

# Tracking Certificate Misissuance in the Wild

**Deepak Kumar**  
*University of Illinois*

Zhengping Wang  
*University of Illinois*

Matthew Hyder  
*University of Illinois*

Joseph Dickinson  
*University of Illinois*

Gabrielle Beck  
*University of Michigan*

David Adrian  
*University of Michigan*

Joshua Mason  
*University of Illinois*

ZMap Durumeric  
*University of Illinois*  
*University of Michigan*  
*Stanford University*

J. Alex Halderman  
*University of Michigan*

Michael Bailey  
*University of Illinois*

HTTPS relies on a supporting Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) composed of hundreds of Certificate Authorities (CAs)

# Iranian Man-in-the-Middle Attack Against Google Demonstrates Dangerous Weakness of Certificate Authorities

The TURKTRUST SSL certificate fiasco – what really happened, and what happens next?

**Google Blocks Fraudulent Certificates Used by French Government**

Revoking Trust in one CNNIC Intermediate Certificate

CA/Browser Forum Baseline Requirements:  
CA must follow these to be browser trusted





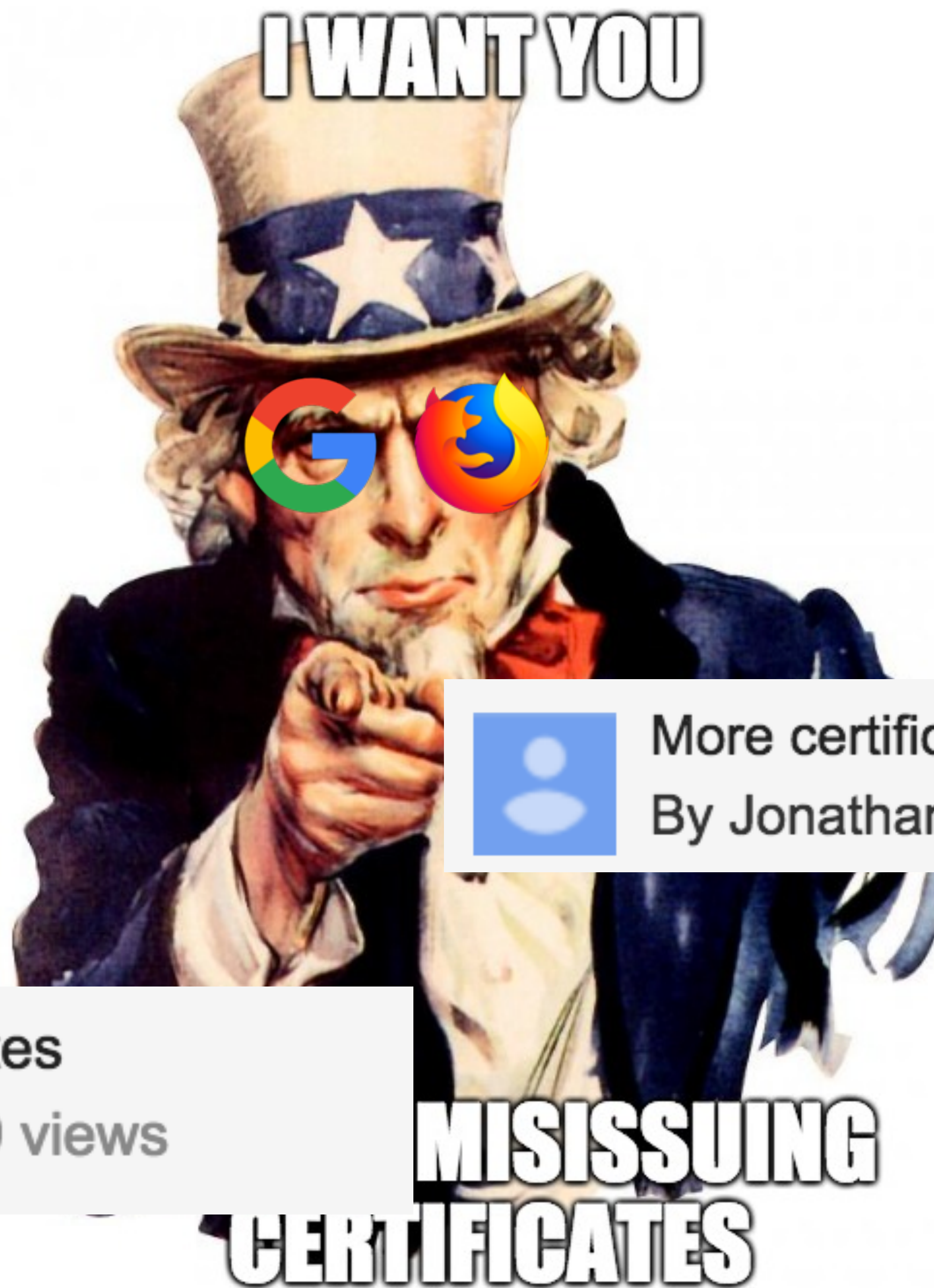




Re: Misissued certificates

By Lee - 16 posts - 379 views





More certificates with invalid dnsNames  
By Jonathan Rudenberg - 1 post - 382 views



Re: Misissued certificates  
By Lee - 16 posts - 379 views



PROCERT issuing certificates with non-random serial numbers

By Andrew Ayer - 3 posts - 145 views



Miss-issuance: URI in dNSName SAN

By Alex Gaynor - 17 posts - 720 views



Fwd: Misissued certificates - pathLenConstraint with CA:FALSE

By Alex Gaynor - 3 posts - 221 views



Certificate with invalid dnsName issued from Baltimore intermediate

By Jonathan Rudenberg - 41 posts - 1120 views

in invalid dnsNames

berg - 1 post - 382 views



Bad characters in dNSNames

5 views



Re: Misissued certificates

By Lee - 16 posts - 379 views



Certificates with improperly normalized IDNs

By Jonathan Rudenberg - 8 posts - 275 views

imgflip.com



*“It's 2017 - it's both time to stop making excuses and time to recognize that the ability of CAs to adhere to the rules is core to their trustworthiness. Technical rules are but a proxy for procedure rules.” - Ryan Sleevi*

# ZLint: An X.509 Certificate Linter

- Codifies RFC 2119 rules in both **RFC 5280** and the **CA/Browser Forum Baseline Requirements**



# ZLint: An X.509 Certificate Linter

- Codifies RFC 2119 rules in both **RFC 5280** and the **CA/Browser Forum Baseline Requirements**
  - “Certificates MUST be of type X.509 v3”
  - “...the subject key identifier extension SHOULD be included in all end entity certificates.”

