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What is a Release?

Releases are semantically-versioned iterations of your Tinybird project (including Data Sources, Pipes, API Endpoints). A Release marks a specific point in your projects history that is tied to a Git commit - just like creating a git tag allows you to create a tagged release on a provider like GitHub.

For a full explanation of how semantic versioning works in a Tinybird Workspace, read the SemVer deployment behavior docs.

What should I use Releases for?

Use Releases to control the release lifecycle of your changes. This includes:

- Releasing previews to share and validate your changes.
- · Promoting validated changes into production.
- Rolling back to a previous version.

Releases should be used when development is nearing completion, and you are ready to begin validating and preparing for production. Releases should not be used for active development, instead, use Branches.

Limits and prerequisites

Releases can be created, deleted, promoted, and rolled back. You can have a maximum of 1 **Preview, 1 Live, and 3 Rollback** Releases at any time.

Your Workspace must be connected to your remote Git provider (for example, GitHub) - see Connecting your Workspace.

Data in Releases

All Releases share production data. The Preview and Rollback Releases reference the production data of your Live Release.



This means that any data operation (such as deletes, truncates, inserts, etc.) performed in any Release, will affect all other Releases as well.

Data in Releases behaves differently than data in Branches, which allow you to work on segregated data that does not impact production. Read more about Branches.

Creating Releases

Releases can only be created via a Pull Request from your Git provider.

To create a new Release, push your local Git branch to your Git provider and open a new PR. The automated CI/CD actions will sync the branch to Tinybird, and create a preview Release in Tinybird once the PR is merged.

The structure of the version number is critical as it dictates the behavior of the Release deployment. For more information, see the SemVer deployment behavior docs

Deleting Releases

There are two ways to delete a Release: via the Tinybird UI or as a Pull Request from your Git provider.

Deleting a Release with the Tinybird UI

To delete a Release with the Tinybird UI, click the Release dropdown in the top bar, and click on the Release tab. Find your Release in the list, and click the trash button to the right.

Deleting a Release from a Pull Request

When a PR is raised, the Release will be created in Tinybird. When the PR is closed, the Release will be deleted from Tinybird.

Promoting Releases

This can be done via the Tinybird UI or via the CLI, as well as via Tinybird's default GitHub Actions.

Promote a Release with the Tinybird UI

To promote a Release using the UI, navigate to the Release tab in the Tinybird UI. Find the Release you want to promote, and click the ... actions button, then click Promote. You will be

prompted to review the Releases in scope (Live Release vs. Preview Release). Confirm the promotion with the Promote x.x.x button

Promote a Release with the Tinybird CLI

To promote a Release using the CLI, run to release promote ——semver <Release SemVer, e.g. 1.0.0>.

Rolling back Releases

This can be done via the Tinybird UI or via the CLI, as well as via Tinybird's default GitHub Actions.

Rolling back a Release with the UI

To roll back a Release using the UI, navigate to the Release tab in the Tinybird UI. Find the Release you want to roll back, and click the ... actions button, then click Rollback. You will be prompted to review the Releases in scope (current Release vs. rollback Release). Confirm the rollback with the Rollback to x.x.x button.

Rolling back a Release with the CLI

To roll back a Release using the CLI, run to release rollback. The output will show metadata of current Live Release, and the Rollback Release that will be promoted in its place.

Confirm the rollback by pressing y.

Rolling back a Release with GitHub Actions

Tinybird provides you with a set of .yml actions that are configurable if required (though this shouldn't be necessary for many use cases). In the GitHub UI, select the rollback job:

Go to your GitHub repository, and click on the Actions tab. Find the Releases Workflow, click on the Run workflow button. In the Select a job to run manually option, type rollback and then click the Run workflow button.

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