Numerical Linear Algebra Assignment 14

Exercise 1. (10 points)

Prove Proposition 2 of Lecture 14.

Exercise 2. (10 points)

Show that an orthonormal basis for the Krylov subspace

$$\mathcal{K}_{2k}\left(egin{bmatrix} \mathbf{I} & \mathbf{A} \ \mathbf{A}^* & \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}, egin{bmatrix} \mathbf{b} \ \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}
ight)$$

is given by

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_1 \\ \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{q}_1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_2 \\ \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{q}_2 \end{bmatrix}, \cdots, \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_k \\ \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{q}_k \end{bmatrix} \right\},$$

where $\{\mathbf{u}_i\}_{i=1}^k$ and $\{\mathbf{q}_i\}_{i=1}^k$ are the vectors generated by Golub–Kahan bidiagonalization for $[\mathbf{b} \ \mathbf{A}]$. (Here we assume all the vectors are well-defined.)

Compulsory requirement for programming: Use Matlab's publish to save all your code, comments, and results to a PDF file. You must use the programming format files: example_format.zip.

Programming 1. (10 points)

Write two matlab functions, [U,B,V]=hb(A) and [U,B,V]=gkb(A), to implement Householder bidiagonalization and Golub-Kahan bidiagonalization for the bidiagonal decomposition in Proposition 1 of Lecture 14. For simplicity, we only consider the case m=n. Test the 4×4 complex matrix $(i=\sqrt{-1})$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+1\mathrm{i} & -1\mathrm{i} & 0 & 1\mathrm{i} \\ 1 & 1+1\mathrm{i} & 1-1\mathrm{i} & 1+3\mathrm{i} \\ 0 & 1\mathrm{i} & -1\mathrm{i} & -1\mathrm{i} \\ 2\mathrm{i} & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Programming 2. (10 points)

Write matlab codes to implement the approach (i.e., via a sequence of Givens rotations) introduced in Lecture 14 for the least squares problem with bidiagonal structure. Design a numerical experiment to verify your codes.