

Radix complement

The r 's complement of an n -digit number N in base r is defined as $r^n - N$ (for $N \neq 0$) and as 0 (for $N = 0$).

Comparing with $(r-1)$'s complement, note that r 's complement is obtained by adding 1 to $(r-1)$'s complement.

For example,

the 10's complement of $(2389)_{10}$ is

$$(7611)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9999 \\ 2389 \\ \hline 7610 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 7611 \end{array}$$

Subtraction using complement

Suppose we are subtracting two n -digit unsigned numbers M, N in base r

$$M - N$$

→ ① $M + (r^n - N)$ ← if $M \geq N$

② $1 - r^n$

$r^n - (N - M)$

if $M < N$

$$\overline{r^n - (N-M)}$$

r 's complement of $(N-M)$

Take r 's complement again, and
negate

Example

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{M} \\ 72532 - \text{N} \end{array} \underline{03250}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 72532 \\ 96750 \\ \hline 169282 \\ 100000 \\ \hline 69282 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 99999 \\ 03250 \\ \hline 96749 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 96750 \end{array}$$

~~Ans.~~

$$3250 - 72532$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 03250 \\ 27468 \\ + \\ \hline 30718 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 99999 \\ 72532 \\ \hline 27467 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 27468 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 99999 \\ 30718 \\ \hline 69281 \\ + 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} - 69282 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Exercise

$$X = \underline{1010100}$$

$$Y = \underline{1000011}$$

find out

$$X - Y$$

using 2's
complements.

Exercise

Technique + 2 examples