

Create Student Class that takes name & marks of 3 subjects as list as argument in constructor.

then create a method to print the average

class Student:

def __init__(self, name, marks):
 self.name = name
 self.marks = marks

def avg(): [1, 2, 3]

sum = 0

for ele in self.marks:
 sum = sum + ele

print("Hi", self.name, "Your avg
is", sum/3)

sl = Student("ABC", [99, 98, 97])

sl.avg()

@Static method

Class Student :

if constructor

@Static method #decorator

def welcome () :



Dops

Absstraction

Encapsulation

Inheritance

Polymorphism

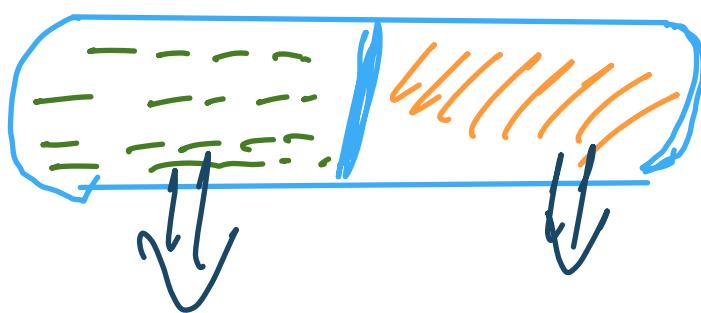
① Abstraction

↳ Detail Hiding

class Student :

method: If only method signature

② Encapsulation



data function

Binding the data & function into
a single Unit

⇒ Data Hiding

class bank :

def __init__(self, acc, passs)

self.acc = acc

self.passs = passs

def reset-pass():

print(self.passs)

b1 = bank("abc", 1234)

print(b1.acc)

print(b1.reset-pass())

class Car:

```
    def __init__(self,  
                 self.acc = False  
                 self.brk = False  
                 self.clutch = False  
    )
```

def start(^{self}n):

```
    self.acc = True  
    self.clutch = True
```

```
    print("car started")
```

c = Car()

c.start() # car started

Q: Create a Bank account class
& take account no & balance
as argument in constructor.
(Create 3 methods i.e.
credit, debit & getbalance)

class BA:

def init(self, acc No, balance):



def credit(self, amount):

$$\text{balance} = \text{balance} + \text{amount}$$

def debit(self, amount):

$$\text{balance} = \text{balance} - \text{amount}$$

def getbalance (self):
 return balance

ankit = BA(123, 10000)
ankit.debit(1000)
ankit.debit(500)

Inheritance

Inheriting the prop. from parent class to the child class/sub class

Class Car:

color = "Black"

@staticmethod
def start():

print("car started")

@staticmethod

def stop():

print("car stop")

Class Maruti(Car):

def __init__(self, name):
 self.name = name

~~M1~~ = Markt^o ("Swing")

M1 · start(c)

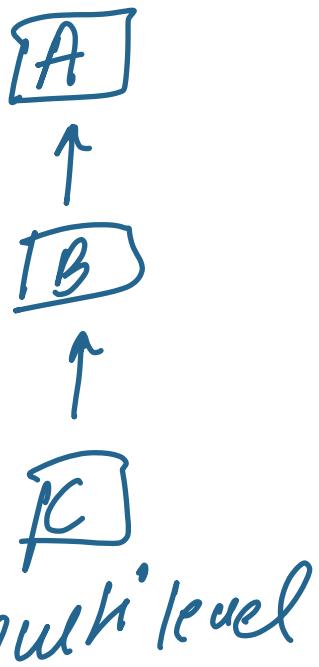
M1 · stop(c)

Types of Inheritance

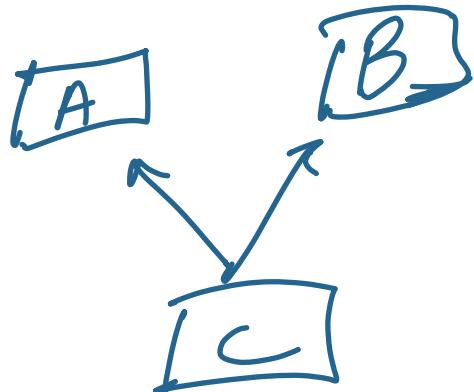
- ① Single Inheritance
- ② multi-level Inheritance
- ③ multiple Inheritance
- ④ hybrid / Hierarchie



