March 28, 2024

```
[]: import pandas as pd
     df = pd.read_csv(r"dataSet.csv")
[]: print("Printing the information of the dataset\n")
     df.info()
     print("\n\n Printing the head of the dataset\n")
     print(df.head())
     print("\n\n Printing the tail of the dataset\n")
     print(df.tail())
     print("\n\n Printing the count of the dataset\n")
     print(df.count())
     print("\n\n Printing the info of the dataset\n")
     print(df.info())
     print("\n\n Printing the isNull values of the dataset\n")
     print(df.isnull())
     print("\n\n Printing the null values sum of the dataset\n")
     df.isnull().sum()
```

Printing the information of the dataset

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10 entries, 0 to 9
Data columns (total 5 columns):
    Column Non-Null Count Dtype
___ _____
0
    roll
           10 non-null
                          int64
    name 10 non-null
1
                          object
2
    class 9 non-null
                          object
3
    marks
           8 non-null
                          float64
           9 non-null
                          float64
    age
dtypes: float64(2), int64(1), object(2)
```

memory usage: 528.0+ bytes

Printing the head of the dataset

	roll	name	class	marks	age
0	1	anil	TE	56.77	22.0
1	2	amit	TE	TE 59.77	
2	3	aniket	BE	76.88	19.0
3	4	ajinkya	TE	69.66	NaN
4	5	asha	NaN	63.28	20.0

Printing the tail of the dataset

	roll	name	class	marks	age
5	6	ayesha	BE	49.55	20.0
6	7	amar	BE	NaN	19.0
7	8	amita	BE	NaN	23.0
8	9	amol	TE	56.75	20.0
9	10	anmol	BE	78.66	21.0

Printing the count of the dataset

roll 10
name 10
class 9
marks 8
age 9
dtype: int64

Printing the info of the dataset

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10 entries, 0 to 9
Data columns (total 5 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	roll	10 non-null	int64
1	name	10 non-null	object
2	class	9 non-null	object
3	marks	8 non-null	float64
4	age	9 non-null	float64
_			

 ${\tt dtypes: float64(2), int64(1), object(2)}$

memory usage: 528.0+ bytes

None

```
Printing the isNull values of the dataset
```

```
roll
        name class marks
                         age
O False False False False
1 False False False False
2 False False False False
3 False False False
                       True
4 False False
            True False False
5 False False False False
6 False False False
                  True False
7 False False False
                   True False
8 False False False False
9 False False False False
```

Printing the null values sum of the dataset

```
[]: roll 0 name 0 class 1 marks 2 age 1 dtype: int64
```

```
#find the count of distinct values
print(breakline, "Find the count of distinct values \n \n")
print(df['class'].value_counts())

#filling the missing values with median values of age
print(breakline, "Filling the missing values with median values of age \n \n");
print(df['age'].fillna(df['age'].median()))
```

Drop all rows that having no value

```
roll
          name class marks
                            age
0
     1
          anil
                 TE 56.77
                           22.0
1
     2
          amit
                 TE 59.77
                           21.0
2
     3 aniket
                 BE 76.88 19.0
5
                 BE 49.55
     6 ayesha
                           20.0
8
     9
          amol
                 TE 56.75 20.0
9
    10
         anmol
                 BE 78.66 21.0
```

Identify missing value using domain knowldege...fill absed n domain knowlwedge:

```
roll
          name class marks
                             age
0
     1
          anil
                  TE 56.77 22.0
1
     2
                  TE 59.77 21.0
          amit
2
     3 aniket
                  BE 76.88 19.0
3
                  TE 69.66
                           0.0
     4 ajinkya
4
     5
                  0 63.28 20.0
          asha
5
                  BE 49.55 20.0
     6 ayesha
     7
6
          amar
                  BE
                      0.00 19.0
7
     8
                      0.00 23.0
        amita
                  BE
8
     9
          amol
                  TE 56.75 20.0
9
    10
          anmol
                  BE 78.66 21.0
```

Only using class column

```
0
     ΤE
1
     ΤE
2
     ΒE
3
     ΤE
4
     ΤE
5
     BE
6
     BE
7
     ΒE
8
     ΤE
9
     BE
Name: class, dtype: object
```

Filling the missing values with mean of marks

