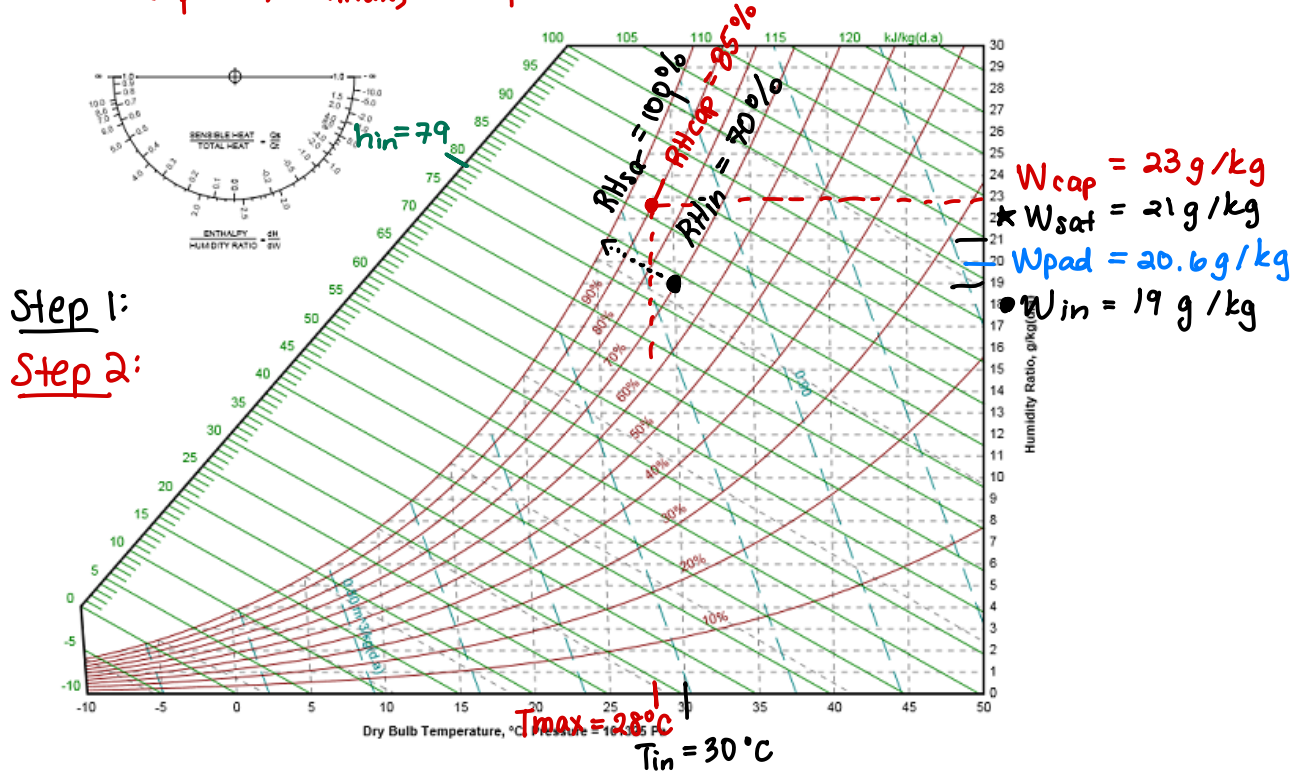


Padwall Cooling Calculations

- $W_{in} = f(T_{in}, RH_{in})$
- ★ $W_{sat} \Rightarrow$ follow enthalpy line to saturation point
- $W_{cap} = f(T_{max}, RH_{cap})$



Step 3:

$$\eta = \frac{W_{cap} - W_{in}}{W_{sat} - W_{in}}$$

$W_{cap} > W_{sat}$

$\eta = 80\%$ by default

Step 4:

$$\begin{aligned} W_{padwall} &= W_{in} + \eta (W_{sat} - W_{in}) \\ &= 19 \text{ g/kg} + 0.8 (21 \text{ g/kg} - 19 \text{ g/kg}) \end{aligned}$$

$$W_{padwall} = 20.6 \text{ g/kg}$$

Moist Air Enthalpy

$$h_{in} = f(T_{in}, W_{in})$$

$$= 1.001 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg} \cdot ^{\circ}\text{C}} + W \left(1.86 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg} \cdot ^{\circ}\text{C}} \cdot T + 2501 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \right)$$

