

# EARIN Lab 3 Report

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## 1 Exercise Variant 2 - Predicting wine quality

Our task was to write a program that predicts wine quality based on data containing: fixed acidity, volatile acidity, citric acid, residual sugar, chlorides, free sulfur dioxide, total sulfur dioxide, density, pH, sulphates, alcohol, quality

## 2 Implementation

Program can be ran by installing python, moving to project directory and issuing command:

```
python main.py
```

We have decided on implementing Linear and Logistical regression methods as we found them the easiest to implement

There will be 3 types of output

1. Number of wines with given quality (Graphical)
2. How a given parameter impacts quality (Graphical)
3. How well did linear and logistical regression performed (Textual)

Upon clicking any button the next plot will be shown

## 3 Results

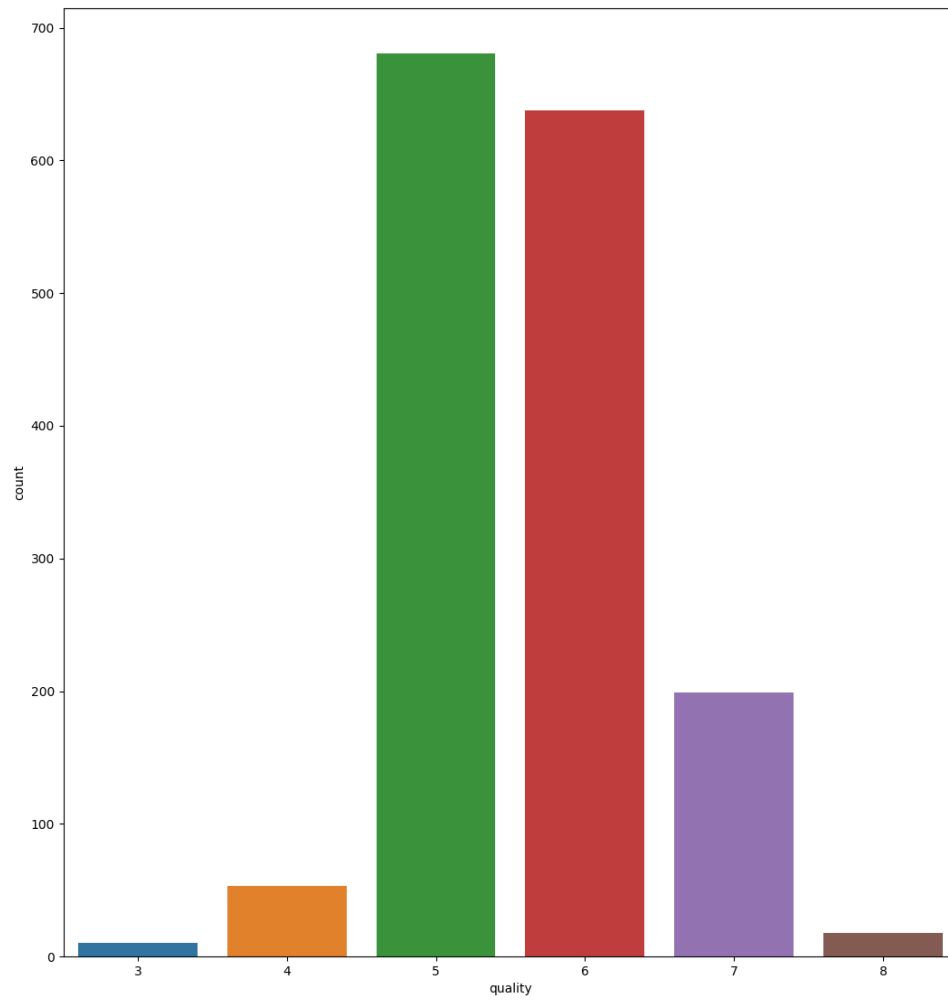
We have successfully implemented program to predict wine quality

