



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

Experiment-5

Name: Kuldeep

UID: 22BET10168

Branch: BE-IT

Section/Group: 22BET_IOT-702/A

Semester: 6th

Date of Performance: 19/02/25

Subject Name: Project Based Learning in Java **Subject Code:** 22ITP-351

Problem-1

1. Aim:

Write a Java program to calculate the sum of a list of integers using autoboxing and unboxing. Include methods to parse strings into their respective wrapper classes (e.g., Integer.parseInt()).

2. Objective:

The objective of this problem is to demonstrate the concepts of autoboxing and unboxing in Java while working with a list of integers. The program should:

1. Parse Strings to Integer Objects
2. Utilize Autoboxing and Unboxing

3. Code:

```
import java.util.*;

public class AutoboxingUnboxingExample {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        List<String> stringNumbers = Arrays.asList("10", "20", "30", "40", "50");

        List<Integer> intList = parseStringsToIntegers(stringNumbers);

        int sum = calculateSum(intList);

        System.out.println("Sum of numbers: " + sum);

    }

    public static List<Integer> parseStringsToIntegers(List<String> stringList) {
```



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

```
List<Integer> intList = new ArrayList<>();

for (String str : stringList) {

    intList.add(Integer.parseInt(str));

}

return intList;

}

public static int calculateSum(List<Integer> numbers) {

    int sum = 0;

    for (Integer num : numbers) {

        sum += num;

    }

    return sum;

}

}
```

4. Output:

A screenshot of a program's output window. It is a white rectangular box with a thin black border and a subtle drop shadow. The text 'Sum of numbers: 150' is displayed in a black, monospaced font at the top left of the window.

Sum of numbers: 150



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

Problem-2

1. Aim:

Create a Java program to serialize and deserialize a Student object.

2. Objective:

The objective of this program is to demonstrate serialization and deserialization in Java using the Serializable interface. The program should:

1. Create a Student class that implements Serializable, allowing its objects to be saved and restored.
2. Serialize a Student object by writing it to a file using ObjectOutputStream.

3. Code:

```
import java.io.*;

class Student implements Serializable {

    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;

    private String name;

    private int age;

    private String course;

    public Student(String name, int age, String course) {

        this.name = name;

        this.age = age;

        this.course = course;

    }

    public void display() {

        System.out.println("Name: " + name);

        System.out.println("Age: " + age);

        System.out.println("Course: " + course);

    }

}
```



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

```
}
```

```
public class StudentSerialization {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        String filename = "student.ser";  
  
        Student student = new Student("Anora", 21, "Computer Science");  
  
        try (ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(new FileOutputStream(filename))) {  
  
            oos.writeObject(student);  
  
            System.out.println("Student object serialized successfully.");  
  
        } catch (IOException e) {  
  
            e.printStackTrace();  
  
        }  
  
        try (ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(filename))) {  
  
            Student deserializedStudent = (Student) ois.readObject();  
  
            System.out.println("\nDeserialized Student object:");  
  
            deserializedStudent.display();  
  
        } catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {  
  
            e.printStackTrace();  
  
        }  
  
    }  
  
}
```



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

4. Output:

```
Student object serialized successfully.
```

```
Deserialized Student object:
```

```
Name: Anora
```

```
Age: 21
```

```
Course: Computer Science
```

Problem-3

1.Aim: Create a menu-based Java application with the following options. 1.Add an Employee 2. Display All 3. Exit If option 1 is selected, the application should gather details of the employee like employee name, employee id, designation and salary and store it in a file. If option 2 is selected, the application should display all the employee details. If option 3 is selected the application should exit.

2.Objective:

The objective of this program is to develop a menu-driven Java application that performs the following tasks:

1. Add an Employee – Collect employee details (name, ID, designation, salary) and store them in a file using serialization.
2. Display All Employees – Read the stored employee details from the file and display them.
3. Exit – Terminate the application when the user selects the exit option.

3.Code:

```
import java.io.*;

import java.util.ArrayList;

import java.util.List;

import java.util.Scanner;

class Employee implements Serializable {

    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;

    private int empId;

    private String name;

    private String designation;

    private double salary;

    public Employee(int empId, String name, String designation, double salary) {

        this.empId = empId;

        this.name = name;

        this.designation = designation;
```



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

```
        this.salary = salary;

    }

    @Override

    public String toString() {

        return "Employee ID: " + empId + "\nName: " + name + "\nDesignation: " + designation +
            "\nSalary: " + salary + "\n";

    }

}
```

```
public class EmployeeManagement {

    private static final String FILE_NAME = "employees.ser";

    public static void addEmployee() {

        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter Employee ID: ");

        int empId = scanner.nextInt();

        scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline

        System.out.print("Enter Employee Name: ");

        String name = scanner.nextLine();

        System.out.print("Enter Designation: ");

        String designation = scanner.nextLine();

        System.out.print("Enter Salary: ");

        double salary = scanner.nextDouble();

        Employee emp = new Employee(empId, name, designation, salary);

        List<Employee> employees = readEmployees(); // Read existing employees

        employees.add(emp); // Add new employee

    }

}
```



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

```
try (ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(new
    FileOutputStream(FILE_NAME))) {

    oos.writeObject(employees);

    System.out.println("Employee added successfully!\n");

} catch (IOException e) {

    System.out.println("Error saving employee data.");

    e.printStackTrace();

}

}

public static void displayEmployees() {

    List<Employee> employees = readEmployees();

    if (employees.isEmpty()) {

        System.out.println("No employees found.\n");

    } else {

        System.out.println("\nEmployee Details:");

        for (Employee emp : employees) {

            System.out.println(emp);

        }

    }

}

private static List<Employee> readEmployees() {

    List<Employee> employees = new ArrayList<>();

    File file = new File(FILE_NAME);

    if (file.exists()) {

        try (ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new
            FileInputStream(FILE_NAME))) {
```




DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

```
        employees = (List<Employee>) ois.readObject();

    } catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {

        System.out.println("Error reading employee data.");

    }

}

return employees;

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

    while (true) {

        System.out.println("Menu:");

        System.out.println("1. Add Employee");

        System.out.println("2. Display All Employees");

        System.out.println("3. Exit");

        System.out.print("Choose an option: ");

        int choice = scanner.nextInt();

        switch (choice) {

            case 1:

                addEmployee();

                break;

            case 2:

                displayEmployees();

                break;

            case 3:

                System.out.println("Exiting the program.");
```



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

```
        scanner.close();

        System.exit(0);

        break;

    default:

        System.out.println("Invalid choice! Please try again.");

    }

}

}

}
```

4. Output:

```
Menu:
1. Add Employee
2. Display All Employees
3. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Employee ID: 19
Enter Employee Name: Ani
Enter Designation: General Manager
Enter Salary: 130000
Employee added successfully!

Menu:
1. Add Employee
2. Display All Employees
3. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Employee ID: 14
Enter Employee Name: Igor
Enter Designation: Senior Executive
Enter Salary: 450000
Employee added successfully!

Menu:
1. Add Employee
2. Display All Employees
3. Exit
Choose an option: 2

Employee Details:
Employee ID: 19
Name: Ani
Designation: General Manager
Salary: 130000.0

Employee ID: 14
Name: Igor
Designation: Senior Executive
```