Capstone Project - The Battle of Neighborhoods Report

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1. Introduction

1.1 Background

The average American moves about eleven times in their lifetime. This brings us to the question: Do people move until they find a place to settle down where they truly feel happy, or do our wants and needs change over time, prompting us to eventually leave a town we once called home for a new area that will bring us satisfaction? Or, do we too often move to a new area without knowing exactly what we're getting into, forcing us to turn tail and run at the first sign of discomfort?

To minimize the chances of this happening, we should always do proper research when planning our next move in life. Consider the following factors when picking a new place to live so you don't end up wasting your valuable time and money making a move, you'll end up regretting. Safety is a top concern when moving to a new area. If you don't feel safe in your own home, you're not going to be able to enjoy living there.

1.2 Problem

The crime statistics dataset of London found on Kaggle has crimes in each Boroughs of London from 2008 to 2016. The year 2016 being the latest we will be considering the data of that year which is actually old information as of now. The crime rates in each borough may have changed over time. This project aims to select the safest borough in London based on the total crimes, explore the neighborhoods of that borough to find the 10 most common venues in each neighborhood and finally cluster the neighborhoods using k-mean clustering.

1.3 Interest

Expats who are considering relocating to London will be interested to identify the safest borough in London and explore its neighborhoods and common venues around each neighborhood.

2. Data Acquisition and Cleaning

2.1 Data Acquisition

The data acquired for this project is a combination of data from three sources. The first data source of the project uses a <u>London crime data</u> that shows the crime per borough in London. The dataset contains the following columns:

- **lsoa_code**: code for Lower Super Output Area in Greater London.
- **borough**: Common name for London borough.
- major category: High level categorization of crime
- minor_category: Low level categorization of crime within major category.
- value: monthly reported count of categorical crime in given borough
- year: Year of reported counts, 2008-2016
- month: Month of reported counts, 1-12

The second source of data is scraped from a Wikipedia page that contains the <u>list of London boroughs</u>. This page contains additional information about the boroughs, the following are the columns:

- **Borough**: The names of the 33 London boroughs.
- Inner: Categorizing the borough as an Inner London borough or an Outer London Borough.
- **Status**: Categorizing the borough as Royal, City or other borough.
- Local authority: The local authority assigned to the borough.
- **Political control**: The political party that control the borough.
- **Headquarters**: Headquarters of the Boroughs.
- Area (sq mi): Area of the borough in square miles.
- **Population (2013 est) [1]**: The population in the borough recorded during the year 2013.
- **Co-ordinates**: The latitude and longitude of the boroughs.
- **Nr. in map**: The number assigned to each borough to represent visually on a map.

The third data source is the <u>list of Neighborhoods in the Royal Borough of Kingston upon Thames</u> as found on a Wikipedia page. This dataset is created from scratch using the list of neighborhoods available on the site, the following are columns:

- **Neighborhood**: Name of the neighborhood in the Borough.
- **Borough**: Name of the Borough.
- Latitude: Latitude of the Borough.
- **Longitude**: Longitude of the Borough.

2.2 Data Cleaning

The data preparation for each of the three sources of data is done separately. From the London crime data, the crimes during the most recent year (2016) are only selected. The major categories of crime are pivoted to get the total crimes per the boroughs for each major category (see Figure 1).

| | Borough | Burglary | Criminal Damage | Drugs | Other Notifiable Offences | Robbery | Theft and Handling | Violence Against the Person | Total |
|---|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-------|---------------------------|---------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------|
| 0 | Barking and Dagenham | 1287 | 1949 | 919 | 378 | 534 | 5607 | 6067 | 16741 |
| 1 | Barnet | 3402 | 2183 | 906 | 499 | 464 | 9731 | 7499 | 24684 |
| 2 | Bexley | 1123 | 1673 | 646 | 294 | 209 | 4392 | 4503 | 12840 |
| 3 | Brent | 2631 | 2280 | 2096 | 536 | 919 | 9026 | 9205 | 26693 |
| 4 | Bromley | 2214 | 2202 | 728 | 417 | 369 | 7584 | 6650 | 20164 |

