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#ExportTableWithDomainDescriptions
1.1.1
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Modified
Purpose:
  Using several python dictionaries, will iterate through a feature class
  table and create a new table. Any fields with coded value domains
  will have the descriptions written to the new table instead of codes.
  Script will skip objectid, shape, shape Length, shape area fields. More
  fields can easily be added to the "SkipList"
Properties (right-click on the tool and specify the following)
General
          ExportTableWithDomainDescriptions
  Name
  Label Export Table With Domain Descriptions
          Rewrites a feature class table, substituting domain descriptions
          for coded values where applicatble.
Source script ExportTableWithDomainDescriptions.py
Parameter list
                                  Parameter Properties
                                  Data type Type
           Display Name
                                                                 Direction MultiValue
  argv[1] Input feature class Feature Layer Required Input
1.1
# Import system modules
import traceback, sys, string, os, math, time, arcgisscripting
# Create the Geoprocessor object
gp = arcgisscripting.create(9.3)
gp.OverWriteOutput = 1
# Print Ascii Python just because I like it.

      gp.addmessage("
      M......M
      ")

      gp.addmessage("
      .MMM8,MMMM,
      ")

      gp.addmessage("
      +M
      .7
      .M.
      .....")

      gp.addmessage("
      M. IIM7M7N. M
      .....")

      gp.addmessage("
      N ?IMMOM7. M
      .....")

      gp.addmessage("
      .D
      8M$MM. ,M
      .....")

gp.addmessage("... MM M$MMM$$$$$$$$$$OMM7.
gp.addmessage("... MM$$$$7$$$$$7$...
gp.addmessage("... 7$$$$$$$$$$$$!.....
gp.addmessage("... I$$$$$$$$$$$$$.
gp.addmessage("...$$$$88M$$8NZ$$$$$.
gp.addmessage(".....Z$$$$00$$88N$$$$$M . ........
gp.addmessage(" .... $$$$$$$$$$$,
                                                   .")
gp.addmessage(".... M.M$$$$$$$$ZM
gp.addmessage(" ... M~?I$MD$77$DMM8M
gp.addmessage(" ... $N....M8$$$$$.M" )
gp.addmessage(" .... MM . .M8$$$MDN.
gp.addmessage("
                    ...7M . ..M$$7DM8M")
gp.addmessage(".....MMO.... =$$7D088
gp.addmessage("....M.D. ..M7$$$ODN
gp.addmessage(".... = .8?$$$$$M
gp.addmessage(".....N$$$$NDDZ
gp.addmessage(".....NZ$$$MN8N
gp.addmessage(".... MI$$$MDOM
                                                     ..MMMM.
gp.addmessage(".... 7=Z$$$$MNM
                                                  MO$$D888MMM
M8NN$$MDDDN$$$M.
gp.addmessage("...
                        . 7=7$$$$$BDM.
                                            MM888MM$$$$$$$$D8M
gp.addmessage("...
                        . $7$$$$DD88NM$$MDDD7$$$$$$$$DM88M ..
gp.addmessage("
                        . M=$$$$$BDD8NM$$$$$$$ZZ==Z=O$$$DMM$$MI
                       ... M~$$$$$7$7$$$$$$$$=MM ...7MZ$$$$$$NO88DMZM."
gp.addmessage("...
                                                             ,M=$$$$MNNM8M" )
gp.addmessage("... M=M$$$$$$$$$0=M. . .
                                                              ..M7$$$$$?O" )
gp.addmessage("..... ...M=ID$$$$$$$M...
                                                                  .MMM$MM.." )
gp.addmessage("..... ...~$MMMMMMM$...
gp.addmessage("...
                                    I8MMMMMMI.
                                                                .. IMMMMM7.")
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```
gp.addmessage("\n")
gp.addmessage("\n")
gp.addmessage("\n")
gp.addwarning("#
                            Exports a feature class to a #")
                            geodatabase table and where fields #")
gp.addwarning("#
