

# Assignment #4: T-primes + 贪心

Updated 1814 GMT+8 Sep 30, 2025

2025 fall, Complied by 贺桢羽、心理与认知科学学院

## 说明:

### 1. 解题与记录:

对于每一个题目, 请提供其解题思路(可选), 并附上使用Python或C++编写的源代码(确保已在OpenJudge, Codeforces, LeetCode等平台上获得Accepted)。请将这些信息连同显示“Accepted”的截图一起填写到下方的作业模板中。(推荐使用Typora <https://typoraio.cn> 进行编辑, 当然你也可以选择Word。) 无论题目是否已通过, 请标明每个题目大致花费的时间。

2. 提交安排: \*\*提交时, 请首先上传PDF格式的文件, 并将.md或.doc格式的文件作为附件上传至右侧的“作业评论”区。确保你的Canvas账户有一个清晰可见的本人头像, 提交的文件为PDF格式, 并且“作业评论”区包含上传的.md或.doc附件。
3. 延迟提交: 如果你预计无法在截止日期前提交作业, 请提前告知具体原因。这有助于我们了解情况并可能为你提供适当的延期或其他帮助。

请按照上述指导认真准备和提交作业, 以保证顺利完成课程要求。

## 1. 题目

### 34B. Sale

greedy, sorting, 900, <https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/34/B>

思路: 思路简单。5分钟。

#### 代码

```
#34B
li=list(map(int,input().split()))
n=li[0]
m=li[1]
ans=0
ansli=[]
li1=list(map(int,input().split()))
for i in li1:
    if i < 0:
        ansli.append(i)
ansli.sort()
if len(ansli)>=m:
    for x in range(m):
        ans+=-ansli[x]
```

```
else:  
    ans+=-sum(ansli)  
print(ans)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

By hzy499, contest: Codeforces Beta Round 34 (Div. 2), problem: (B) Sale, Accepted, #, Copy

```
#34B  
li=list(map(int,input().split()))  
n=li[0]  
m=li[1]  
ans=0  
ansli=[]  
l1=list(map(int,input().split()))  
for i in l1:  
    if i < 0:  
        ansli.append(i)  
ansli.sort()  
if len(ansli)>m:  
    for x in range(m):  
        ans+=-ansli[x]  
else:  
    ans+=-sum(ansli)  
print(ans)
```

## 160A. Twins

greedy, sortings, 900, <https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/160/A>

思路：5分钟。

代码

```
#160A  
n=int(input())  
li=list(map(int,input().split()))  
li.sort(reverse=True)  
s=sum(li)  
asum=0  
ans=0  
for i in range(n):  
    asum+=li[i]  
    if asum>s-asum:  
        print(i+1)  
        break  
    else:  
        continue
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

By hzy499, contest: Codeforces Round 111 (Div. 2), problem: (A) Twins, Accepted, #, Copy

```
#160A
n=int(input())
li=list(map(int,input().split()))
li.sort(reverse=True)
s=sum(li)
asum=0
ans=0
for i in range(n):
    asum+=li[i]
    if asum>=s-asum:
        print(i+1)
        break
    else:
        continue
```

## 1879B. Chips on the Board

constructive algorithms, greedy, 900, <https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/1879/B>

思路：数学思路。10分钟

代码

```
#1879B
a=int(input())
for _ in range(a):
    n=int(input())
    ans=0
    x=list(map(int,input().split()))
    y=list(map(int,input().split()))
    ans1=sum(x)+min(y)*n
    ans2=sum(y)+min(x)*n
    if ans1<=ans2:
        print(ans1)
    else:
        print(ans2)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

By hzy499, contest: Educational Codeforces Round 155 (Rated for Div. 2), problem: (B) Chips on the Board, Accepted, #, Copy

```
#1879B
a=int(input())
for _ in range(a):
    n=int(input())
    ans=0
    x=list(map(int,input().split()))
    y=list(map(int,input().split()))
    ans1=sum(x)+min(y)*n
    ans2=sum(y)+min(x)*n
    if ans1<=ans2:
        print(ans1)
    else:
        print(ans2)
```

## M01017: 装箱问题

greedy, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/pctbook/M01017/>

思路：哎，又做复杂了。。这个很像taxi，但是感觉要难很多。提交了很多次，一直WA，不断debug才改对。看题解用列表解决else if较多的问题真的十分巧妙，感觉自己很笨。40分钟

代码