# ZLint: An X.509 Certificate Linter

- Written in Go
- Contains 220 lints
  - 95% coverage of Baseline Requirements
  - 90% coverage of RFC 5280





# Lint Severity Levels

- ZLint encodes severity levels corresponding to different kinds of clauses

# Lint Severity Levels

- ZLint encodes severity levels corresponding to different kinds of clauses
- **Error**: Violation of a *MUST* clause
  - “Certificates MUST be of type X.509 v3”



# Lint Severity Levels

- ZLint encodes severity levels corresponding to different kinds of clauses
- **Error:** Violation of a *MUST* clause
  - “Certificates **MUST** be of type X.509 v3”
- **Warning:** Violation of a *SHOULD* clause
  - “...the subject key identifier extension **SHOULD** be included in all end entity certificates.”

How prevalent is  
certificate misissuance?



# Collecting Certificates

- Ran ZLint over all certificates in Censys through **July 2017**
- Analyzed those that chained to a root in NSS

# Collecting Certificates

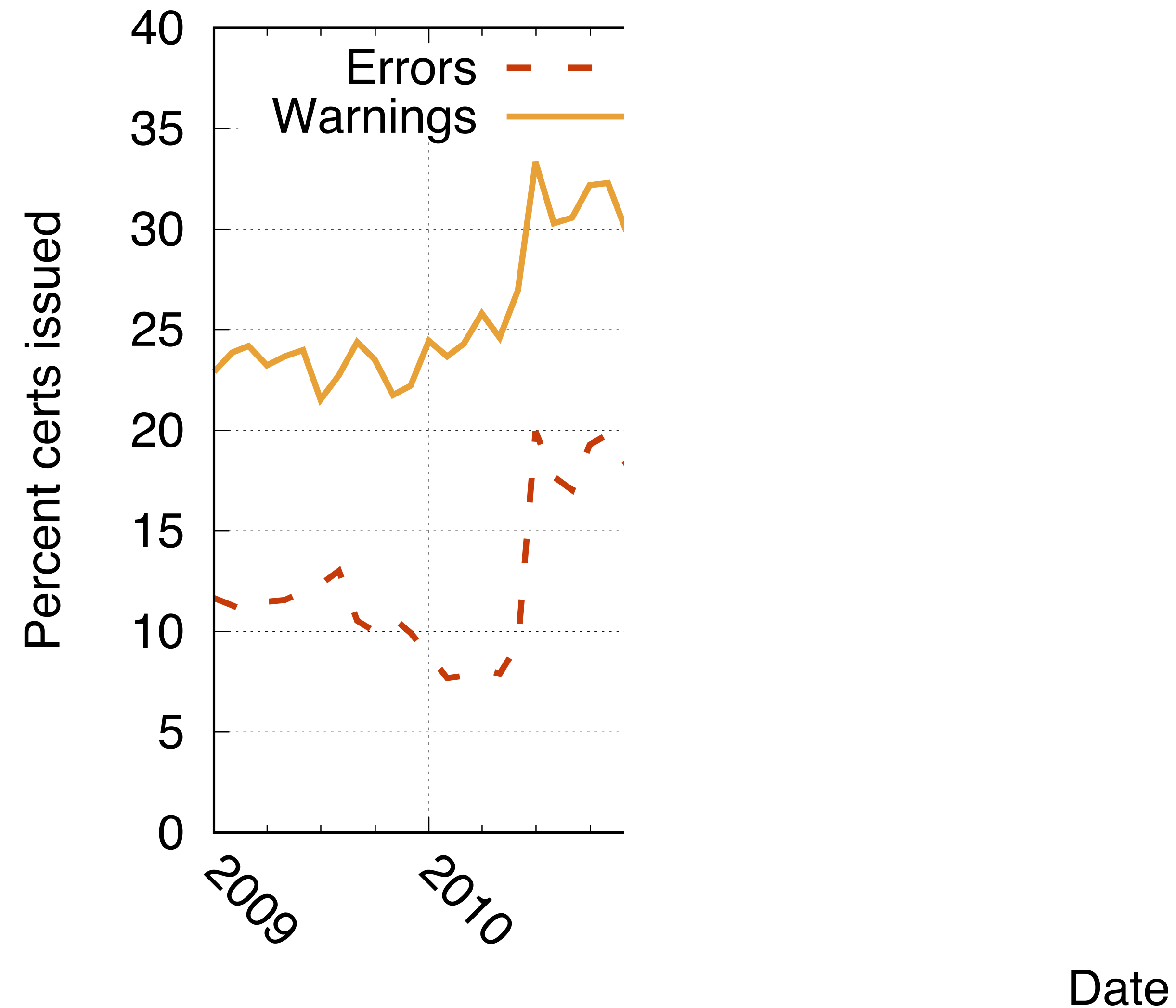
- Ran ZLint over all certificates in Censys through **July 2017**
  - Analyzed those that chained to a root in NSS
- **61M** non-expired certificates

# Collecting Certificates

- Ran ZLint over all certificates in Censys through **July 2017**
  - Analyzed those that chained to a root in NSS
- **61M** non-expired certificates
- **171M** total certificates