Enthalpy is constant for padwall evaporative cooling processes:

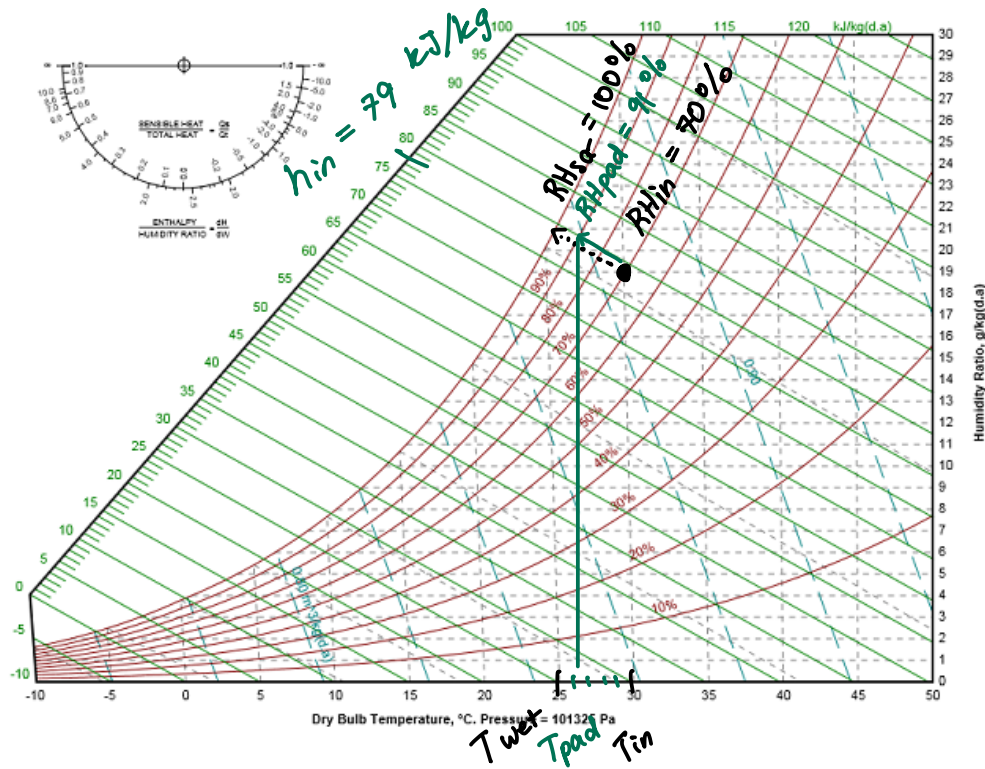
$$h_{padwall} = h_{in}$$

Step 1: Plot W_{in} & mark W_{sat} ($RH = 100\%$ along enthalpy line)

Step 2: Plot W_{cap} (most likely not along enthalpy line)

Step 3: Calculate η . Over 80%? default to 80%

Step 4: Calculate W_{pad} using η



$$T_{padwall} = \text{drybulb temp } f(h_{in}, W_{pad})$$

if $\eta = 80\%$ and enthalpy constant,

$$\begin{aligned} T_{padwall} &= T_{in} + \eta (T_{wetbulb} - T_{in}) \\ &= 30 + 0.8 (26.8 - 30) \\ &= 30 + 0.8 (-3.2) \end{aligned}$$

