

JS

Most Asked Question

Keywords are used
to handle
exceptions?



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```
Try{  
    Code  
}  
Catch(exp){  
    Code to throw an exception.  
}  
Finally{  
    Code runs either it finishes  
    successfully or after catch  
}
```

Try

JS

- The **"try"** clause is used to limit a code block that can generate an exception and is compulsory for implementation

```
try {  
  
    // ReferenceError  
    foo++;  
} catch (exception) {  
  
    // It handles the exception  
    var message = exception.message;  
}
```


catch

JS

- The **“catch”** clause is a block of code that is most effective if an exception happens in the **“try”** clause. Although the **“catch”** clause is optional.

```
try {  
    // Assuming an exception is occurring  
} catch (exception) {  
    if (exception instanceof TypeError) {  
        // This part handles TypeError exceptions  
    } else if (exception instanceof ReferenceError) {  
        // This part handles ReferenceError exceptions  
    } else {  
        // This part handles all other  
        // types of exceptions  
    }  
}
```

finally

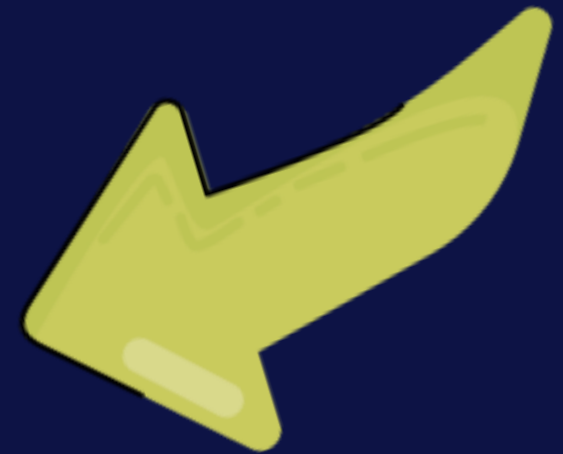
- The **"finally"** clause is a block of code that is performed after the **"try"** and **"catch"** clauses, irrespective of any errors.

```
function case() {  
  try {  
    return true;  
  } finally {  
    return false;  
  }  
}
```


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