# Numerical Linear Algebra Assignment 1

## Exercise 1. (10 points)

Prove the Cauchy-Schwarz inequality: For any given inner product  $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ ,

$$|\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle| \le \sqrt{\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x} \rangle} \sqrt{\langle \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y} \rangle}.$$

The equality holds if and only if  $\mathbf{x}$  and  $\mathbf{y}$  are linearly dependent.

## Exercise 2. (10 points)

Prove that

$$\langle \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B} \rangle = \sum_{i=1}^{m} \sum_{j=1}^{n} a_{ij} \overline{b_{ij}}, \quad \forall \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times n}$$

is an inner product on  $\mathbb{C}^{m\times n}$ . (The Frobenius norm on  $\mathbb{C}^{m\times n}$  is induced by this inner product.)

## Exercise 3. (10 points)

Let  $\|\cdot\|$  denote any vector norm on  $\mathbb{C}^m$  and  $\mathbf{W} \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times m}$  be nonsingular. Prove that  $\|\mathbf{x}\|_{\mathbf{W}} = \|\mathbf{W}\mathbf{x}\|$  is a vector norm on  $\mathbb{C}^m$ .

## Exercise 4. (10 points)

Let  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times n}$ ,  $\mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times r}$  and let  $\|\cdot\|_{\alpha}$ ,  $\|\cdot\|_{\beta}$ , and  $\|\cdot\|_{\gamma}$  be norms on  $\mathbb{C}^{m}$ ,  $\mathbb{C}^{n}$ , and  $\mathbb{C}^{r}$ , respectively. Prove the induced matrix norms  $\|\cdot\|_{\alpha,\gamma}$ ,  $\|\cdot\|_{\alpha,\beta}$ , and  $\|\cdot\|_{\beta,\gamma}$  satisfy  $\|\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}\|_{\alpha,\gamma} \leq \|\mathbf{A}\|_{\alpha,\beta}\|\mathbf{B}\|_{\beta,\gamma}$ .

## Exercise 5. (10 points)

Prove that  $\|\mathbf{A}\|_{\infty,1} = \max_{i,j} |a_{ij}|$ .

#### Exercise 6. (TreBau Exercise 3.4, 10 points)

Let **A** be an  $m \times n$  matrix and let **B** be a submatrix of **A**, that is, an  $s \times t$  matrix  $(s \le m, t \le n)$  obtained by selecting certain rows and columns of **A**.

- (a) Explain how  ${\bf B}$  can be obtained by multiplying  ${\bf A}$  by certain row and column "deletion matices" as in step 7 of Exercise 1.1.
- (b) Using this product, show that  $\|\mathbf{B}\|_p \leq \|\mathbf{A}\|_p$  for any p with  $1 \leq p \leq \infty$ .