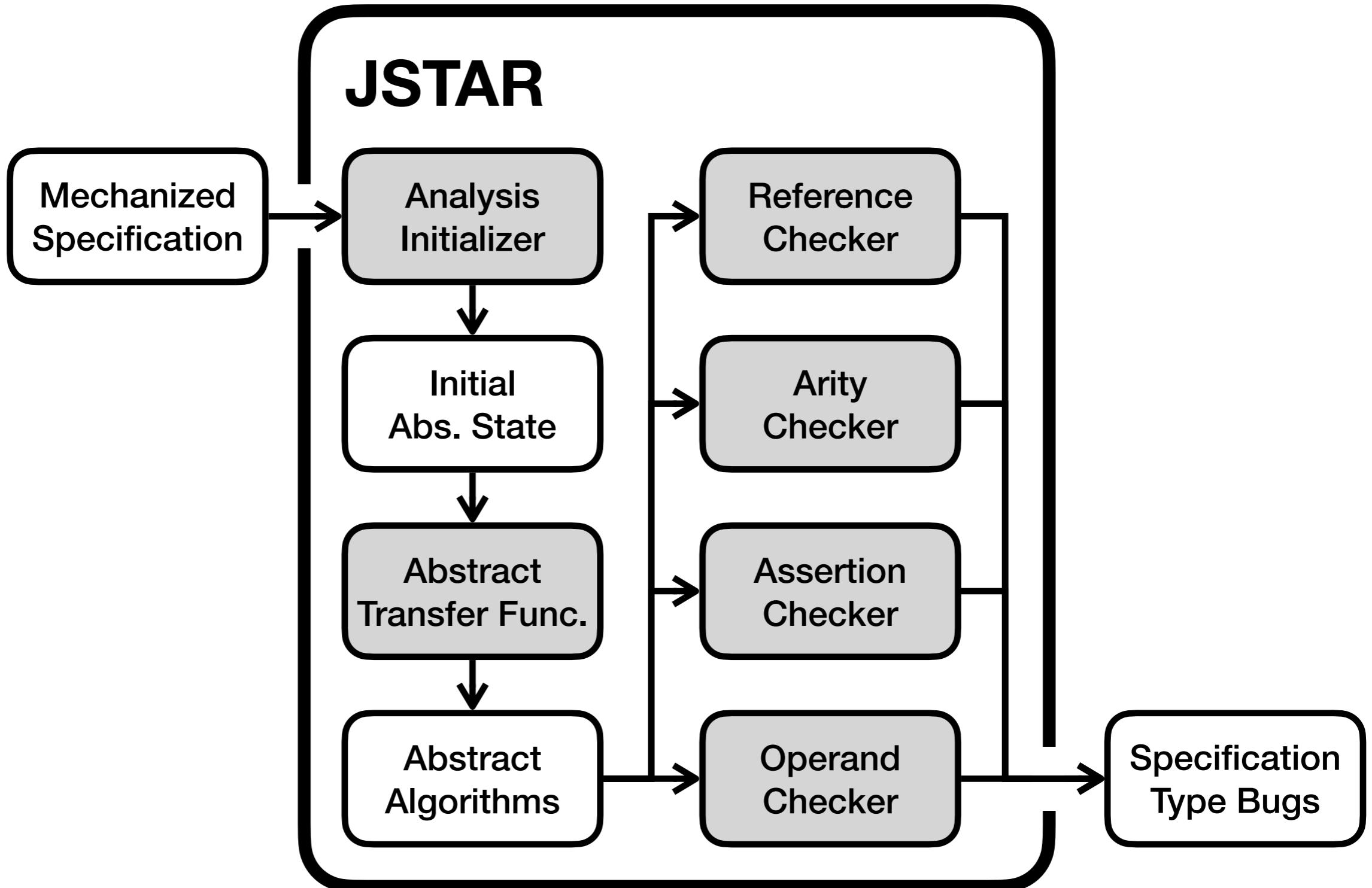


Math.round(true) = 1
Math.round(false) = 0

<https://github.com/tc39/ecma262/tree/575149cf77aebcf3a129e165bd89e14caafc31c>

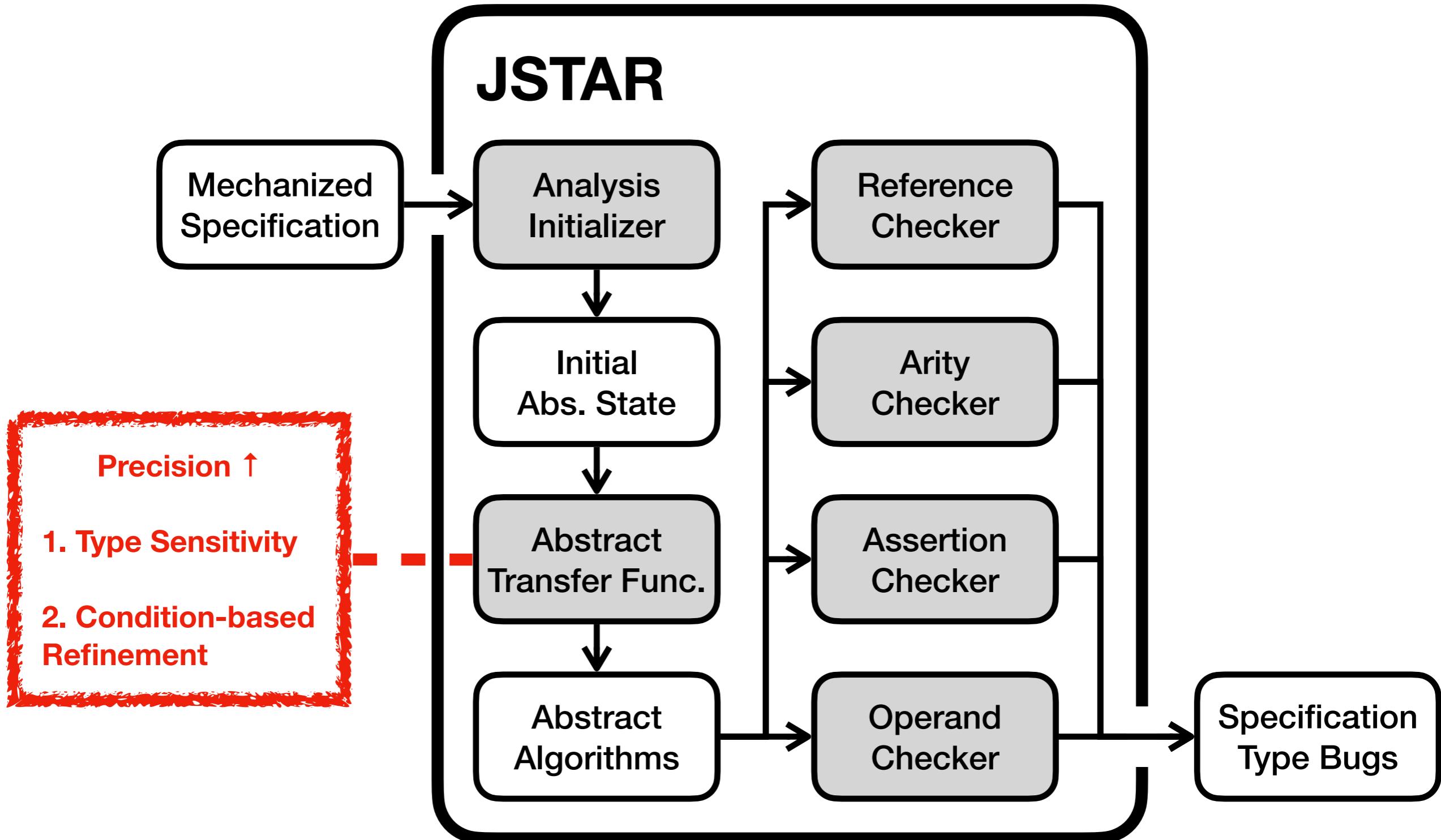
JSTAR - ASE'21

(JavaScript Specification Type Analyzer using Refinement)



JSTAR - ASE'21

(JavaScript Specification Type Analyzer using Refinement)



JSTAR - Type Sensitivity

String, Number,
Null Symbol,

...

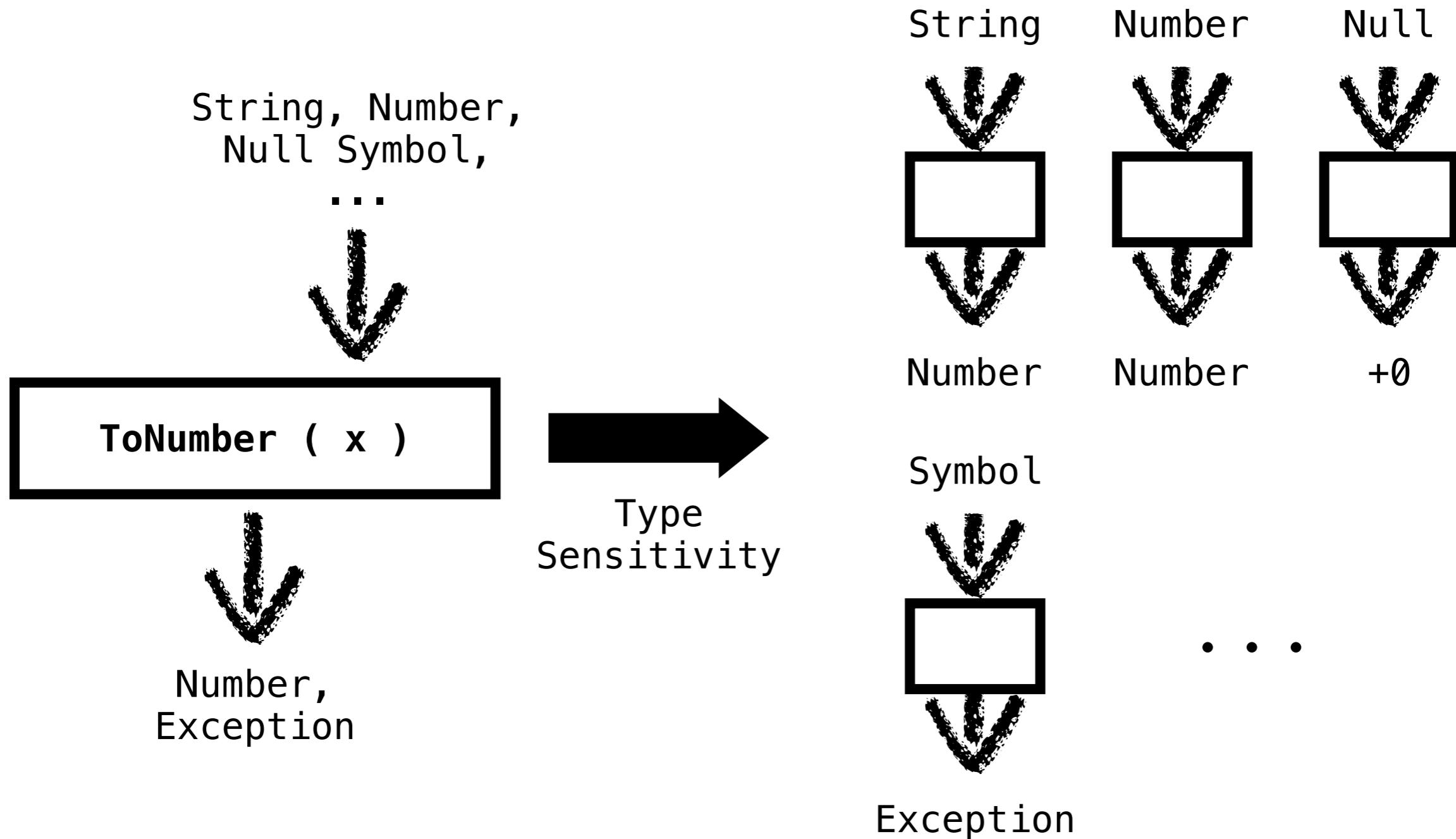


ToNumber (x)



Number,
Exception

JSTAR - Type Sensitivity



JSTAR - Condition-based Refinement

$\text{refine}(!e, b)(\sigma^\sharp) = \text{refine}(e, \neg b)(\sigma^\sharp)$

$\text{refine}(e_0 \sqcup e_1, b)(\sigma^\sharp) = \begin{cases} \sigma_0^\sharp \sqcup \sigma_1^\sharp & \text{if } b \\ \sigma_0^\sharp \sqcap \sigma_1^\sharp & \text{if } \neg b \end{cases}$

$\text{refine}(e_0 \&& e_1, b)(\sigma^\sharp) = \begin{cases} \sigma_0^\sharp \sqcap \sigma_1^\sharp & \text{if } b \\ \sigma_0^\sharp \sqcup \sigma_1^\sharp & \text{if } \neg b \end{cases}$

$\text{refine}(x.\text{Type} == c_{\text{normal}}, \#t)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \sqcap \text{normal}(\mathbb{T})]$

$\text{refine}(x.\text{Type} == c_{\text{normal}}, \#f)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \sqcap \{\text{abrupt}\}]$

$\text{refine}(x == e, \#t)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \sqcap \tau_e^\sharp]$

