

Universität Stuttgart

Institute of Parallel and Distributed Systems (IPVS)

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Lab-course / Fachpraktikum
Computer Communication:
Software-defined Networking
Winter Term 20/21

Assignment 4
Content-based Routing
January 12th, 2020

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Task 4

- Goals of this task
- 4.1 Pub-Sub Routing
- 4.2 Content-based Routing
- 4.3 REST Interface for Content-based Routing
- Deadline and Submission

- [6 points]
- [7 points]
- [7 points]

Goals of this Task

Perform Content-based Routing for OpenFlow Networks:

- For static subscriptions via StaticEntryPusher (without & with in-network filtering)
- For dynamic subscriptions via own REST Interface

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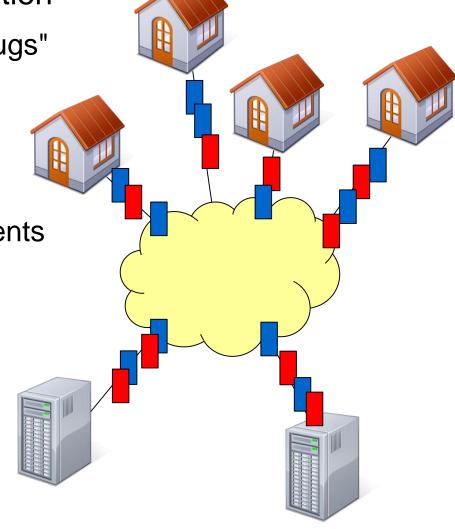
Measure residential energy consumption

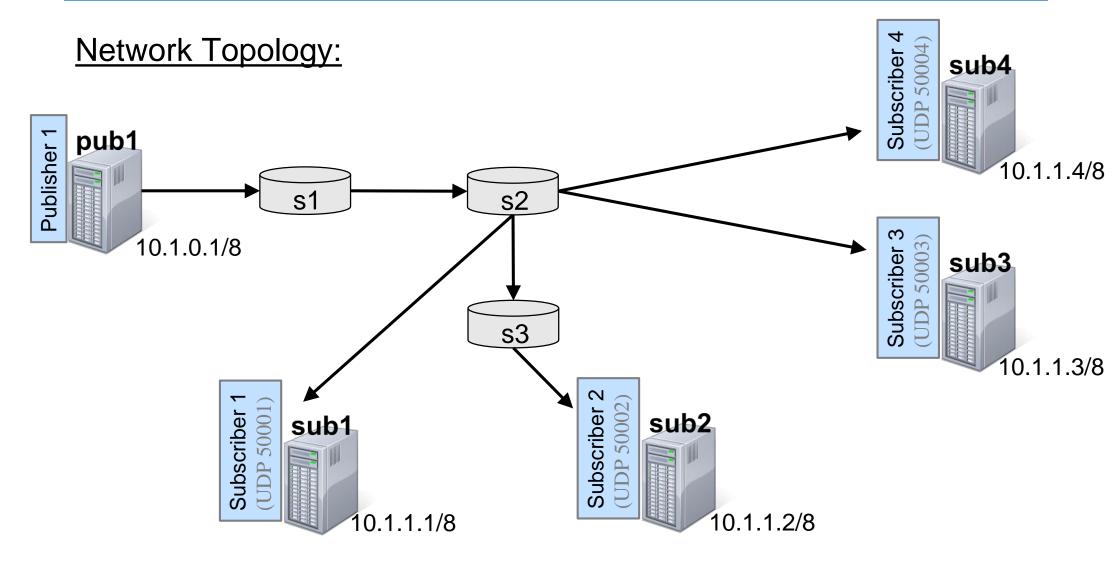
Households equipped with "smart plugs"

 Periodically "publish" energy and power measurements

 "Subscribers" filter these measurements (e.g. by value, source, time, ...) and perform some data analysis

