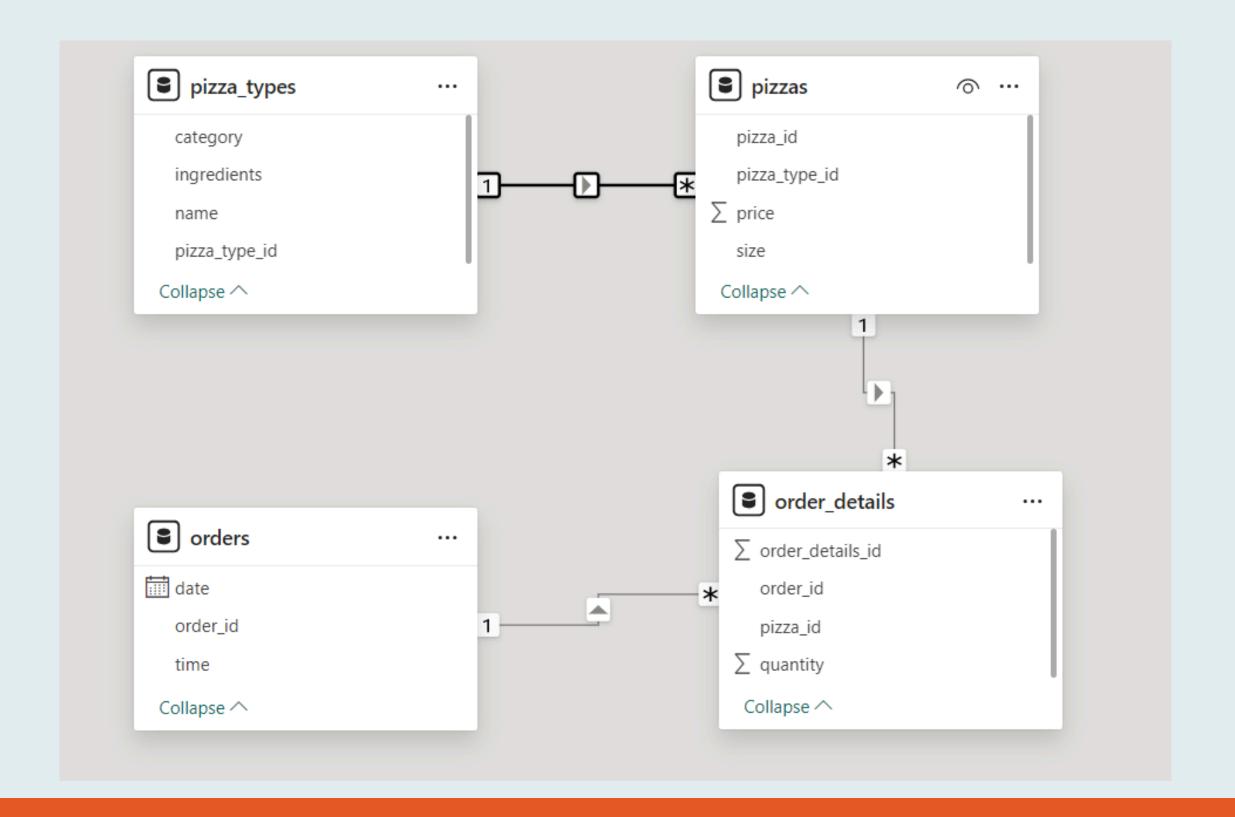
# Pizza Sales Analysis using SQL

### Data Model



### Q1 - Retrieve the total number of orders placed.



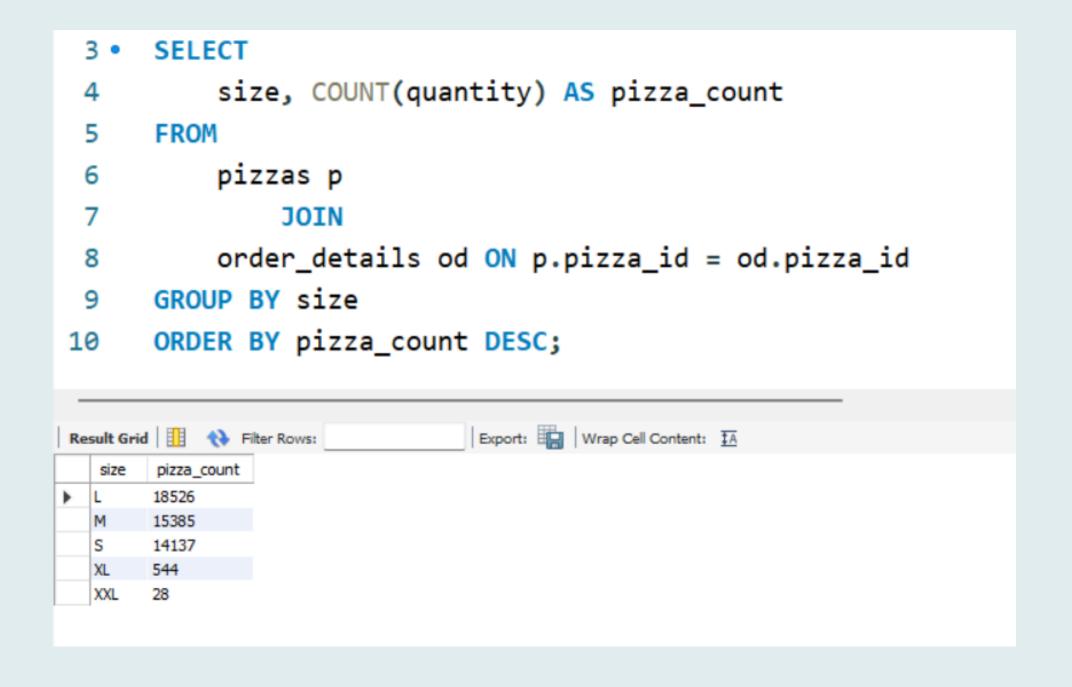
### Q2 - Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
select round(sum(quantity*price),2) as total_revenue
     from order_details od join pizzas p
     on od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id;
sult Grid
                               Export: Wrap Cell Content: $\frac{1}{4}
         Filter Rows:
 total_revenue
817860.05
```

### Q3 - Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
3 • SELECT
         pt.name, p.price
 5
     FROM
          pizzas p
 6
              JOIN
          pizza_types pt ON p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
 8
     ORDER BY price DESC
10
     LIMIT 1;
                          Export: Wrap Cell Content: A Fetch rows:
price
▶ The Greek Pizza 35.95
```

