

Arch-Installation-And-Setup

Legend:

Red text - optional things
Yellow *italic text* - placeholder
Green text - Important note
Blue text - unnecessary command that checks if another (usually the previous) command has executed correctly, or to simply check things on the system
~~Strikethrough~~ - I have no idea why this is here but it might be important so i am not deleting it

NOTE: This installation guide isn't perfect and although it can be used on its own I strongly recommend having the arch wiki open at all times. The information shown below is compiled from the wiki, some youtube videos and other random resources found across the web. All necessary links will be provided at the end of the document!
The document is split in two parts: installation and setup, the installation is everything you do while the computer is booted from the usb. The setup is everything after and can be completely ignored

Instalation:

1. Verify boot mode:

`$ ls /sys/firmware/efi/efivars`

Desired output:

```
root@archiso ~ # ls /sys/firmware/efi/efivars
BackgroundClear-4d1ede05-38c7-4a6a-9cc6-4bcca8b38c14
Boot0000-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
Boot0001-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
Boot0002-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
Boot0003-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
BootCurrent-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
BootOptionSupport-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
BootOrder-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
ConInDev-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
ConIn-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
ConOutDev-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
ConOut-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
FirmwareFeaturesMask-4d1ede05-38c7-4a6a-9cc6-4bcca8b38c14
FirmwareFeatures-4d1ede05-38c7-4a6a-9cc6-4bcca8b38c14
Key0000-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
Key0001-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
LangCodes-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
Lang-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
LoaderEntries-4a67b082-0a4c-41cf-b6c7-440b29bb8c4f
LoaderEntrySelected-4a67b082-0a4c-41cf-b6c7-440b29bb8c4f
LoaderFeatures-4a67b082-0a4c-41cf-b6c7-440b29bb8c4f
LoaderFirmwareInfo-4a67b082-0a4c-41cf-b6c7-440b29bb8c4f
LoaderFirmwareType-4a67b082-0a4c-41cf-b6c7-440b29bb8c4f
LoaderImageIdentifier-4a67b082-0a4c-41cf-b6c7-440b29bb8c4f
LoaderInfo-4a67b082-0a4c-41cf-b6c7-440b29bb8c4f
LoaderTimeExecUsec-4a67b082-0a4c-41cf-b6c7-440b29bb8c4f
LoaderTimeInitUsec-4a67b082-0a4c-41cf-b6c7-440b29bb8c4f
LoaderTimeMenuUsec-4a67b082-0a4c-41cf-b6c7-440b29bb8c4f
MTC-eb704011-1402-11d3-8e77-00a0c969723b
OsIndicationsSupported-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
PlatformLangCodes-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
PlatformLang-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
PlatformRecovery0000-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
Timeout-8be4df61-93ca-11d2-aa0d-00e098032b8c
VarErrorFlag-04b37fe8-f6ae-480b-bdd5-37d98c5e89aa
boot-args-7c436110-ab2a-4bbb-a880-fe41995c9f82
root@archiso ~ # _
```

2. Verify internet connection:

`$ ping -c3 archlinux.org`

Desired output:

```
root@archiso ~ # ping -c3 archlinux.org
PING archlinux.org (138.201.81.199) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from apollo.archlinux.org (138.201.81.199): icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=35.0 ms
64 bytes from apollo.archlinux.org (138.201.81.199): icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=35.8 ms
64 bytes from apollo.archlinux.org (138.201.81.199): icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=35.8 ms

--- archlinux.org ping statistics ---
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 2005ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 34.978/35.534/35.823/0.393 ms
root@archiso ~ # _
```

3. Update the system clock:

`$ timedatectl set-ntp true`

4. Partition disks:

`$ cfdisk`
- gtp

The scheme we will use will have a boot, root, swap and home partitions.
boot - 512MB; type - EFI partition

root - 5G; type - Linux filesystem
swap - twice the ram; type - Linux swap
home (the rest); type - Linux filesystem !The home partition is optional