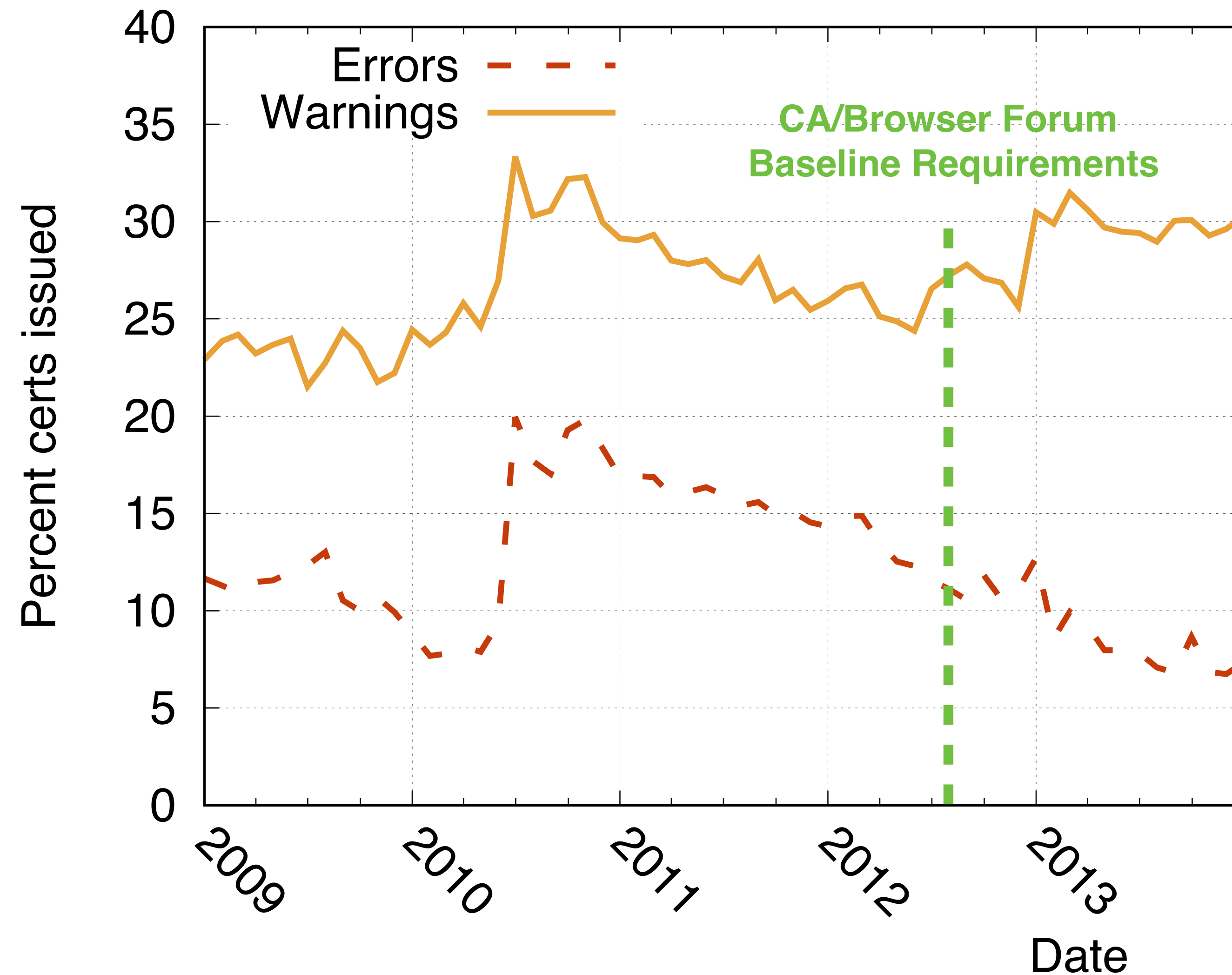
# Historical Misissuance



# Historical Misissuance

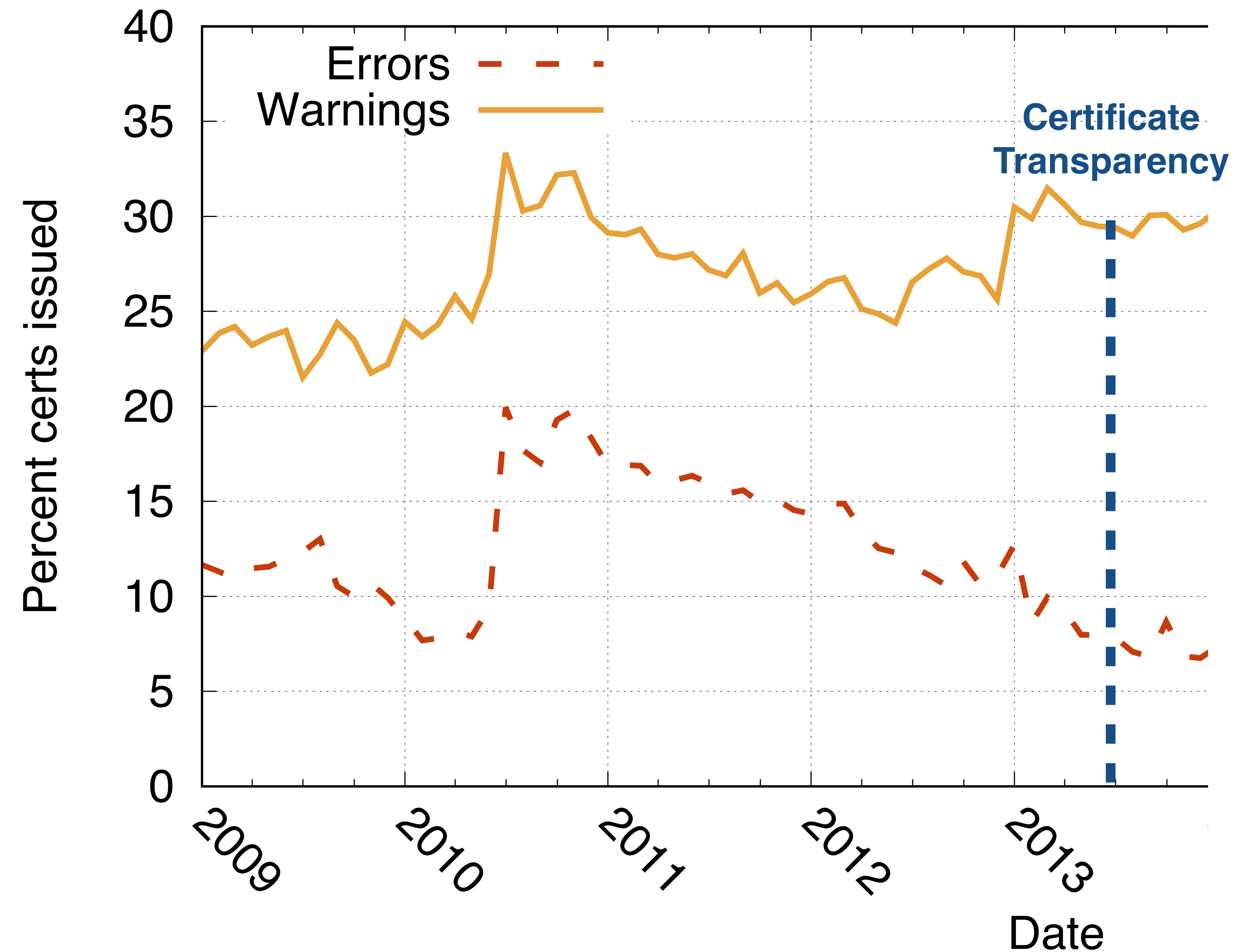


# Historical Misissuance

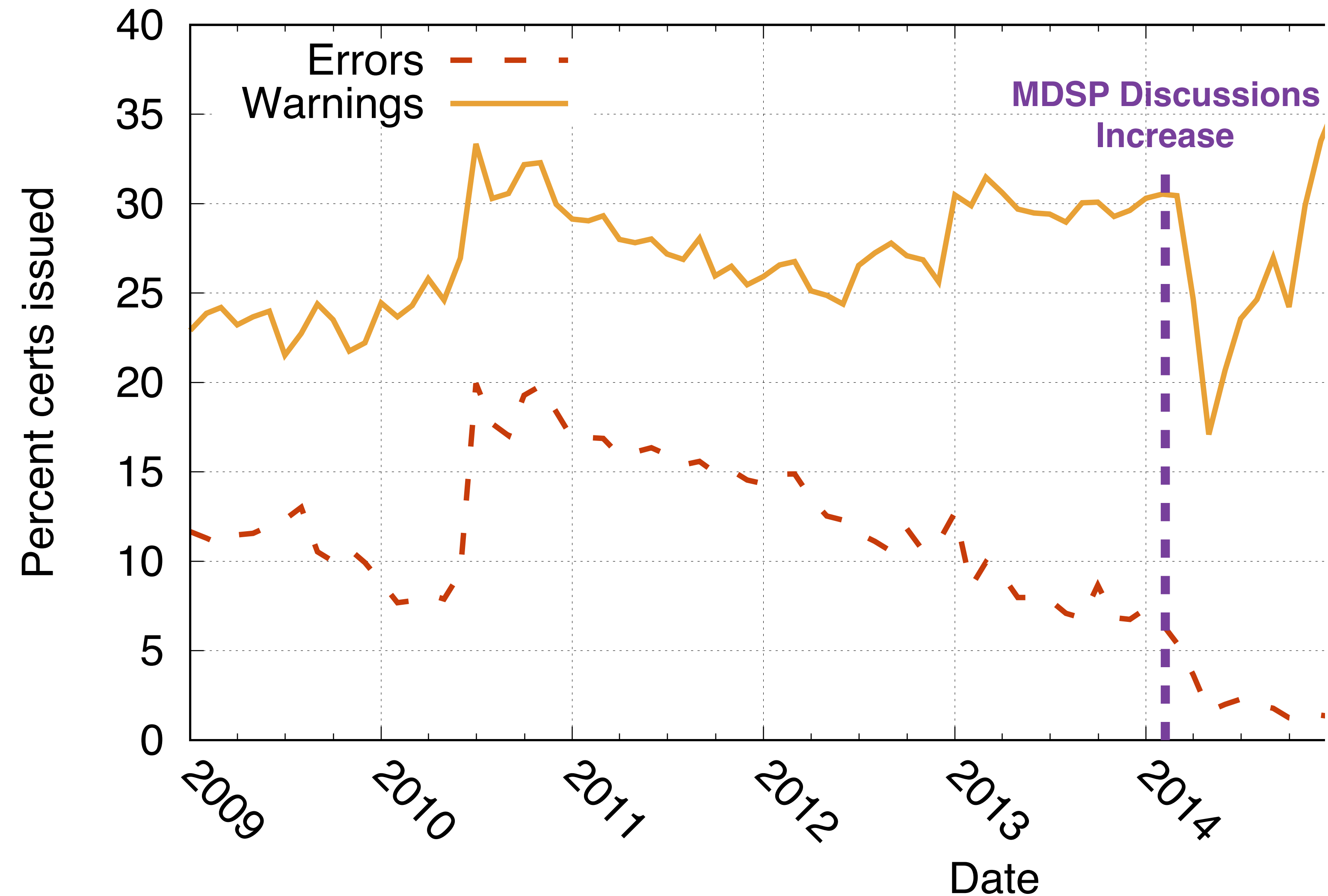




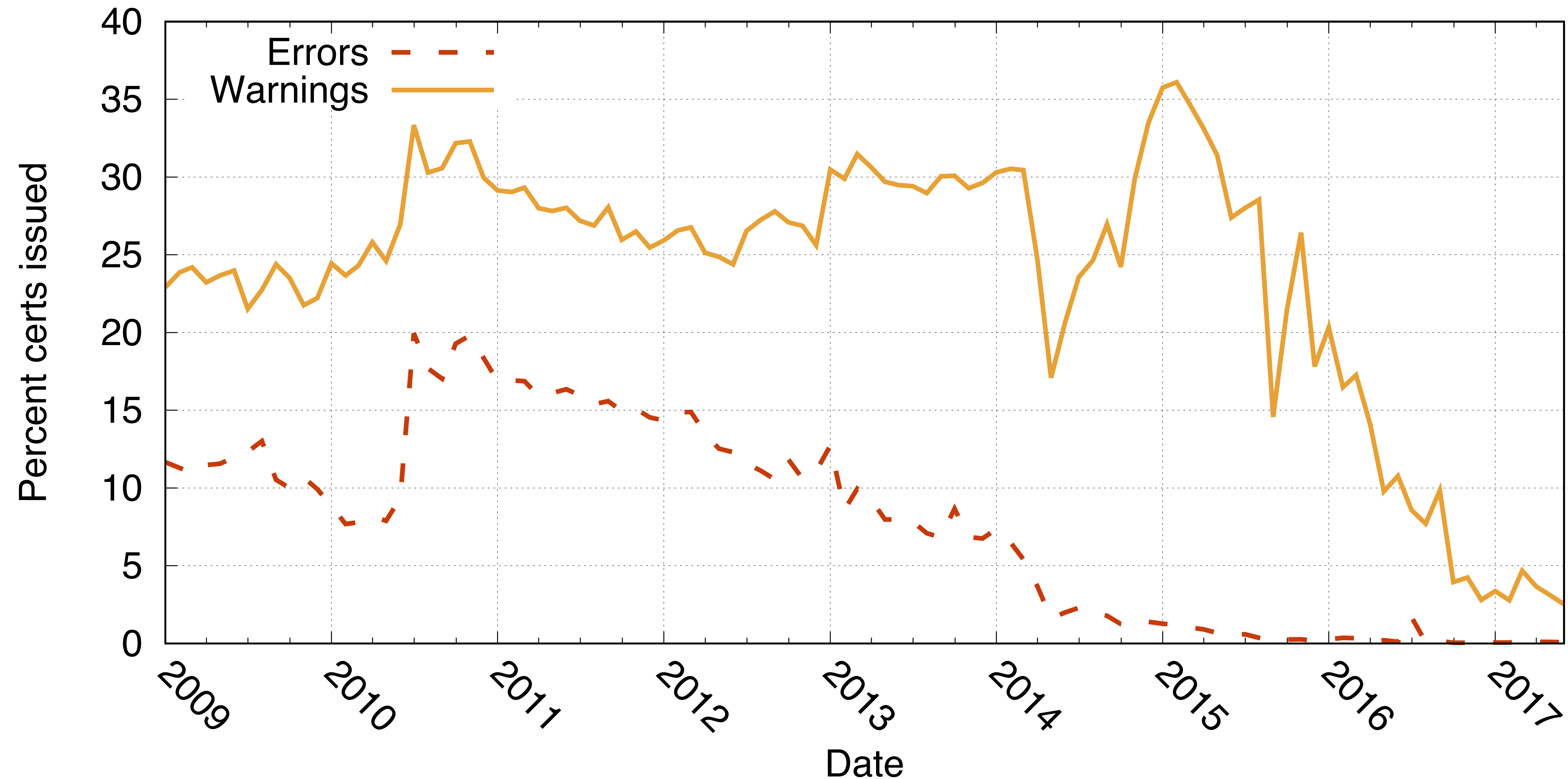