### Q4 - Identify the most common pizza size ordered.



### Q5 - List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT
            pt.name, SUM(quantity) AS quantities
       FROM
            pizza_types pt
 6
                 JOIN
 8
            pizzas p ON pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
 9
                 JOIN
            order_details od ON p.pizza_id = od.pizza_id
10
       GROUP BY pt.name
11
       ORDER BY quantities DESC
12
13
       LIMIT 5;
                                     Export: Wrap Cell Content: TA Fetch rows:
Result Grid
            Filter Rows:
  pizza_type_id
             quantities
  dassic_dlx
             2416
  bbq_ckn
             2372
             2370
  hawaiian
             2369
  pepperoni
  thai ckn
             2315
```

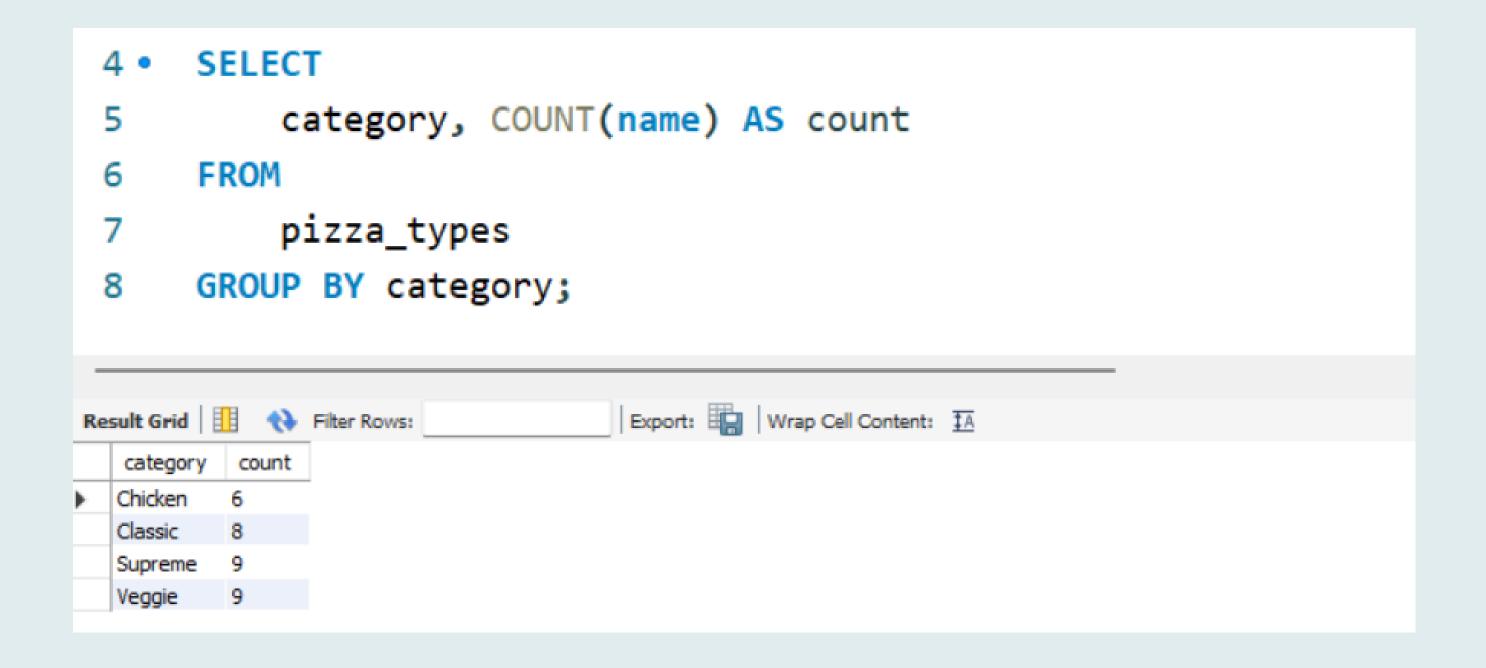
## Q6 -Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT
          pt.category, SUM(od.quantity) AS quantity
      FROM
          pizza_types pt
 6
               JOIN
          pizzas p ON pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
               JOIN
10
          order details od ON p.pizza id = od.pizza id
11
      GROUP BY pt.category
12
      ORDER BY quantity DESC;
                               Export: Wrap Cell Content: IA
category
         quantity
        14888
  Classic
        11987
  Supreme
        11649
  Veggie
  Chicken
        11050
```