Encryption:

```
$ modprobe dm-crypt
$ modprobe dm-mod

$ cryptsetup -v luksFormat device
device examples: /dev/sda1 , /dev/nvme0n1p1

To be able to work with the device:
$ cryptsetup open --type luks device name
!Device and name are two different things

Add filesystem?
$ mkfs.ext4 /dev/mapper/name

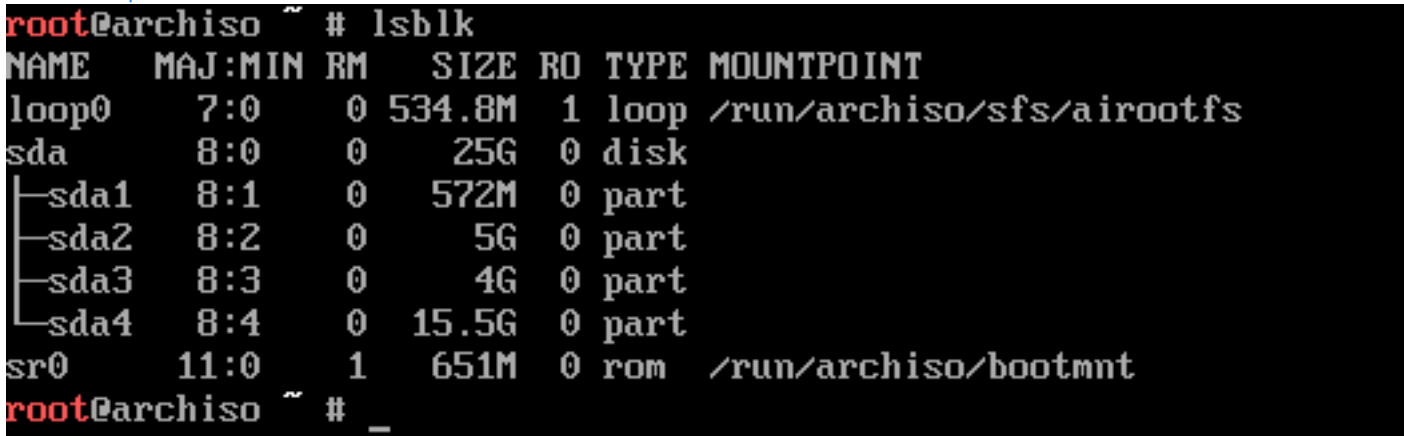
Mount it?
$ mount /dev/mapper/name /mnt
```

! If you have a separate home partition, you will have to repeat the same steps for that partition

To see the partitions:

`$ lsblk`

Desired output:



```
root@archiso ~ # lsblk
NAME        MAJ:MIN RM  SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
loop0       7:0    0 534.8M  1 loop /run/archiso/sfs/airootfs
sda         8:0    0   25G  0 disk
├─sda1      8:1    0   572M  0 part
├─sda2      8:2    0    5G   0 part
├─sda3      8:3    0    4G   0 part
└─sda4      8:4    0  15.5G  0 part
sr0         11:0   1   651M  0 rom  /run/archiso/bootmnt
root@archiso ~ # _
```

5. Adding filesystems to these partitions:

For the boot partition:

```
$ mkfs.fat -F32 /dev/sda*
```

For the root partition:

```
$ mkfs.ext4 /dev/sda*
```

For the swap partition:

```
$ mkswap /dev/sda*
```

```
$ swapon /dev/sda*
```

For the home partition:

```
$ mkfs.ext4 /dev/sda*
```

6. Mounting the filesystems:

To keep an eye on the partitions:

`$ lsblk`

The output should look a little different than last time:

```

root@archiso ~ # lsblk
NAME        MAJ:MIN RM   SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
loop0       7:0      0 534.8M  1 loop /run/archiso/sfs/airootfs
sda         8:0      0   25G   0 disk
├─sda1      8:1      0   572M   0 part
├─sda2      8:2      0    5G   0 part
├─sda3      8:3      0    4G   0 part [SWAP]
└─sda4      8:4      0  15.5G   0 part
sr0         11:0     1   651M   0 rom  /run/archiso/bootmnt
root@archiso ~ # _