# Historical Misissuance



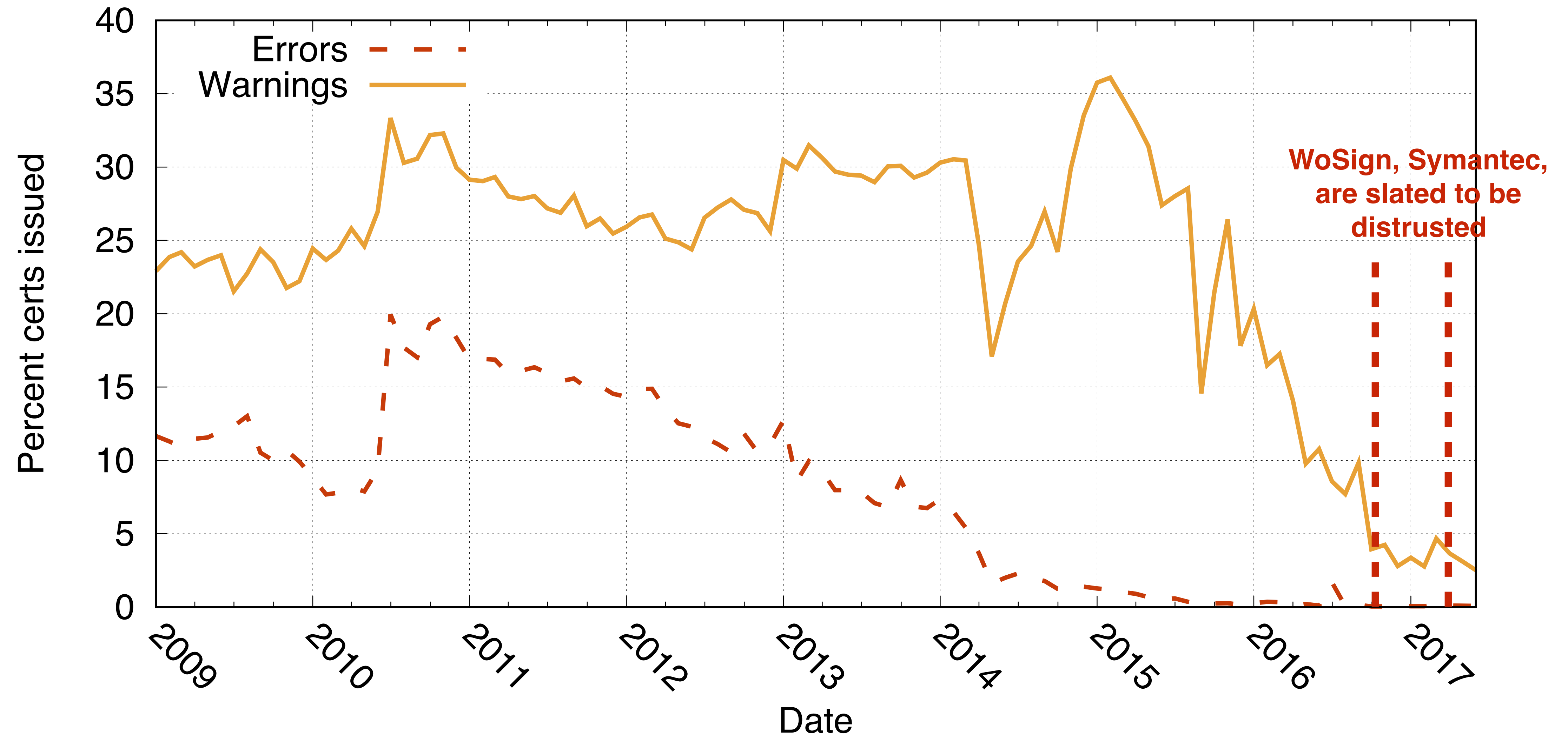
# Historical Misissuance



# Historical Misissuance

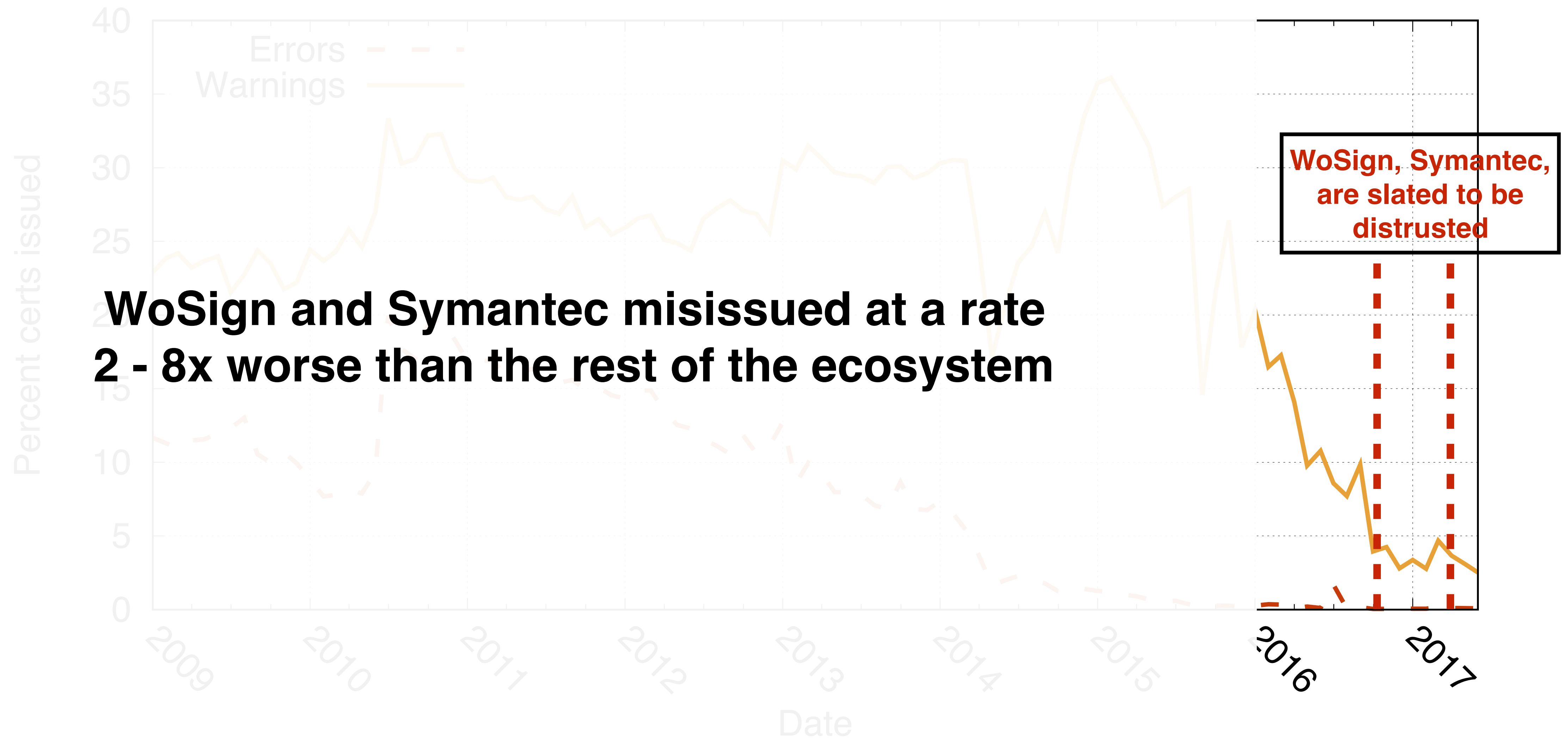


# Historical Misissuance





# Historical Misissuance



# Largest Misissuers

Issuer	Certificates	w/ Errors
GoDaddy	1.6M (2.7%)	38,215 (2.4%)
Symantec	2.7M (4.6%)	23,053 (0.8%)
StartCom, Ltd.	536K (0.9%)	11,617 (2.1%)
WoSign CA Lmted.	196K (0.3%)	9,849 (5%)
VeriSign	43K (0.07%)	9,835 (23.1%)