```
#M01017
while 1:
    li=list(map(int,input().split()))
    if li!=[0,0,0,0,0,0]:
        ans=0
        ans+=li[5]
        if li[4]>=li[0]/11:
            ans+=li[4]
            li[0]=0
        else:
            ans+=li[4]
            li[0]=li[0]-li[4]*11
        if li[3]>=li[1]/5:
            ans+=li[3]
            rest=li[3]*20-li[1]*4
            li[1]=0
            if li[0]>0:
                if rest>=li[0]:
                    li[0]=0
                else:
                    li[0]=li[0]-rest
            li[3]=0
        else:
            ans+=li[3]
            li[1]=li[1]-li[3]*5
            li[3]=0
        if li[2]%4==0:
            ans+=li[2]/4
            li[2]=0
        elif li[2]%4==1:
            ans+=int(li[2]/4)+1
            li[2]=0
            if li[1]<5:
                if li[0]>=27-4*li[1]:
                    li[0]=li[0]-(27-4*li[1])
                else:
                    li[0]=0
            li[1]=0
        else:
            li[1]=li[1]-5
            if li[0]>=7:
                li[0]=li[0]-7
            else:
                li[0]=0
    elif li[2]%4==2:
```

```

ans+=int(li[2]/4)+1
li[2]=0
if li[1] < 3:
    if li[0] >= 18 - 4 * li[1]:
        li[0] = li[0]-(18 - 4 * li[1])
    else:
        li[0] = 0
    li[1] = 0
else:
    li[1] = li[1] - 3
    if li[0] >= 6:
        li[0] = li[0] - 6
    else:
        li[0] = 0
elif li[2] % 4 == 3:
    ans += int(li[2] / 4)+1
    li[2]=0
    if li[1] < 1:
        if li[0] >= 9 - 4 * li[1]:
            li[0] = li[0]-(9 - 4 * li[1])
        else:
            li[0] = 0
        li[1] = 0
    else:
        li[1] = li[1] - 1
        if li[0] >= 5:
            li[0] = li[0] - 5
        else:
            li[0] = 0
    if li[1]==0:
        if li[0]%36==0:
            ans+=li[0]/36
        else:
            ans+=int(li[0]/36)+1
    else:
        if li[1]%9==0:
            ans+=li[1]/9
            li[1]=0
        if li[0]%36==0:
            ans+=li[0]/36
        else:
            ans+=int(li[0]/36)+1
    else:
        ans+=int(li[1]/9)+1
        rest=36-(li[1]%9)*4
        if li[0]<=rest:
            ans=ans
        else:
            li[0]=li[0]-rest
            if li[0] % 36 == 0:
                ans += li[0] / 36
            else:
                ans +=int(li[0]/36)+1
print(int(ans))
else:
    break

```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

#50209400提交状态

查看 提交 统计 提问

状态: Accepted

基本信息

#: 50209400  
题目: M01017  
提交人: kuku  
内存: 3836kB  
时间: 36ms  
语言: Python3  
提交时间: 2025-10-02 13:14:53

源代码

```
#M01017
while 1:
    li=list(map(int,input().split()))
    if li!=[0,0,0,0,0]:
        ans=0
        ans+=li[5]
        if li[4]>=li[0]/11:
            ans+=li[4]
            li[0]=0
        else:
            ans+=li[4]
            li[0]=li[0]-li[4]*11
        if li[3]>=li[1]/5:
            ans+=li[3]
            rest=li[3]*20-li[1]*4
            li[1]=0
            if li[0]>0:
                if rest>=li[0]:
                    li[0]=0
                else:
                    li[0]=li[0]-rest
            li[3]=0
        else:
            ans+=li[3]
            li[1]=li[1]-li[3]*5
            li[3]=0
        if li[2]%4==0:
            ans+=li[2]/4
            li[2]=0
        elif li[2]%4==1:
            ans+=int(li[2]/4)+1
            li[2]=0
        if li[1]<5:
```

## M01008: Maya Calendar

implementation, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/01008/>

思路:

主要有两个问题: 1.未考虑边缘情况2.忘记第一行要输出n了。。 (30分钟)

代码

