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# Tensorflow Implementation of Q learning with Nural Network

```
In [1]: import gym
    import numpy as np
    import random
    import tensorflow as tf
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    %matplotlib inline

In [2]: # Load Environment
    env = gym.make('FrozenLake-v0')
    [2017-08-03 20:21:50,595] Making new env: FrozenLake-v0
```

#### Implementing the network itself

```
In [3]: tf.reset_default_graph()

In [4]: #These lines establish the feed-forward part of the network used to choose act ions
    inputs1 = tf.placeholder(shape=[1,16],dtype=tf.float32)
    W = tf.Variable(tf.random_uniform([16,4],0,0.01))
    Qout = tf.matmul(inputs1,W)
    predict = tf.argmax(Qout,1)

#Below we obtain the loss by taking the sum of squares difference between the target and prediction Q values.
    nextQ = tf.placeholder(shape=[1,4],dtype=tf.float32)
    loss = tf.reduce_sum(tf.square(nextQ - Qout))
    trainer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning_rate=0.1)
    updateModel = trainer.minimize(loss)
```

### Training the network

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```
In [9]: init = tf.global variables initializer()
        # Set Learning parameters
        y = .99
        e = 0.1
        num_episodes = 2000
        #create lists to contain total rewards and steps per episode
        jList = []
        rList = []
        with tf.Session() as sess:
            sess.run(init)
            for i in range(num_episodes):
                #Reset environment and get first new observation
                 s = env.reset()
                 rAll = 0
                 d = False
                 j = 0
                #The Q-Network
                while j < 99:
                     j+=1
                     #Choose an action by greedily (with e chance of random action) fro
        m the Q-network
                     a,allQ = sess.run([predict,Qout],feed_dict=
        {inputs1:np.identity(16)[s:s+1]})
                     if np.random.rand(1) < e:</pre>
                         a[0] = env.action space.sample()
                     #Get new state and reward from environment
                     s1,r,d, = env.step(a[0])
                     #Obtain the Q' values by feeding the new state through our network
                     Q1 = sess.run(Qout, feed dict={inputs1:np.identity(16)[s1:s1+1]})
                     #Obtain maxQ' and set our target value for chosen action.
                     maxQ1 = np.max(Q1)
                     targetQ = allQ
                     targetQ[0,a[0]] = r + y*maxQ1
                     #Train our network using target and predicted Q values
                     _,W1 = sess.run([updateModel,W],feed_dict={inputs1:np.identity(16)
        [s:s+1],nextQ:targetQ})
                     rAll += r
                     s = s1
                     if d == True:
                         #Reduce chance of random action as we train the model.
                         e = 1./((i/50) + 10)
                         break
                 jList.append(j)
                 rList.append(rAll)
        print ("Percent of succesful episodes: " + str(sum(rList)/num_episodes) + "%")
```

Percent of succesful episodes: 0.2355%

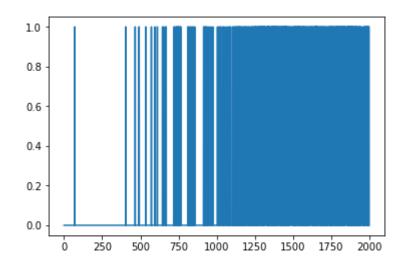
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#### Some statistics on network Performance

## We can see that the network beings to consistly reach the goal around the 750 episode mark

In [10]: plt.plot(rList)

Out[10]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0xc0bc7b8>]



In [11]: plt.plot(jList)

Out[11]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0xc135978>]