```

Mounting the root partition:

```
$ mount /dev/sda /mnt
```

Mounting the efi partition:

```
$ mkdir /mnt/boot
```

```
$ mkdir /mnt/boot/efi
```

```
$ mount /dev/sda /mnt/boot/efi
```

Mounting the home partition:

```
$ mkdir /mnt/home
```

```
$ mount /dev/sda /mnt/home
```

7. Picking the mirrors, which are located in /etc/pacman.d/mirrorlist:

Mirror generator: <https://www.archlinux.org/mirrorlist/>

The mirrors for Bulgaria: <https://github.com/kub4e/Arch-Linux-Files>

Using github (In this case mine):

```
$ git clone https://github.com/kub4e/Arch-Linux-Files
```

```
$ cd Arch-Linux-Files
```

```
$ cat /dev/null > /etc/pacman.d/mirrorlist
```

```
$ cat Arch-Linux-Mirrors-Bulgaria > /etc/pacman.d/mirrorlist
```

8. The pacstrap command:

```
$ pacstrap /mnt base base-devel linux linux-firmware efibootmgr networkmanager zsh/bash texinfo intel-ucode/amd-ucode opendoas vim git
dhcpcd dhclient man-db man-pages openssh parted wget
```

9. Generate the filesystem table

```
$ genfstab -U /mnt >> /mnt/etc/fstab
```

```
$ cat /mnt/etc/fstab
```

Desired output:

```

root@archiso ~ # cat /mnt/etc/fstab
# Static information about the filesystems.
# See fstab(5) for details.

# <file system> <dir> <type> <options> <dump> <pass>
# /dev/sda2
UUID=651f0239-5e0d-465c-b66f-05deeb987ae5 / ext4 rw,relatime 0 1
# /dev/sda1
UUID=0380-6877 /boot/efi vfat rw,relatime,fmask=0022,dmask=0022,codepage=437,ioccharset=iso8859-1,short
name=mixed,utf8,errors=remount-ro 0 2
# /dev/sda4
UUID=eb7e7ed8-560d-4bd6-8b60-7aa91cfd8e0e /home ext4 rw,relatime 0 2
# /dev/sda3
UUID=5b8e2341-34c2-4813-80ca-6ac16bb1534f none swap defaults 0 0

```

10. Chroot into the system:

```
$ arch-chroot /mnt
```

Making the swap file:

```

$ fallocate -l 1GB /swapfile
$ chmod 600 /swapfile
$ mkswap /swapfile
$ swapon /swapfile

```

```
$ vim /etc/fstab
- In the empty space at the end of the file add:
/swapfile none swap defaults 0 0
```

Localization stuff:

```
$ ln -sf /usr/share/zoneinfo/Europe/Sofia /etc/localtime

Setting the hardware clock:
$ hwclock --systohc

Setting up locales:
Edit /etc/locale.gen and uncomment en_US.UTF-8 UTF-8 and other needed locales.
$ echo "LANG=en_US.UTF-8" > /etc/locale.conf
$ locale-gen
```

Network stuff:

```
Setting a hostname:
$ echo hostname > /etc//hostname
$ vim /etc/hosts
```

```
# Static table lookup for hostnames.
# See hosts(5) for details.
#
127.0.0.1      localhost
::1           localhost
127.0.1.1     domainname.localdomain domainname_
```

the last line can also be with 127.0.0.1 (i guess)

```
Making sure we have internet on reboot (Capitalization is important!!!):
$ systemctl enable NetworkManager
Desired output:
```

```
[root@archiso /]# systemctl enable NetworkManager
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/NetworkManager.service → /usr/lib/systemd/system/NetworkManager.service.
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/dbus-org.freedesktop.nm-dispatcher.service → /usr/lib/systemd/system/NetworkManager-dispatcher.service.
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/network-online.target.wants/NetworkManager-wait-online.service → /usr/lib/systemd/system/NetworkManager-wait-online.service.
[root@archiso /]# _
```

