## Please write Your name:

Show all work. You should either write at a sentence explaining your reasoning, or annotate your math work with brief explanations. There is no need to simplify, and no calculators are needed.

- (1) Let X be the time that a car can run until a major repair. If  $\mathbb{E}X = 2$ , and X is exponentially distributed, what is  $\mathbb{P}(2 < X < 5)$ ? **Answer:**  $\mathbb{P}(2 < X < 5) = e^{-1} - e^{-2.5}$  because  $\lambda = 1/2$ .
- (2) Given that this car has ran 2 years without a repair, what is the conditional probability that it will run 3 more years without a major repair? **Answer:**  $\mathbb{P}(X > 5|X > 2) = \mathbb{P}(X > 3) = e^{-1.5}$  because an exponential random variable has the memoryless property.
- (3) What is the probability density function of  $Y = X^2$ ? **Answer:** if  $y = x^2 > 0$  then  $\mathbb{P}(Y > y) = \mathbb{P}(X > x) = e^{-x/2} = e^{-\sqrt{y}/2}$ . By differentiation we obtain that  $f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{4\sqrt{y}} e^{-\sqrt{y}/2}$  if y > 0 and  $f_Y(y) = 0$  if  $y \le 0$ .
- (4) Find Var(X) if X is uniformly distributed on the interval [-1, 5]. Show all steps. **Answer:**  $\mathbb{E}X = \frac{1}{6} \int_{-1}^{5} x \, dx = \frac{1}{6} x^2 / 2 \Big|_{x=-1}^{3} = (25-1)/12 = 2$  $\mathbb{E}X^2 = \frac{1}{6} \int_{-1}^5 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} x^3 / 3 \Big|_{x=-1}^5 = (125+1)/18 = 7$  and so  $Var(X) = 7 - 2^2 = 3$

**An easier answer:** if Y is uniform on [-1,1], then  $\mathbb{E}Y = 0$  and  $\mathbb{E}Y^2 = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^{1} x^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} x^3 / 3 \Big|_{x=-1}^{1} = \frac{1}{2} x^3 / 3$ 2/6 = 1/3 and so Var(Y) = 1/3. Then X = 3Y + 2 and so  $Var(X) = 3^2 Var(Y) = 3$ .

[(optional questions for extra credit)]: Let a, b, c be positive numbers, b > 1, and the probability density function f(x) of a random variable X be defined by  $f(x) = ax^{-b}$  for x > c and f(x) = 0 for  $x \le c$ .

- What is the relation between a, b, c? **Answer:** if b > 1 then  $\int_c^\infty ax^{-b}dx = \frac{a}{1-b}x^{1-b}\Big|_{x=c}^\infty = ac^{1-b}/(b-1) = 1$  or  $ac^{1-b} = b-1$ .

  • What is the necessary and sufficient condition for b so that  $\mathbb{E}X < +\infty$ ?
- **Answer:** b>2 if and only if  $\int_{c}^{\infty} x^{-b+1} dx < \infty$
- What is the necessary and sufficient condition for b so that  $Var(X) < +\infty$ ? **Answer:** b > 3 if and only if  $\int_{c}^{\infty} x^{-b+2} dx < \infty$