



Java Output / Print

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Print Text

You learned from the previous chapter that you can use the `println()` method to output values or print text in Java:

Example

```
System.out.println("Hello World!");
```

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You can add as many `println()` methods as you want. Note that it will add a new line for each method:

Example

```
System.out.println("Hello World!");  
System.out.println("I am learning Java.");  
System.out.println("It is awesome!");
```

☐ Dark mode



Double Quotes

When you are working with text, it must be wrapped inside double quotations marks `""`.

If you forget the double quotes, an error occurs:

Example

```
System.out.println("This sentence will work!");
```

```
System.out.println(This sentence will produce an error);
```

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The Print() Method

There is also a `print()` method, which is similar to `println()`.

The only difference is that it does not insert a new line at the end of the output:

Example

```
System.out.print("Hello World! ");  
System.out.print("I will print on the same line.");
```

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Note that we add an extra space (after "Hello World!" in the example above), for better readability.

In this tutorial, we will only use `println()` as it makes it easier to read the output of code.

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