### Q7 - Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.



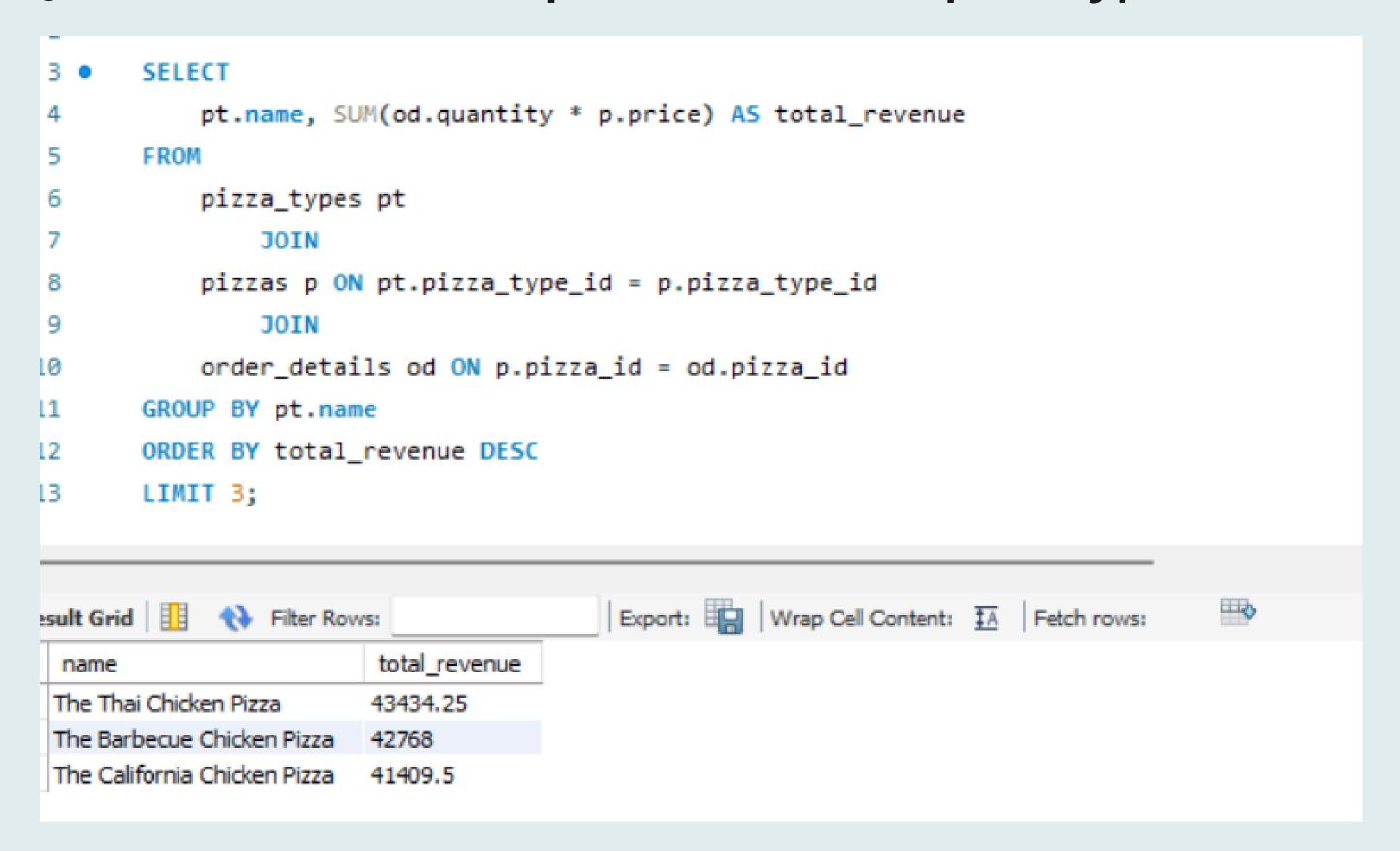
### Q8 - Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.



