

## Part-3

### 1) Exception

- a) Define & RealTime example
- b) Types of Exception and explain
- c) Exception handling
- d) Explain try, catch –rules, finally
- e) throw

#### 1.1. Define

#### 1.2. Syntax

#### 1.3. Note

#### f) throws

#### 1.1. Define

#### 1.2. Note

#### 1.3. Syntax

#### 1.4. Rules

#### g) Difference between Throw and Throws

#### h) Difference b/w final, finally ,finalize

#### i) Throwable type of object ref. printStackTrace()

#### j) Object Propagation

#### k) Unchecked Exception propagation

#### l) Custom Exception

#### 1.1. Define

#### 1.2. We can create custom exception for both checked and unchecked

Feature	List	Set
Type	Interface	Interface
Package	java.util	java.util
Duplicates	✔ Allowed	✗ Not allowed
Order	✔ Maintains insertion order	✗ No order (except LinkedHashSet, TreeSet)
Indexing	✔ Supports index	✗ No index
Access	get(index)	No direct access
Sorting	✔ Can be sorted	✗ Cannot be sorted directly
Null elements	✔ Multiple nulls (ArrayList)	✗ Only one null (HashSet)
Performance	Good for search by index	Good for uniqueness
Iterator	ListIterator + Iterator	Only Iterator
Implementations	ArrayList, LinkedList, Vector	HashSet, LinkedHashSet, TreeSet

Feature	ArrayList	LinkedList	Vector	Stack
Data structure	Resizable array	Doubly linked list	Resizable array	LIFO (Vector)
Thread-safe	✗	✗	✓	✓
Access by index	O(1)	O(n)	O(1)	O(1)
Insert/delete middle	O(n)	O(1)	O(n)	O(n)
Implements	List	List, Deque	List	Vector
Legacy	✗	✗	✓	✓
Use case	Fast search	Frequent insertion/deletion	Thread-safe array	LIFO operations

Feature/Aspect	ArrayList	LinkedList	Vector	Stack
<b>Underlying Data Structure</b>	Dynamic array	Doubly linked list	Dynamic array	<b>Extends Vector</b> (dynamic array)
<b>Implements Interfaces</b>	List, RandomAccess, Cloneable, Serializable	List, Deque, Cloneable, Serializable	List, RandomAccess, Cloneable, Serializable	List, RandomAccess, Cloneable, Serializable
<b>Insertion/Deletion</b>	Slow (except at end, O(1) amortized)	Fast (O(1) at start or end, O(n) for index access)	Slow (like ArrayList)	Same as Vector (slow in middle)
<b>Access by Index</b>	Fast (O(1))	Slow (O(n))	Fast (O(1))	Fast (O(1))
<b>Thread Safety</b>	Not synchronized	Not synchronized	Synchronized (thread-safe)	Synchronized (thread-safe)
<b>Usage</b>	General-purpose list, frequent access	Frequent insert/delete, queue/deque operations	Legacy code, thread-safe list	LIFO operations (push/pop)
<b>Memory Overhead</b>	Low	Higher (due to node pointers)	Low	Low (inherits Vector overhead)
<b>Performance</b>	Fast for random access	Fast for insertion/deletion	Slightly slower due to synchronization	Same as Vector

Feature/Aspect	HashSet	LinkedHashSet	TreeSet
<b>Underlying Data Structure</b>	Hash table	Hash table + doubly linked list	Red-Black tree (balanced binary search tree)
<b>Implements Interfaces</b>	Set, Cloneable, Serializable	Set, Cloneable, Serializable	Set, NavigableSet, SortedSet, Cloneable, Serializable
<b>Order of Elements</b>	No order (unordered)	Insertion order	Sorted (natural order or via Comparator)
<b>Allows Null</b>	Yes (only one null)	Yes (only one null)	No
<b>Performance (Add/Remove/Contains)</b>	O(1) average	O(1) average	O(log n)
<b>Iteration Order</b>	Unpredictable	Predictable (insertion order)	Sorted order
<b>Memory Overhead</b>	Low	Slightly higher (due to linked list)	Higher (tree structure)
<b>Thread Safety</b>	Not synchronized	Not synchronized	Not synchronized
<b>Usage</b>	Fast operations without order	Maintain insertion order	Maintain sorted order

Feature/Aspect	HashMap	LinkedHashMap	TreeMap
<b>Underlying Data Structure</b>	Hash table	Hash table + doubly linked list	Red-Black tree (balanced binary search tree)
<b>Implements Interfaces</b>	Map, Cloneable, Serializable	Map, Cloneable, Serializable	Map, NavigableMap, SortedMap, Cloneable, Serializable
<b>Order of Entries</b>	No order (unordered)	Insertion order	Sorted order (natural or via Comparator)
<b>Allows Null</b>	Yes (1 null key, multiple null values)	Yes (1 null key, multiple null values)	No null keys, allows multiple null values
<b>Performance (Put/Get/Remove)</b>	O(1) average	O(1) average	O(log n)
<b>Iteration Order</b>	Unpredictable	Predictable (insertion order)	Sorted order
<b>Memory Overhead</b>	Low	Slightly higher (due to linked list)	Higher (tree structure)
<b>Thread Safety</b>	Not synchronized	Not synchronized	Not synchronized
<b>Usage</b>	Fast key-value operations without order	Maintain insertion order	Maintain sorted keys; range queries

Feature / Aspect	Set	Map
<b>Type</b>	Collection of elements	Collection of key–value pairs
<b>Package</b>	<code>java.util</code>	<code>java.util</code>
<b>Extends / Interface</b>	Extends <code>Collection</code>	Does <b>NOT</b> extend <code>Collection</code>
<b>Data Storage</b>	Stores <b>only values</b>	Stores <b>key</b> → <b>value</b> pairs
<b>Duplicates</b>	✗ Does not allow duplicate elements	✗ Does not allow duplicate <b>keys</b> (values can be duplicate)
<b>Null Allowed</b>	Depends on implementation (e.g., <code>HashSet</code> allows one null)	Depends on implementation (e.g., <code>HashMap</code> allows one null key, multiple null values)
<b>Access Mechanism</b>	Access via <b>iteration only</b>	Access via <b>keys</b> using <code>get(key)</code>
<b>Index-Based Access</b>	✗ No indexing, no <code>get()</code> method	✗ No index, but key-based access
<b>Order Maintenance</b>	Depends on implementation ( <code>LinkedHashSet</code> , <code>TreeSet</code> )	Depends on implementation ( <code>LinkedHashMap</code> , <code>TreeMap</code> )
<b>Common Implementations</b>	<code>HashSet</code> , <code>LinkedHashSet</code> , <code>TreeSet</code>	<code>HashMap</code> , <code>LinkedHashMap</code> , <code>TreeMap</code> , <code>Hashtable</code>
<b>Use Case</b>	When you need <b>unique elements only</b>	When you need <b>key–value mapping</b>

## How LinkedHashMap Stores Elements

