

Today's Agenda :-

- 1) How to approach Schema Design.
 - 2) MVC architecture
 - 3) Design Tic Tac Toe

How to approach Schema Design:-

in sql b/w two tables cardinalities

1 : 1 : → id of 1 side on the other side

$L : m$
OR
 $m : 1$: \rightarrow id of L side on the m side

$M : M \rightarrow \text{Mapping Table}$

1 1 left \rightarrow right
User Aadhar : $\rightarrow 1 : 1$ 1
1 1 $l \leftarrow r$

<u>users</u>				
	id	Name	email	aadhaar_id
1	Umang	—		205

aadhar	id	name	bm..	user-id
205	—	—	—	(1)

1
m

1 current 1 In this scenario should be clarified by cross questions.. bcoz it can be M:M also

Batch C. Instructor \rightarrow M : 1 M : 1

m 1 B I

batches

id	Name	instru_id
1	Af24	2

instructors

id	Name	email
2	Umaang	uma...

list < batches >

~~list~~ $\{ 2, 1, 5 \}$

we can not put b_id in this table bcoz one instructor can take multiple batches.. and it will be a list

Storing non primitive data values in SQL
columns \Rightarrow Not optimal

For these type of tables we generally need joins

1 M
Movie Actor : \rightarrow M : M

we can not put movie_id or actors_id in these tables again that will be a list

movies

id	Name
1	Sikander
2	KKKKJ

actors

id	Name
2	Salman
3	-
4	-

so need another table to map these type of data $\text{PK} = (m_id, n_id)$

movies_actors ✓

movie_id	actor_id
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	52
2	2
2	4

For each entity, you'll end up creating a table in the db.

1) Req Gathering → Identify the entities

- 2) Class Diagram
- 3) Schema Design

1) For each class in the class diagram, create a table .

Movie

Actor

movies

actors

2) For each primitive attr, create a column in the table as it is

3) For each non primitive attr, find the Cardinality & use the appropriate rule .