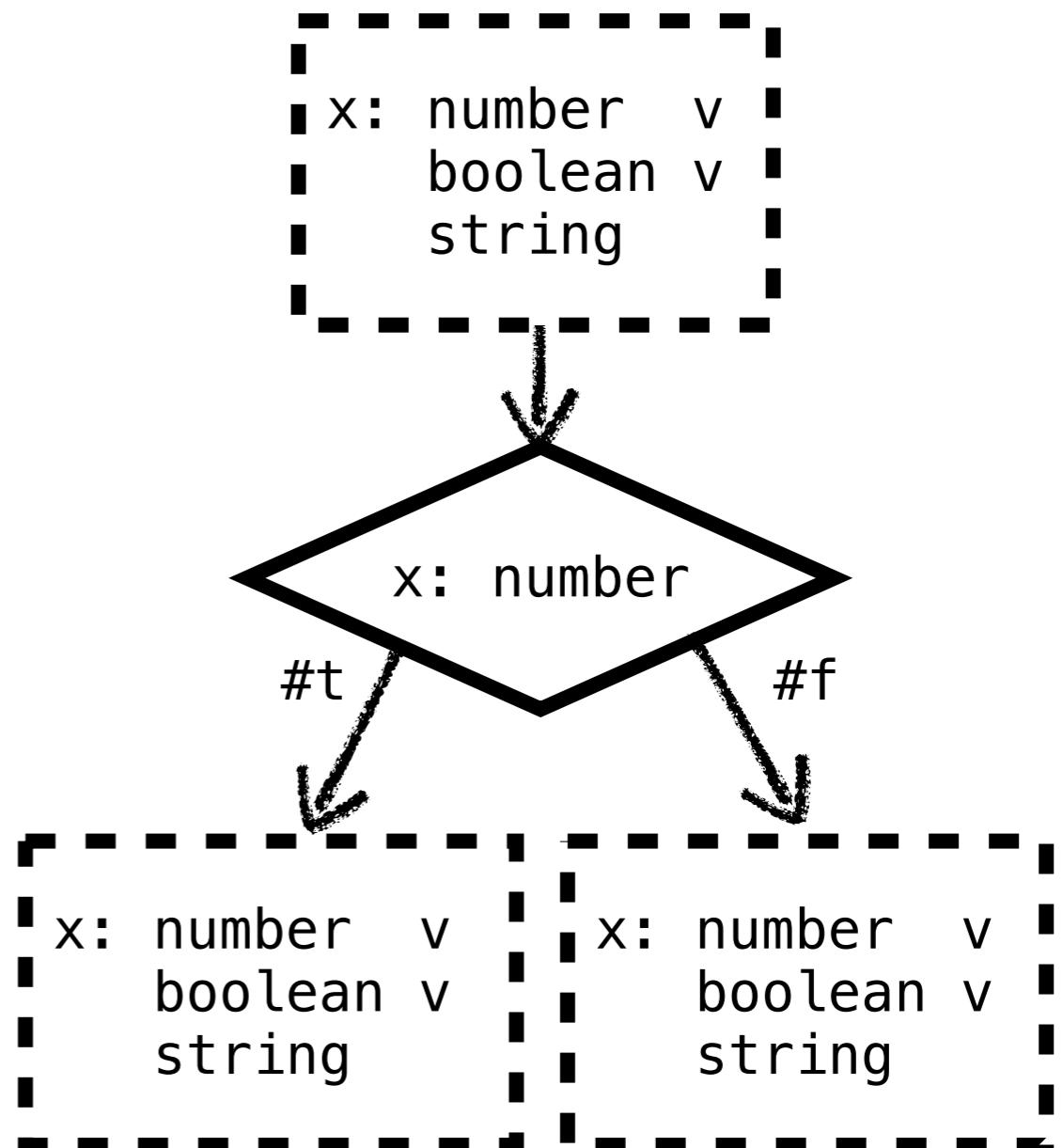
$\text{refine}(x == e, \#f)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \setminus [\tau_e^\sharp]]$

$\text{refine}(x : \tau, \#t)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \sqcap \{\tau\}]$

$\text{refine}(x : \tau, \#f)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \setminus \{\tau' \mid \tau' <: \tau\}]$

$\text{refine}(e, b)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp$

where $\sigma_j^\sharp = \text{refine}(e_j, b)(\sigma^\sharp)$ for $j = 0, 1$, $\tau_e^\sharp = \llbracket e \rrbracket_e^\sharp(\sigma^\sharp)$, and $[\tau^\sharp]$ returns $\{\tau\}$ if τ^\sharp denotes a singleton type τ , or returns \emptyset , otherwise.



JSTAR - Condition-based Refinement

$\text{refine}(!e, b)(\sigma^\sharp) = \text{refine}(e, \neg b)(\sigma^\sharp)$

$\text{refine}(e_0 \sqcup e_1, b)(\sigma^\sharp) = \begin{cases} \sigma_0^\sharp \sqcup \sigma_1^\sharp & \text{if } b \\ \sigma_0^\sharp \sqcap \sigma_1^\sharp & \text{if } \neg b \end{cases}$

$\text{refine}(e_0 \&& e_1, b)(\sigma^\sharp) = \begin{cases} \sigma_0^\sharp \sqcap \sigma_1^\sharp & \text{if } b \\ \sigma_0^\sharp \sqcup \sigma_1^\sharp & \text{if } \neg b \end{cases}$

$\text{refine}(x.\text{Type} == c_{\text{normal}}, \#t)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \sqcap \text{normal}(\mathbb{T})]$

$\text{refine}(x.\text{Type} == c_{\text{normal}}, \#f)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \sqcap \{\text{abrupt}\}]$

$\text{refine}(x == e, \#t)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \sqcap \tau_e^\sharp]$

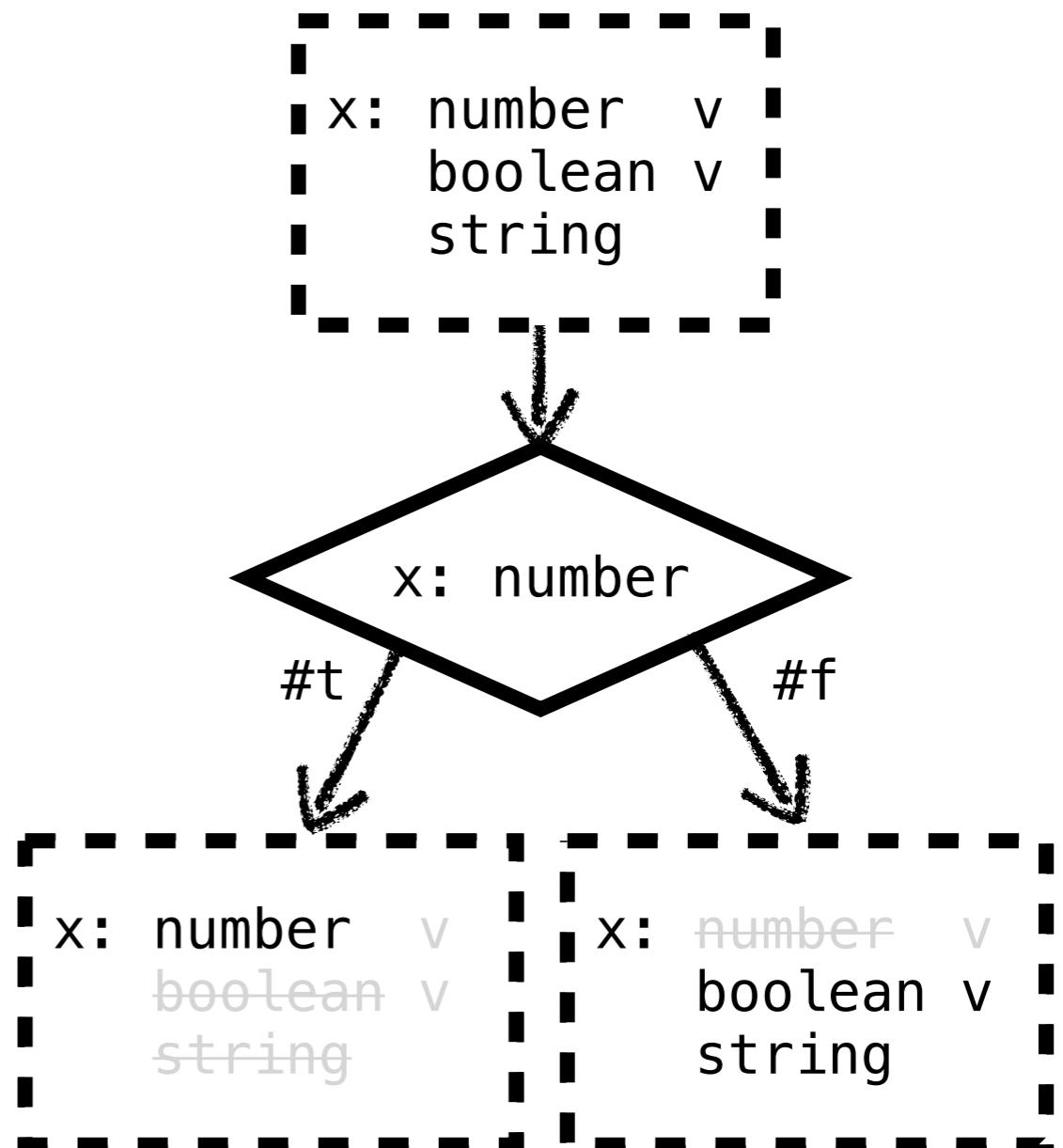
$\text{refine}(x == e, \#f)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \setminus [\tau_e^\sharp]]$

$\text{refine}(x : \tau, \#t)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \sqcap \{\tau\}]$

$\text{refine}(x : \tau, \#f)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp[x \mapsto \tau_x^\sharp \setminus \{\tau' \mid \tau' <: \tau\}]$

$\text{refine}(e, b)(\sigma^\sharp) = \sigma^\sharp$

where $\sigma_j^\sharp = \text{refine}(e_j, b)(\sigma^\sharp)$ for $j = 0, 1$, $\tau_e^\sharp = \llbracket e \rrbracket_e^\sharp(\sigma^\sharp)$, and $[\tau^\sharp]$ returns $\{\tau\}$ if τ^\sharp denotes a singleton type τ , or returns \emptyset , otherwise.



JSTAR - Evaluation

- Target: 864 versions of ECMA-262 in 3 years

59.2%
Precision

93 Bugs
Detected

Checker	Bug Kind	Precision = (# True Bugs) / (# Detected Bugs)				
		no-refine		refine		Δ
Reference	UnknownVar	62 / 106	17 / 60	63 / 78	17 / 31	+1 / -28
	DuplicatedVar		45 / 46		46 / 47	
Arity	MissingParam	4 / 4	4 / 4	4 / 4	4 / 4	/
Assertion	Assertion	4 / 56	4 / 56	4 / 31	4 / 31	/ -25
Operand	NoNumber	22 / 113	2 / 65	22 / 44	2 / 6	/ -69
	Abrupt		20 / 48		20 / 38	
Total		92 / 279 (33.0%)		93 / 157 (59.2%)		+1 / -122 (+26.3%)

Name	Feature #	Checker	Created	Life Span
ES12-1	Switch	3 Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-2	Try	3 Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-3	Arguments	1 Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-4	Array	2 Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-5	Async	1 Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-6	Class	1 Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-7	Branch	1 Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-8	Arguments	2 Operand	2015-12-16	1,910 days

14 Bugs
in ES12

CI System of ECMA-262

The screenshot shows the GitHub Actions page for the repository `tc39/ecma262`. The repository is public, has 954 watchers, 1.3k forks, and 14k starred users. The Actions tab is selected, showing 275 workflow runs for the `esmeta-typecheck` workflow, which is defined in `esmeta-typecheck.yml`. The sidebar lists other workflows: `ecma-262`, `ecma-262`, `ecma-262 deploy`, `ecma-262-biblio`, `enforce format`, `esmeta typecheck` (which is currently selected), `pages-build-deployment`, `Require "Allow Edits"`, and `Upload Preview`. The main area displays three recent workflow runs:

- Editorial: Split identity...**: Status: Success (green checkmark), Triggered by esmeta typecheck #277: Pull request #3027 opened by syg, Run by syg:stratified-identity, Yesterday at 2m 31s.
- [Stage 4] Normati...**: Status: Success (green checkmark), Triggered by esmeta typecheck #276: Pull request #2997 synchronize by acutmore, Run by acutmore:change-array-by-, Yesterday at 2m 42s.
- Add Class and Class Ele...**: Status: Failed (red X), Triggered by esmeta typecheck #275: Pull request #3027 synchronize by nzurag:decorators, 2 days ago.

Advanced Refinement (Ongoing)

7.3.11 GetMethod (V, P)

1. Let $func$ be ? GetV(V, P).
2. If $func$ is either **undefined** or **null**, return **undefined**.
3. If **IsCallable(func) is false**, throw a **TypeError** exception.
4. Return $func$.

Specification Repair Tool (Idea)

20.3.2.28 Math.round (x)

1. Let n be ? ToNumber(x).
2. If n is an integral Number, return n .
3. If $x < 0.5$ and $x > 0$, return +0.
4. If $x < 0$ and $x \geq -0.5$, return -0.

Type Mismatch for
numeric operator `>`

Math.round(true) = ?
Math.round(false) = ?

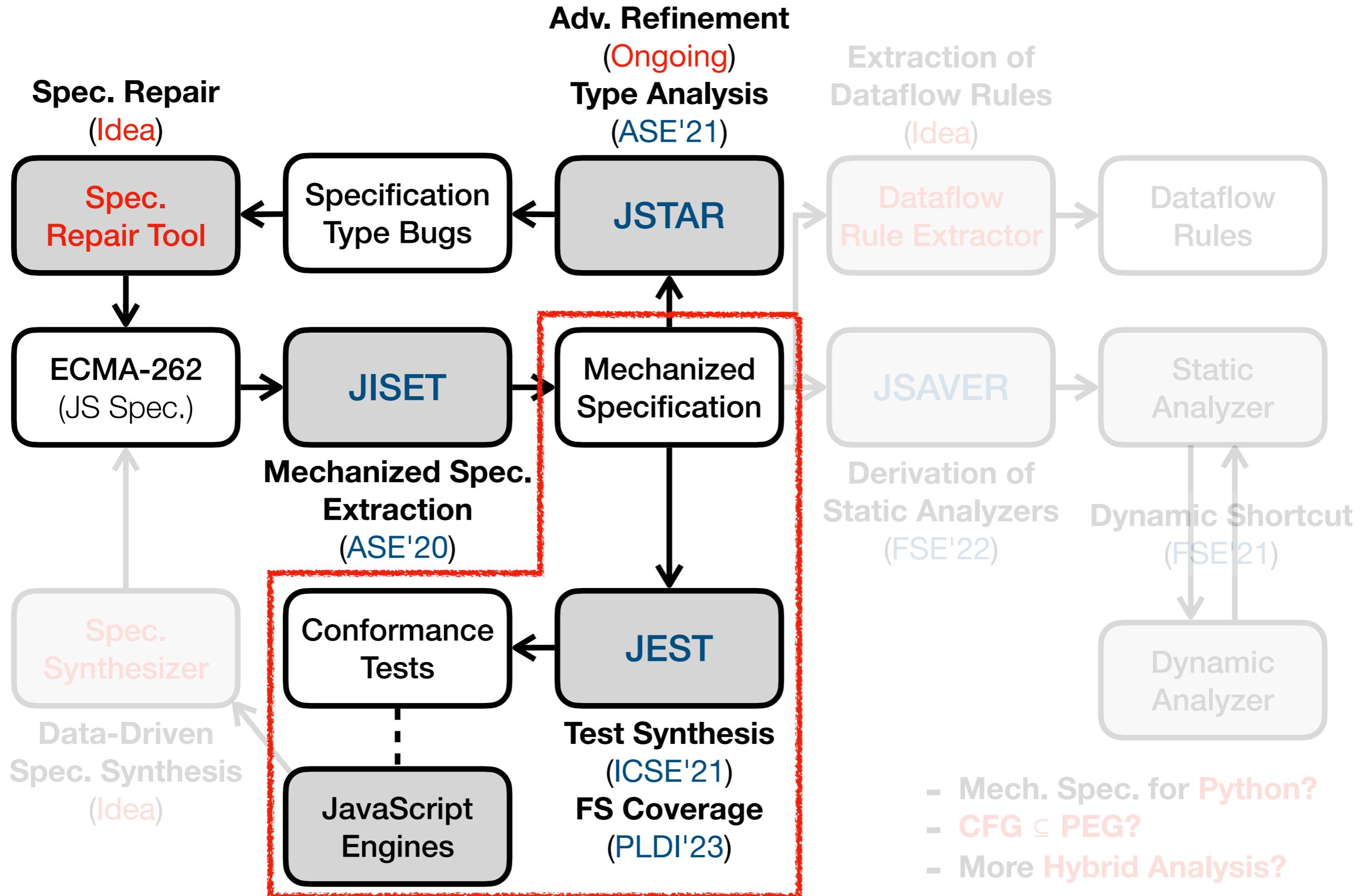


Auto Patch?