 Naive networking: forward all measurements to all subscribers









- First, write a "subscriber" application (pref. Python or Java) which receives UDP datagrams containing measurement data and possibly filters them by measurement type (0 for energy and 1 for power) and value (greater, less or equal to a certain reference value). Write to stdout:
 - matching measurements as they arrive
 - a report of min/max values of all received measurements and min/max values of all matching measurements at exit
- Your application should take parameters to define
 - the listening UDP port
- whether to filter at all

the type (0/1)

the comparison operator (> or ≤)

the reference value





- Last, run two experiments with ~/ex4/mininet4.py, which implements the previously shown topology, and /opt/floodlight/floodlight-noforwarding.sh
 - All datagrams are forwarded to the subscribers and printed out, unfiltered by the application
 - All datagrams are forwarded to the subscribers and filtered by the application

To publish measurements, call ~/ex4/publish on node publ

Run in total four subscribers:

- On host sub1, collect power (type 1) values > 500 W (on port 50001)
- 2. On host sub2, collect power (type 1) values > 100 W (on port 50002)
- On host sub3, collect energy (type 0) values ≤ 30 kWh (on port 50003)
- 4. On host sub4, collect energy (type 0) values > 136 kWh (on port 50004)

We will use real data from the "DEBS Grand Challenge 2014"

Measurement format (UDP payload string):

- Write a script ~/ex4/task41.sh which install flows for ...
 - ... ARP broadcast and IP forwarding in the 10.0.0.0/8 network
 - ... forwarding of measurements (matched by the multicast IP 230.0.0.0/8) to all subscribers
- Compare the size of the unfiltered vs. filtered output

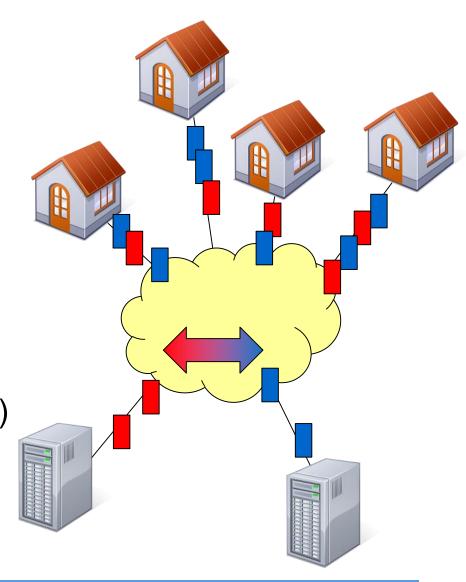


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Better:

- (Pre-) filtering already in network
- Reduce bandwidth in network and processing overhead at subscribers
- But: measurements must be filtered by content!
- Solution: encode (interesting parts of) content into IP address
- Express filters as OF matching rules



We will use real data from the "DEBS Grand Challenge 2014"

Measurement format (UDP payload string):

We encode the type (<T>) and value (<V>) fields of the payload into the destination IP address: 230.<T>.<V-MSB>.<V-LSB>

Example: Payload: 3496,1377986403,285,1,0,6,0

Dst-IP: 230.1.1.29

- Make a copy of your script from Task 4.1 (~/ex4/task42.sh)
 and add appropriate flow entries for content-based routing
- Implement content-based routing by forwarding only datagrams with values greater/less than the next lower/larger power of two
- On the data plane, comparisons have to be emulated using prefix matching. Simple example:
 - type=1 and value ≤ 3 ↔ "eth_type=0x0800,ipv4_dst=230.1.0.0/30"
 (i.e. the network prefix [230], the type [1] and the 14 most significant bits of the value [0] are fixed, while the 2 least significant bits are wildcarded)
- Execute your modified script to install all necessary flow entries
- Exemplarily implement the rules from Slide 9



Important hints:

- Goal prioritization of the Content-based Routing approach
 - 1. Minimize total network traffic
 - Eliminate all unnecessary traffic (with a value filter granularity of power of twos)
 - 2. Reduce subscriber filtering effort
 - 3. Minimize flow table consumption
- Consider generic system properties (like scalability).