object / data type

Class Movie {

id ✓

name ✓

title ✓

list < Actor >

list < String >

Class Actor {

id

Name

1:1 →

1:m|m:1 →

movies-actors



actors

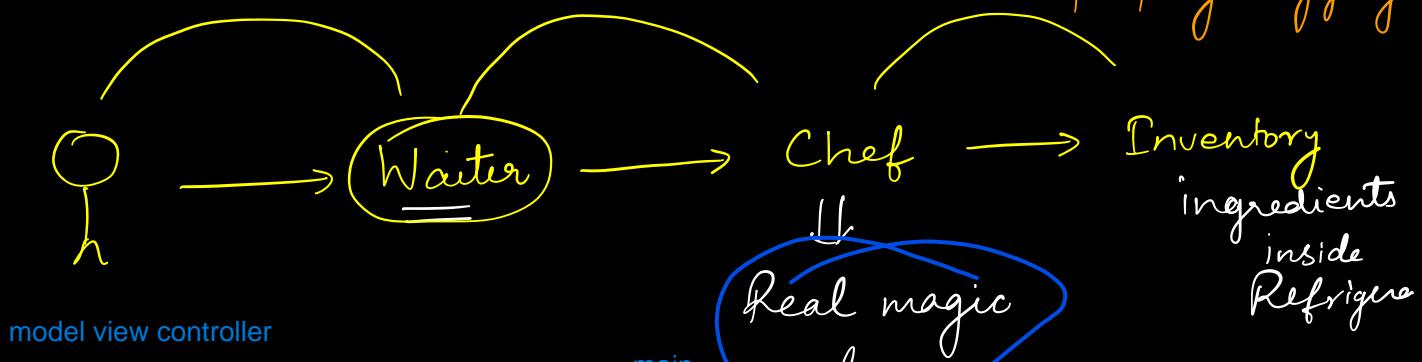
id Name

id Name title

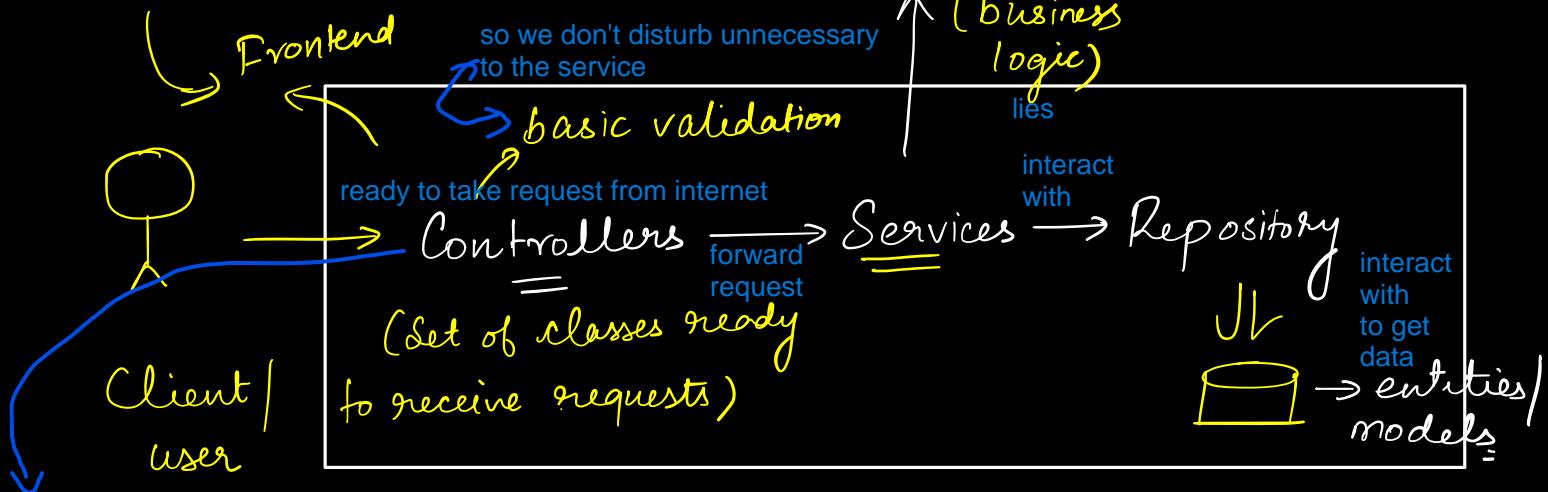
How to code ?

→ follow some standard practices for structuring your codebase.

Responsibilities are properly segregated



MVC pattern



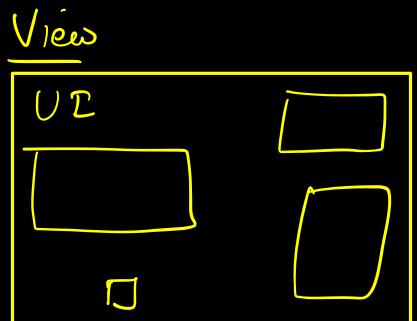
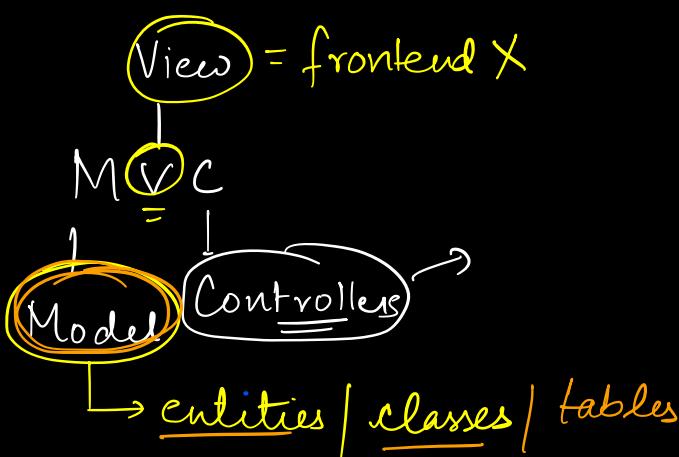
e.g. when we hit in ui a request will go to google chrome and based on api data will be displayed on ui so controllers are first point of contract.. in backend e.g. waiter.. and these are set of classes.. not just one.

Application System :