3. If $n < 0.5$ and $n > 0$, return +0.
4. If $n < 0$ and $n \geq -0.5$, return -0.

Math.round(true) = 1
Math.round(false) = 0

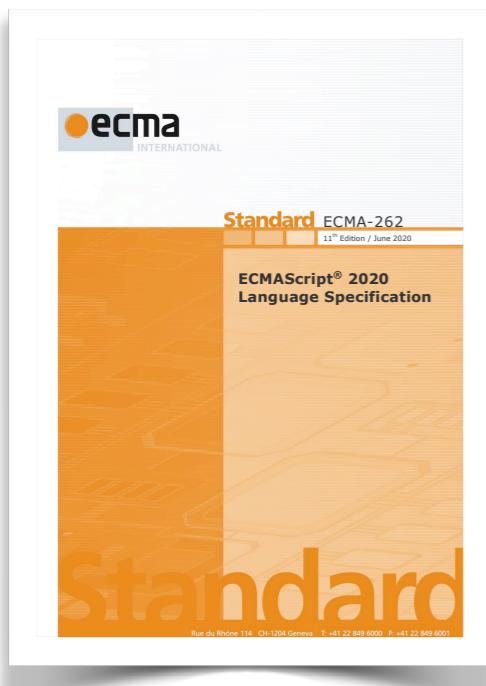




[ICSE'21] J. Park, et al. "JEST: N+1-version Differential Testing of Both JavaScript Engines"

[PLDI'23] J. Park, et al. "Feature-Sensitive Coverage for Conformance Testing of Programming Language Implementations"