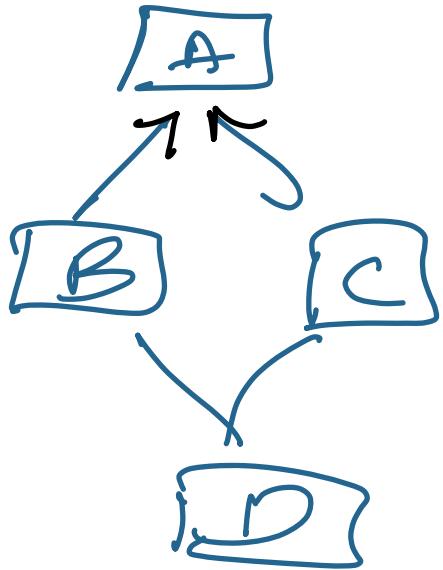
single



multi-level



multiple



class Car :

--init--(self, type)
=

start():
=

class Maruti(Car):

EngineShop():
=

class Saifi(Maruti):

⇒ End():
=

$s = S \cdot \text{weight}()$
 $S \in \text{Each}()$ ✓
 $S \in \text{Engine}()$ ✓
 $S \in \text{Start}()$ ✓

multiple

class A:

varA = "In A"

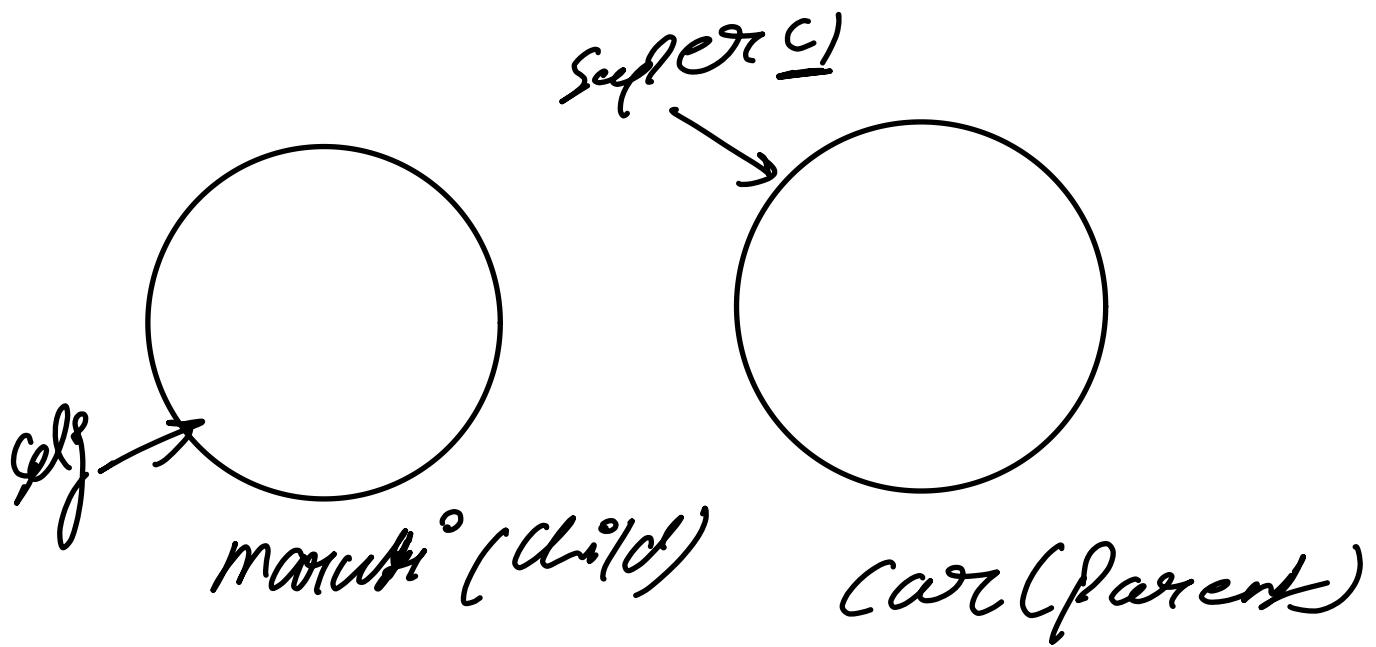
class B:

varB = "In B"

class C(A, B):

varC = "In C"

