PART - 1

CSS GRID (GRID TERMINOLOGIES)



The way how grid works is, we first have to create a container as a grid, then have to set column-row sizes, and then place its child elements into the grid.

To make this simple, I have divided this topic into three parts.

- 1. Grid Terminologies
- 2. Grid Container
- 3. Grid Items

Grid Terminologies:

The following are terminologies that are important to understand before we dive deeper into properties:

- 1. Grid Container
- 2. Grid Item
- 3. Grid Axis
- 4. Grid Line
- 5. Grid Cell
- 6. Grid Track
- 7. Grid Area

1. Grid Containers:

We apply "display: grid "property to the grid container (parent element) which includes grid items (child elements).

2. Grid Item:

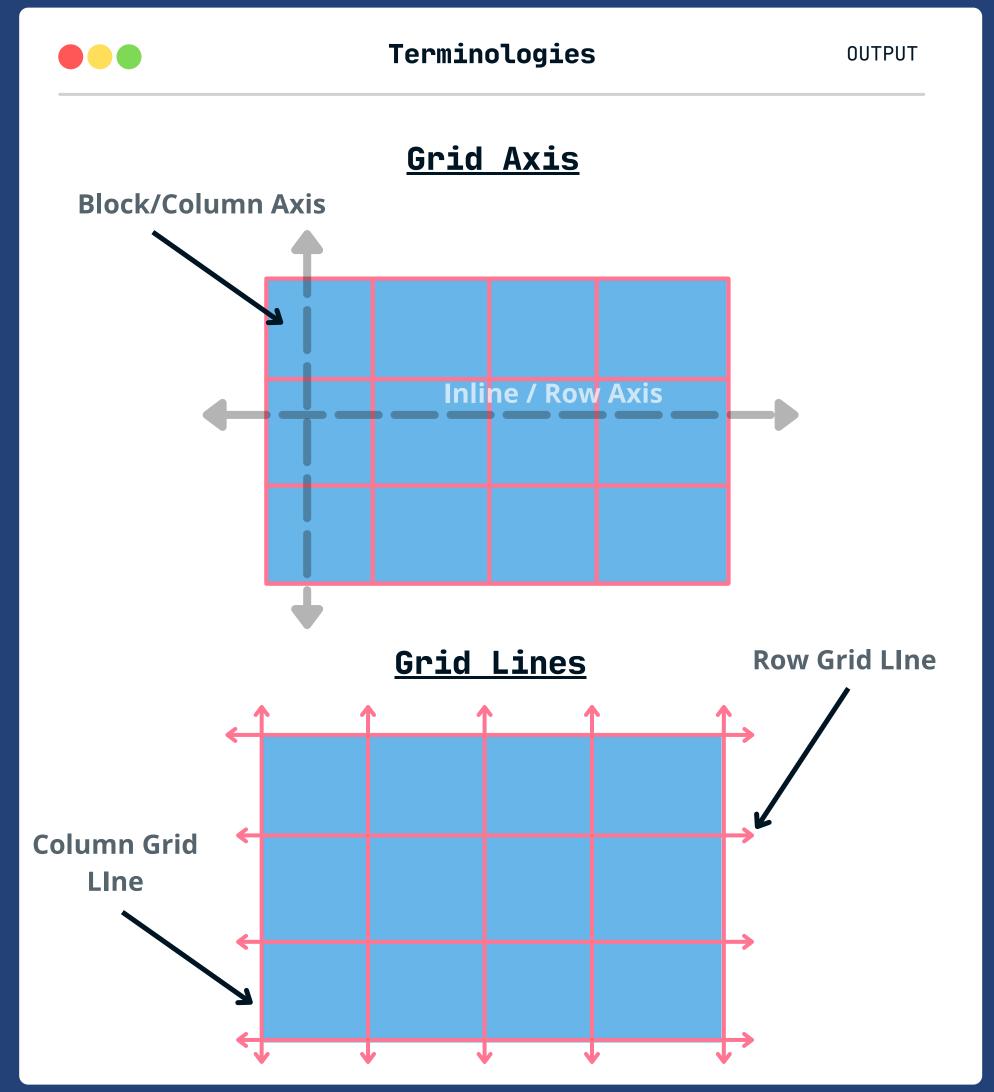
These are the elements under the parent container elements:

3. Grid Axis: The CSS Grid Layout is a two-dimensional layout method enabling the laying out of content in rows and columns. Thus we have two axes.

