

CSE 708 Seminar

Subset Sum Count (Using OpenMP in C)

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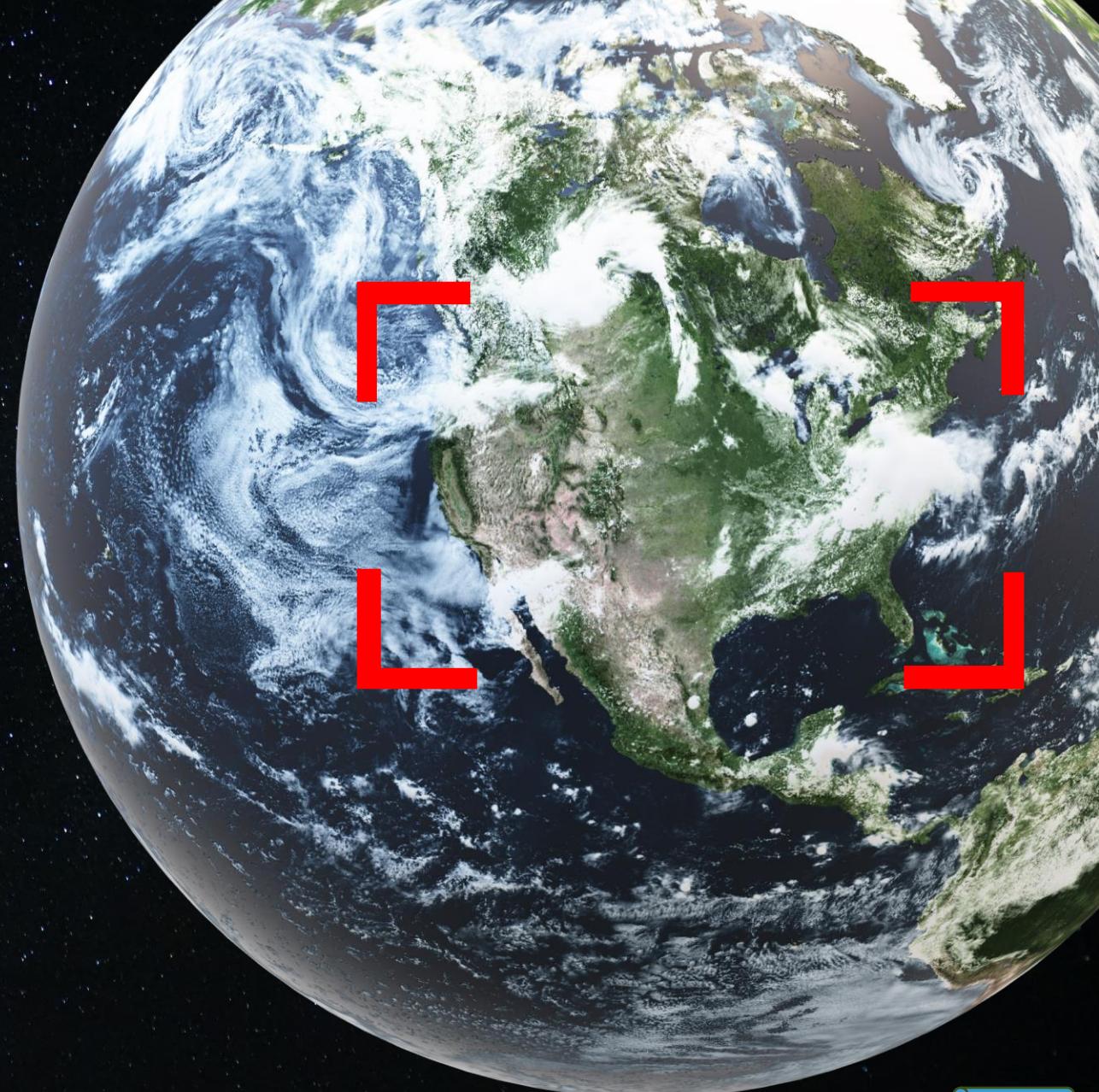
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1) Problem Statement

Determine the count of the subsets within an array whose sum equals a given target sum.

array[] = { 3, 1, 2, 4, 5} Target Sum = 6

subsets = {3, 1, 2}, {4, 2}, {1,5}

Subset Sum Count = 3

Constraint: All array elements are whole numbers.