Conformance with Engines



ECMA-262



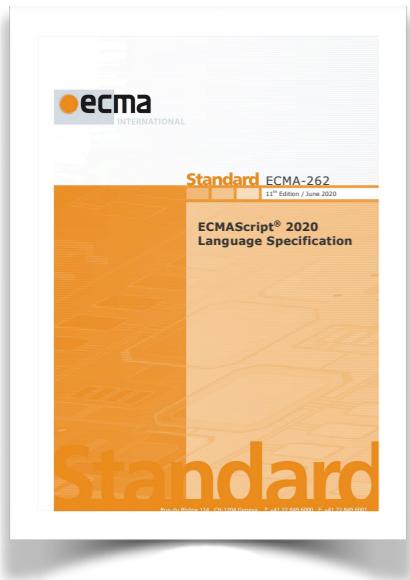
GraalVM™

QuickJS

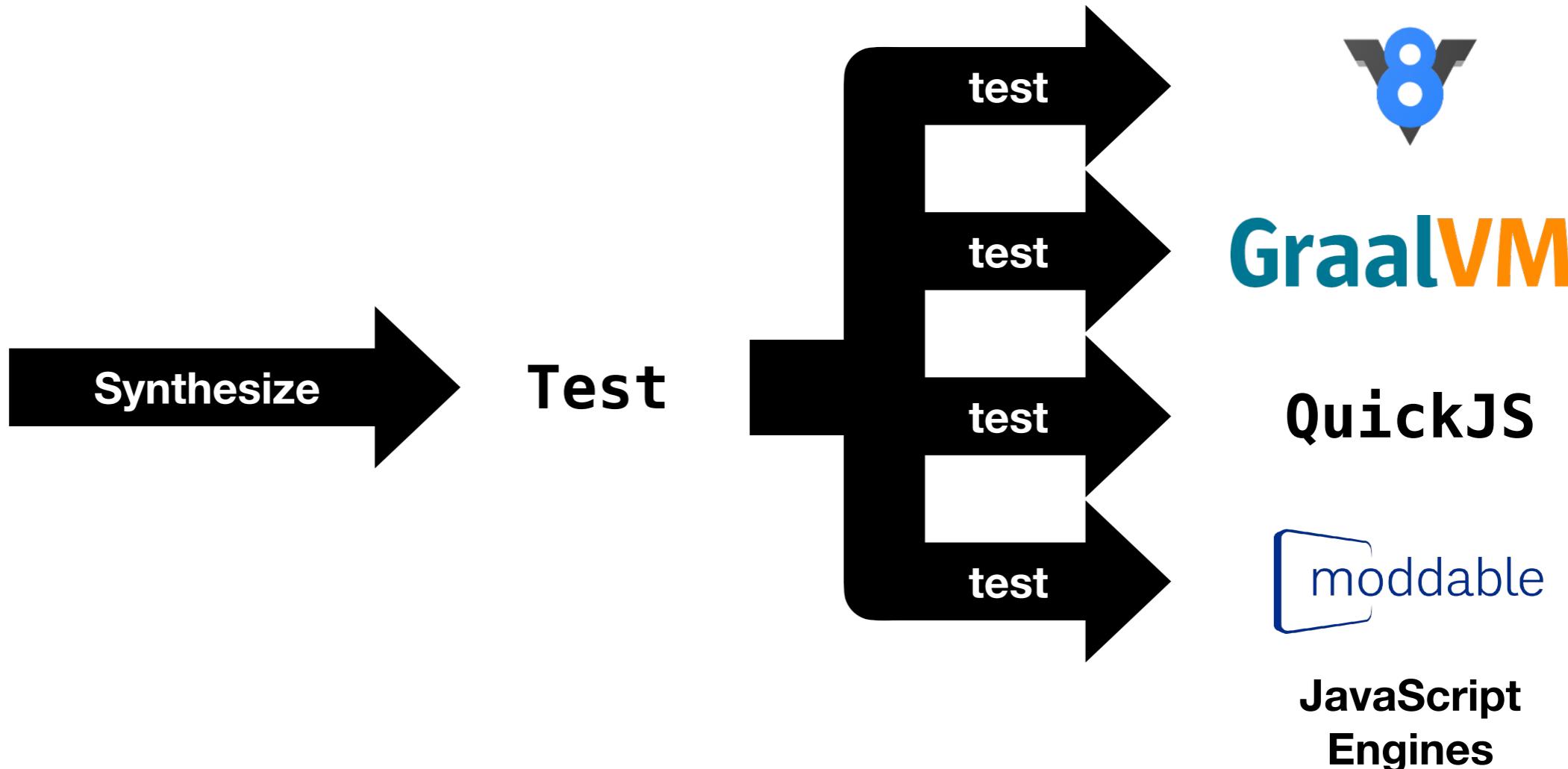


JavaScript
Engines

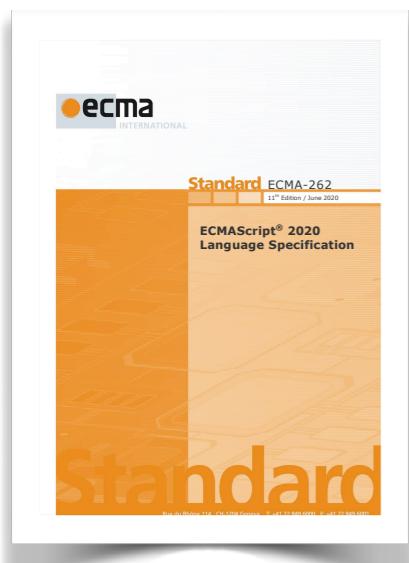
N+1-version Differential Testing



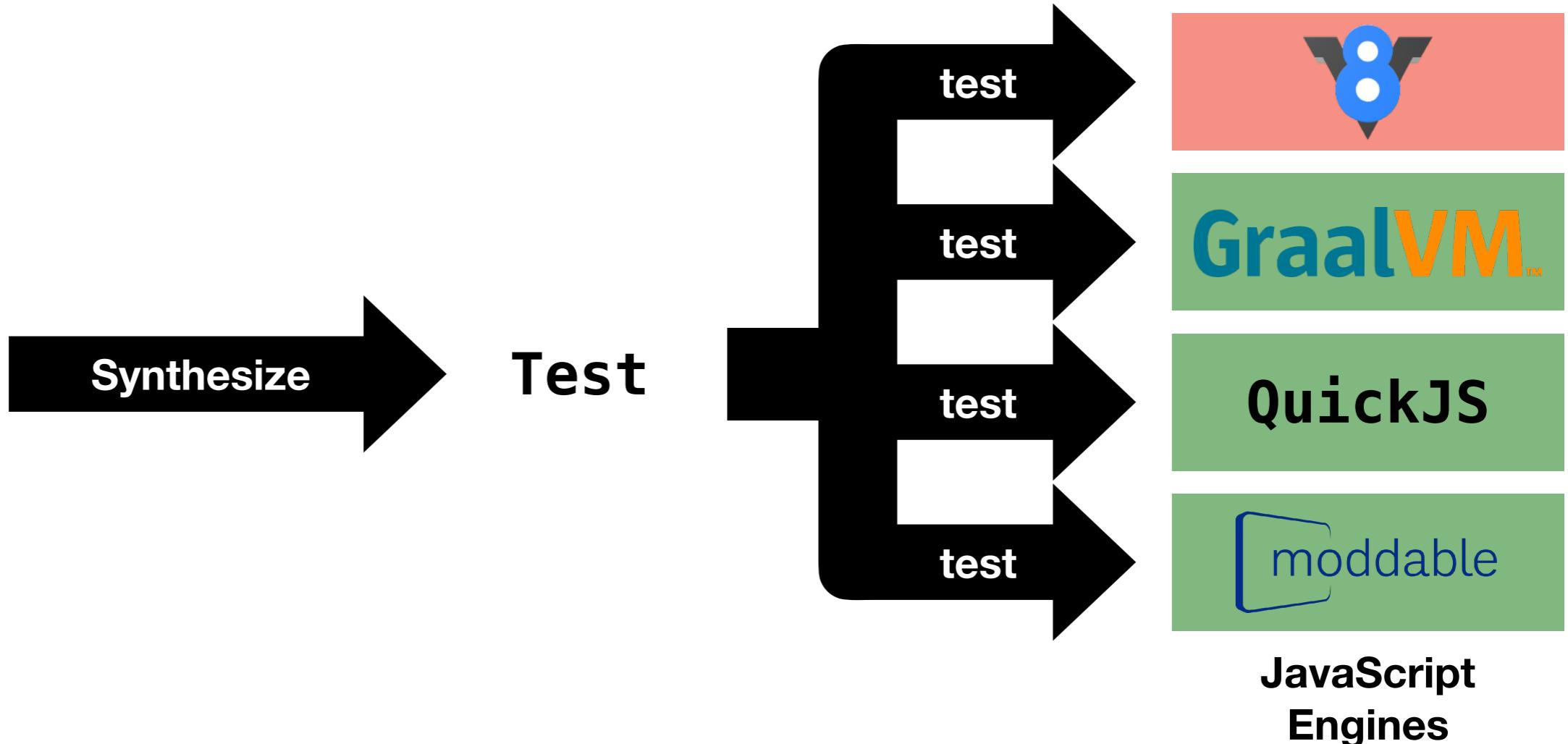
ECMA-262



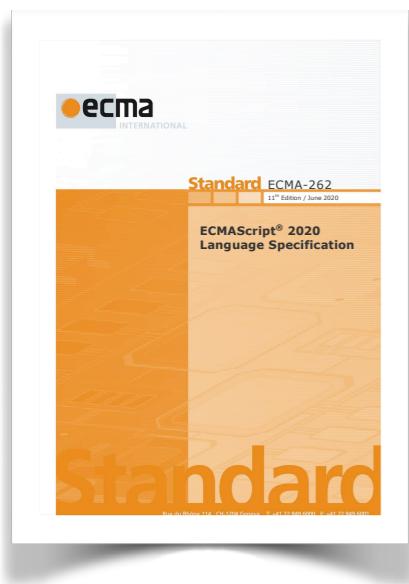
N+1-version Differential Testing



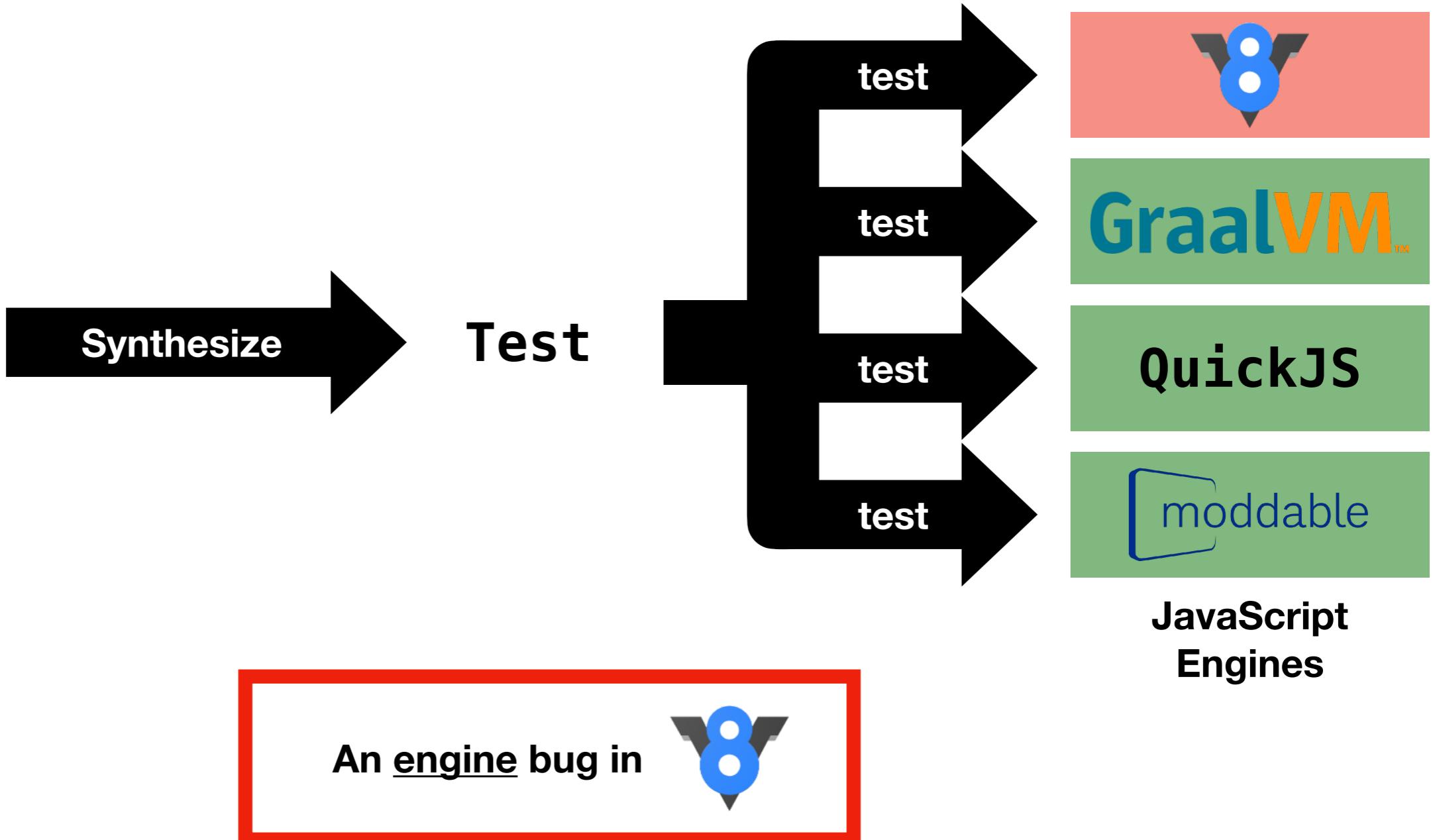
ECMA-262



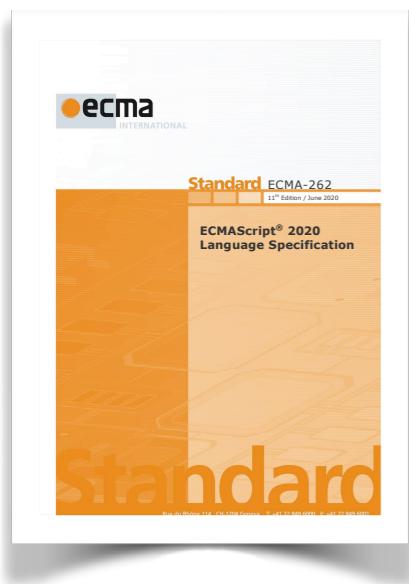
N+1-version Differential Testing



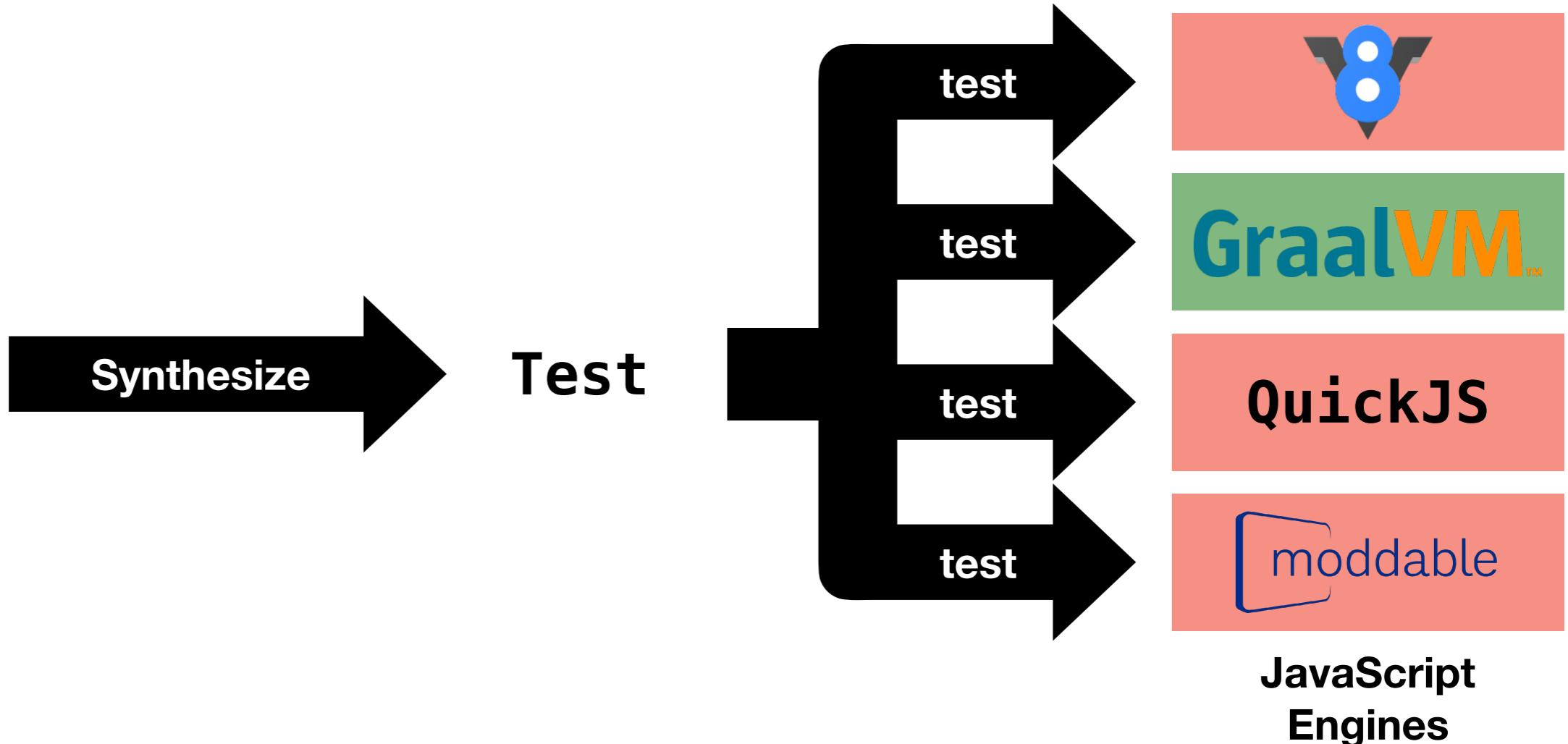
ECMA-262



N+1-version Differential Testing



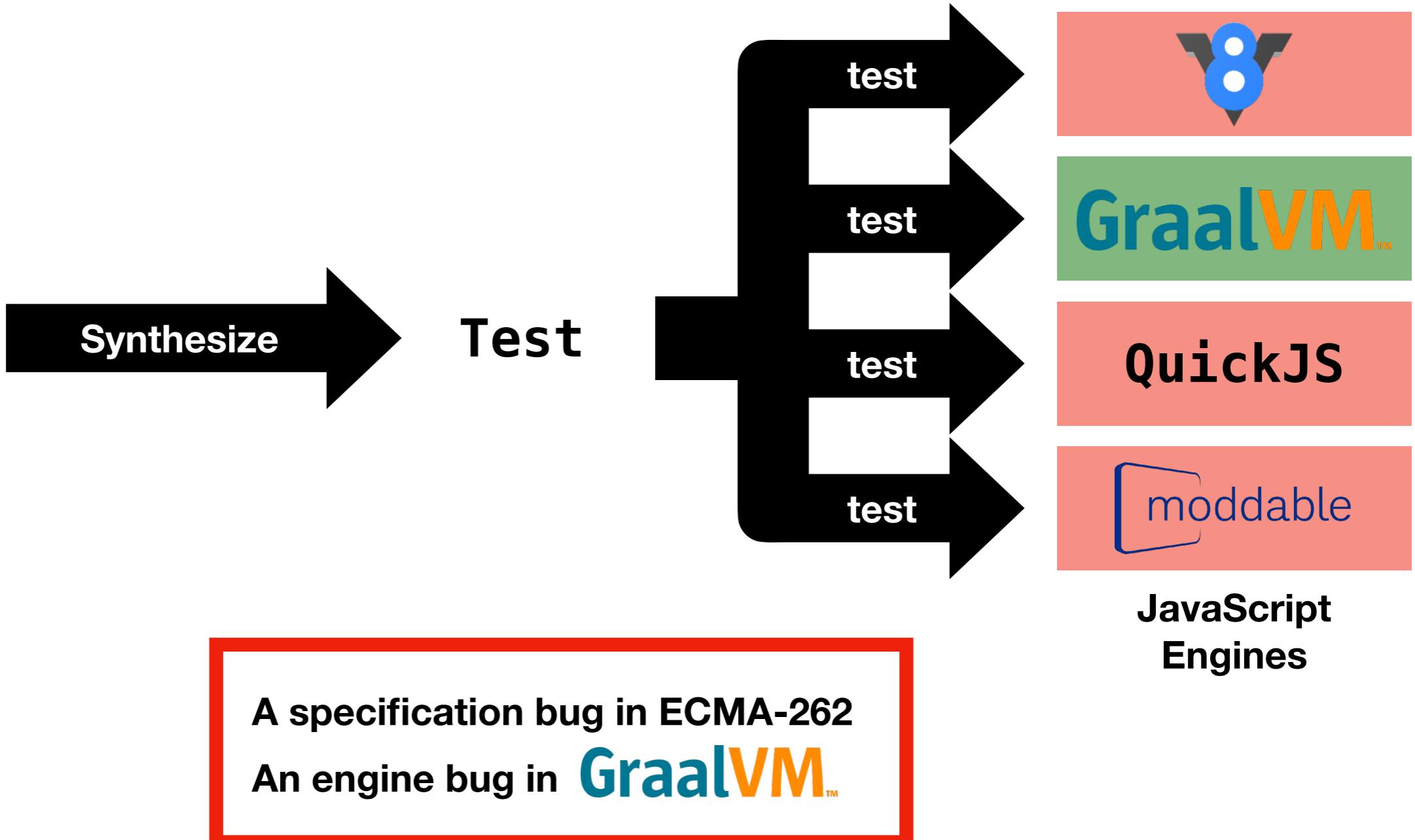
ECMA-262



N+1-version Differential Testing

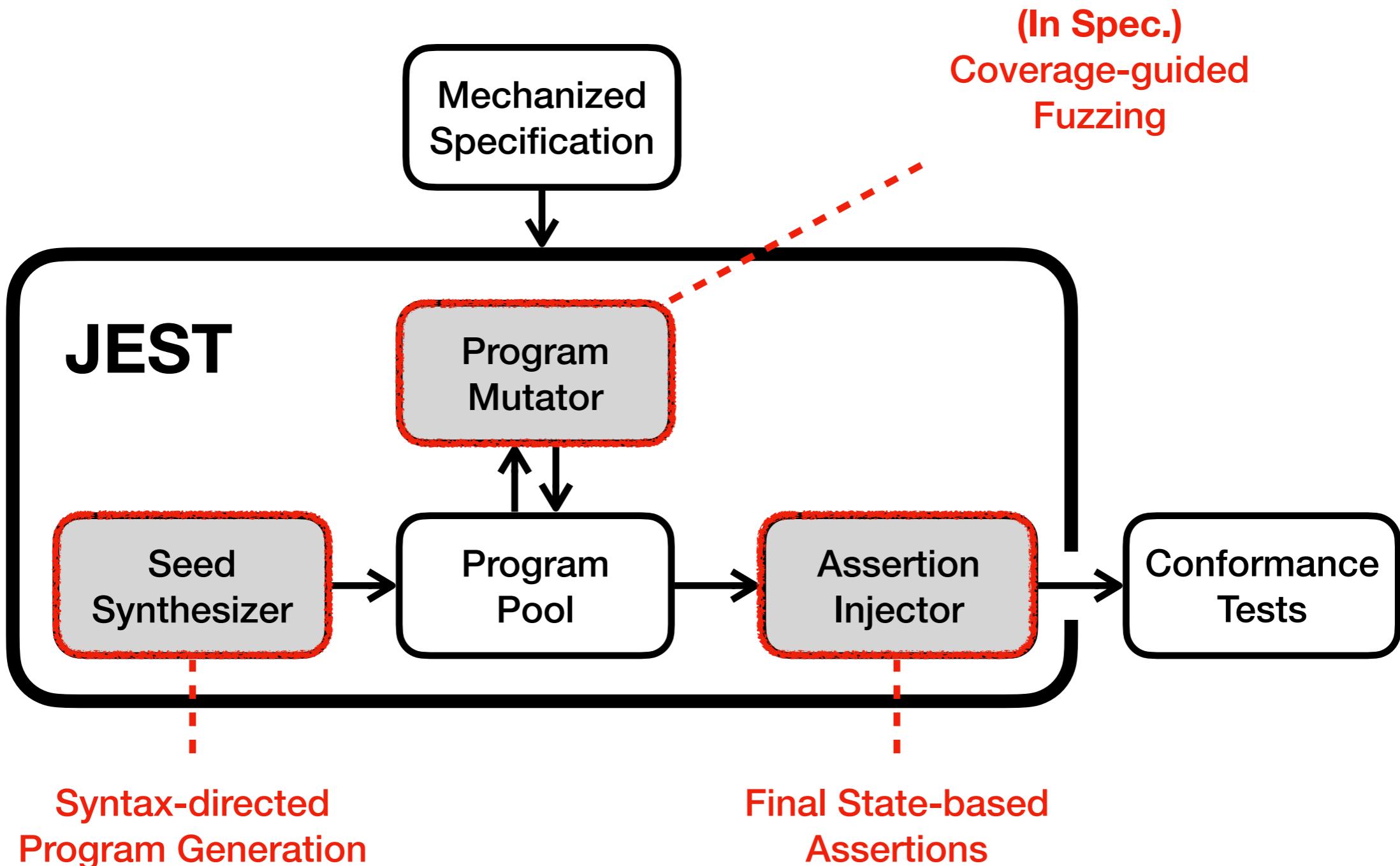


ECMA-262



JEST - ICSE'21

(JavaScript Engines and Specification Tester)



JEST - Coverage-guided Fuzzing (in Spec.)