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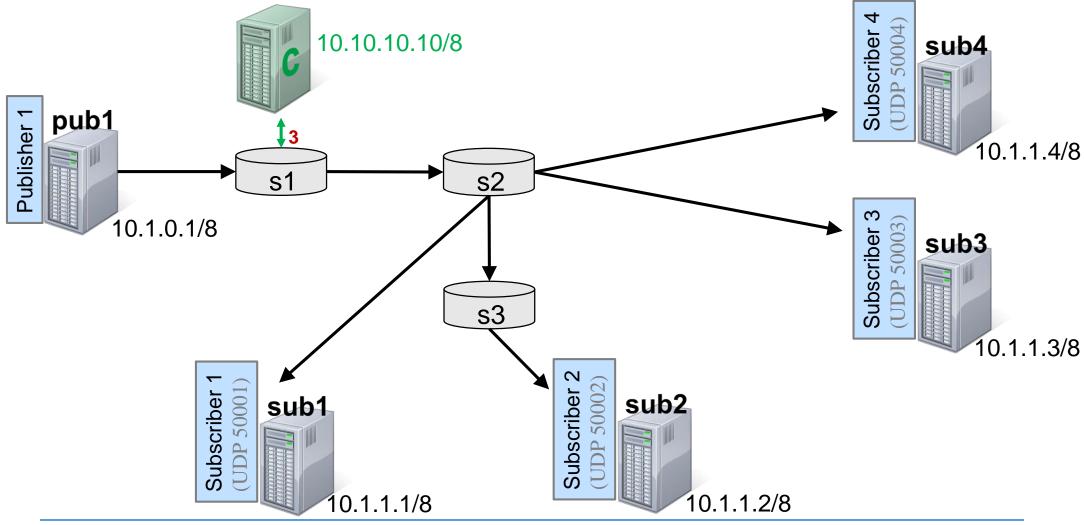
Task 4.3 – REST Interface

- Create a package net.sdnlab.ex4.task43 for a Floodlight Module providing the following REST interface:
 - POST http://<controller>:8080/subscriptions/{name}/json
 to add a new subscription with {name} (define necessary filtering and subscriber parameters in the HTTP payload!)
 - DELETE http://<controller>:8080/subscriptions/{name}/json to delete the subscription with {name} again
 - GET http://<controller>:8080/subscriptions/json
 to return a list of all subscriptions in JSON format
- You can find a module skeleton in ~/ex4/java/task43

Task 4.3 – REST Interface

- Your module should
 - Implement the REST-interface described on the previous slide
 - Determine and install or delete the necessary flow entries upon handling incoming requests
- Also update your subscriber application to use this RESTinterface to register subscriptions!
- Mininet hosts can reach the Floodlight controller's HTTP interface at http://10.10.10.10:8080/...
 - Hint: Make sure flows for communication with c are set up properly! (see next slide)

Network Topology:







Task 4.3 – REST Interface

- Module skeleton in ~/ex4/java/task43
 - ITask43Service.java IFloodlightService interface for your module
 - Task43.java your module
 - Task43WebRoutable.java HTTP router
 - ListSubscriptionsResource.java resource for GET requests
 - SubscriptionResource.java resource for POST/DELETE requests
- You may of course add classes, e.g. to represent a subscription
- Read the tutorial "How to add a REST API to a Module" to understand project architecture (cf. ILIAS Wiki)

- Task 4
- Deadline and Submission

Deadline and Submission

- When (submission deadline): January 26th 2021 at 08:00
- How: Via ILIAS system
 - One submission per group
 - 1. One document (PDF)
 - Describing the commands you executed to solve the tasks
 - Showing the output
 - Explanation
 - 2. Your scripts
 - 3. Archive of source package net.sdnlab.ex4
- Be prepared to show a live demo to the supervisor during the next meeting