$C1 = CC$
 $f(C1 \cdot \text{VarA})$
 $f(C1 \cdot \text{VarB})$
 $f(C1 \cdot \text{VarC})$



super
super₁

Super keyword:

```
class Car:  
    def __init__(self, type):  
        self.type = type  
    @staticmethod  
    def start():  
        print("car Started")  
  
    @staticmethod  
    def stop():  
        print("Car Stopped")  
  
class Maruti(Car):  
    def __init__(self, name, type):  
        self.name = name  
        super().__init__(type)  
  
s1 = Maruti("Swift", "Diesel")  
print(s1.name)  
print(s1.type)  
s1.start()
```

@classmethod

```
class Car: 2 usages
    name="Arun"

    def __init__(self, name):
        self.name=name

c1 = Car("Rahul")
print(c1.name) #rahul
print(Car.name) #arun
```

way1

```
class Car: 3 usages
    name="Arun"

    def __init__(self, name):
        Car.name=name

c1 = Car("Rahul")
print(c1.name) #rahul
print(Car.name) #Rahul
```

way 2

```
class Car: 2 usages
    name="Arun"

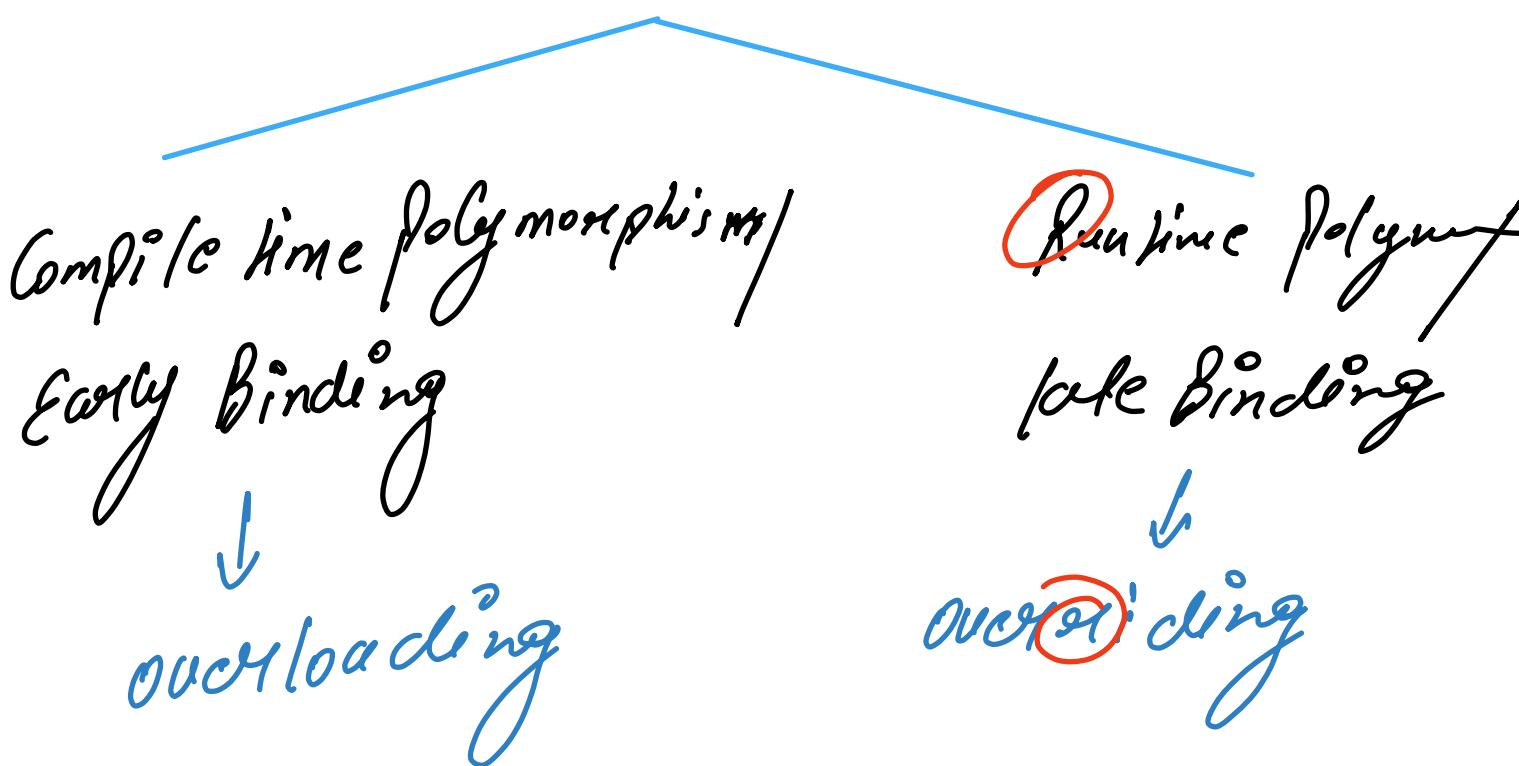
    def __init__(self, name):
        self.__class__.name=name

c1 = Car("Rahul")
print(c1.name) #rahul
print(Car.name) #Rahul
```