7.1.3 ToNumeric (*value*)

1. Let *primValue* be $\text{?ToPrimitive}(\textit{value}, \text{number})$.
2. If $\text{Type}(\textit{primValue})$ is BigInt, return *primValue*.
3. Return $\text{?ToNumber}(\textit{primValue})$.

```
0 + { valueOf() { throw 42; } }
```

JEST - Assertion Injection

```
function f() {}

+ $assert.sameValue(Object.getPrototypeOf(f),
+                   Function.prototype);
+ $assert.sameValue(Object.isExtensible(x), true);
+ $assert.callable(f);
+ $assert.constructable(f);
```

JEST - Evaluation

- JEST synthesized 1,700 conformance tests from ES11

TABLE II: The number of engine bugs detected by JEST

Engines	Exc	Abort	Var	Obj	Desc	Key	In	Total
V8	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
GraalVM	6	0	0	0	2	8	0	16
QuickJS	3	0	1	0	0	2	0	6
Moddable XS	12	0	0	0	3	5	0	20
Total	21	0	1	0	5	17	0	44

44 Bugs
in Engines

27 Bugs
in Spec.

TABLE III: Specification bugs in ECMAScript 2020 (ES11) detected by JEST

Name	Feature	#	Assertion	Known	Created	Resolved	Existed
ES11-1	Function	12	Key	O	2019-02-07	2020-04-11	429 days
ES11-2	Function	8	Key	O	2015-06-01	2020-04-11	1,776 days
ES11-3	Loop	1	Exc	O	2017-10-17	2020-04-30	926 days
ES11-4	Expression	4	Abort	O	2019-09-27	2020-04-23	209 days
ES11-5	Expression	1	Exc	O	2015-06-01	2020-04-28	1,793 days
ES11-6	Object	1	Exc	X	2019-02-07	2020-11-05	637 days

Feature-Sensitive (FS) Coverage - PLDI'23

AdditiveExpression + MultiplicativeExpression

7.1.3 ToNumeric (*value*)

1. Let *primValue* be ? ToPrimitive(*value*, number).
2. If Type(*primValue*) is BigInt, return *primValue*.
3. Return ? ToNumber(*primValue*).

```
0 + { valueOf() { throw 42; } }
```

Feature-Sensitive (FS) Coverage - PLDI'23

AdditiveExpression + MultiplicativeExpression

AdditiveExpression - MultiplicativeExpression

7.1.3 ToNumeric (*value*)

1. Let *primValue* be ? ToPrimitive(*value*, number).
2. If Type(*primValue*) is BigInt, return *primValue*.
3. Return ? ToNumber(*primValue*).

```
0 + { valueOf() { throw 42; } }
```

Feature-Sensitive (FS) Coverage - PLDI'23

AdditiveExpression + MultiplicativeExpression

AdditiveExpression - MultiplicativeExpression

7.1.3 ToNumeric (*value*)

1. Let *primValue* be ? ToPrimitive(*value*, number).
2. If Type(*primValue*) is BigInt, return *primValue*.
3. Return ? ToNumber(*primValue*).

`0 + { valueOf() { throw 42; } }`

`0 - { valueOf() { throw 42; } }`

FS Coverage - Evaluation

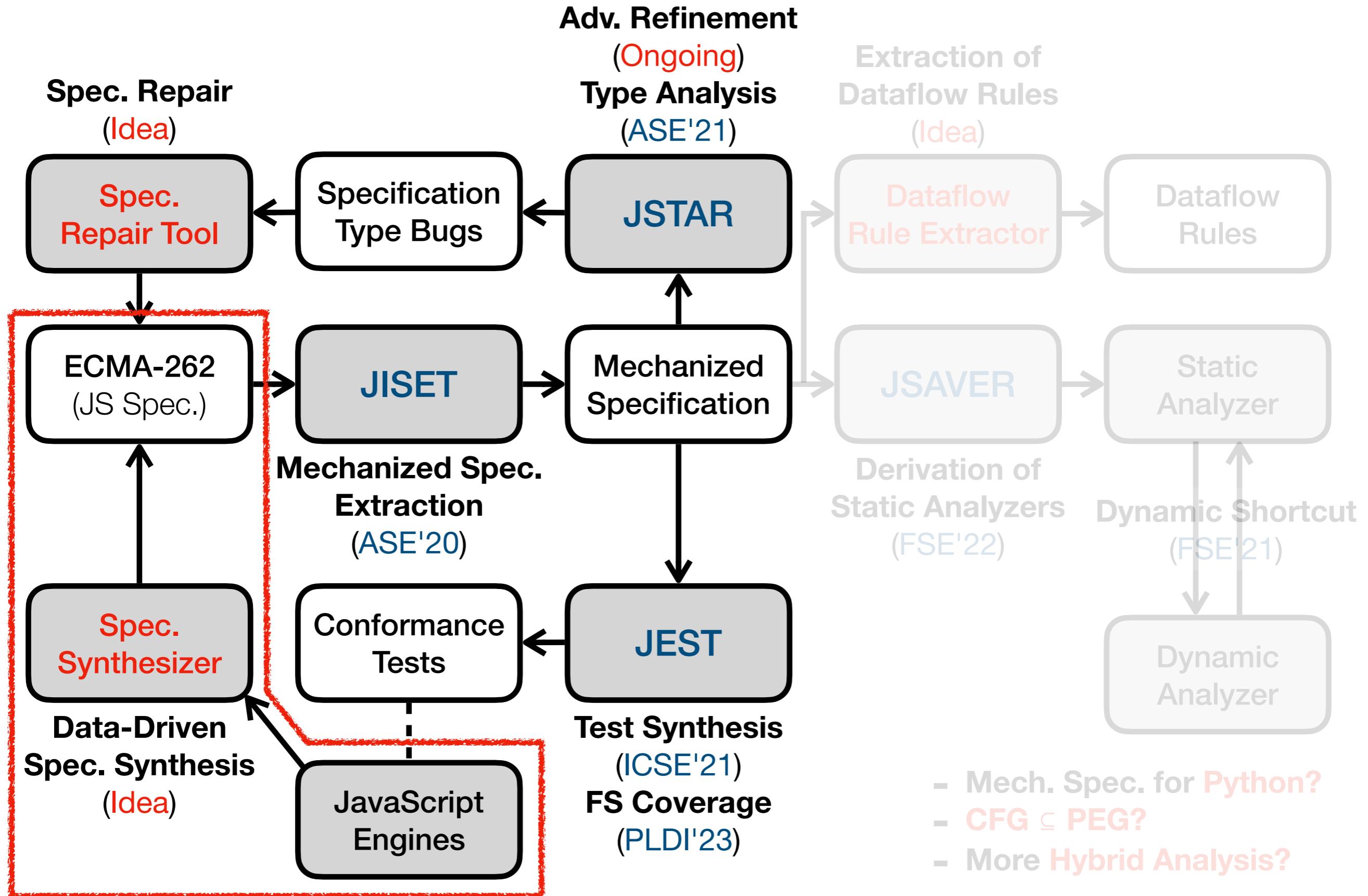
*1.51x ~ 2.02x
detected bugs*

Table 2. Comparison of synthesized conformance tests guided by five graph coverage criteria

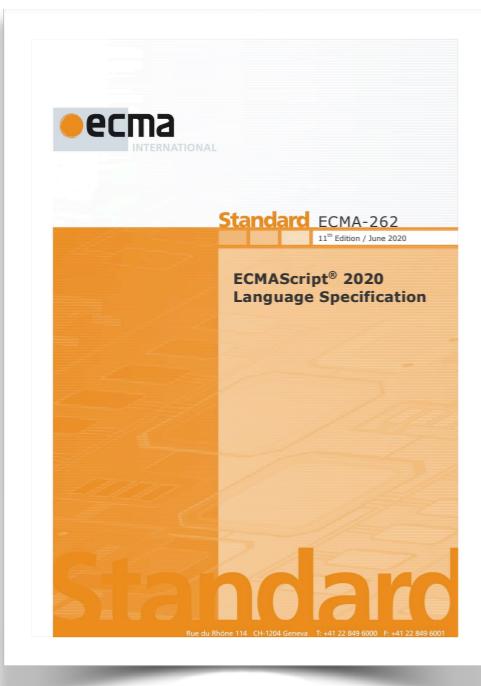
Coverage Criteria C_G	# Covered k -F(CP)S-TR (k)			# Syn. Test	# Bug
	# Node	# Branch	# Total		
0-FS node-or-branch (0-fs)	10.0	5.6	15.6	2,111	55
1-FS node-or-branch (1-fs)	79.3	45.7	125.0	6,766	83
2-FS node-or-branch (2-fs)	1,199.8	696.3	1,896.1	97,423	102
1-FCPS node-or-branch (1-fcps)	179.7	97.6	277.3	9,092	87
2-FCPS node-or-branch (2-fcps)	2,323.1	1,297.6	3,620.7	122,589	111

Table 1. Detected conformance bugs in JavaScript engines and transpilers

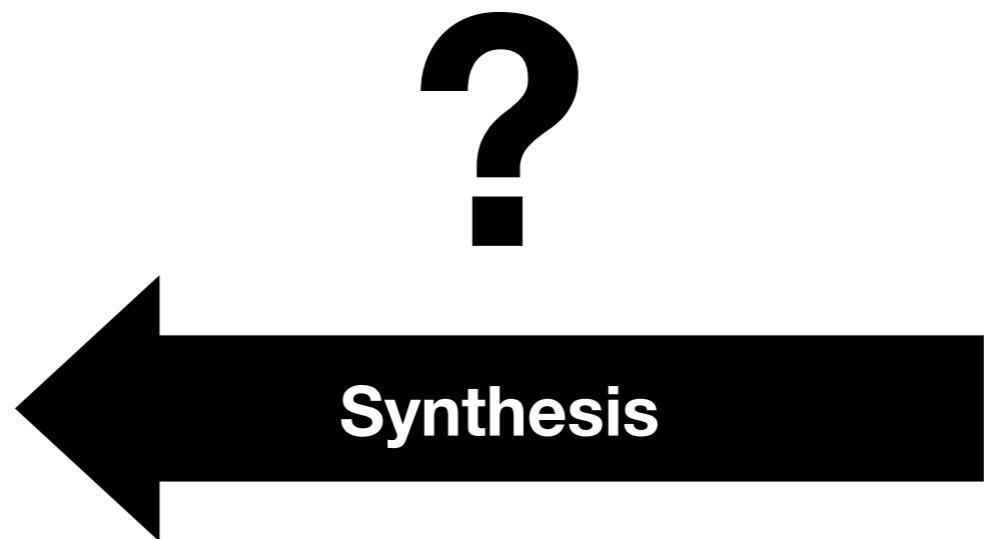
Kind	Name	Version	Release	# Detected Unique Bugs		
				# New	# Confirmed	# Reported
Engine	V8	v10.8.121	2022.10.06	0	0	4
	JSC	v615.1.10	2022.10.26	15	15	24
	GraalJS	v22.2.0	2022.07.26	9	9	10
	SpiderMonkey	v107.0b4	2022.10.24	1	3	4
	Total			25	27	42
Transpiler	Babel	v7.19.1	2022.09.15	30	30	35
	SWC	v1.3.10	2022.10.21	27	27	41
	Terser	v5.15.1	2022.10.05	1	1	18
	Obfuscator	v4.0.0	2022.02.15	0	0	7
	Total			58	58	101
Total				83	85	143



Specification (ECMA-262) Synthesis



ECMA-262



GraalVM™

QuickJS



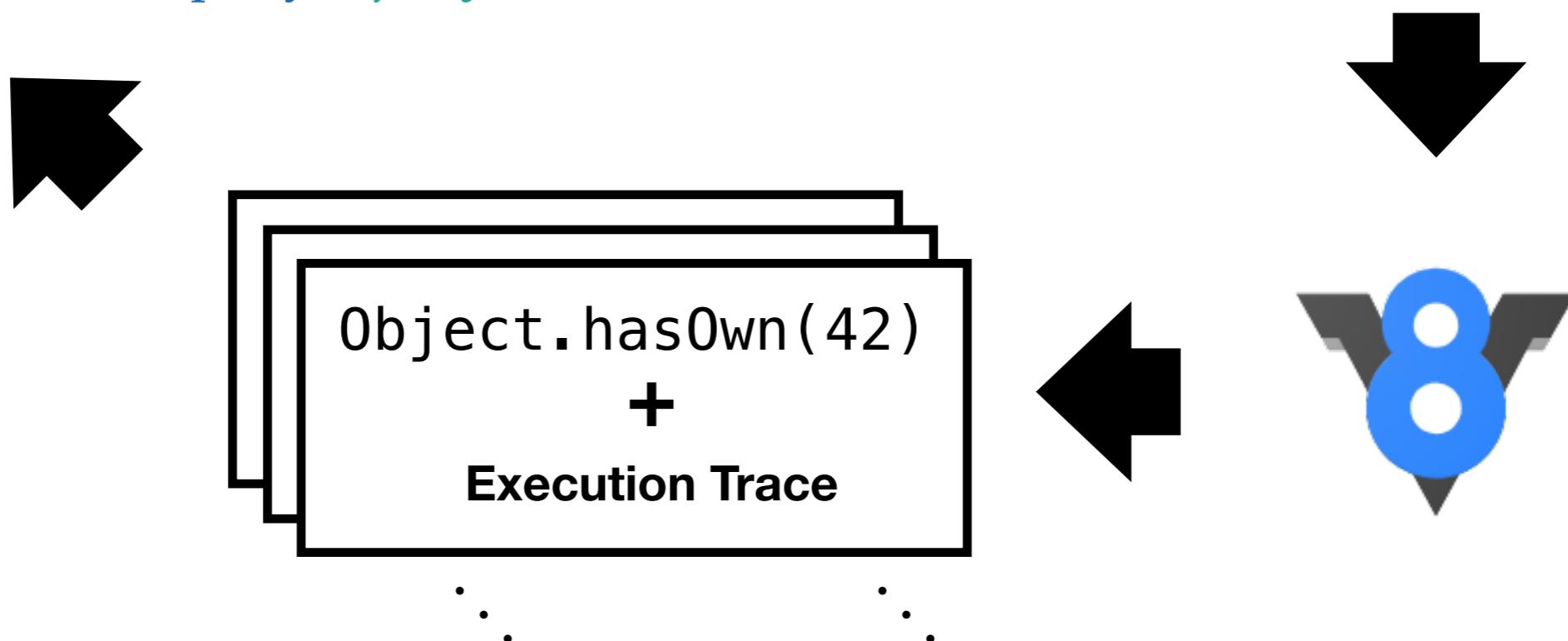
JavaScript
Engines

Specification (ECMA-262) Synthesis (Idea)