```
#01008
n=int(input())
dic_Haab=
{"pop":0,"no":1,"zip":2,"zotz":3,"tzec":4,"xul":5,"yoxkin":6,"mol":7,"chen":8,"ya":9,"zac":10,"ceh":11,"mac":12
,"kankin":13,"muan":14,"pax":15,"koyab":16,"cumhu":17,"uayet":18}
li=
["imix","ik","akbal","kan","chicchan","cimi","manik","lamat","muluk","ok","chuen"
,"eb","ben","ix","mem","cib",
"caban","eznab","canac","ahau"]
ans=[]
for i in range(n):
    date=input().split()
    day=int(date[0].replace(".", ""))
```

```

month=date[1]
year=int(date[2])
number=day+20*dic_Haab[month]+year*365
year_=number//260
days=number-year_*260
dayfirst=days%13+1
daysecond=li[days%20]
ans.append(f"\n{dayfirst} {daysecond} {year_}")
print(n)
print("\n".join(ans))

```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

#50212570提交状态

查看 提交 统计 提问

状态: Accepted

基本信息

#:	50212570
题目:	01008
提交人:	kuku
内存:	3704kB
时间:	23ms
语言:	Python3
提交时间:	2025-10-02 19:36:10

源代码

```

#01008
n=int(input())
dic_Haab={"pop":0,"no":1,"zip":2,"zotz":3,"tzec":4,"xul":5,"yoxkin":6,"mol":7,
          "kankin":8,"muan":9,"pax":10,"koyab":11,"cumhu":12,"uayet":13}
li=["imix","ik","akbal","kan","chicchan","cimi","manik","lamat","muluk","ok","chuen",
     "caban","eznab","canac","ahau"]
ans=[]
for i in range(n):
    date=input().split()
    day=int(date[0].replace(".",""))
    month=date[1]
    year=int(date[2])
    number=day+20*dic_Haab[month]+year*365
    year_=number//260
    days=number-year_*260
    dayfirst=days%13+1
    daysecond=li[days%20]
    ans.append(f"\n{dayfirst} {daysecond} {year_}")
print(n)
print("\n".join(ans))

```

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## 230B. T-primes (选做)

binary search, implementation, math, number theory, 1300, <http://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/230/B>

思路: 先找出1-10\*\*6的所有质数, 判断题目数据是否等于这些质数的平方

代码

```

#230B
n=int(input())
li=list(map(int,input().split()))
is_prime = [True] * (1000000+1)
is_prime[1]= False
primes = []
for i in range(2, 1000000 + 1):
    if is_prime[i]:
        primes.append(i)

```

```

for p in primes:
    if i * p > 1000000:
        break
    is_prime[i * p] = False
    if i % p == 0:
        break
for q in li:
    root=int(q**0.5)
    if root*root==q and is_prime[root]:
        print("YES")
    else:
        print("NO")

```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

By hzy499, contest: Codeforces Round 142 (Div. 2), problem: (B) T-primes, Accepted, #, Copy

```

#230B
n=int(input())
li=list(map(int,input().split()))
is_prime = [True] * (1000000+1)
is_prime[1]= False
primes = []
for i in range(2, 1000000 + 1):
    if is_prime[i]:
        primes.append(i)
    for p in primes:
        if i * p > 1000000:
            break
        is_prime[i * p] = False
        if i % p == 0:
            break
for q in li:
    root=int(q**0.5)
    if root*root==q and is_prime[root]:
        print("YES")
    else:
        print("NO")

```

## 2. 学习总结和收获

如果作业题目简单，有否额外练习题目，比如：OJ“计概2025fall每日选做”、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网站题目。

这次的题目感觉做着很吃力，前前后后也做了一整天的时间，不知道月考会变成什么惨样。但是对于零基础，收获还是很多。逐渐开始接触贪心算法，有了更多的了解。代码优化这一块也是在这次作业里面的一次巨大收获，比如知道了用列表加循环可以巧妙避免很多的else-if。玛雅日历这道题，最开始一直不能AC，原来是忽略了边界情况，感觉做了很多这种有坑的题目了，下次一定要注意。通过T-primes这个题目，系统学习了埃氏筛和欧拉筛，替代了我以前做哥德巴赫猜想的判断质数方法，受益匪浅！