Figure 1 - London crime data after preprocessing

The second data is scraped from a Wikipedia page using the **Beautiful Soup** library in python. Using this library, we can extract the data in the tabular format as shown in the website. After the web scraping, string manipulation is required to get the names of the

boroughs in the correct form (see Figure 2). This is important because we will be merging the two datasets together using the Borough names.

| | Borough | Inner | Status | Local authority | Political control | Headquarters | Area (sq mi) | Population (2013 est) [1] | Co-ordinates | Nr. in map |
|---|-------------------------------|-------|--------|--|-------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--|---------------|
| 0 | Barking and Dagenham [note 1] | NaN | NaN | Barking and Dagenham London Borough Council | Labour | Town Hall, 1 Town Square | 13.93 | 194352 | 51°33'39"N 0°09'21"E / 51.5607°N 0.1557°E | 25 |
| 1 | Barnet | NaN | NaN | Barnet London Borough Council | Conservative | Barnet House, 2 Bristol Avenue, Colindale | 33.49 | 369088 | 51°37'31"N 0°09'06"W / 51.6252°N 0.1517°W | 31 |
| 2 | Bexley | NaN | NaN | Bexley London Borough Council | Conservative | Civic Offices, 2 Watling Street | 23.38 | 236687 | 51°27′18″N 0°09′02″E / 51.4549°N 0.1505°E | 23 |
| 3 | Brent | NaN | NaN | Brent London Borough Council | Labour | Brent Civic Centre, Engineers Way | 16.70 | 317264 | 51°33'32"N 0°16'54"W / 51.5588°N 0.2817°W | 12 |
| 4 | Bromley | NaN | NaN | Bromley London Borough Council | Conservative | Civic Centre, Stockwell Close | 57.97 | 317899 | 51°24′14″N 0°01′11″E / 51.4039°N 0.0198°E | 20 |

Figure 2 - List of London Boroughs

The two datasets are merged on the Borough names to form a new dataset that combines the necessary information in one dataset (see Figure 3). The purpose of this dataset is to visualize the crime rates in each borough and identify the borough with the least crimes recorded during the year 2016.

| | Borough | Local authority | Political control | Headquarters | Area (sq mi) | Population (2013 est)[1] | Co-ordinates | Burglary | Criminal Damage | Drugs | Other Notifiable Offences | Robbery | Theft and Handling | Violence Against the Person | Total |
|---|-------------------------|--|-------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------------|--|----------|--------------------|-------|---------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|
| 0 | Barking and Dagenham | Barking and Dagenham London Borough Council | Labour | Town Hall, 1 Town Square | 13.93 | 194352 | 51°33'39"N 0°09'21"E / 51.5607°N 0.1557°E | 18103 | 18888 | 9188 | 2819 | 6105 | 50999 | 43091 | 149447 |
| 1 | Barnet | Barnet London Borough Council | Conservative | Barnet House, 2 Bristol Avenue, Colindale | 33.49 | 369088 | 51°37′31″N 0°09′06″W / 51.6252°N 0.1517°W | 36981 | 21024 | 9796 | 2953 | 7374 | 87285 | 46565 | 212191 |
| 2 | Bexley | Bexley London Borough Council | Conservative | Civic Offices, 2 Watling Street | 23.38 | 236687 | 51°27′18″N 0°09′02″E / 51.4549°N 0.1505°E | 14973 | 17244 | 7346 | 1999 | 2338 | 40071 | 30037 | 114136 |
| 3 | Brent | Brent London Borough Council | Labour | Brent Civic Centre, Engineers Way | 16.70 | 317264 | 51°33'32"N 0°16'54"W / 51.5588°N 0.2817°W | 28923 | 20569 | 25978 | 3711 | 12473 | 72523 | 63178 | 227551 |
| 4 | Bromley | Bromley London Borough Council | Conservative | Civic Centre, Stockwell Close | 57.97 | 317899 | 51°24′14″N 0°01′11″E / 51.4039°N 0.0198°E | 27135 | 24039 | 8942 | 2637 | 4868 | 69742 | 46759 | 184349 |

Figure 3 - London Borough Crime

After visualizing the crime in each borough, we can find the borough with the lowest crime rate and hence tag that borough as the safest borough. The third source of data is acquired from the list of neighborhoods in the safest borough on Wikipedia. This dataset is created from scratch, the Pandas data frame is created with the names of the neighborhoods and the name of the borough with the latitude and longitude left blank (see Figure 4).