# Largest Misissuers

Issuer	Certificates	w/ Errors
GoDaddy	1.6M (2.7%)	38,215 (2.4%)
<b>Symantec</b>	2.7M (4.6%)	23,053 (0.8%)
<b>StartCom, Ltd.</b>	536K (0.9%)	11,617 (2.1%)
<b>WoSign CA Lmted.</b>	196K (0.3%)	9,849 (5%)
<b>VeriSign</b>	43K (0.07%)	9,835 (23.1%)

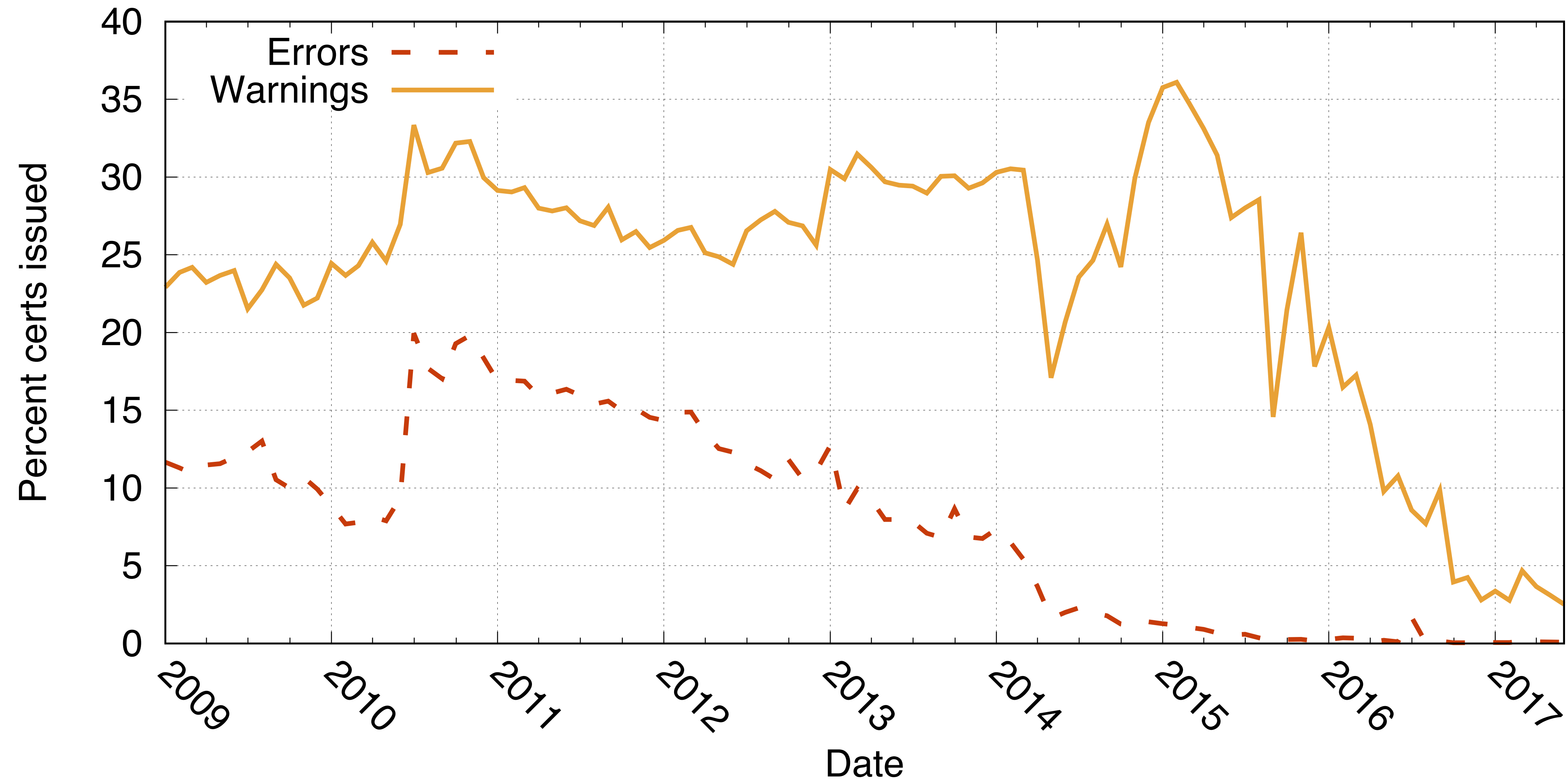
# Largest Misissuers

Issuer	Certificates	w/ Errors
GoDaddy	1.6M (2.7%)	38,215 (2.4%)
Symantec	2.7M (4.6%)	23,051 (0.3%)
StartDom Ltd.	536K (0.9%)	1,517 (2.1%)
WoSign CA Lmted.	196K (0.3%)	9,849 (5%)
VeriSign	43K (0.07%)	9,835 (23.1%)

Browsers are taking down  
the largest offenders



# Historical Misissuance



# Misissuance by Largest Issuers

Issuer	Certificates	w/ Errors
Let's Encrypt	37M (61%)	13 (0.0%)
Comodo	6.7M (11%)	3,219 (0.0%)
cPanel	4.7M (7.8%)	131 (0.0%)
Symantec	2.8M (4.6%)	23,053 (0.8%)
GeoTrust, Inc.	1.9M (3.2%)	5,694 (0.3%)
GoDaddy	1.6M (2.7%)	38,215 (2.0%)
GlobalSign	1.2M (1.9%)	837 (0.0%)

# Misissuance by Largest Issuers

Issuer	Certificates	w/ Errors
Let's Encrypt	<b>37M (61%)</b>	13 (0.0%)
Comodo	<b>6.7M (11%)</b>	3,219 (0.0%)
cPanel	<b>4.7M (7.8%)</b>	131 (0.0%)
Symantec	<b>2.8M (4.6%)</b>	23,053 (0.8%)
GeoTrust, Inc.	<b>1.9M (3.2%)</b>	5,694 (0.3%)
GoDaddy	<b>1.6M (2.7%)</b>	38,215 (2.0%)
GlobalSign	<b>1.2M (1.9%)</b>	837 (0.0%)