```
56.770
0
     59.770
1
     76.880
2
3
     69.660
     63.280
4
5
     49.550
6
     63.915
7
     63.915
8
     56.750
     78.660
Name: marks, dtype: float64
```

Find the count of distinct values

BE 5
TE 4
Name: class, dtype: int64

Filling the missing values with median values of age

```
22.0
    0
         21.0
    1
    2
         19.0
    3
         20.0
    4
         20.0
    5
         20.0
    6
         19.0
    7
         23.0
    8
         20.0
    9
         21.0
    Name: age, dtype: float64
[]: # Propogates the values previous to the element with NaN field
     print("Propogates the values previous to the element with NaN field n \")
     print(df.fillna(method='pad'))
     # Same as above just fills it with next value
     print(breakline, "Same as above just fills it with next value \n \n")
     print(df.fillna(method='backfill'))
```

Propogates the values previous to the element with NaN field

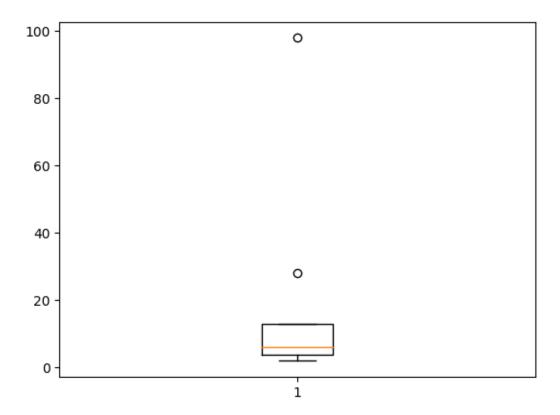
```
roll
           name class marks
                              age
0
     1
           anil
                   TE 56.77
                             22.0
1
     2
           amit
                   TE 59.77 21.0
2
                   BE 76.88 19.0
     3
         aniket
3
                   TE 69.66 19.0
     4 ajinkya
4
     5
                   TE 63.28 20.0
           asha
5
     6
         ayesha
                   BE 49.55 20.0
6
     7
           amar
                   BE 49.55 19.0
7
                   BE 49.55 23.0
     8
          amita
8
     9
                   TE 56.75 20.0
           amol
9
    10
                   BE 78.66 21.0
          anmol
```

Same as above just fills it with next value

```
roll
           name class marks
                              age
0
                             22.0
     1
           anil
                   TE 56.77
     2
                   TE 59.77 21.0
1
           amit
2
     3
         aniket
                   BE 76.88 19.0
3
     4 ajinkya
                   TE 69.66 20.0
4
     5
                   BE 63.28 20.0
           asha
5
                   BE 49.55 20.0
         ayesha
```

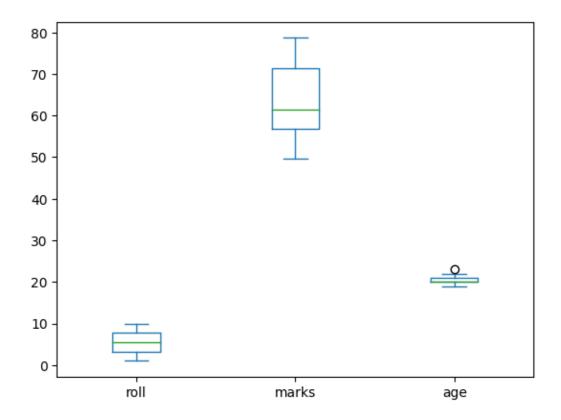
```
7
                        BE 56.75 19.0
    6
                amar
    7
          8
                        BE 56.75 23.0
               amita
                        TE 56.75 20.0
    8
          9
                amol
    9
         10
               anmol
                        BE 78.66 21.0
[]: # Fills the values with the maximum freq value in that column for values with
      \hookrightarrow NaN
     print("Fills the values with the maximum freq value in that column for values ⊔
      →with NaN \n \n");
     print(df['class'].fillna(df['class'].mode()[0]))
    Fills the values with the maximum freq value in that column for values with NaN
    0
         ΤE
    1
         TE
    2
         ΒE
    3
         TE
    4
         ΒE
    5
         ΒE
    6
         ΒE
    7
         ΒE
         TE
    8
    9
         BE
    Name: class, dtype: object
[]: import numpy as np
     x = np.array([5,4,3,2,7,8,98,28])
     print("Mean is : ", np.mean(x))
     print("Median is: ", np.median(x))
    Mean is: 19.375
    Median is: 6.0
[]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

plt.boxplot(x);