| | Neighborhood | Borough | Latitude | Longitude |
|---|--------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|
| 0 | Berrylands | Kingston upon Thames | | |
| 1 | Canbury | Kingston upon Thames | | |
| 2 | Chessington | Kingston upon Thames | | |
| 3 | Coombe | Kingston upon Thames | | |
| 4 | Hook | Kingston upon Thames | | |

Figure 4 - Neighborhood of the safest borough

The coordinates of the neighborhoods are be obtained using Google Maps API geocoding to get the final dataset (See Figure 5).

| | Neighborhood | Borough | Latitude | Longitude |
|---|--------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|
| 0 | Berrylands | Kingston upon Thames | 51.393781 | -0.284802 |
| 1 | Canbury | Kingston upon Thames | 51.417499 | -0.305553 |
| 2 | Chessington | Kingston upon Thames | 51.358336 | -0.298622 |
| 3 | Coombe | Kingston upon Thames | 51.419450 | -0.265398 |
| 4 | Hook | Kingston upon Thames | 51.367898 | -0.307145 |

Figure 5 - Neighborhoods of the safest borough

The new dataset is used to generate the 10 most common venues for each neighborhood using the Foursquare API, finally using k means clustering algorithm to cluster similar neighborhoods together.

3. Methodology

3.1 Exploratory Data Analysis

3.1.1 Statistical summary of crimes

The describe function in python is used to get statistics of the London crime data, this returns the mean, standard deviation, minimum, maximum, 1st quartile (25%), 2nd quartile (50%), and the 3rd quartile (75%) for each of the major categories of crime (See Figure 5).

| | Burglary | Criminal Damage | Drugs | Fraud or Forgery | Other Notifiable Offences | Robbery | Sexual Offence | Theft and Handling | Violence Against the Person | Total |
|-------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|---------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| count | 33.000000 | 33.000000 | 33.000000 | 33.000000 | 33.000000 | 33.000000 | 33.000000 | 33.000000 | 33.000000 | 33.000000 |
| mean | 22857.363636 | 19119.333333 | 14265.606061 | 161.363636 | 3222.696970 | 7844.636364 | 38.575758 | 80662.454545 | 47214.575758 | 195386.606061 |
| std | 7452.366846 | 5942.903618 | 7544.259564 | 81.603775 | 1362.107294 | 4677.643075 | 15.139002 | 45155.624776 | 17226.165191 | 79148.057551 |
| min | 15.000000 | 16.000000 | 33.000000 | 0.000000 | 17.000000 | 24.000000 | 0.000000 | 561.000000 | 114.000000 | 780.000000 |
| 25% | 18103.000000 | 17244.000000 | 8942.000000 | 106.000000 | 2358.000000 | 4744.000000 | 27.000000 | 52609.000000 | 33968.000000 | 149447.000000 |
| 50% | 24871.000000 | 20405.000000 | 14101.000000 | 157.000000 | 3293.000000 | 7688.000000 | 40.000000 | 77940.000000 | 50943.000000 | 203879.000000 |
| 75% | 27980.000000 | 22755.000000 | 18389.000000 | 207.000000 | 3963.000000 | 10084.000000 | 47.000000 | 92523.000000 | 59993.000000 | 228613.000000 |
| max | 36981.000000 | 31218.000000 | 34031.000000 | 323.000000 | 6504.000000 | 18408.000000 | 71.000000 | 277617.000000 | 72726.000000 | 455028.000000 |

Figure 6 - Statistical description of the London crimes

The count for each of the major categories of crime returns the value 33 which is the number of London boroughs. 'Theft and Handling' is the highest reported crime during the year 2016 followed by 'Violence against the person', 'Criminal damage'. The lowest recorded crimes are 'Drugs', 'Robbery' and 'Other Notifiable offenses'.

3.1.2 Boroughs with the highest crime rates

Comparing five boroughs with the highest crime rate during the year 2016 it is evident that Westminster has the highest crimes recorded followed by Lambeth, Southwark, Newham and Tower Hamlets. Westminster has a significantly higher crime rate than the other 4 boroughs (see Figure 7).

