Chapter 1

Task 1 - Textual description of a database

1.1 Aim

Football manager database in order to be able to simulate football manager game.

It needs to reflect realistically status, description, attributes of entities connected with football in order to ensure better simulation.

1.2 Objects

We have chosen to make 6 entities

- Player Football players are the most important part of this database, they take part in matches on behalf of the club, and their skill is main determinant of the outcome of games.
- Club Represents football club entity build around the football team which incorporates staff, players. Football teams represent clubs in competitions and club handles their wages.
- Match Game governed within football regulations between two football teams.
- Manager Responsible for managing team, picking squad, organizing training, buying players, handling team conflicts, choosing and improving tactics.
- Competition Event where football teams play against each other in one or more matches in order to win prize.

• Stadium - Venue assigned to a club where matches and competitions consisting of those matches take place.

1.3 Requirements concerning data

Players and Manager skill is between 1 and 10
Positions are restricted to Goalkeeper, Defender, Midfield and Attacker
Reputations (for player, manager, club and match) are restricted between 1
and 5 (as in stars with 1 between each step)
Quality of facilities are restricted between 1 and 5
Competition should have at least one match
Weather restricted to Sunny, Rainy, Snowy,
Contract can be active or expired

1.4 Business Activities

Activities we would like to cover are, players exchanged between clubs, player signed to club, player released from club (end of contract for example) clubs taking part in matches, clubs hiring players and manager, clubs taking part in competition, players playing in matches manager exchanged between clubs, manager signed to club, manager released from club,

Competition organizing matches Stadium ticket price being raised by club Get Competition schedule from list of matches

Chapter 2

Task 2 - ERD - Entity Relationship Diagram

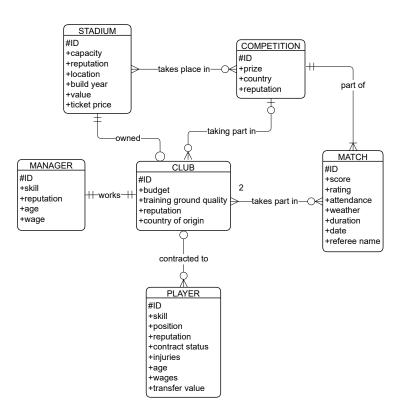


Figure 2.1: ERD

2.1 Description

2.1.1 Relationship description

 $Stadium \rightarrow Competion$ Stadium can belong to many Competitions.

 ${f Competion}
ightarrow {f Stadium}$ Competitions take part in specific Stadiums.

 $\textbf{Competion} \rightarrow \textbf{Match} \quad \text{Competition is composed of many Matches}.$

 $\mathbf{Match} \to \mathbf{Competion}$ Match takes part within specific Competition.

 $\textbf{Competion} \rightarrow \textbf{Club} \quad \text{Competition consists of many clubs}.$

 $Club \rightarrow Competion$ Club takes part if one or none Competition at a time.

 ${f Club}
ightarrow {f Stadium}$ Club has Stadium.

 $Stadium \rightarrow Club$ Stadium may belong to a Club.

 $\mathbf{Manager} \to \mathbf{Club}$ Manager works in one Club.

 $Club \rightarrow Manager$ Club employs one Manager.

 $Club \rightarrow Player$ Club may employ many Players.

 $\mathbf{Player} \to \mathbf{Club}$ Player may be contracted to a (one) Club.

 $\mathbf{Match} \to \mathbf{Club}$ Match is played between two Clubs.

 $Club \rightarrow Match$ Club may take part in many Matches.

2.1.2 Entities and attributes description

Stadium Stadium entity represents Stadium object from Objects Section

- capacity maximum number of fans that can attend Match
- reputation how popular it is
- location where is it located
- build year when it was build
- value how much is it worth
- ticket price price to enter a Stadium per person

Competition Competition entity represents Competition object from Objects Section

- prize Sum of money received by winning Club
- country Where the Competition is taking place
- reputation how popular it is

Manager Manager entity represents Manager object from Objects Section

- skill how good the Manager is at managing Club
- reputation how popular Manager is
- age how old the Manager is
- wage how much is the Manager paid monthly

Club Club entity represents Club object from Objects Section

- budget amount of money it can spend yearly
- training ground quality how good training grounds are
- reputation how popular it is
- country of origin where it was created

Match Match entity represents Match object from Objects Section

- score current Match score
- rating how enjoyable was the game
- attendance how many people came
- weather weather condition during the match
- duration duration of the game
- date when the game took place
- $\bullet\,$ referee name who refereed the game

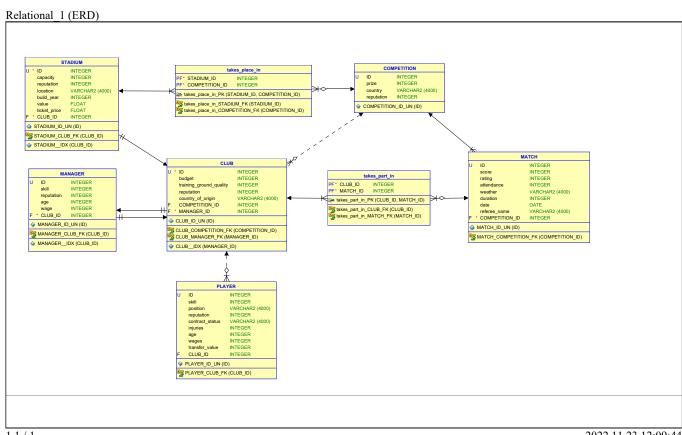
Player Player entity represents Player object from Objects Section

- skill how good the Player is
- position position the Player is the best at
- reputation how popular Player is
- contract status whether the Player has active contract with a Club or is it expired
- injuries days until healed (0 if no injuries present)
- $\bullet\,$ age how old the Player is
- wages how much the Player is paid monthly
- transfer value how much the Player is worth

Chapter 3

Task 3 - Relational schema

3.1 Relational schema



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3.2 Description

A relational diagram was generated using SQL developer. The most notable aspects of it are:

Entities descriptions How entities changed, from logical diagram: In every entity we now have keys to foreign entities with whom entity has relations. In case of many to many relations new entities containing information about keys of two connected entities were created

Relations descriptions How relations changed from logical diagram.

- Most of the relations remained visually the same aside from three, those are:
- STADIUM: COMPETITION-takes_place_in along with CLUB: MATCH-takes_part_in have been separated into a relational block based on the fact that those are $\rm N:M$ relations
- MANAGER: CLUB-works was disjoined into two relations due to the original relation being $1{:}1$ with identity