

Name:

Entry No.:

1. [1 marks] How can ROBDDs be used to check if $A \models B$, for propositional logic formulas A and B . Use the technique that you have proposed to check if $(p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)) \models ((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r))$.
2. [1 marks] Find a modal logic formula whose corresponding property is *density*, i.e. for all $x, z \in W$ such that $R(x, z)$, there exists a $y \in W$ such that $R(x, y)$ and $R(y, z)$. Argue that your formula is correct.
3. [1 marks] Given a Kripke model with a finite set of worlds, we may represent a world in this model quite naturally with a propositional logic formula derived from the valuation. (Assume that we can always add extra atomic propositions, if required, to make enough distinctions.) A subset of worlds may then be represented as a disjunction (of the formulas corresponding to the worlds in the set).
Draw an ROBDD (use the alphabetical order) representing the formula for the set of worlds where $\Box p \rightarrow p$ is true in the model shown below.

