## TASK-2

# **Blockchain Platform Comparison:**

| Aspect                          | Polygon (PoS Chain)                              | Hyperledger<br>Fabric                            | R3 Corda   |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Туре                            | Public   | Private  | Consortium   |
| Consensus<br>Mechanism          | PoS + Heimdall<br>(Checkpointing on<br>Ethereum) | Pluggable (e.g.,<br>Solo, Raft,<br>Kafka)        | Notary-based validation (single or clustered)          |
| Permission<br>Model             | Open   | Permissioned                                     | Permissioned   |
| Speed /<br>Throughput           | ~7,000 TPS (on PoS chain)                        | ~1,000–3,000<br>TPS<br>(config-depende<br>nt)    | ~170–200 TPS<br>(scenario-based)                       |
| Smart<br>Contract               | Yes (Solidity,<br>EVM-compatible)                | Yes (Chaincode:<br>Go, Java,<br>Node.js)         | Yes (JVM-based –<br>Kotlin, Java)                      |
| Token<br>Support                | Native (MATIC)                                   | No native token                                  | No native token  |
| Typical Use<br>Case             | Scalable dApps, DeFi, NFT marketplaces           | Enterprise data exchange, supply chain, auditing | Interbank<br>financial systems,<br>trade finance       |
| Notable<br>Technical<br>Feature | Ethereum-compatible scaling, low fees            | Channel-based privacy, modular pluggable setup   | Point-to-point<br>architecture, legal<br>contract ties |

# **Technical Comparison:**

### Polygon (Public)

- High scalability with ~7,000 TPS on the PoS chain.
- Consensus: PoS validators with checkpointing to Ethereum via Heimdall.

- Smart Contracts: Full support via Solidity, EVM-compatible.
- Open network: Anyone can join, fully decentralized.
- Low fees and fast confirmation times, ideal for public dApps.
- Token support: Native token MATIC powers fees, staking, and governance.
- Use cases: DeFi platforms, NFT marketplaces, games, DAO tools.

#### Hyperledger Fabric (Private)

- Pluggable consensus model allows flexibility (Raft, Kafka, etc.).
- Permissioned network: Only verified members participate.
- Smart Contracts: Called Chaincode, written in Go, Java, Node.js.
- High privacy through channels and private data collections.
- No native token, ideal for token-free enterprise applications.
- Modular architecture enables component-based customization.
- Use cases: Supply chain tracking, enterprise data exchange, audits.

#### R3 Corda (Consortium)

- Notary-based consensus avoids global broadcast, improves efficiency.
- Permissioned network: Consortium participants with identity verification.
- Smart Contracts: In Java/Kotlin, designed for legal enforcement.
- Peer-to-peer data exchange (only relevant parties receive data).
- No native token, focus on asset registries, identity, contracts.
- Strong integration with legal frameworks and compliance tools.
- Use cases: Interbank settlements, trade finance, insurance claims.

## **Platform Recommendations & Justification:**

#### 1. For a Decentralized App → Polygon

- Why: High TPS, low gas fees, EVM compatibility, public validator set, open access.
- Best for: DeFi, gaming dApps, DAO platforms.

# 2. For a Supply Chain Network Among Known Partners → Hyperledger Fabric

- Why: Private, permissioned control, fine-grained data sharing via channels, enterprise-oriented, high throughput.
- Best for: Supply chain tracking, provenance, compliance in logistics.

#### 3. For an Interbank Financial Application → R3 Corda

- Why: Point-to-point data sharing, smart contracts tied to legal prose, privacy-centric, built specifically for finance consortia.
- Best for: Cross-border settlements, syndicated lending, compliance-heavy financial apps.