2) Sequential Solution

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
-	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
1	2	1	1	0	1	1	0
4	3	1	1	0	1	1	0
2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-

```
if ( array[i] > j ): DP[i][j] = DP[i-1][j]  
else: DP[i][j] = DP[i-1][j] + DP[i-1][j-array[i]]
```



2) Sequential Solution

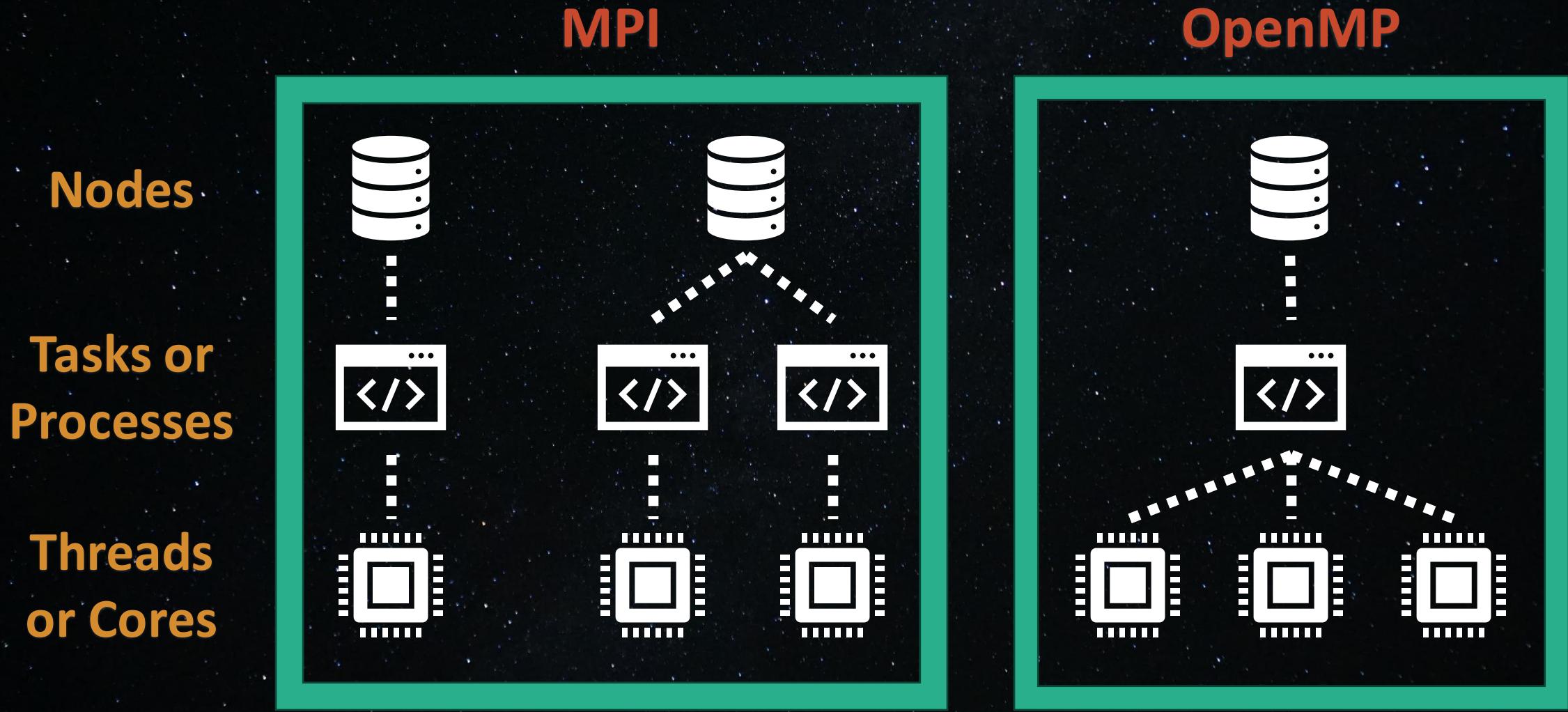
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
-	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
1	2	1	1	0	1	1	0
4	3	1	1	0	1	2	1
2	4	1	1	1	2	2	2
5	5	1	1	1	2	2	3

if (array[i] > j): DP[i][j] = DP[i-1][j]
else: DP[i][j] = DP[i-1][j] + DP[i-1][j-array[i]]

```
static int subsetSum(int array[], int array_size, int sum){  
    // Declaring and Initializing the DP matrix  
    int DP[][] = new int[array_size + 1][sum + 1];  
    DP[0][0] = 1;  
    for(int i = 1; i <= sum; i++)  
        DP[0][i] = 0;  
  
    for(int i = 1; i <= array_size; i++){  
        for(int j = 0; j <= sum; j++){  
            // DP Formula  
            if (array[i-1] > j)  
                DP[i][j] = DP[i-1][j];  
            else  
                DP[i][j] = DP[i-1][j] + DP[i-1][j-array[i-1]];  
        }  
    }  
  
    return DP[array_size][sum];  
}
```