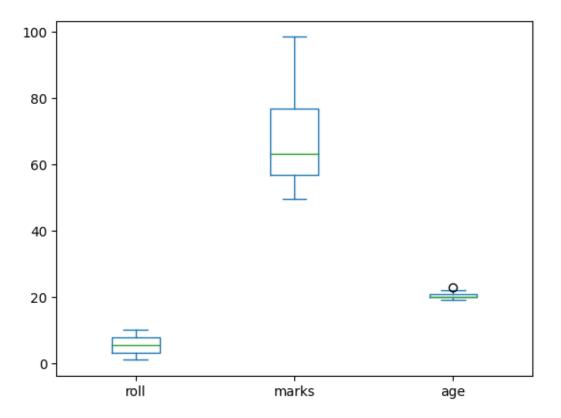
```
[ ]: df.plot.box()
```

[]: <Axes: >



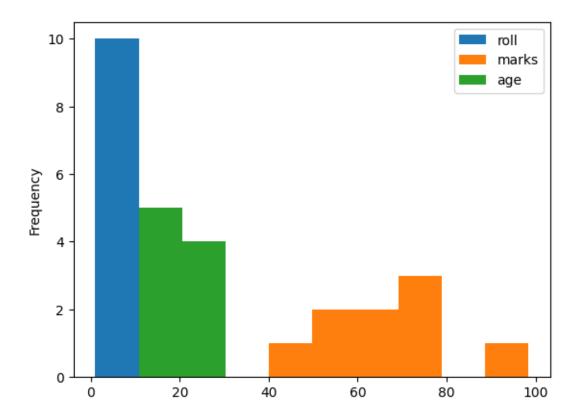
```
[]: df.loc[6,'marks']=98.45 df.plot.box()
```

[]: <Axes: >



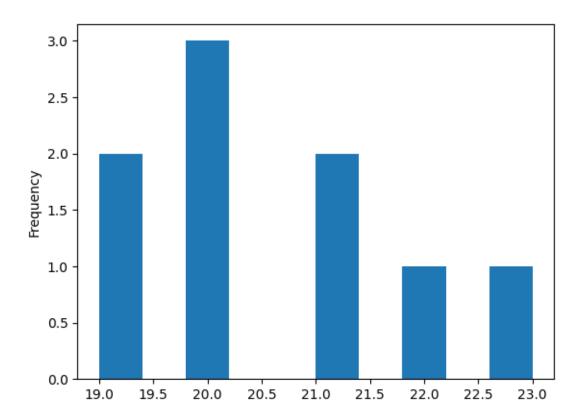
```
[]: df.plot.hist()
```

[]: <Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>



```
[]: df['age'].plot.hist()
```

[]: <Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>



```
[24]: x= df[['age', 'marks']]
      x.describe()
[24]:
                            marks
                   age
      count
              9.000000
                         9.000000
     mean
             20.555556
                        67.752222
                        15.020755
      std
              1.333333
     min
             19.000000
                        49.550000
      25%
             20.000000
                        56.770000
      50%
             20.000000
                        63.280000
      75%
             21.000000
                        76.880000
             23.000000
                        98.450000
     max
[26]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
      scaler = MinMaxScaler()
      x_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(x)
      pd.DataFrame(x_scaled).describe()
[26]:
                    0
                              1
             9.000000 9.000000
      count
                       0.372234
     mean
             0.388889
      std
             0.333333 0.307173
```

```
0.000000 0.000000
     min
     25%
            0.250000 0.147648
     50%
            0.250000 0.280777
     75%
            0.500000 0.558896
     max
            1.000000 1.000000
[27]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
     scaler = StandardScaler()
     x_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(x)
     pd.DataFrame(x_scaled).describe()
[27]:
     count 9.000000e+00
                          9.000000e+00
     mean -1.276756e-15 4.317534e-16
     std
            1.060660e+00 1.060660e+00
          -1.237437e+00 -1.285313e+00
     min
     25%
          -4.419417e-01 -7.754873e-01
     50%
          -4.419417e-01 -3.157969e-01
     75%
           3.535534e-01 6.445395e-01
            1.944544e+00 2.167661e+00
     max
```