

## Buy and sell stock - III

prices = { 3 3 5 0 0 3 1 4 }

We can do max<sup>m</sup>  
2 transaction

It is a extension of buy and sell stock - II

- We are bound to have 2 transaction.

$f(i, \text{buy}, \text{cap})$

if  $(i \geq n)$  return 0;

if  $(\text{cap} \leq 0)$  return 0;

if (buy) return  $\max \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\text{Price}[i] + f(i+1, 0, \text{cap}) + \\ 0 + f(i+1, 1, \text{cap}) \end{array} \right\};$

else  
return  $\max \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Price}[i] + f(i+1, 1, \text{cap}-1) , \\ 0 + f(i+1, 0, \text{cap}) \end{array} \right\};$

Base Case for Tabulation:

cap = 20 for every i, buy

for (i = 0, i < n; i++)

for (buy = 0 → 1)

dp[i][buy][0] = 0;

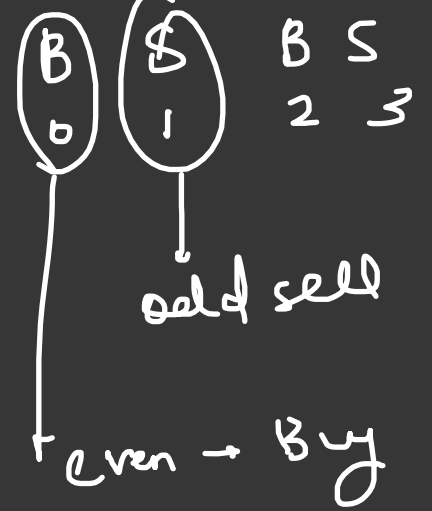
for (buy = 0 → 1)

for (cap = 0 → 2)

dp[n][buy][cap] = 0,

4. Variation in solution:

Transaction =



f(ind, Transaction)

if (i == n || Trans == 4) return 0;

if (Trans % 2 == 0) // buy

else (~~Trans % 2 == 1~~ // sell)