# Misissuance by Largest Issuers

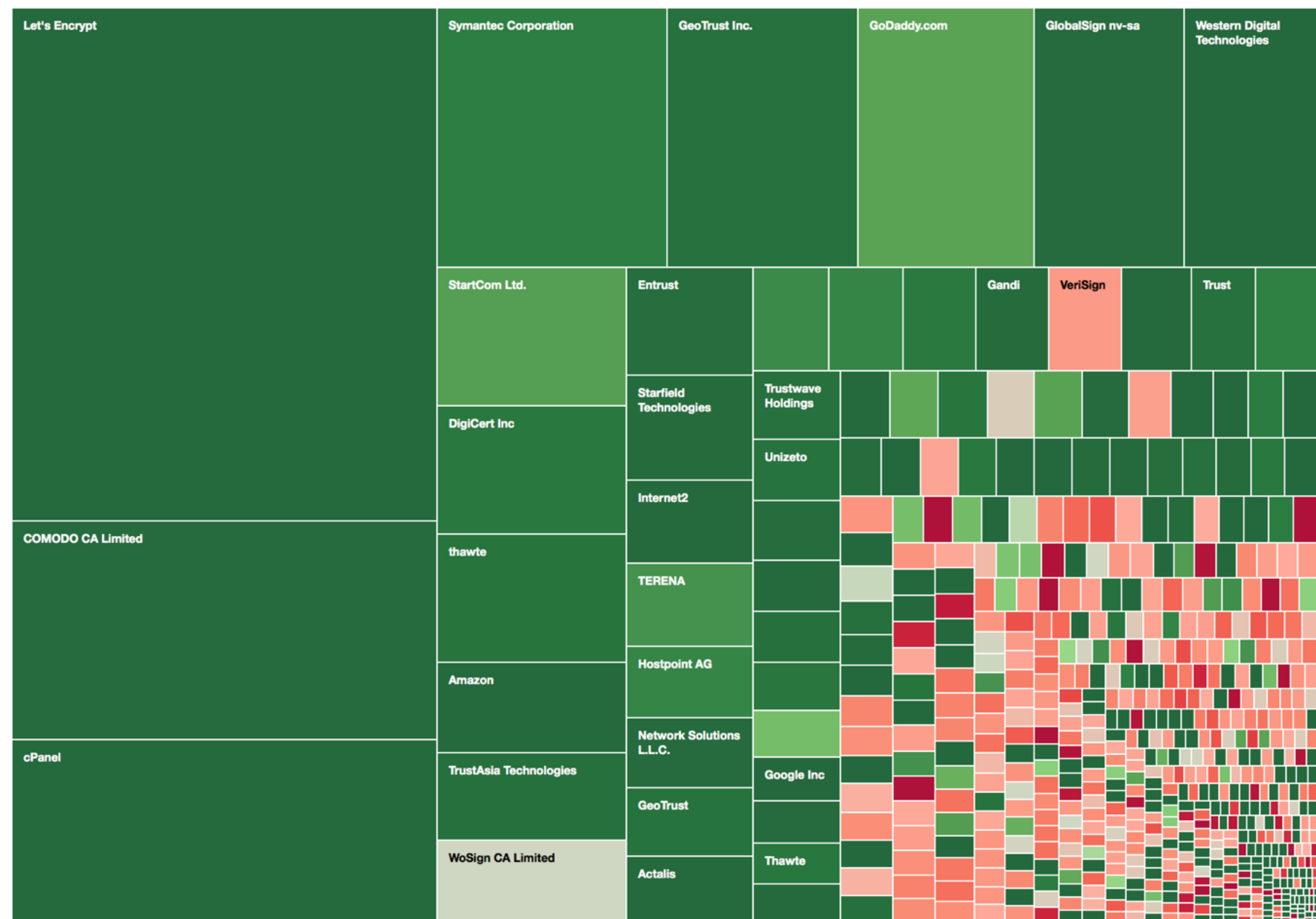
Issuer	Certificates	w/ Errors
Let's Encrypt	37M (61%)	<b>13 (0.0%)</b>
Comodo	6.7M (11%)	<b>3,219 (0.0%)</b>
cPanel	4.7M (7.8%)	<b>131 (0.0%)</b>
Symantec	2.8M (4.6%)	<b>23,053 (0.8%)</b>
GeoTrust, Inc.	1.9M (3.2%)	<b>5,694 (0.3%)</b>
GoDaddy	1.6M (2.7%)	<b>38,215 (2.0%)</b>
GlobalSign	1.2M (1.9%)	<b>837 (0.0%)</b>

# Misissuance by Largest Issuers

Issuer	Certificates	w/ Errors
Let's Encrypt	37M (61%)	13 (0.0%)
Comodo	4.7M (7.8%)	33 (0.0%)
cPanel	4.7M (7.8%)	131 (0.0%)
Symantec	2.8M (4.6%)	23,053 (0.8%)
GeoTrust, Inc.	1.9M (3.2%)	5,694 (0.3%)
GoDaddy	1.6M (2.7%)	38,215 (2.0%)
GlobalSign	1.2M (1.9%)	837 (0.0%)

Large CAs misissue a  
small fraction of their  
certificates





# The Problem with Small CAs

- Browsers are taking action against *big, obvious players*

# The Problem with Small CAs

- Browsers are taking action against *big, obvious players*
- Smaller problematic CAs are “hiding in obscurity”
- PROCERT is a notable counter-example
  - 39 issued certificates, 100% misissuance

# The Problem with Small CAs

- Browsers are taking action against *big, obvious players*
- Smaller problematic CAs are “hiding in obscurity”
- PROCERT is a notable counter-example
  - 39 issued certificates, 100% misissuance
- If PROCERT gets the boot, at *least* **17** others should go too!

*“It's 2017 - it's both time to stop making excuses and time to recognize that the ability of CAs to adhere to the rules is core to their trustworthiness. **Technical rules are but a proxy for procedure rules.**”*



Is certificate misissuance  
correlated with other  
mismanagement?