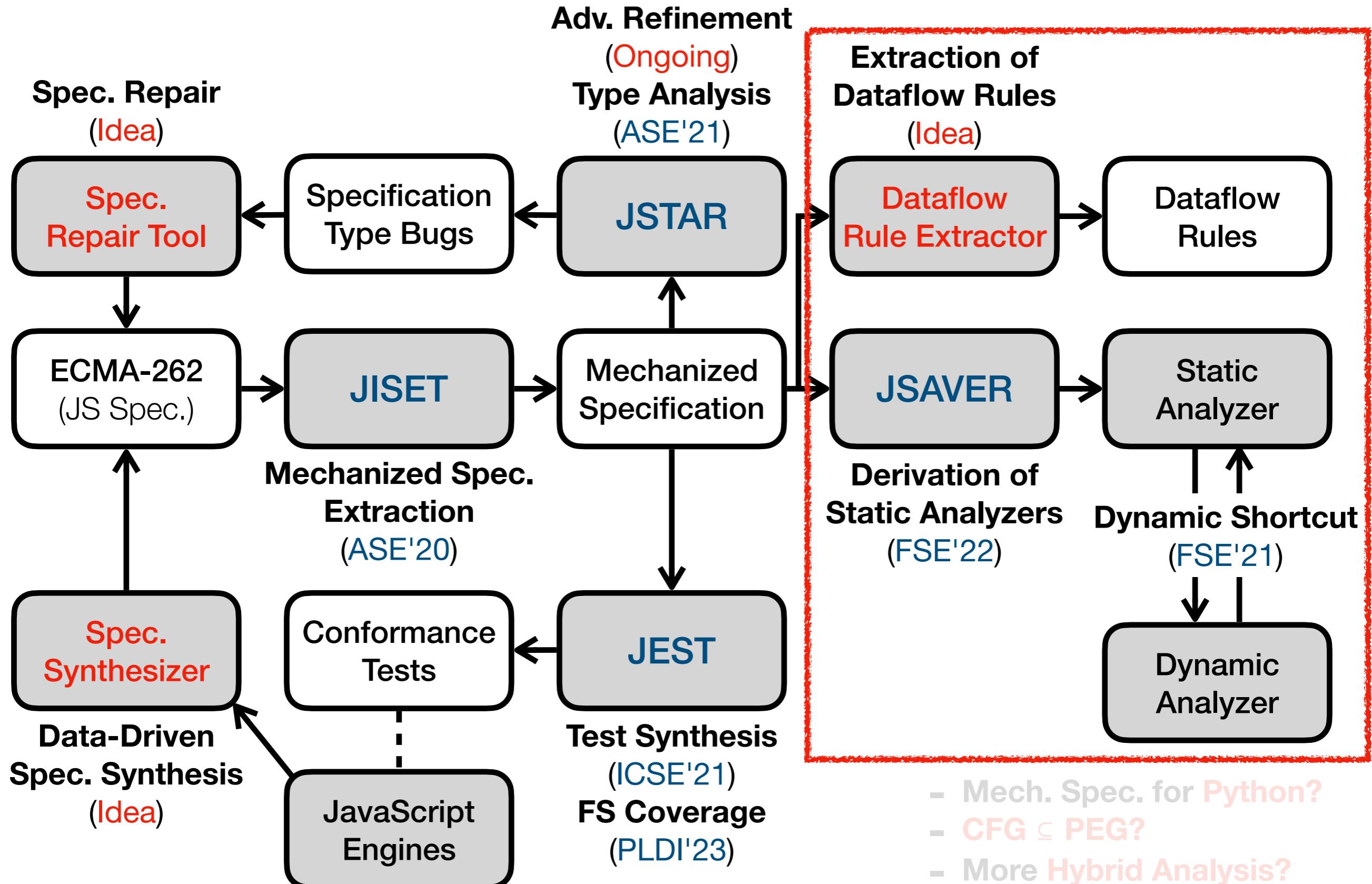
20.1.2.13 Object.hasOwn (O, P)

1. Let obj be ? `ToObject`(O).
2. Let key be ? `ToPropertyKey`(P).
3. Return ? `HasOwnProperty`(obj, key).

`Object.hasOwn`



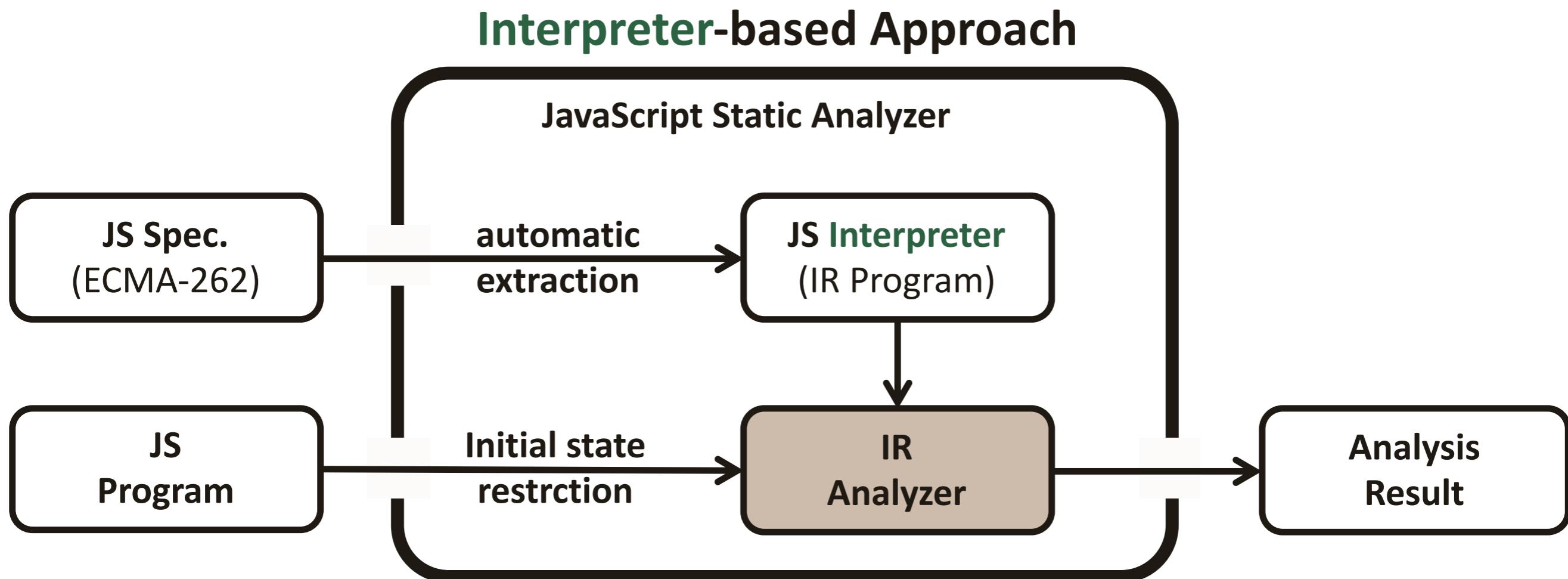
Related Work - [FSE'15] S. Heule, et al. "Mimic: Computing Models for Opaque Code"



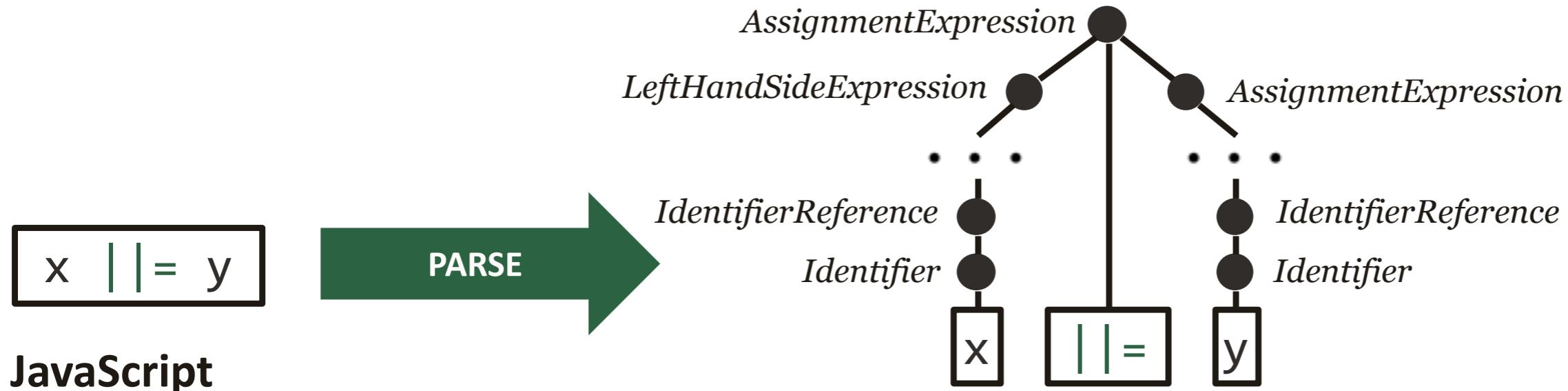
[FSE'21] J. Park, et al. "Accelerating JavaScript Static Analysis via Dynamic Shortcuts"

[FSE'22] J. Park, et al. "Automatically Deriving JavaScript Static Analyzers from Language Specifications"

Meta-level Static Analysis



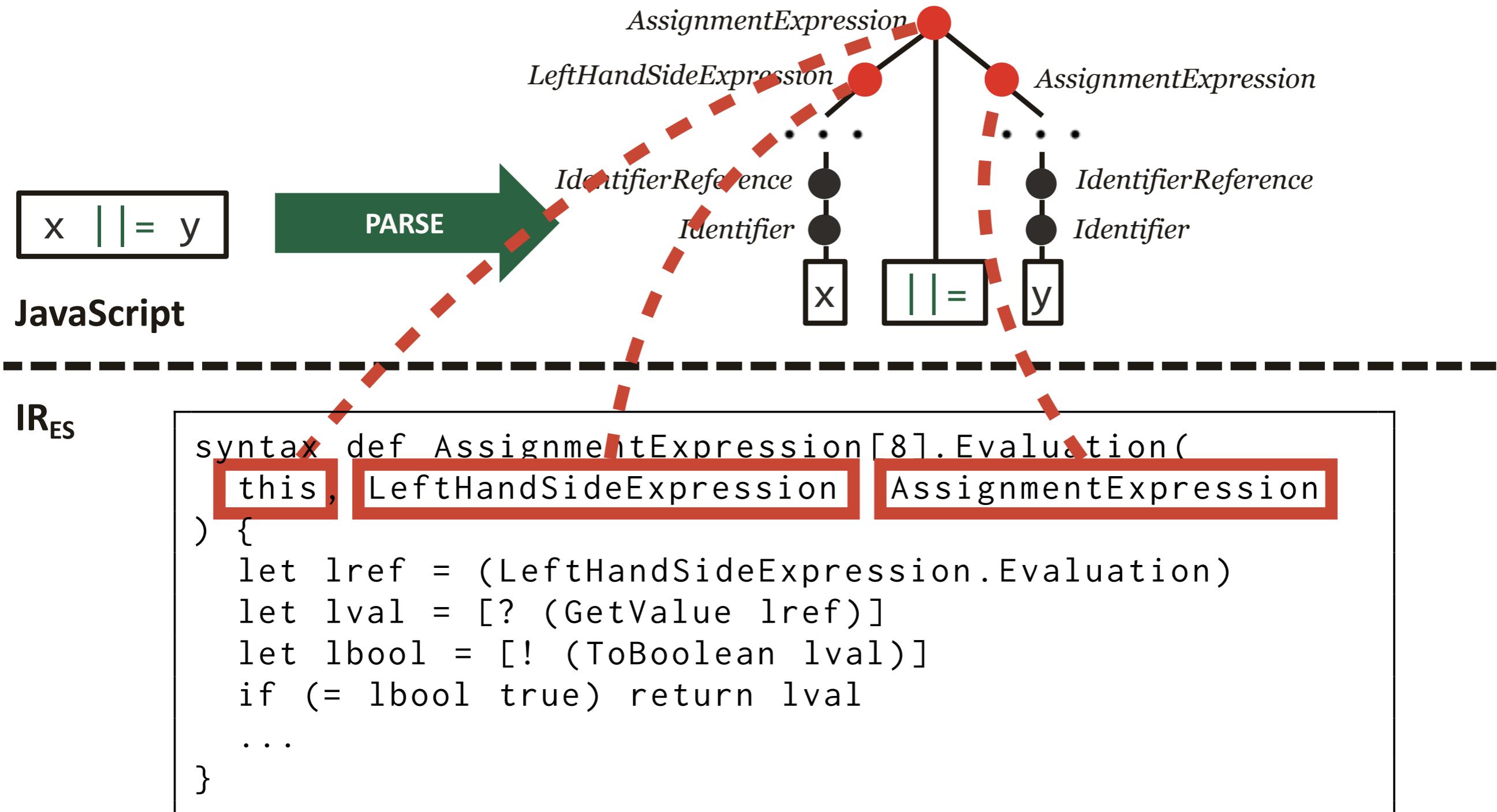
Meta-level Static Analysis - Example



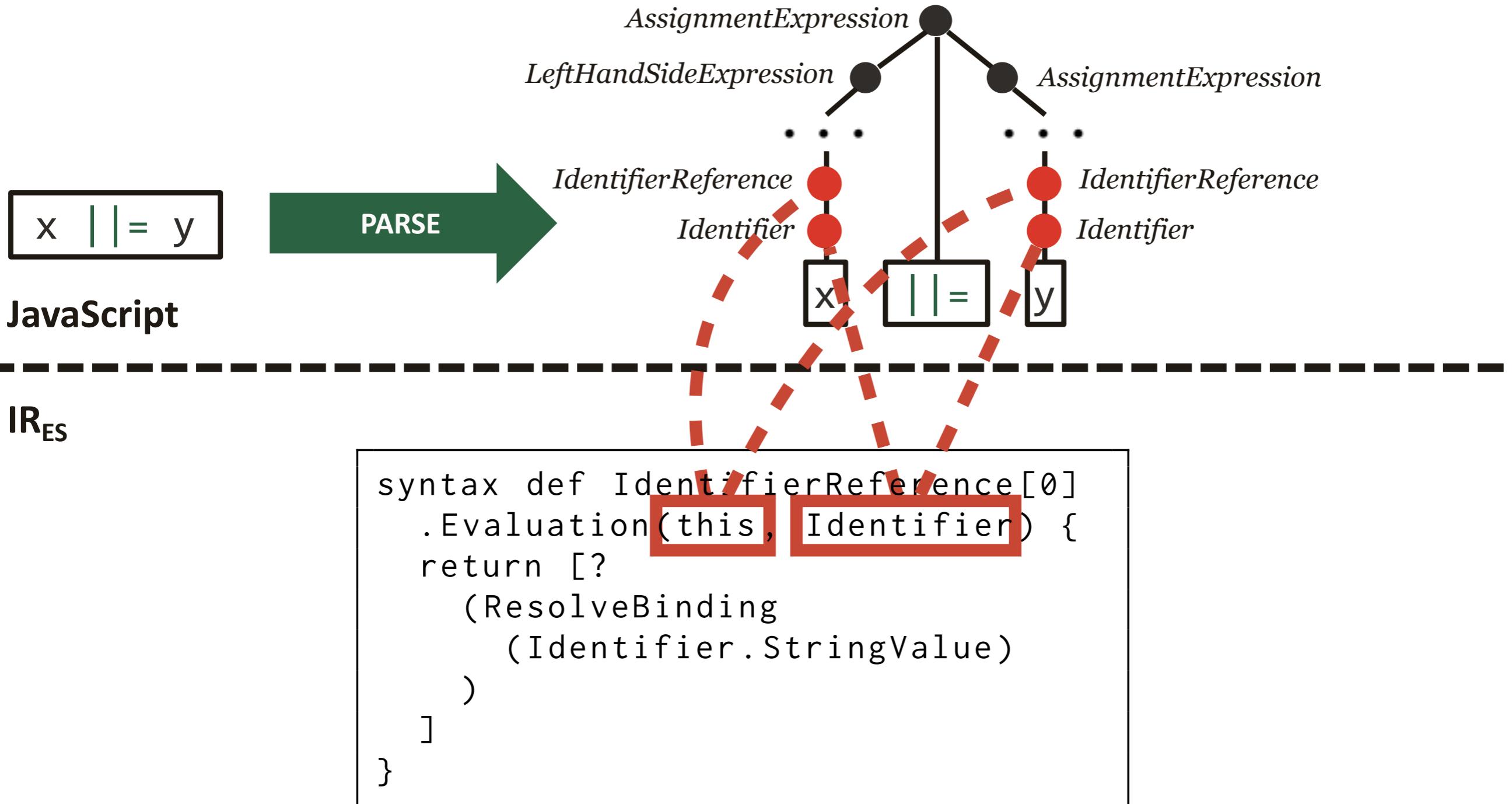
IR_{ES}

```
syntax def AssignmentExpression[8].Evaluation(
    this, LeftHandSideExpression, AssignmentExpression
) {
    let lref = (LeftHandSideExpression.Evaluation)
    let lval = [? (GetValue lref)]
    let lbool = [! (ToBoolean lval)]
    if (= lbool true) return lval
    ...
}
```