                                                                #")
gp.addwarning("#
                             have coded value domains, the
gp.addwarning("#
                             descriptions are written to the
                                                                #")
gp.addwarning("#
                                                                 #")
                                    new table
                                                                #")
gp.addwarning("#
                                    Kurt Sargent
gp.addwarning("#
                                 Barnes and Duncan
                                                                #")
gp.addwarning("#
                                 March 23, 2011
                                                                #")
gp.addwarning("#
                               kurtsargent@gmail.com
gp.addwarning("#
gp.addwarning("#
                          Last Updated March 23, 2011
gp.addmessage("\n")
gp.AddToolbox("C:/Program Files (x86)/ArcGIS/ArcToolbox/Toolboxes/Data Management Tools.tbx")
gp.AddToolbox("C:/Program Files (x86)/ArcGIS/ArcToolbox/Toolboxes/Analysis Tools.tbx")
# Establish parameters for the domainToTable tool that will be run later
codeFld= "CODE"
descptnFld = "DESCRIPTION"
domainFld = "DomainName"
try:
   # Input FC from Form
   Input_FC = gp.GetParameterAsText(0)
   Input FC Name = os.path.basename(Input FC)
   if not gp.Exists(Input_FC):
       raise "Input_FC doesn't exist"
   else:
       gp.addmessage("\n"+"got input FC..." + "\n
                                                   " + Input FC + "\n")
   # Get path to GDB where Input_FC resides and set that as
   # the current workspace.
   gdb = (os.path.split(Input_FC))[0]
   gp.WorkSpace = gdb
   gp.AddWarning("set work space to: " + "\n
                                               " + gdb + "\n")
   # Create a new table. This is where the Input_FC's values will
   # be copied to, with domain descriptions replaceing coded values.
   # The new table name will be the Input_FC's name with '_domainDesc'
   # added to it.
   Input_FC_Name = os.path.basename(Input_FC)
   result = gp.CreateTable_management (gdb, Input_FC_Name + "_domainDesc")
   outputDomainTable = result.GetOutput(0)
   gp.AddMessage("Created " + Input_FC_Name +
       "_domainDesc table" + "\n" + outputDomainTable)
   del result
   # domainDesc table needs fields from the Input_FC. However, some need
   # to be skipped, such as objectID, shape, etc. Any other fields can be
   # added to the skip list here. Alternatively, a list of skip fields
   # could be derived from user input on the form in a field map.
   # describe Input_FC for list of skip fields
   dsc = gp.Describe(Input_FC)
   skipList = [dsc.oidfieldname, dsc.shapefieldname,
               dsc.shapefieldname + "_Length",
               dsc.shapefieldname + "_Area", "REVIEW" ]
   # Basically, we are going to copy the fields from Input_FC over to
   # the new domainDesc table. However, if a field has a coded value
   # domain associated with it, we need to make that field a TEXT field
   # to hold the description
   # make list of all domains in the inputFC so when we run domainToTable
   # later it will only do so for domains associated with the inputFC
   inputFCsDomains = []
   Fields = gp.ListFields(Input_FC)
   for aField in Fields:
       # get field name and test if in skipList
       field name = aField.name
       if field_name not in skipList:
           aDomain = aField.domain
           # if field does NOT have a domain, we want to copy the attibutes.
           # however, some 'get' properties are not consitent with the
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respective 'set' properties. E.g. field type from a text field