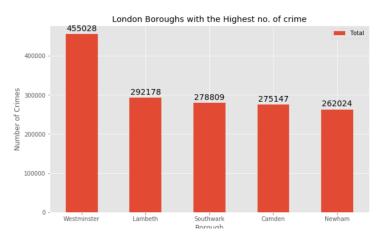


Figure 7 - Boroughs with the highest crime rates

3.1.3 Boroughs with the lowest crime rates

Comparing five boroughs with the lowest crime rate during the year 2016, City of London has the lowest recorded crimes followed by Kingston upon Thames, Sutton, Richmond upon Thames and Merton (see Figure 8).

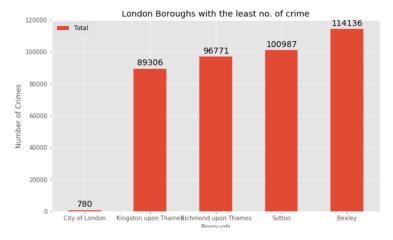


Figure 8 - Boroughs with the lowest crime rates

City of London has a significantly lower crime rate because it i is the 33rd principal division of Greater London but it is not a London borough. It has an area of 1.12 square miles and a population of 7000 as of 2013 which suggests that it is a small area (see Figure 9). Hence, we will consider the next borough with the lowest crime rate as the safest borough in London which is Kingston upon Thames.

| | Borough | Total | Area (sq mi) | Population (2013 est)[1] |
|---|----------------|-------|--------------|--------------------------|
| 6 | City of London | 780 | 1.12 | 7000 |

Figure 9 - City of London

3.1.4 Neighborhoods in Kingston upon Thames

There are 15 neighborhoods in the royal borough of Kingston upon Thames, they are visualized on a map using folium on python (see Figure 10).

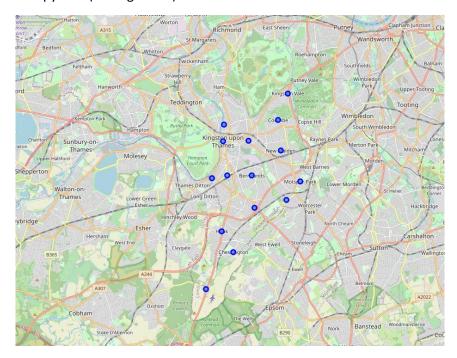


Figure 10 - Neighborhoods in Kingston upon Thames

3.2 Modelling

Using the final dataset containing the neighborhoods in Kingston upon Thames along with the latitude and longitude, we can find all the venues within a 500-meter radius of each neighborhood by connecting to the Foursquare API. This returns a json file containing all the venues in each neighborhood which is converted to a Pandas data frame. This data frame contains all the venues along with their coordinates and category (see Figure 11).

| | Neighborhood | Neighborhood Latitude | Neighborhood Longitude | Venue | Venue Latitude | Venue Longitude | Venue Category |
|---|--------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 0 | Berrylands | 51.393781 | -0.284802 | Surbiton Racket & Fitness Club | 51.392676 | -0.290224 | Gym / Fitness Center |
| 1 | Berrylands | 51.393781 | -0.284802 | Alexandra Park | 51.394230 | -0.281206 | Park |
| 2 | Berrylands | 51.393781 | -0.284802 | K2 Bus Stop | 51.392302 | -0.281534 | Bus Stop |
| 3 | Berrylands | 51.393781 | -0.284802 | Kamala Food and Wine | 51.397810 | -0.284045 | Wine Shop |
| 4 | Canbury | 51.417499 | -0.305553 | Canbury Gardens | 51.417409 | -0.305300 | Park |

Figure 11 - Venue details of each Neighborhood

One hot encoding is done on the venues data. (One hot encoding is a process by which categorical variables are converted into a form that could be provided to ML algorithms to do a better job in prediction). The Venues data is then grouped by the Neighborhood and the mean of the venues are calculated, finally the 10 common venues are calculated for each of the neighborhoods.