### 3.1 Data investigation

There are 11 features in total and 1599 instances of those features

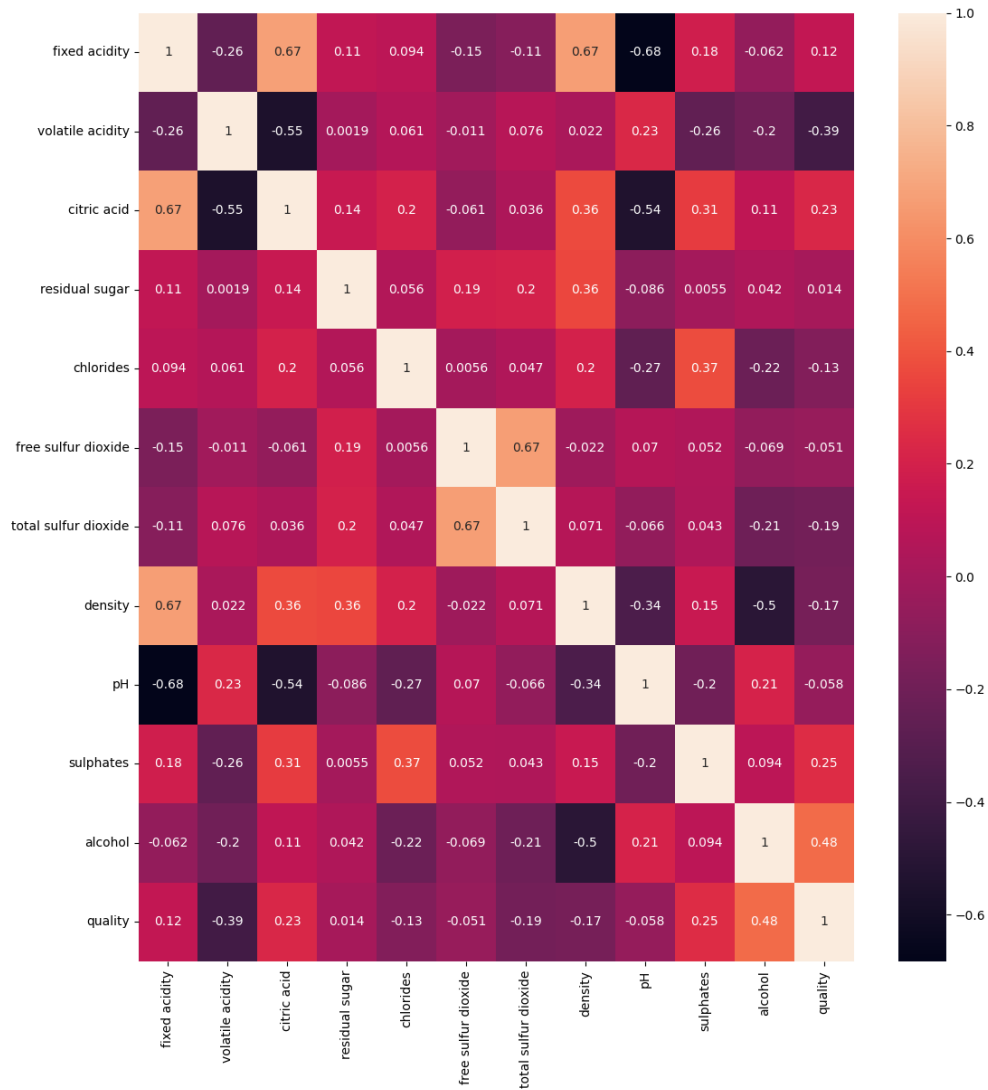
It is clear that there is an inbalance in quality of wines with majority of wines being either '5' or '6':

Figure 1: Plot showing inbalance in quality of wine



More importantly we checked correlation of parameters:

Figure 2: Plot showing correlation between parameters, bright squares are positive correleation, dark squares are negative correlation



Bright squares mean that the parameters have positive correlation to each other  
 Darker squares mean that the parameters have negative correlation to each other

We are most intrested in correleation of certain parameters to quality value  
Alcohol has by far the biggest positive impact on quality with coreleation value of 0.48 (where value of 1 means that those two parameters are equal to eachother), then we have sulphates and citric acid with roughly the same values (0.25 and 0.23 respectively)  
The worst impact on quality is done by volatile acidity (-0.39)

### 3.2 Methods comparison

For Linear regression we checked values of:

- Training Mean squared error - Difference between predicted and true values, the lower the better
- Training  $R^2$  - for given data, The higher the better
- Testing  $R^2$  - for new data, The higher the better

For Logistic regression we checked values of:

- Training Accuracy - how many instances we correctly classified, the higher the better
- Training F1 Score - for given data, The higher the better
- Testing F1 Score - for new data, The higher the better

For Linear regression we received values:

Training MSE: 0.4258083784387745

Training  $R^2$ : 0.3654519616206865

Testing  $R^2$ : 0.32838876395802263

For Logistic regression we received values:

Training Accuracy: 0.596559812353401

Training F1 Score: 0.5806169210603433

Testing F1 Score: 0.6166756344362352

We can see that Logistic regression outperforms linear regression, its test scores which is supposed to be as high as possible are twice as good as ones in linear regression