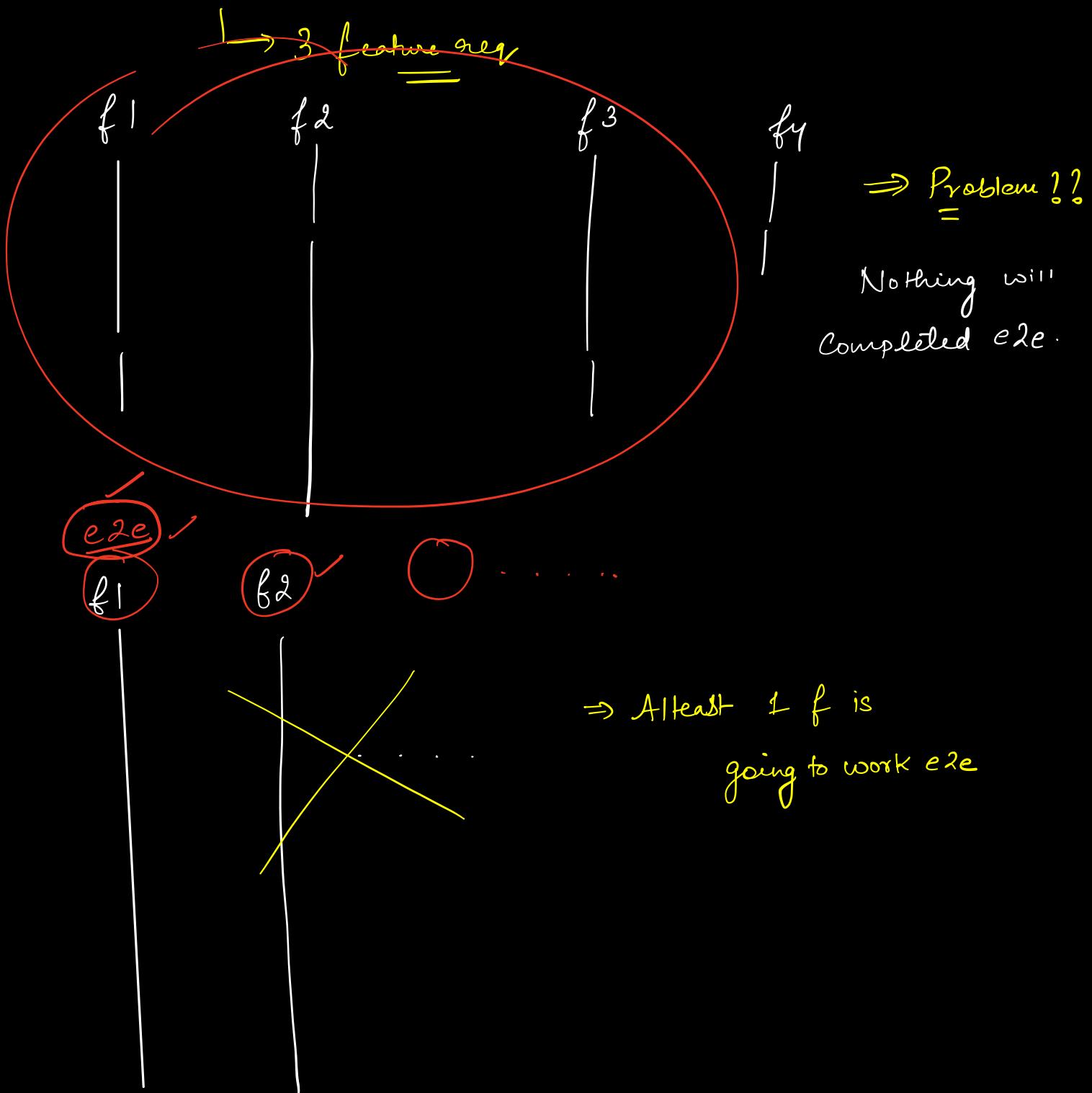
API : - Appⁿ Programming

interface .
=

contract b/w
frontend and
backend



Req Gathering | 1 feature ??



Note
At least 1 requirement should be working end to end.

↳ Code all the models (Converting class diag to code)

↳ Start implementing req by req.

Design TTT :-

Step 0) Overview of the system

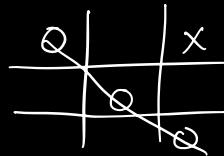
Know ✓

(Align your understanding
with the interviewer)

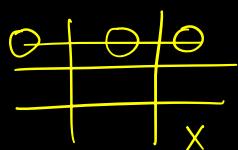
Don't know ✓

Tic Tac Toe (5 min)

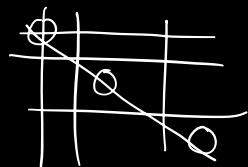
TTT



(Ask the interviewee to explain
about system briefly).



2 players



O X

What kind of system we are going to build?

Entity
design

end to end
working soln.