To help people find similar neighborhoods in the safest borough we will be clustering similar neighborhoods using K - means clustering which is a form of unsupervised machine learning algorithm that clusters data based on predefined cluster size. We will use a cluster size of 5 for this project that will cluster the 15 neighborhoods into 5 clusters. The reason to conduct a K- means clustering is to cluster neighborhoods with similar venues together so that people can shortlist the area of their interests based on the venues/amenities around each neighborhood.

4. Results

After running the K-means clustering we can access each cluster created to see which neighborhoods were assigned to each of the five clusters. Looking into the neighborhoods in the first cluster (see Figure 12)

| Neig | nborhood | Borough | Latitude | Longitude | Cluster Labels | 1st Most Common Venue | 2nd Most Common Venue | 3rd Most Common Venue | 4th Most Common Venue | 5th Most Common Venue | 6th Most Common Venue | 7th Most Common Venue | 8th Most Common Venue | 9th Most Common Venue | 10th Most Common Venue |
|------|------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 0 [| Berrylands | Kingston upon Thames | 51.393781 | -0.284802 | 0 | Wine Shop | Bus Stop | Park | Gym / Fitness Center | Golf Course | Grocery Store | Dessert Shop | Donut Shop | Dry Cleaner | Electronics Store |

Figure 12 - Cluster 1

The cluster one is the one of the smallest clusters with Bus Stop (Figure 13). Looking into the neighborhoods in the second, third and fifth clusters, upon closely examining these neighborhoods we can see that the most common venues in these neighborhoods are Restaurants, Pubs, Cafe, Supermarkets, and stores. This is because of the unique venues in each of the neighborhoods, hence they couldn't be clustered into similar neighborhoods (see Figure 14,15 and 16).

| N | Neighborhood | Borough | Latitude | Longitude | Cluster Labels | 1st Most Common Venue | 2nd Most Common Venue | 3rd Most Common Venue | 4th Most Common Venue | 5th Most Common Venue | 6th Most Common Venue | 7th Most Common Venue | 8th Most Common Venue | 9th Most Common Venue | 10th Most Common Venue |
|----|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 6 | Kingston Vale | Kingston upon Thames | 51.431850 | -0.258138 | 1 | Soccer Field | Grocery Store | Bar | Sandwich Place | Women's Store | Department Store | Dessert Shop | Donut Shop | Dry Cleaner | Electronics Store |
| 7 | Malden Rushett | Kingston upon Thames | 51.341052 | -0.319076 | 1 | Grocery Store | Restaurant | Garden Center | Pub | Women's Store | Farmers Market | Deli / Bodega | Department Store | Dessert Shop | Donut Shop |
| 14 | Tolworth | Kingston upon Thames | 51.378876 | -0.282860 | 1 | Grocery Store | Pharmacy | Bowling Alley | Pizza Place | Coffee Shop | Restaurant | Sandwich Place | Bus Stop | Soccer Field | Italian Restaurant |

Figure 13 - Cluster 2

| | Neighborhood | Borough | Latitude | Longitude | Cluster Labels | 1st Most Common Venue | 2nd Most Common Venue | 3rd Most Common Venue | 4th Most Common Venue | 5th Most Common Venue | 6th Most Common Venue | 7th Most Common Venue | 8th Most Common Venue | 9th Most Common Venue | 10th Most Common Venue |
|----|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | Canbury | Kingston upon Thames | 51.417499 | -0.305553 | 2 | Pub | Supermarket | Indian Restaurant | Café | Fish & Chips Shop | Spa | Park | Shop & Service | Hotel | Gym / Fitness Center |
| 4 | Hook | Kingston upon Thames | 51.367898 | -0.307145 | 2 | Pub | Indian Restaurant | Bakery | Supermarket | Fish & Chips Shop | Fast Food Restaurant | Deli / Bodega | Department Store | Dessert Shop | Donut Shop |
| 5 | Kingston upon Thames | Kingston upon Thames | 51.409627 | -0.306262 | 2 | Coffee Shop | Italian Restaurant | Clothing Store | Pub | Café | Sushi Restaurant | Department Store | Hotel | Bakery | Bookstore |
| 9 | New Malden | Kingston upon Thames | 51.405335 | -0.263407 | 2 | Gym | Gastropub | Indian Restaurant | Bar | Sushi Restaurant | Supermarket | Chinese Restaurant | Korean Restaurant | Women's Store | Fast Food Restaurant |
| 10 | Norbiton | Kingston upon Thames | 51.409999 | -0.287396 | 2 | Indian Restaurant | Pub | Italian Restaurant | Food | Breakfast Spot | Pharmacy | Pizza Place | Platform | Dry Cleaner | Rental Car Location |
| 12 | Seething Wells | Kingston upon Thames | 51.392642 | -0.314366 | 2 | Indian Restaurant | Pub | Coffee Shop | Harbor / Marina | Fish & Chips Shop | Pet Café | Golf Course | Park | Restaurant | Chinese Restaurant |
| 13 | Surbiton | Kingston upon Thames | 51.393756 | -0.303310 | 2 | Coffee Shop | Pub | Grocery Store | Italian Restaurant | Pharmacy | Breakfast Spot | Gym / Fitness Center | French Restaurant | Hotel | Farmers Market |