4. Grid Line:

These are the dividing lines that make up the structure of the grid.

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5. Grid Cell:

The space between two adjacent rows and two adjacent columns grid lines is a grid cell.

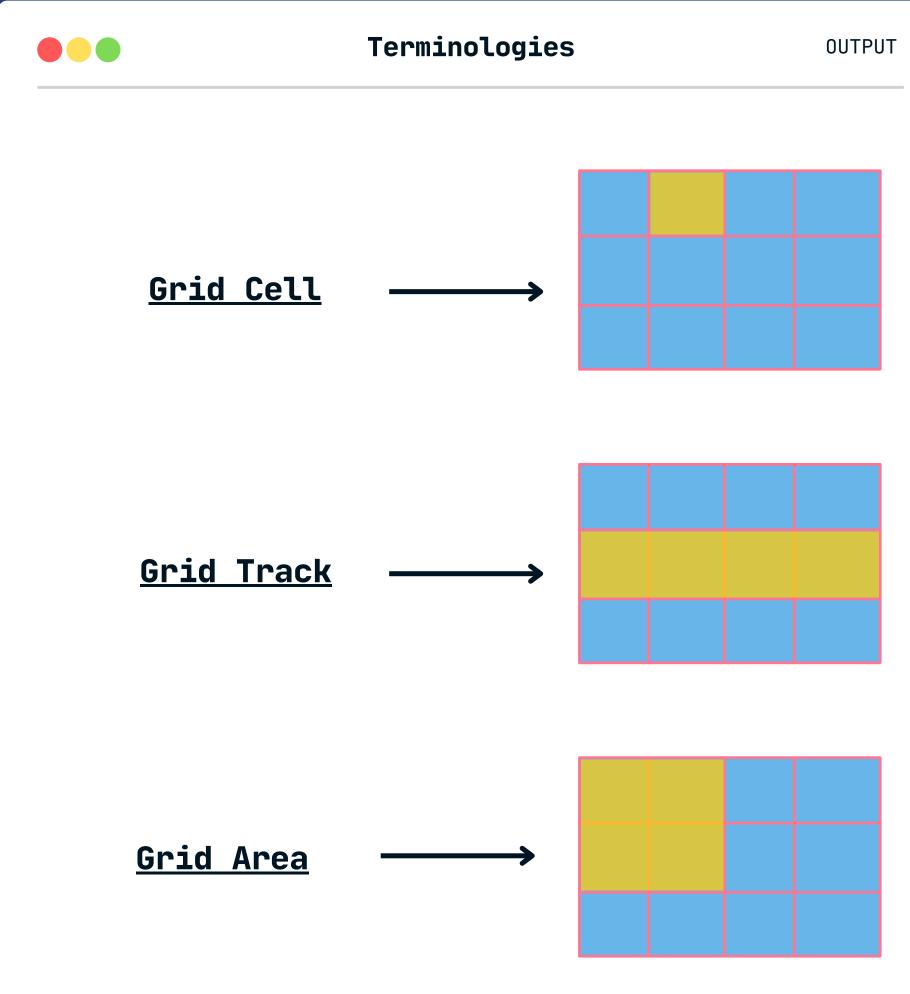
Grid Track:

The space between two adjacent grid lines. In simple terms, the rows/columns are grid tracks.

7. Grid area:

The area surrounded by four grid lines is Grid Area. A grid area may be composed of any number of grid cells.

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NOTE: These are just grid layouts without elemnts







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