Polymorphism

Poly + morphism
↓ ↓
Many forms / structures



Overloading

① def show(self): ①
=====

② def show(self, age, name) ②
=====

③ def show(self, name, age) ②
=====

Cond'n

① Within same class

② Same function name

③ diff
 → no. of parameters
 → Type of parameter
 → Sequence of parameter

SI.show(20, "Arena")

Overriding

class Marchi:

start():

print("start with key")

class Swift(marchi):

start():

print("start with button")

SI = Swift():

SI.start()

- ① Within different class
- ② Same function name
- ③ Same
 - no. of parameter
 - Type of parameter
 - sequence of parameter

Oops

class Student:

 name = "sumit"

 age = 21

 enroll = " — "

def Study():

 =====

eat():

 =====

s1 = Student()

print(s1.name)

⇒ s1.Study() →
s1.eat()

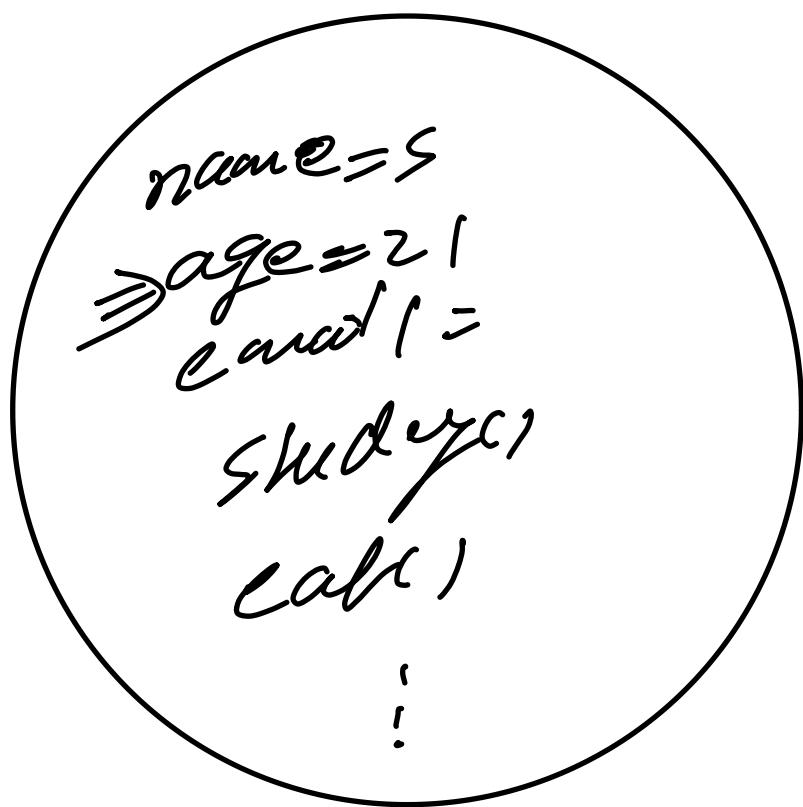
name = s
age = 21
enroll =
Study()
eat()

:

↑
s1

$s2 = \text{Student}()$

$\text{print}(s2.\text{age})$



$s2$

Pillar

Abstraction Encapsulation Inheritance

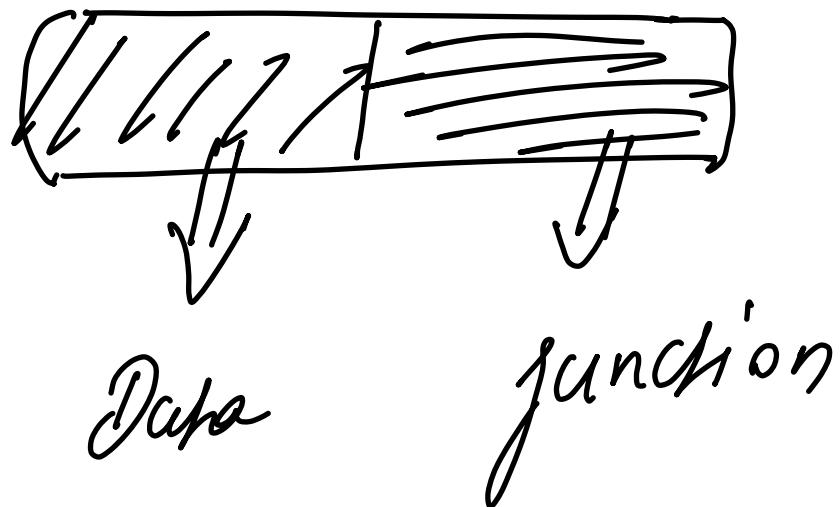
Polymorphism

Abstraction → Details

start():

stop():

Encapsulation \Rightarrow Data hiding



Inheritance

Parent()



Child()

class Parent :

data

functions

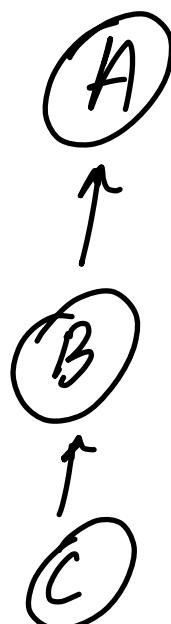
class child(Parent) :

Types

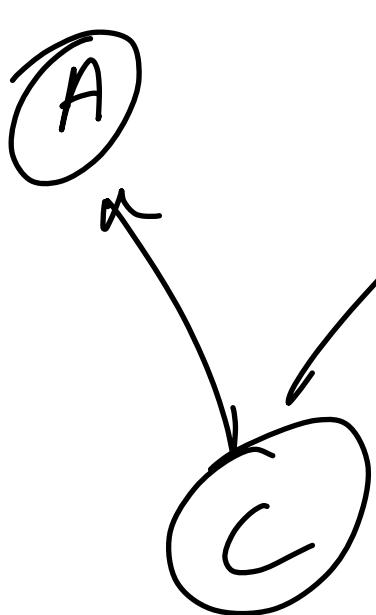
① Single



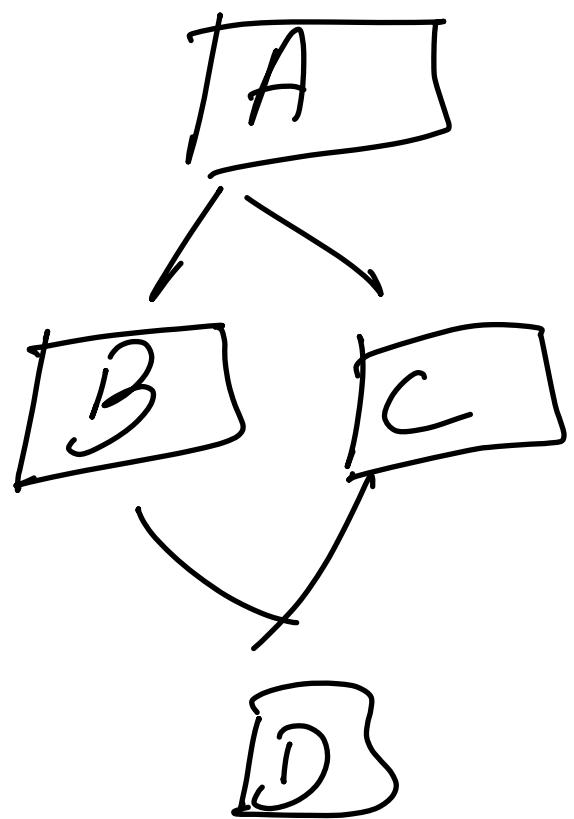
② multilevel



③ multiple



④



Polymorphism

CTP



Overloading



① Within same class

② Same function name ② Same function name

③ diff

RTP



Overriding



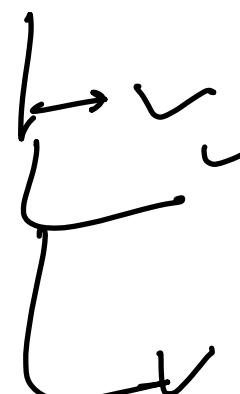
① Within diff class

③ same

→ no. of parameters

→ Type of parameters

→ Sequence of parameters



~~sound(string name)~~

~~sound(string email)~~

st.sound("Arrow")

add(num1, num2)

return num1 + num2

(add(num1, num2, num3)
return 1+2+3)

1

M

1

1