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# returns as 'String', but to create a string field, the property
        # must be 'TEXT'. There may be other property issues that arise
        # from various other field types and they can be added here.
        if aDomain == "":
            field_type = aField.type
            if field_type == "String":
                field_type = "TEXT"
            elif field_type == "Integer" or field_type == "SmallInteger":
                field_type = "LONG"
            field precision = aField.Precision
            field_scale = aField.scale
            field_length = aField.length
            # add a field based on the properties set above.
            gp.AddField_management(outputDomainTable, field_name,
                field_type, field_precision, field_scale, field_length)
            # if a domain is associated with the field we make it a
            # standard text field. I chose 50 as the field width but
            # it can be changed to accomodate larger domain descriptions.
            inputFCsDomains.append(aDomain)
            gp.AddField_management(outputDomainTable, field_name,
                 "TEXT", "", 50)
del aField, Fields
# Use Describe method to return geodatabase domains
descGDB = gp.Describe(gdb)
gdbDomains = descGDB.Domains
gdbDomains.sort()
# Loop through each domain and excecute DomainToTable_management,
# add a field called DomainName and populate that field with the
# respective domain name.
****Dictionaries Explained*****
A series of dictionaries is used to create a list of dictionaries containing
filed values to populate to the new domainDesc table. First is the
domainNameDict. The domainDict stores the domain(name) as the key, and the
codeDescriptionDict as its object. The codeDescriptionDict stores each
doamins coded value as its key, and the respective description as its
object. So, essentially, the domainNameDict will allow us to use each
Domain name to call the appropriate codeDescriptionDict and pass it a
coded value and return the correct description for each field for each
row of the Input_FC.
As we iterate through the Input_FC, and iterate through all the field
we will populate fldNameValueDict, which stores the fieldName as its key
and field value (field value will be the existing field value for a non
domain field, and the coded value's description of a domain field). So,
fldNameValueDict is created for each row of the Input_FC and added to the
insertRowList. Later, for each fldNameValueDict in insertRowList, we'll
set each field value based on the fldNameValueDict value returned by passing
it the field name. Once all field values are set, we will insert that row
into the table.
# domainNameDict{domain, codeDescriptionDict}
domainNameDict = {}
for domain in inputFCsDomains:
    # codeDescriptionDict{codedValue, Description}
    codeDescriptionDict = {}
    # Make domainTableName. We are using the same gdb as
    # the Input_FC but can change to scratch workspace or whatever.
    domainTableName = gdb + "\\" + domain
    # create table of domain descriptions and codes
    result= gp.DomainToTable management (gdb, domain,
                                         domainTableName,
                                         codeFld, descptnFld)
    domainTable = result.GetOutput(0)
    del result
    # Add DomainName field to domainTable
    gp.AddMessage("created domain table: " + domain + "\n")
    # use update cursor to "calcualte" the domainFld with the
    # respective domain name for use in dictonary later
    rows = gp.SearchCursor(domainTable)
    for row in iter(rows.next, None):
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# get code value
        aCode = row.GetValue(codeFld)
        # get description value
        aDescription = row.GetValue(descptnFld)
        # add to codeDescriptionDict(aCod, aDescription)
        codeDescriptionDict[aCode] = aDescription
   # add completed codeDescriptionDict to the domainNameDict
   domainNameDict[domain] = codeDescriptionDict
   del row, rows,codeDescriptionDict
# Iterate through Input_FC
insertRowList = []
# Create search cursor for Input_FC iteration
rows = gp.SearchCursor(Input_FC, "", "", "")
# Field list for Input_FC
fieldList = gp.ListFields(Input FC)
gp.AddMessage("Iterating through Input_FC to build dictionaries" + "\n")
for row in iter(rows.next, None):
   fldNameValueDict = {}
   for aField in fieldList:
        # field value list to contain fileName (key) and
        # aFieldVal (obj)
        aFieldName = aField.Name
        #gp.AddMessage(aFieldName)
        if aFieldName not in skipList:
            aFieldVal = row.GetValue(aFieldName)
            aFieldDomain = aField.Domain
            # if no domain associated with the field then
            # accept the current value
            if aFieldDomain == "":
                # set fldNameValueDict key(fieldName)/object(fieldValue)
                fldNameValueDict[aFieldName] = aFieldVal
            else:
                # retrive appropriate domian codeDescriptionDict
                # from the domainNameDict
                codeDict = domainNameDict[aFieldDomain]
                # retrieve appropriate domain description
                codeDesc = codeDict[aFieldVal]
                # set fldNameValueDict key(fieldName)/object(fieldValue)
                fldNameValueDict[aFieldName] = codeDesc
   # add completed fldNameValueDict for current row to insertRowList
   insertRowList.append(fldNameValueDict)
del row, rows, aFieldVal, aFieldDomain, aFieldName, fldNameValueDict
# Create insertCursor to add new records to the export table
rows = gp.insertCursor(outputDomainTable)
fieldList = gp.ListFields(outputDomainTable)
gp.AddMessage("\n" + "\n" + "populating domainDesc table")
rowCount = 0
# each fldNmValDict contains the values for all fields in the current row.
for fldNmValDict in insertRowList:
   row = rows.NewRow()
   #Set values for all field not in skipList
   for aField in fieldList:
        aFieldName = aField.name
        if aFieldName not in skipList:
            aValue = fldNmValDict[aFieldName]
            row.SetValue(aFieldName, aValue)
            #gp.AddMessage("Set: " + aFieldName + " to: " + str(aValue))
    rows.InsertRow(row)
# ***** Clean up *****
#get rid of domain tables
for domain in inputFCsDomains:
    domainTableName = gdb + "\\" + domain
   if gp.Exists(domainTableName):
            gp.Delete_management (domainTableName)
            gp.AddMessage("deleted domain table " + domain )
            gp.AddError("Failed to delete " + domainTableName)
gp.AddMessage("\n")
# Compact database
gp.Compact management (gdb)
gp.AddMessage("Compacted GDB")
del gdbDomains, domain, fieldList, aField, gdb,
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del outputDomainTable, Input_FC,domainNameDict, insertRowList, rows, row
del gp
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except "domainTable(s) already exist...please delete":
   gp.AddError("domainTable(s) already exist...please delete")
except "Input_FC doesn't exist":
   gp.AddError("Input_FC does not exist")
except arcgisscripting.ExecuteError:
   # Get the geoprocessing error messages
   msgs = gp.GetMessage(∅)
   msgs += gp.GetMessages(2)
   # Return gp error messages for use with a script tool
   #gp.AddReturnMessage(msgs)
   gp.AddError(msgs)
   # Print gp error messages for use in Python/PythonWin
   #print msgs
except:
   # Get the traceback object
   tb = sys.exc_info()[2]
   tbinfo = traceback.format_tb(tb)[0]
   # Concatenate information together concerning the error into a
   # message string
   pymsg = tbinfo + "\n" + str(sys.exc_type)+ ": " + str(sys.exc_value)
   # Return python error messages for use with a script tool
   gp.AddError(pymsg)
   # Print Python error messages for use in Python/PythonWin
   print pymsg
```