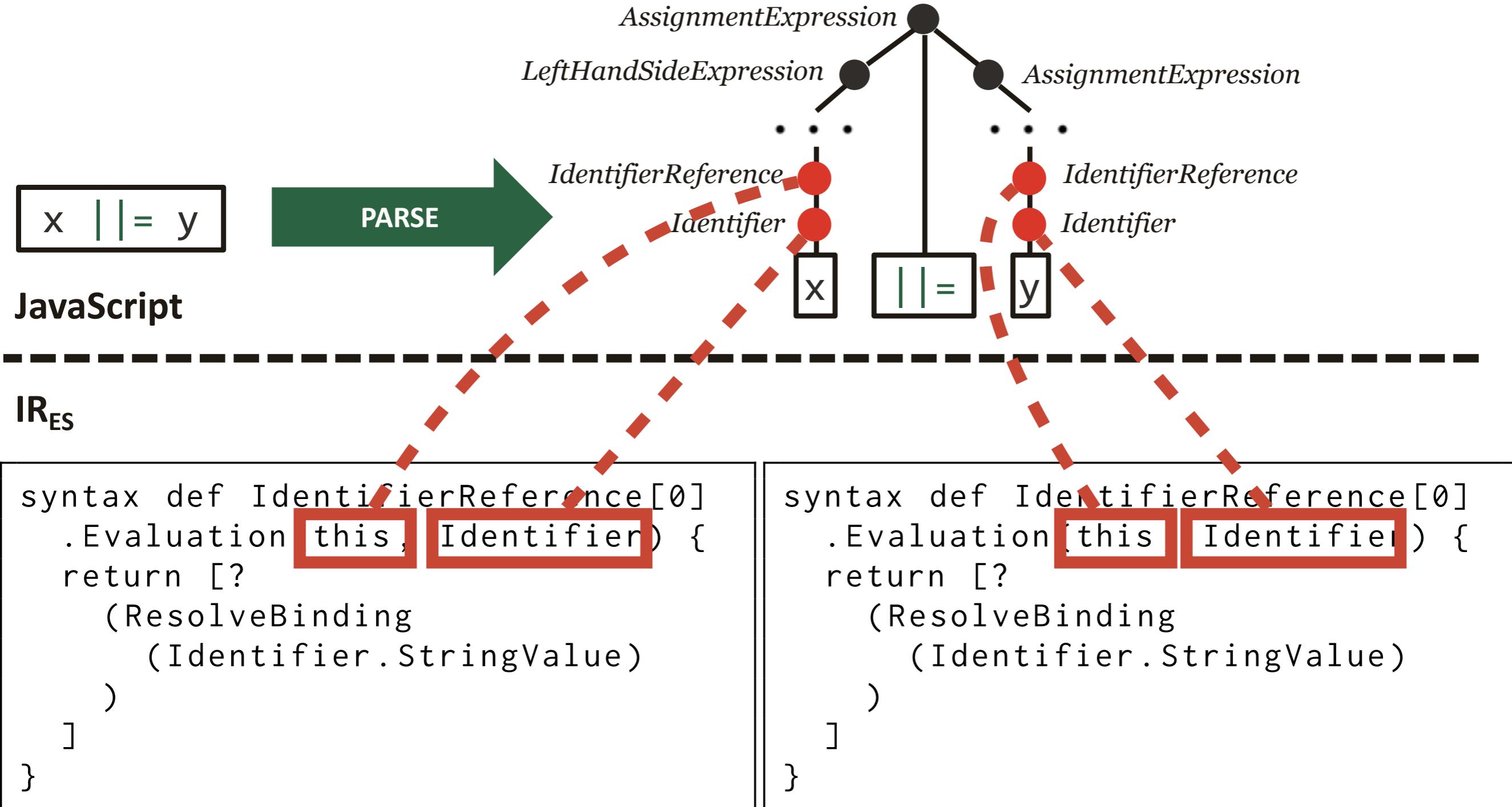
Meta-level Static Analysis - Example



AST Sensitivity



AST Sensitivity

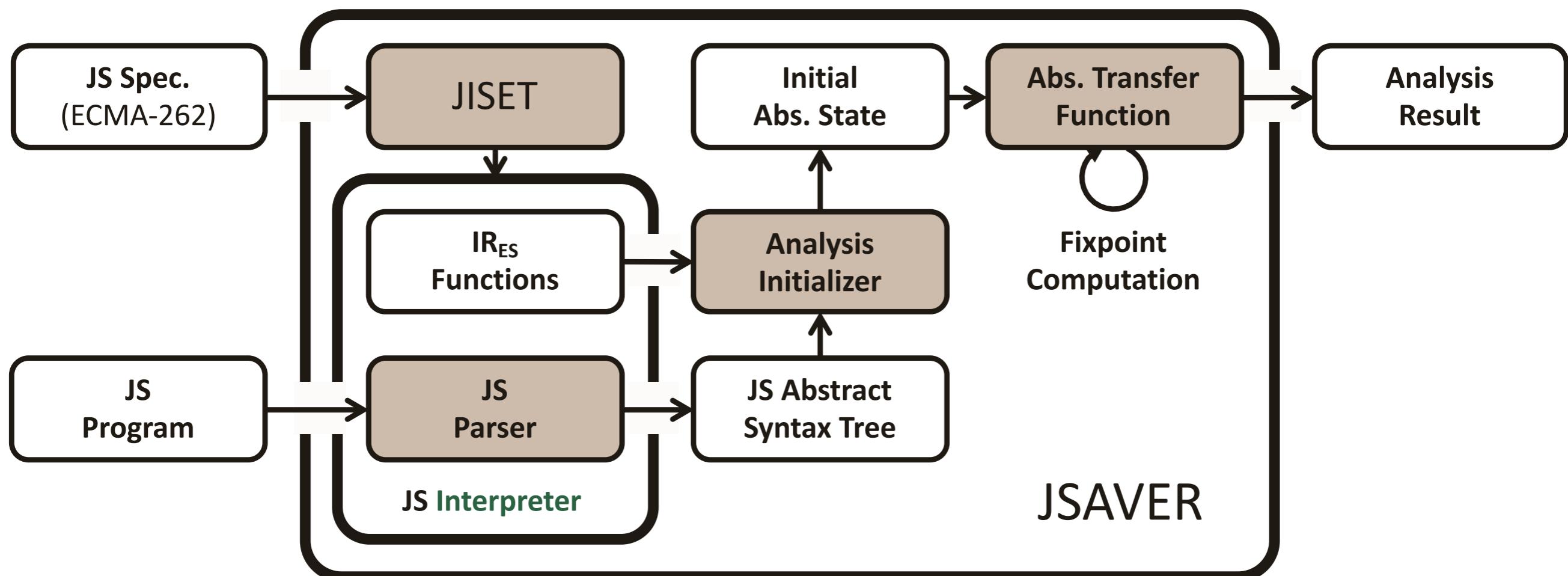


AST Sensitivity

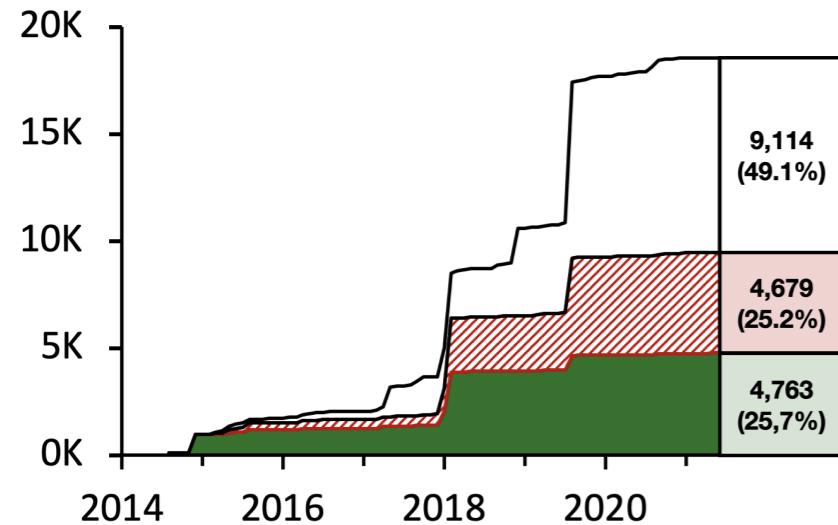
JavaScript	AST Sensitivity in IR_{ES}
Flow-Sensitivity	$\delta^{\text{js-flow}}(t_{\perp}) = \{\sigma = (_, _, \bar{c}, _) \in \mathbb{S} \mid \text{ast}(\bar{c}) = t_{\perp}\}$
k-Callsite-Sensitivity	$\delta^{\text{js-}k\text{-cfa}}([t_1, \dots, t_n]) = \{\sigma = (_, _, \bar{c}, _) \in \mathbb{S} \mid n \leq k \wedge (n = k \vee \text{js-ctxt}^{n+1}(\bar{c}) = \perp) \wedge \forall 1 \leq i \leq n. \text{ast} \circ \text{js-ctxt}^i(\bar{c}) = t_i\}$

JSAVER - FSE'22

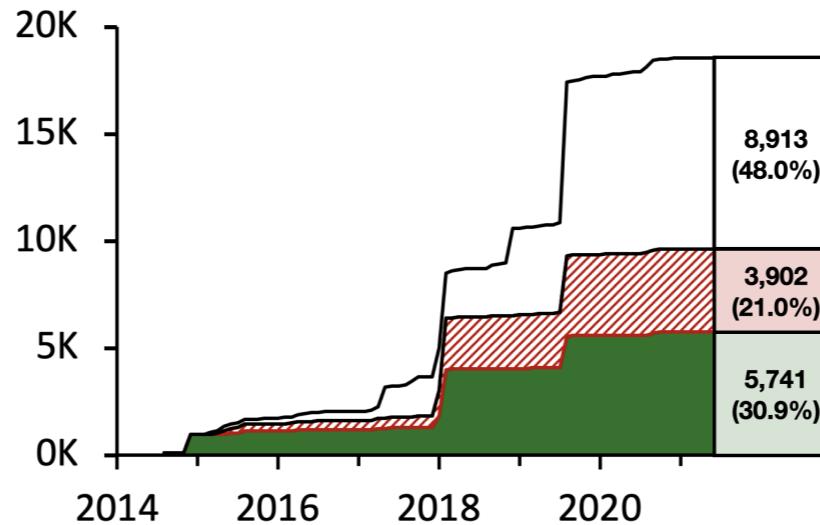
(JavaScript Static Analyzer via ECMAScript Representation)



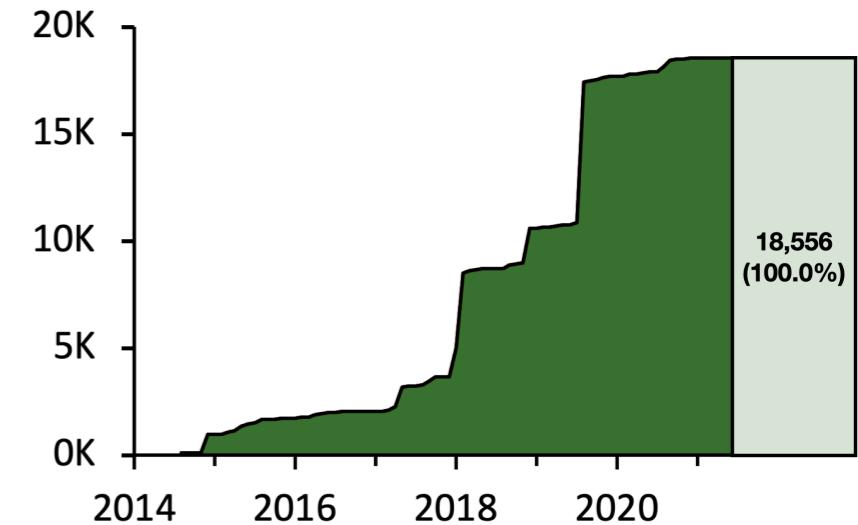
JSAVER - Evaluation (RQ1: Soundness)