User managment:

```
Creating a root password:
$ passwd
```

```
Add another user:
$ useradd -m username
```

```
Setting the password for that user:
$ passwd username
```

The steps below apply only if you want to use sudo (Below you can find an alternative):

Check if sudo is installed (If the output is a path, then sudo is installed):
\$ whereis sudo

Make the user an admin:
Check the groups of the user:
\$ usermod -aG wheel,audio,video,optical,storage username
\$ groups username
Add the user to the sudoers file:
\$ visudo
Uncomment this line:

```
##
## User privilege specification
##
root ALL=(ALL) ALL

## Uncomment to allow members of group wheel to execute any command
# %wheel ALL=(ALL) ALL
```

Encryption:

```
Modify mkinitcpio.conf:
$ vim /etc/mkinitcpio.conf

- The HOOKS line should look like this:
HOOKS=(base udev autodetect keyboard keymap consolefont modconf block encrypt filesystems fsck)

- Should probably add encrypt keyboard and keymap, keymap is not needed if the default keyboard layout is us

Recreate the image:
$ mkinitcpio -p linux
```

Bootloader (GRUB):

```
Install and configure grub:
$ pacman -S grub

$ grub-install --target=x86_64-efi --efi-directory=/boot/efi --bootloader-id=GRUB
$ grub-mkconfig -o /boot/grub/grub.cfg
```

Encryption:

```
Getting the encrypted disk UUID:
$ ls -l /dev/disk/by-uuid | grep -op '(?<=25) [^ ]*'

Edit the GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX line in /etc/default/grub as shown bellow:
GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX="cryptdevice=UUID=UUID:name root=/mapper/name"
```

```
example: GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX="cryptdevice=UUID=c15b50fc-06cd-4c16-8943-8b478ac09b55:cp_root root=/dev/mapper/cp_root"
```

Configuring doas:

```
$ vim /etc/doas.conf
- Add:
permit username as root
```

Setup:

! If you have read to here you should have a working arch installation, everything shown bellow is my personal choice, I would recommend ignoring it and customizing the system however you like !

Installing yay:

```
$ git clone https://aur.archlinux.org/yay.git
$ cd yay
$ makepkg -is PKGBUILD
```

Check for updates:

```
$ sudo pacman -Syu
```

Install xorg:

```
$ sudo pacman -S xorg-server xorg-xinit
- xorg-xinit is the package that allows usage of startx
```

Install fonts:

```
- There are many ways to install fonts, the easiest is to go to https://github.com/kub4e/Arch-Linux-Files and choose a font package after that:
$ doas pacman -S packagename
- The fonts config file is ~/.config/fontconfig/fonts.conf
```

Random Notes:

! This section contains random, but useful notes !

Shells:

To list all available shells:

```
$ chsh -l
```

Changing the default shell:

```
$ chsh -s full-path-to-shell
```

Example:

```
$ chsh -s /usr/bin/zsh
```

Links:

<https://wiki.archlinux.org/index.php/Zsh>

Fonts:

```
$ doas pacman -S fontconfig
```

Archives:

extracting:

tar:

```
$ tar xvf archive
```

gzip:

```
$ gzip -d archive
```

bzip:

```
$ bzip2 -d archive
```

zip:

```
unzip archive
```

St:

```
$ wget https://dl.suckless.org/st/st-0.8.4.tar.gz
```

```
$ tar xvf st-0.8.4.tar.gz
```

```
$ cd st-0.8.4
```

```
$ doas make install
```

Dwm:

```
$ wget https://dl.suckless.org/dwm/dwm-6.2.tar.gz
```

```
$ tar xvf dwm-6.2.tar.gz
```

```
$ cd dwm-6.2
```

```
$ doas make install
```