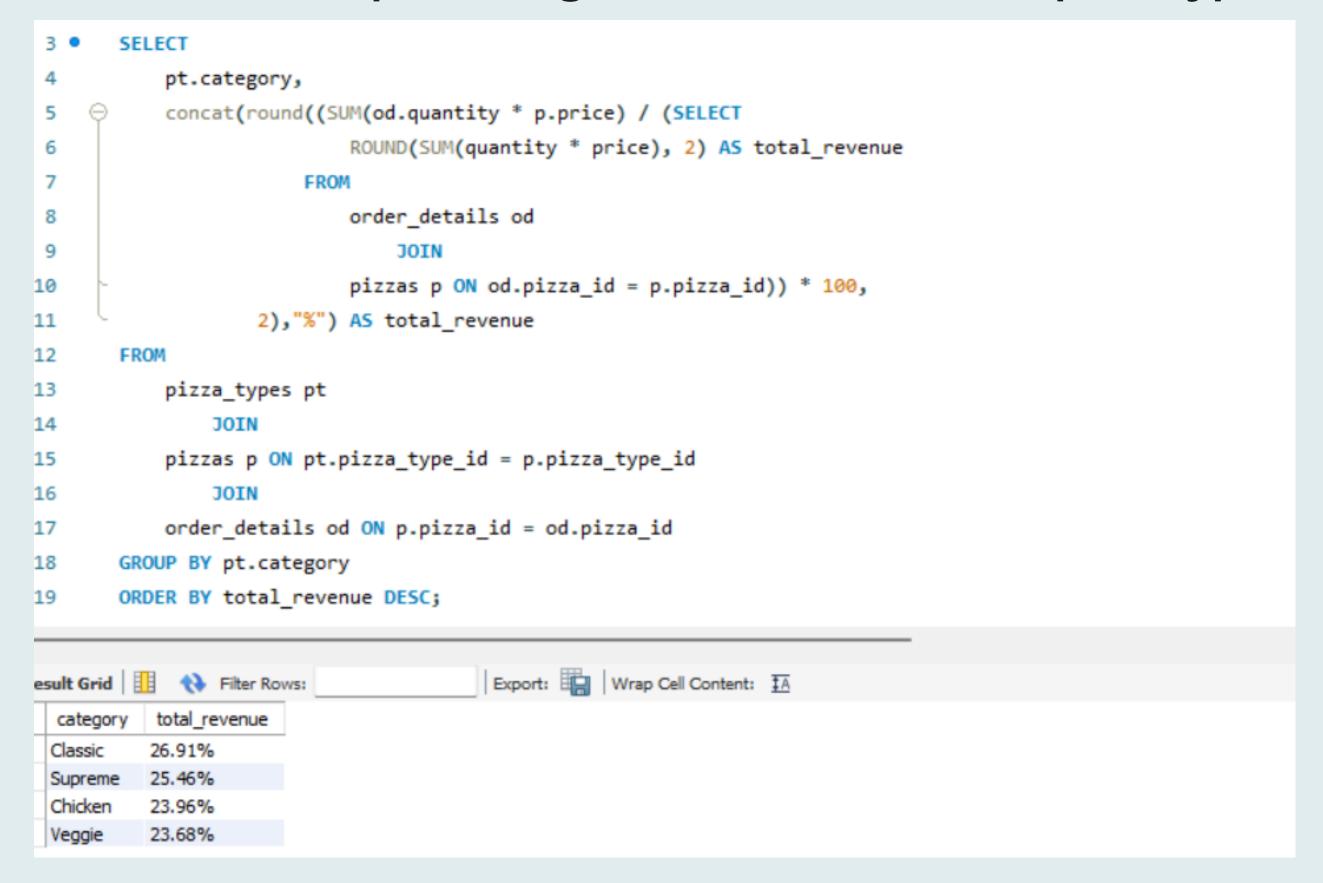
Q9 - Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
3
        SELECT
            ROUND(AVG(total_pizzas), 0) as avg_order
  5
        FROM
  6
             (SELECT
                o.order_date, SUM(quantity) AS total_pizzas
  8
  9
            FROM
                orders o
10
            JOIN order_details od ON o.order_id = od.order_id
11
            GROUP BY o.order_date) AS order_quantity;
12
Result Grid
                                          Export: Wrap Cell Content: TA
             Filter Rows:
   avg_order
  138
```

### Q10 - Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.



### Q11- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.



### Q12- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
2
           select order_date, round(sum(revenue) over(order by order_date), 2) as cum_revenue
 3 •
           from
 4
           (select o.order_date, sum(od.quantity*p.price) as revenue from
 6
           orders o join order_details od
           on o.order_id = od.order_id
           join pizzas p on od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
           group by o.order_date) as sales;
Export: Wrap Cell Content: IA
  order_date
          cum_revenue
  2015-01-01
          2713.85
  2015-01-02
          5445.75
  2015-01-03
          8108.15
  2015-01-04
          9863.6
  2015-01-05
         11929.55
  2015-01-06 14358.5
  2015-01-07 16560.7
  2015-01-08 19399.05
  2015-01-09 21526.4
  2015-01-10 23990.35
```

#### Q13- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
select name, revenue from

    (select category, name, revenue, rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn.

    from
    (select pt.category, pt.name, round(sum(od.quantity*p.price),2) as revenue
    from pizza_types pt join pizzas p
     on pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
     join order_details od
    on p.pizza_id = od.pizza_id
     group by pt.category, pt.name) as a ) as b
    where rn <=3;
ult Grid Filter Rows:
                             Export: Wrap Cell Content: IA
                 revenue
                41409.5
The California Chicken Pizza
The Classic Deluxe Pizza
                 38180.5
                32273.25
The Hawaiian Pizza
The Pepperoni Pizza
                 30161.75
```

The Spicy Italian Pizza

The Italian Supreme Pizza

34831.25

33476.75

Thank you for Reading!