$$T_{padwall} = 26.8^\circ\text{C}$$

$$RH_{padwall} = f(T_{padwall}, W_{pad})$$

$$RH_{pad} = 91\%$$

OPTION 1: True Setpoint

$$Q = h_{\text{pad wal}} - h_{\text{setpoint}}$$

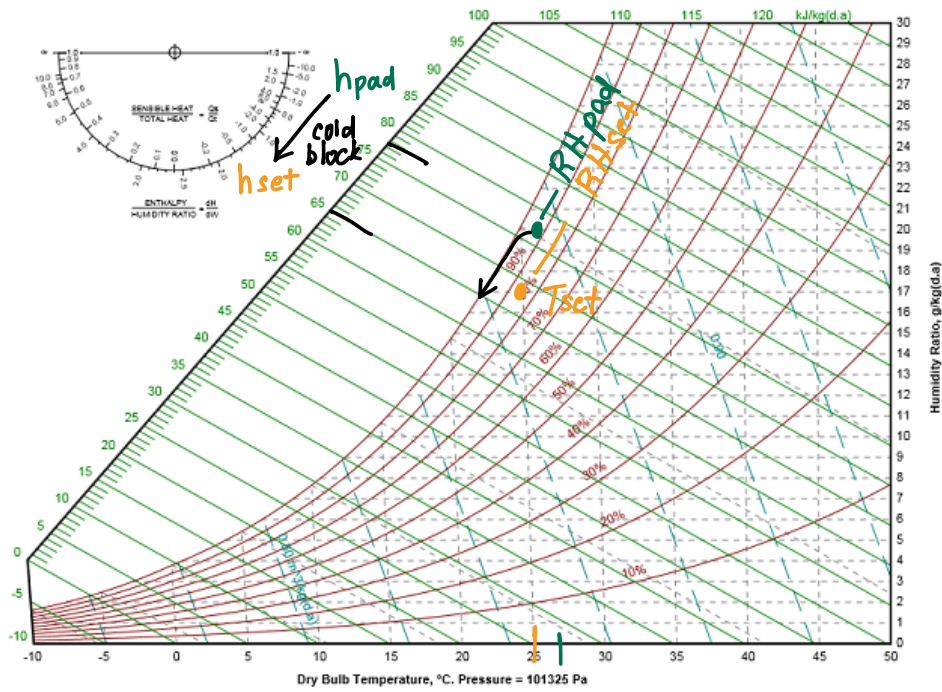
$$T_{\text{padwall}} = 26.8^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T_{set} = 25^{\circ}C$$

$$RH_{pad} = 91^{\circ}C$$

$$RH_{set} = 85^{\circ}C$$

Ideal setpoints



T_{set} T_{pad}

OPTION 2: Max Allowed Temp

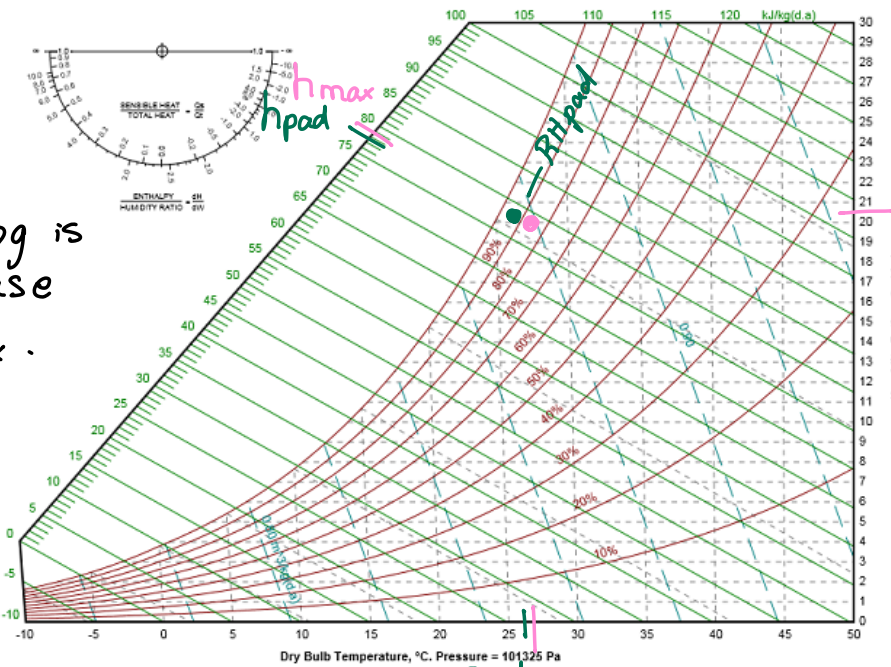
$$Q = h_{\text{padwall}} - h_{T, \text{max}}$$

$$T_{\text{padwall}} = 26.8^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T_{\max} = 28^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$RH_{pad} = 91^{\circ}C$$

$$W_{\text{padwall}} = 20.6 \text{ g/kg}$$



No active cooling is needed because $T_{pad} < T_{max}$.

T_{pad} T_{max}