

JavaScript *String* Method's

`trim()`

`toUpperCase()`

`toLowerCase()`

`charAt()`

`concat()`

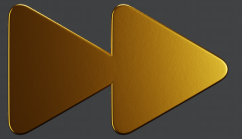
`indexOf()`

`lastIndexOf()`

`slice()`

`replace()`

`split()`



01

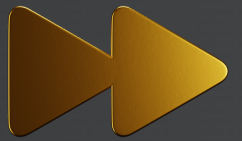
trim()

trim() - removes whitespace from the beginning and end of a strings.



JS trim()

```
1  const str = "  hello world  ";  
2  const trimmedStr = str.trim(); // "hello world"
```



02

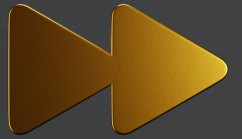
toUpperCase()

toUpperCase() - converts a string to all uppercase letters.



JS toUpperCase()

```
1  const str = "hello world";  
2  
3  const upperCaseStr = str.toUpperCase();  
4  // "HELLO WORLD"
```



03

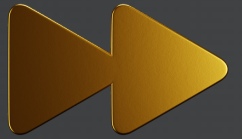
toLowerCase()

toLowerCase() - converts a string to all lowercase letters.



JS toLowerCase()

```
1  const str = "Hello World";  
2  const lowerCaseStr = str.toLowerCase();  
3  
4  // "hello world"
```



04

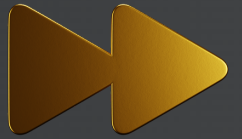
charAt()

charAt() - returns the character at a specific index in a string.



JS charAt()

```
1  const str = "saif";  
2  const firstChar = str.charAt(0); // "s"
```



05

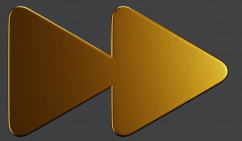
concat()

concat() - concatenates two or more strings.



JS concat()

```
1  const str1 = "saif";  
2  const str2 = "mujawar";  
3  const concatenatedStr = str1.concat(" ", str2);  
4  
5  // "saif mujawar"
```



06

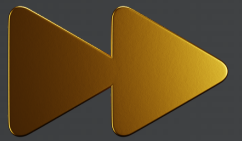
indexOf()

indexOf() - returns the index of the first occurrence of a specified substring in a string.



JS indexOf()

```
1  const str = "hello world";  
2  
3  const index = str.indexOf("world"); // 6  
4
```



07

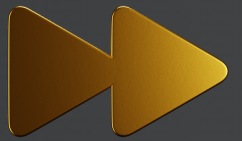
lastIndexOf()

lastIndexOf() - returns the index of the last occurrence of a specified substring in a string.



JS lastIndexOf()

```
1  const str = "hello world";  
2  
3  const index = str.lastIndexOf("o"); // 7
```

08

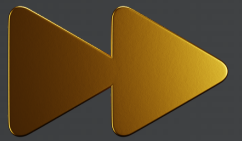
slice()

slice() - extracts a section of a string and returns it as a new string.



JS slice()

```
1  const str = "hello world";  
2  
3  const slicedStr = str.slice(6, 11); // "world"  
4
```



09

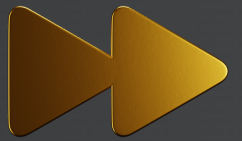
replace()

replace() - replaces a specified substring with another substring.



JS replace()

```
1  const str = "hello world";  
2  
3  const replacedStr = str.replace("world", "there");  
4  
5  // "hello there"  
6
```



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split()

split() - splits a string into an array of substrings based on a specified delimiter.



JS split()

```
1  const str = "hello,world";  
2  
3  const arr = str.split(","); // ["hello", "world"]  
4
```

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And That's it!!!

**Did you find it
useful?**



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