Figure 14 - Cluster 3

| | Neighborhood | Borough | Latitude | Longitude | Cluster Labels | 1st Most Common Venue | 2nd Most Common Venue | 3rd Most Common Venue | 4th Most Common Venue | 5th Most Common Venue | 6th Most Common Venue | 7th Most Common Venue | 8th Most Common Venue | 9th Most Common Venue | 10th Most Common Venue |
|----|--------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 11 | Old Malden | Kingston upon Thames | 51.382484 | -0.25909 | 4 | Food | Train Station | Pub | Fast Food Restaurant | Deli / Bodega | Department Store | Dessert Shop | Donut Shop | Dry Cleaner | Electronics Store |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 15 - Cluster 5

| Neighborhood | Borough | Latitude | Longitude | Cluster Labels | 1st Most Common Venue | 2nd Most Common Venue | 3rd Most Common Venue | 4th Most Common Venue | 5th Most Common Venue | 6th Most Common Venue | 7th Most Common Venue | 8th Most Common Venue | 9th Most Common Venue | 10th Most Common Venue |
|----------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 8 Motspur Park | Kingston upon Thames | 51.390985 | -0.248898 | 3 | Construction & Landscaping | Soccer Field | Park | Gym | Auto Garage | Department Store | Donut Shop | Dry Cleaner | Electronics Store | English Restaurant |

Figure 16 - Cluster 4

The fourth cluster has one neighborhood in it, these neighborhoods have common venues such as Parks, Gym/Fitness centers, Restaurants, Electronics Stores and Soccer fields etc. Visualizing the clustered neighborhoods on a map using the folium library (see Figure 17).

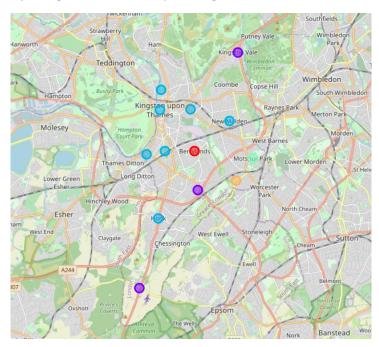


Figure 17 - Clustered neighborhoods in the Borough of Kingston upon Thames

5. Discussion

The aim of this project is to help people who want to relocate to the safest borough in London, expats can choose the neighborhoods to which they want to relocate based on the most common venues in it. For example, if a person is looking for a neighborhood with good connectivity and public transportation, we can see that Clusters 3 and 4 have Train stations and Bus stops as the most common venues. If a person is looking for a neighborhood with stores and restaurants in a proximity, then the neighborhoods in the first cluster is suitable. For a family I feel that the neighborhoods in Cluster 4 are more suitable dues to the common venues in that cluster, these neighborhoods have common venues such as Parks, Gym/Fitness centers, Bus Stops, Restaurants, Electronics Stores and Soccer fields which is ideal for a family. The choices of neighborhoods may vary from person to person.

6. Conclusion

This project helps a person get a better understanding of the neighborhoods with respect to the most common venues in that neighborhood. It is always helpful to make use of technology to stay one step ahead i.e. finding out more about places before moving into a neighborhood. We have just taken safety as a primary concern to shortlist the safest borough of London. The future of this project includes taking other factors such as cost of living in the areas into consideration to shortlist the borough, such as filtering areas based on a predefined budget.