Do we need to persist data? $\text{DB} = \times$

↳ NO

in memory
db

↓
HashMap = ✓

Step 1) Requirement Gathering

\Rightarrow 10 min

- 1) Size of the board : $N \times N$ we can ask interviewer like if cross board will be only 3×3 only or it can increase.. so if he says yes we can design for $N \times N$ board so parameter can be provided.
 - 2) No. of players = $N-1$
 - 3) Every player will choose their symbol at the start of the game
if one has symbol X then any other player can not have same symbol
 \hookrightarrow (Builder Design pattern) ✓
 - 4) Will there be a BOT? \Rightarrow No X
 \Rightarrow Yes $\underline{N-1}$ players
 - 5) BOT will have multiple difficulty levels.
 - 6) No. of BOTs per game \Rightarrow 1 BOT per game / $\underline{N-2}$ BOTs per game.
 - 7) Timers with moves? (extn req)
 \hookrightarrow No.
 - 8) undo feature? \Rightarrow Yes
 \hookrightarrow Global undo feature which will undo the last move played
 - 9) who will make the 1st move?
 \hookrightarrow At start of the game, we will randomise the list of players
-
- The diagram illustrates the randomisation of a list of players. On the left, a horizontal list shows four players: A (circled), B, C, and D. A horizontal line with arrows at both ends connects the first and last elements. On the right, a circular arrow indicates a clockwise cycle through the same four players: A, B, C, and D. The label 'RR' is written below the circular list.

(10) How to decide the winner?

Row
Col
Diag } Strategy
} design path

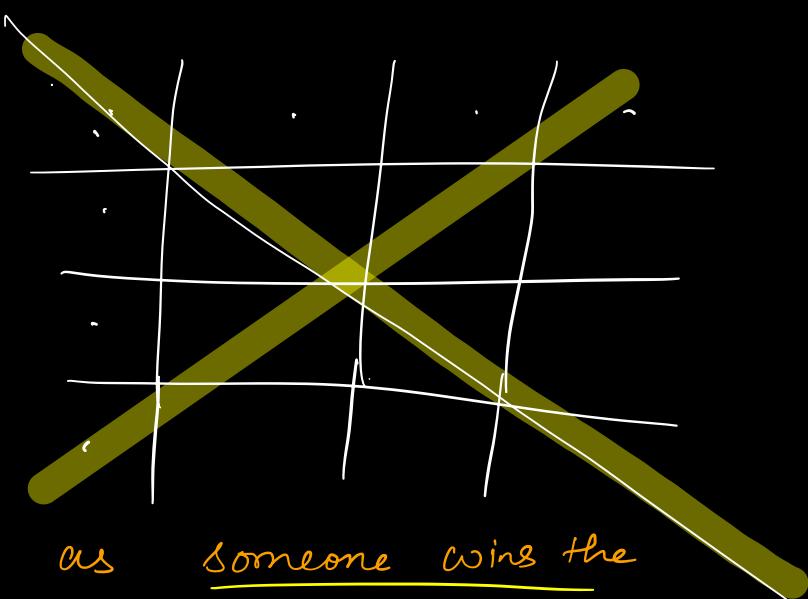
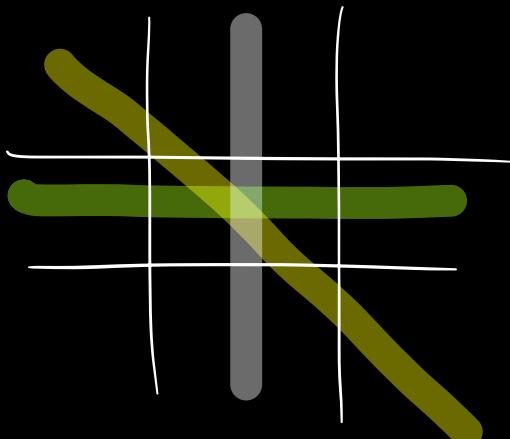
If a player gets same symbol across any row

OR any col or any diagonal.

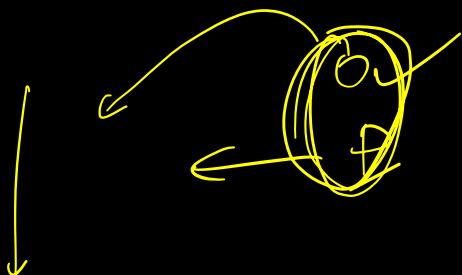
1×1
 2×2

= Invalid

2 diagonals $\swarrow \searrow$



(10) Game ends as soon as someone wins the
game OR it draws \Rightarrow Show results