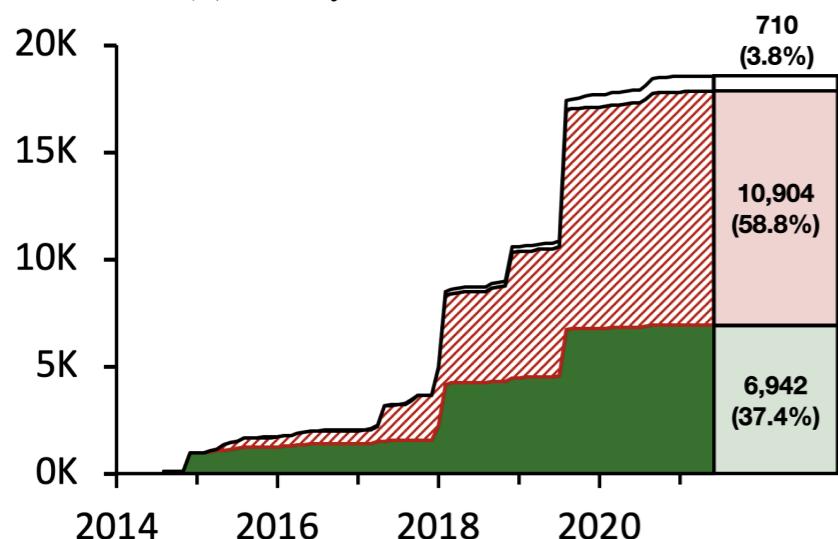
(a) Analysis results of TAJS



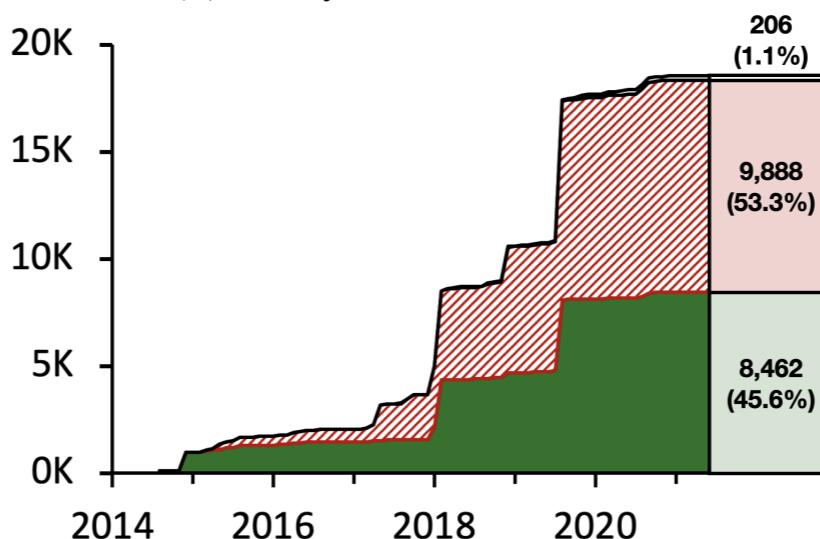
(b) Analysis results of SAFE



(c) Analysis results of JSA_{ES12}



(d) Analysis results of TAJS with Babel



(e) Analysis results of SAFE with Babel

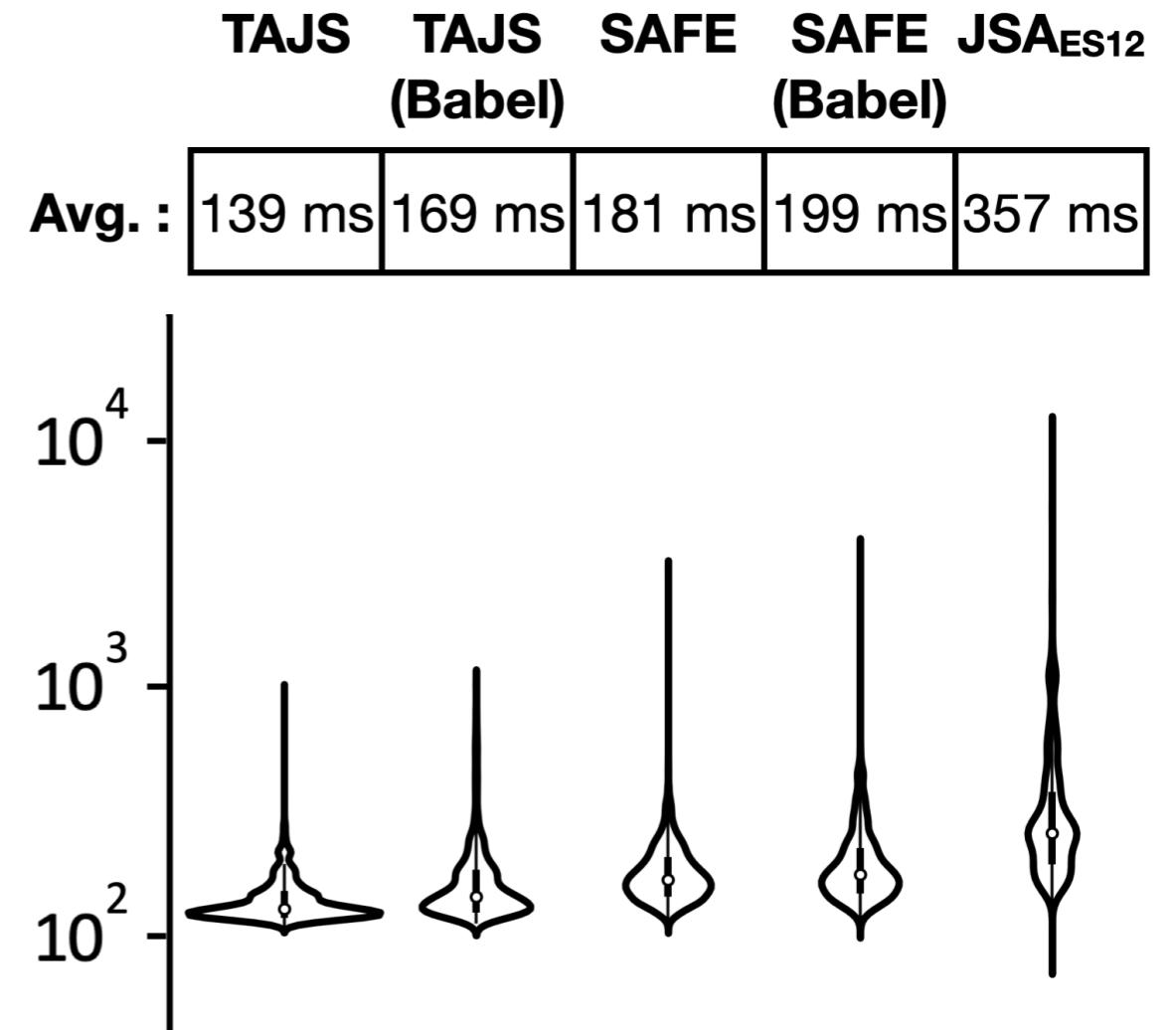
legend :
□ error
▨ unsound
■ sound

x-axis : creation time (year)
y-axis : # tests

JSAVER - Evaluation (RQ2: Prec. & Perf.)



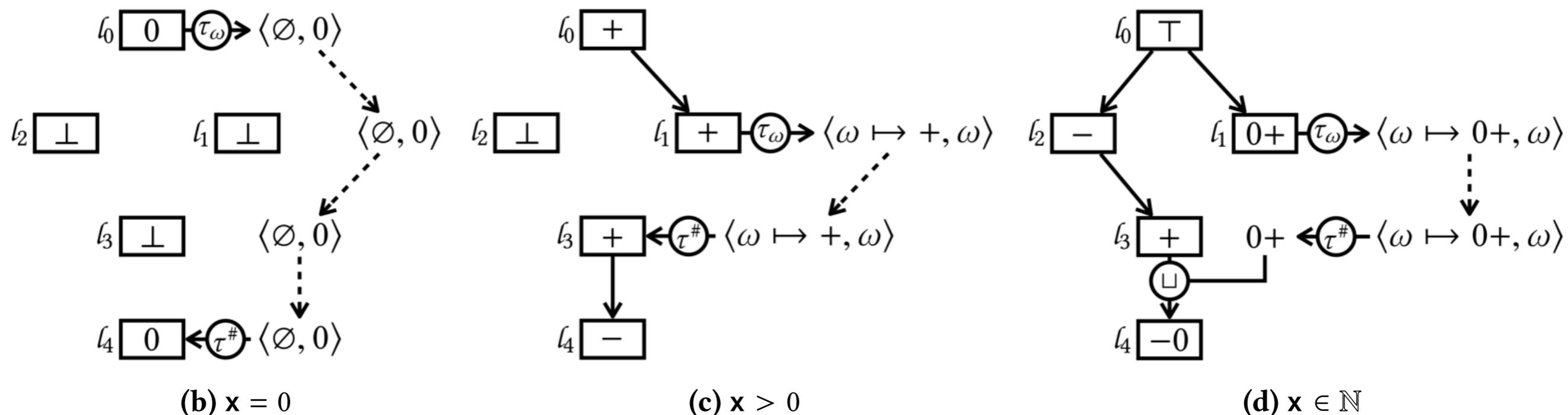
(a) The analysis precision



(b) The analysis performance

Dynamic Shortcut - FSE'21

- ℓ_0 if ($x \geq 0$) • ℓ_1 $x = x;$
 - else • ℓ_2 $x = -x;$
 - ℓ_3 $x = -x;$ • ℓ_4



Dynamic Shortcut - Evaluation

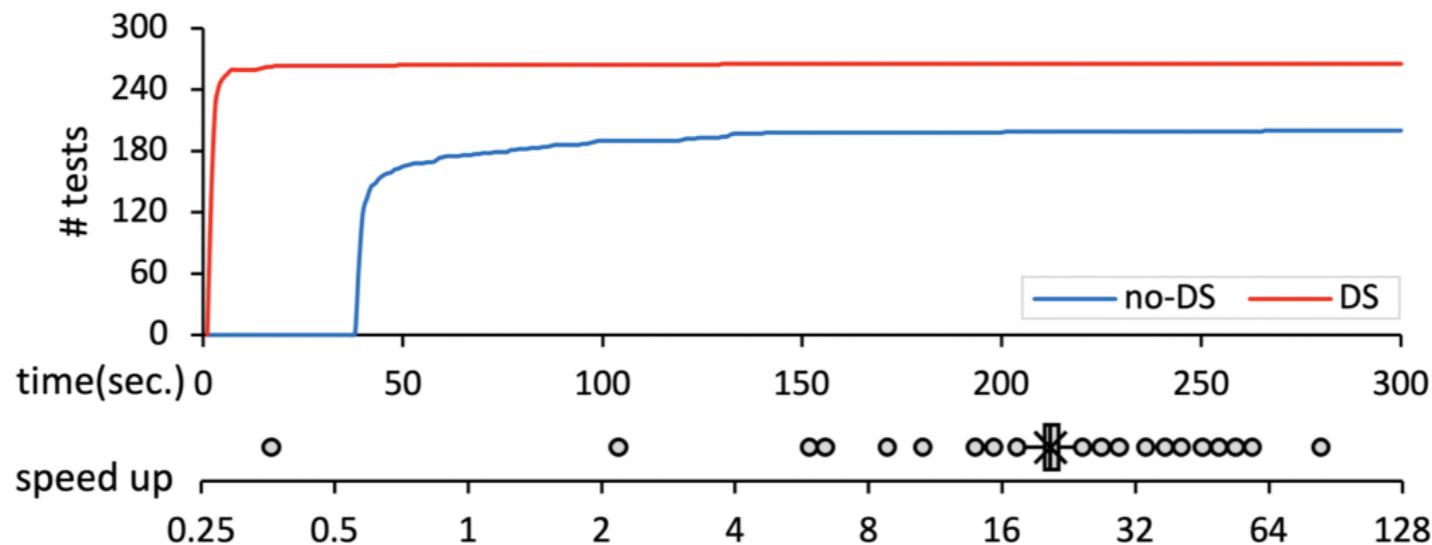


Figure 6: Analysis time for Lodash 4 *original* tests without (no-DS) and with (DS) dynamic shortcuts within 5 minutes

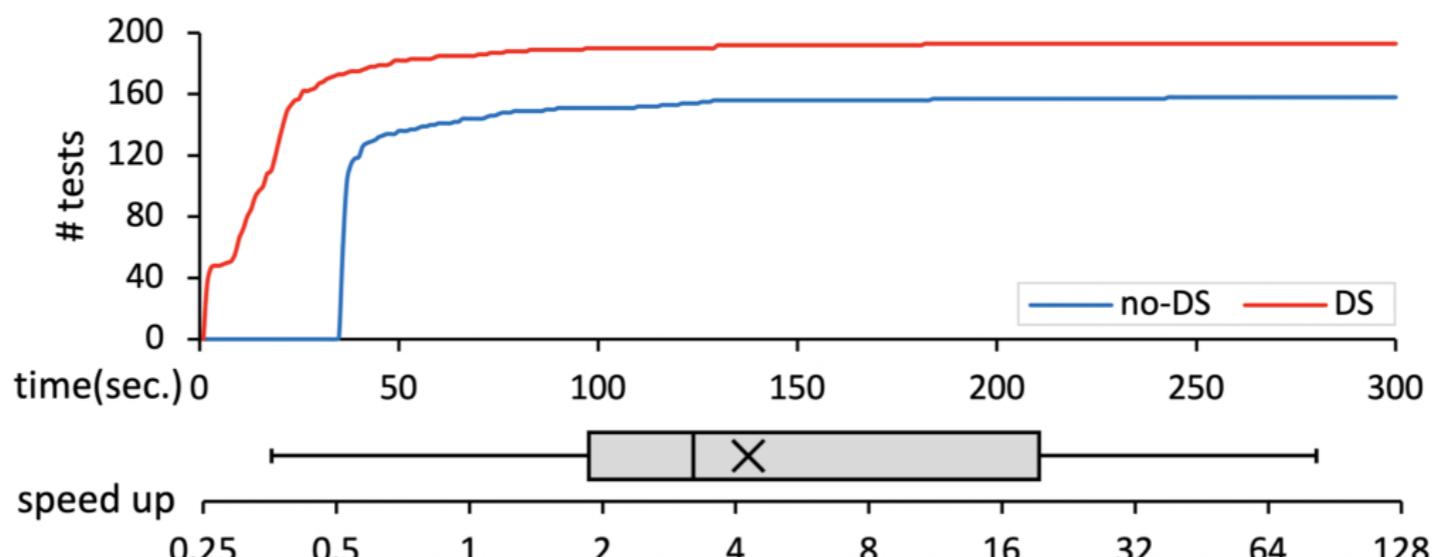


Figure 7: Analysis time for Lodash 4 *abstracted* tests without (no-DS) and with (DS) dynamic shortcuts within 5 minutes

Extraction of Dataflow Rules (Idea)

CodeQL

Discover vulnerabilities across a codebase with CodeQL, our industry-leading semantic code analysis engine. CodeQL lets you query code as though it were data. Write a query to find all variants of a vulnerability, eradicating it forever. Then share your query to help others do the same.

CodeQL is free for research and



