Temporal Logic

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Temporal Logic

Temporal Logic deals with statements true at certain times. Formulas are of form

 ϕ at n, where $n \in \mathbb{N}$, where ϕ is a logical formula

Extension of classical logic $(\top, \bot, \lor, \land, \Rightarrow, \neg)$ with additional logical connectives.

The Added Connectives

It is not necessary to use \mathbb{N} .

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X\phi at n\Leftrightarrow \phi at n+1 G\phi at n\Leftrightarrow \forall m\geq n: \phi at m \phi U\psi at n\Leftrightarrow (\psi \text{ at } n) or (\exists w: \psi \text{ at } w \text{ and } \forall n\leq n'< w: \phi \text{ at } n') All other connectives, for example F\phi ("At some point in the future \phi will be true") can be constructed from existing ones.
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Interpretation of temporal logic

```
: Formula → P
  ` P ] n = η P
  T ] n = T<sup>h</sup>
[\![ \bot \!] ] n = \bot^h
[P \land Q] n = [P] n \land h [Q] n
[ P V Q ] n = [ P ] n V<sup>h</sup> [ Q ] n
[P \Rightarrow Q] n = [P] n \Rightarrow^h [Q] n
[XP]n = [P](suc n)
[GP]n = \forall^h N ((\lambda m \rightarrow (n \leq^h m) \Rightarrow^h [P]m))
[PUQ]n = \exists^h N (\lambda n' \rightarrow (
                  (n \le h n') \land h ((\llbracket Q \rrbracket) n' \land h (\forall h N (\lambda m \to (
                                    ((n \le h m) \land h (m < h n')) \Rightarrow h [P] m
                           ))))
```

Natural deduction

Ordinary logic rules +

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{X-elim} \ \dfrac{\Delta \vdash X(\phi) \ \text{AT} \ n}{\Delta \vdash \phi \ \text{AT} \ n+1} \\ \\ \text{X-intro} \ \dfrac{\Delta \vdash \phi \ \text{AT} \ n+1}{\Delta \vdash X(\phi) \ \text{AT} \ n} \\ \\ \text{G-elim} \ \dfrac{n \leq m \qquad \Delta \vdash G(\phi) \ \text{AT} \ n}{\Delta \vdash \phi \ \text{AT} \ m} \\ \\ \text{G-intro} \ \dfrac{(m,n \leq m) \mapsto \Delta \vdash \phi \ \text{AT} \ m}{\Delta \vdash G(\phi) \ \text{AT} \ n} \\ \end{array}$$

Soundness

 $\mathsf{Soundness}: \ \Delta \vdash \delta \ \mathsf{AT} \ \ n \to \mathsf{proof}(\llbracket \Delta \rrbracket) \to \mathsf{proof}(\llbracket \delta \rrbracket \ \ n)$

Proving Tautologies

$$\vdash G(\phi \Rightarrow \psi) \Rightarrow (G(\phi) \Rightarrow G(\psi)) \text{ AT } n$$

$$\vdash X(\neg \phi) \Leftrightarrow \neg X(\phi) \text{ AT } n$$

$$\vdash X(\phi \Rightarrow \psi) \Rightarrow (X(\phi) \Rightarrow X(\psi)) \text{ AT } n$$

$$\vdash G(\phi) \Rightarrow \phi \land X(G(\phi)) \text{ AT } n$$

$$\vdash G(\phi \Rightarrow X(\phi)) \Rightarrow (\phi \Rightarrow G(\phi)) \text{ AT } n$$

Problems

$$[\phi \text{ at } n \ , \ \psi \text{ at } m] \vdash \vartheta \text{ AT } k$$

- Inference rules
- Mixing times
- Implementing the until operator *U*
- Proving the

$$\vdash G(\phi \Rightarrow X(\phi)) \Rightarrow (\phi \Rightarrow G(\phi)) \text{ AT } n$$

by splitting $n \le suc m$ on $n \le m$ and n = suc m

Future

Perhaps formalizing the operator U

Proving Axiom 6 using well-founded induction.