

Photoelectric Effect

Apparatus Available :

- Photoelectric equipments, fibers

Aim :

- Determination of Planck's constant
- Determination of work function

Formulae Used :

$$W = h\nu_0$$

W : work function

ν_0 : frequency, h : Planck's const.

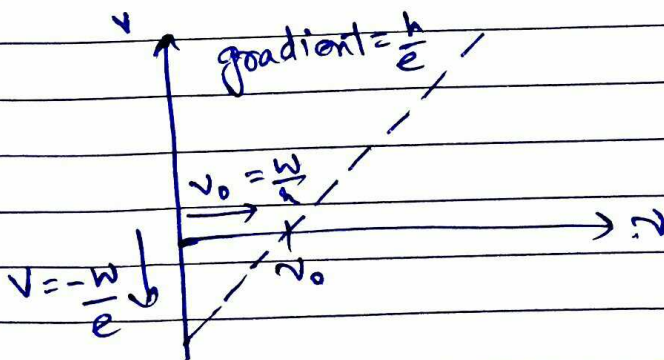
Einstein's Equation

$$h\nu = KE + W$$

V_s : Stopping potential

$$h\nu = eV_s + W$$

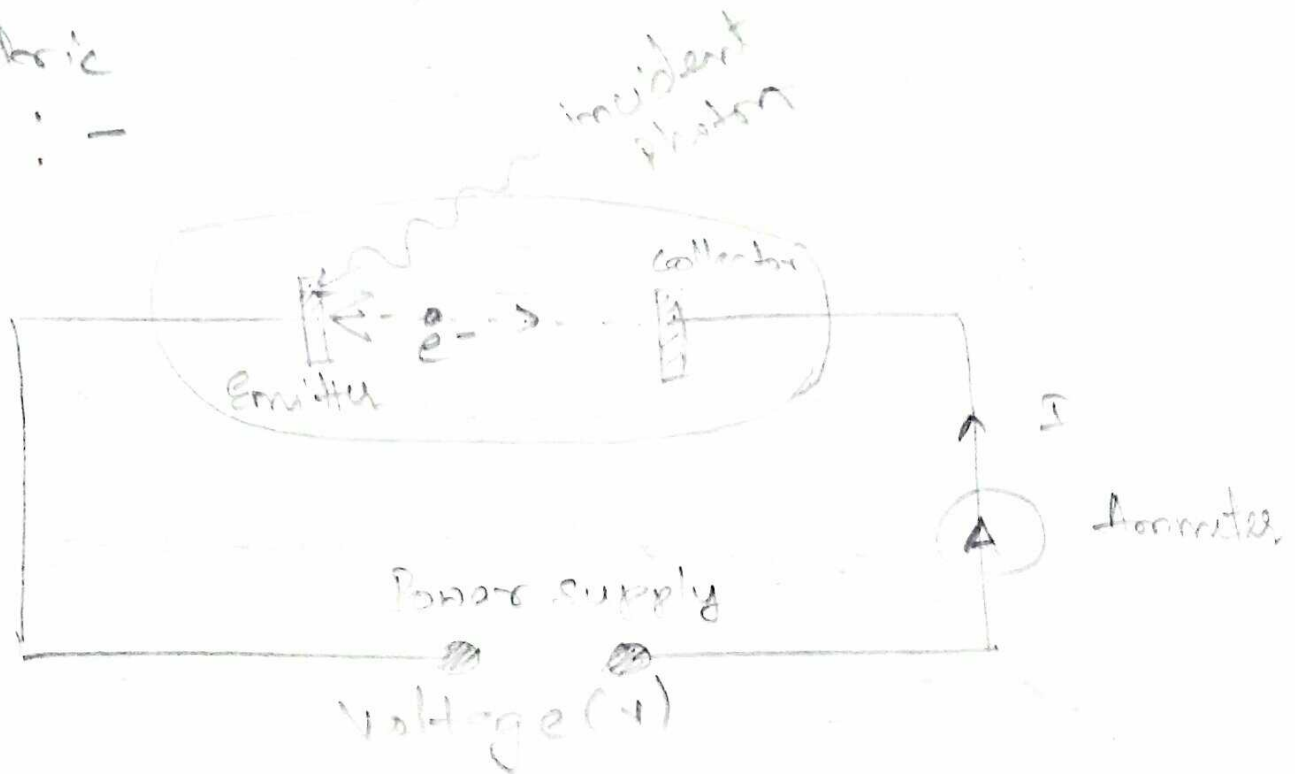
$$V_s = \frac{h\nu}{e} - \frac{W}{e}$$



Expt. No.....

Page No.....

Photoelectric
Effect :-



Expt. No.....

Page No.....

Observation :

No	Incident Photon wavelength (nm)	Incident Photon frequency (Hz)	Stopping Voltage (V)
1	635	4.72×10^{14}	- 0.38
2	570	5.26×10^{14}	- 0.55
3	540	5.55×10^{14}	- 0.69
4	500	6.0×10^{14}	- 0.90
5	460	6.5×10^{14}	- 1.06

Results :

Work function of given metal = 1.48 eV (units)
 Planck's constant = $6.7 \times 10^{-34} \text{ JS (units)}$

~~905
10~~

~~Himan
10/10/19
19BCE2074~~

Calculations:

$$\text{gradient} = \frac{h}{e} = \frac{0.75}{1.75 \times 10^{14}}$$

$$h = \frac{0.75}{1.75 \times 10^{14}} \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$$

$$h = 6.7 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}$$

$$V_s = -\frac{W}{e} \Rightarrow W = -V_s e$$

$$= -(-1.48) = 1.48$$

Scale

y-axis

$$\text{unit} = 0.1 \text{ eV}$$

x-axis

$$\text{unit} = 0.1 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$$

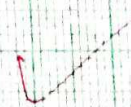
1.5
1.0
0.5
0.0

0.5
0.4
0.3
0.2
0.1
0.0

0.5
0.4
0.3
0.2
0.1
0.0
-0.1
-0.2
-0.3
-0.4
-0.5
-0.6
-0.7
-0.8
-0.9
-1.0
-1.5
-2.0

2 3 4 5 6 7

Frequency
(10^{14} Hz)



1.5
2.0