Req.
out of
the
box

- * Leaderboard
- * Tournament
- * Pause a game
- * Timers
- * exit a game

(1) Solⁿ should work

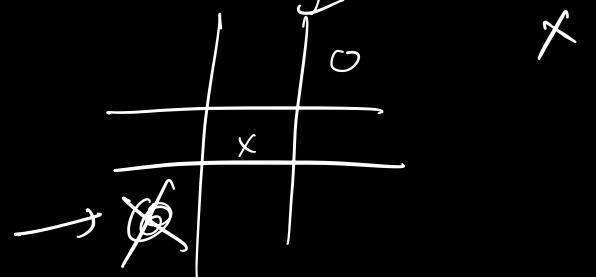
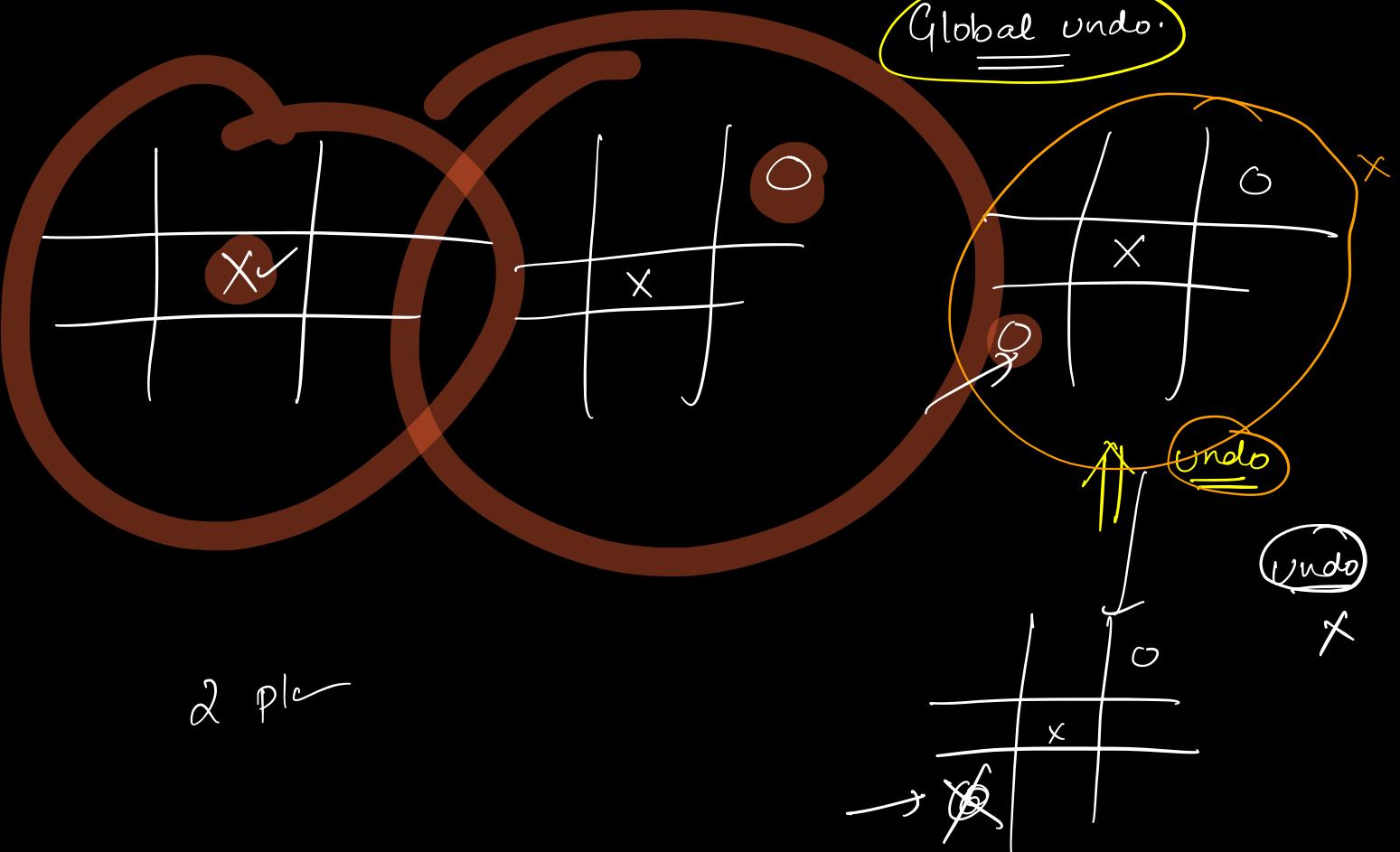
HW

Solⁿ

Please think about how will you implement
undo feature?



Global undo.



$N \times N$ $N-1$
2 play 3 play 4 play

Game theory