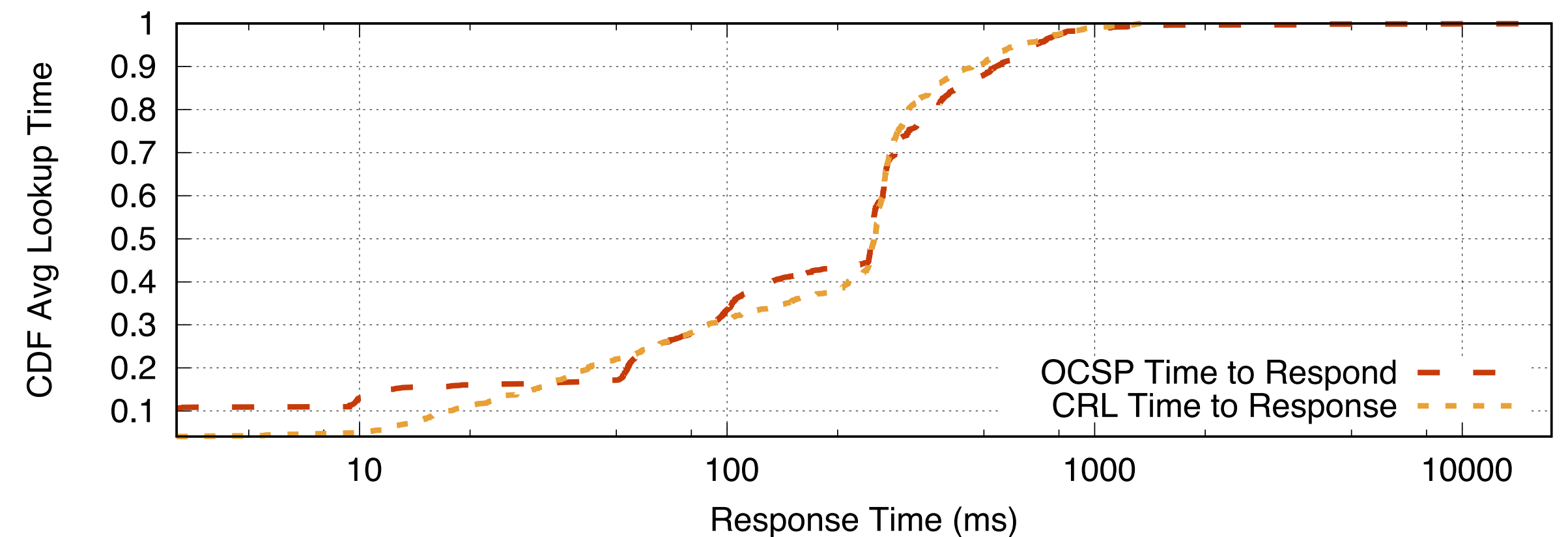
# CA Management: Revocation

- OCSP Responders
- CRLs

**Strict rules associated with revocation service response times**

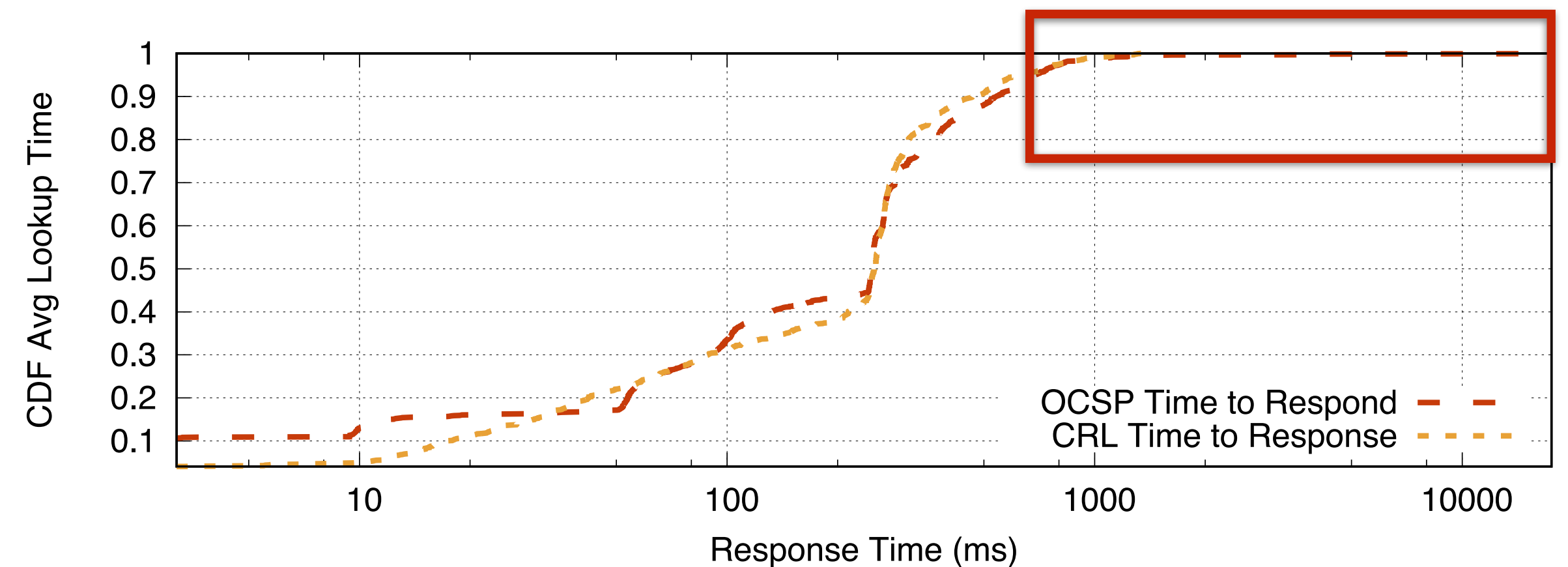
# CA Revocation Measurement

- Made a valid OCSP, CRL request to all responders every hour from Sept 1 - 20, 2017



# CA Revocation Measurement

- Made a valid OCSP, CRL request to all responders every hour from Sept 1 - 20, 2017
- Most responders follow 10s rule, but long tail
  - 53 OCSP responders worst case >10s
  - 2 CRL distribution points worst case >10s



# Correlating ZLint with Mismanagement

	Errors	Warnings
OCSP Responders	0.10 (p-value: < 0.01)	0.19 (p-value: < 0.01)
CRL Distribution Points	0.07 (p-value: 0.01)	0.17 (p-value: < 0.01)

# Correlating ZLint with Mismanagement

	Errors	Warnings
OCSP Responders	0.10 (p-value: < 0.01)	0.19 (p-value: < 0.01)
CRL Distribution Points	0.07 (p-value: 0.01)	0.17 (p-value: < 0.01)



# ZLint is Open Source

**code:** <https://github.com/zmap/zlint>

**certificates:** Available through Censys

# ZLint is Deployed

**code:** <https://github.com/zmap/zlint>

**certificates:** Available through Censys



# ZLint will be Deployed

**code:** <https://github.com/zmap/zlint>

**certificates:** Available through Censys



# Moving Forward

- PKI community is using ZLint to focus removal investigations

# Moving Forward

- PKI community is using ZLint to focus removal investigations
- We should consider if small, regularly offending CAs are worth our trust

# Moving Forward

- PKI community is using ZLint to focus removal investigations
  - We should consider if small, regularly offending CAs are worth our trust
- ZLint enables *monitoring* of the certificate misissuance ecosystem
  - We still need tools to measure other forms of mismanagement



# Moving Forward

- PKI community is using ZLint to focus removal investigations
  - We should consider if small, regularly offending CAs are worth our trust
- ZLint enables *monitoring* of the certificate misissuance ecosystem
  - We still need tools to measure other forms of mismanagement
- As new rules are ratified, we need to be watching

# Moving Forward

- PKI community is using ZLint to focus removal investigations
  - We should consider if small, regularly offending CAs are worth our trust
- ZLint enables *monitoring* of the certificate misissuance ecosystem
  - We still need tools to measure other forms of mismanagement
- As new rules are ratified, we need to be watching

**Questions?**  
**dkumar11@illinois.edu**  
**@\_kumarde**