3) MPI vs OpenMP



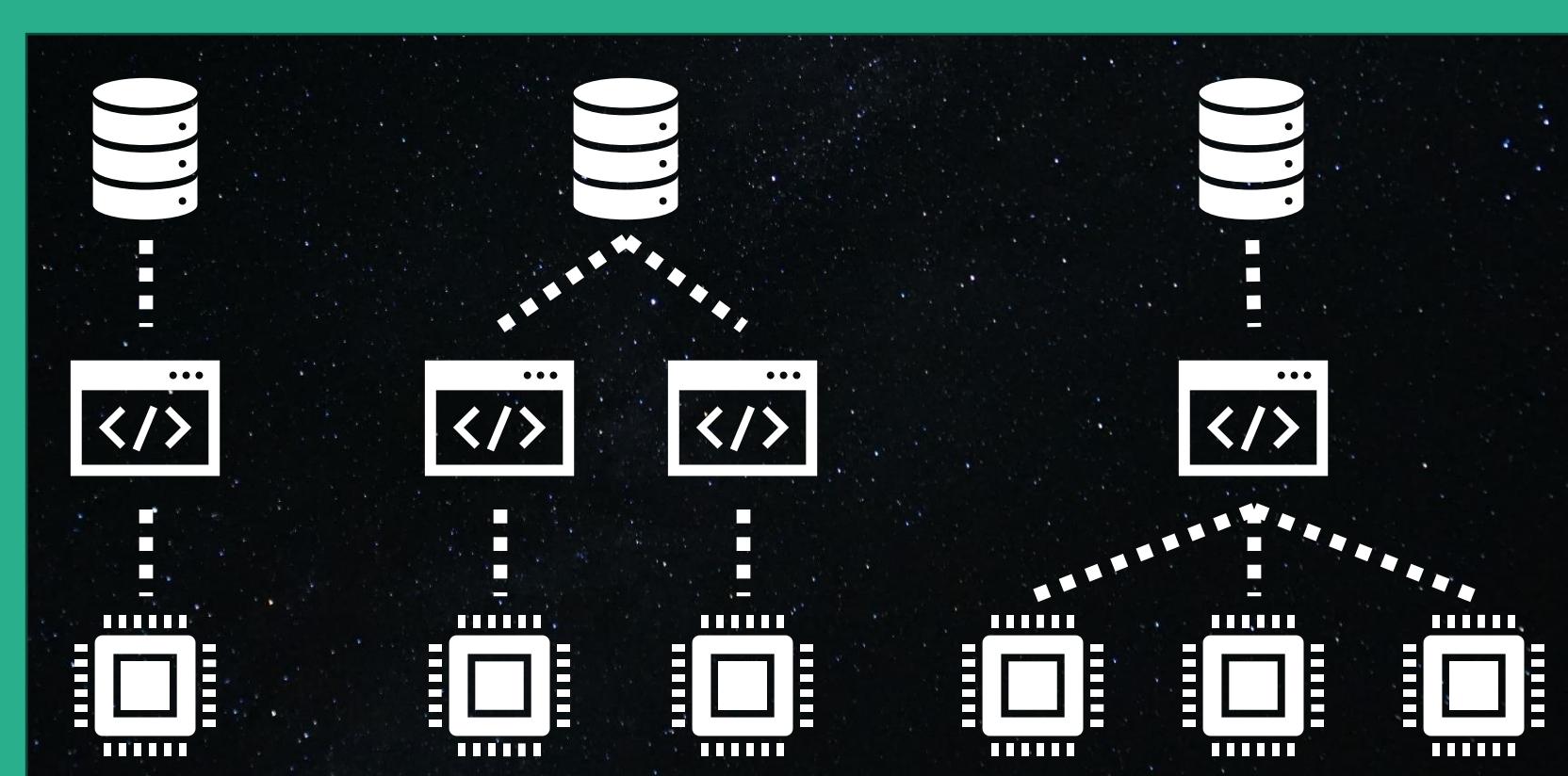
3) MPI vs OpenMP

Hybrid = MPI + OpenMP

Nodes

Tasks or
Processes

Threads
or Cores



3) MPI vs OpenMP

MPI

```
#SBATCH --nodes=4  
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=2  
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=1
```

OpenMP

```
#SBATCH --nodes=1  
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=1  
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=3
```

Hybrid

```
#SBATCH --nodes=4  
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=2  
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=3
```



4) Slurm Script

OpenMP Configuration

**Reserve all nodes & cores
(Pizza Box) for exclusive use**

**Setting # of threads equal to
of CPU cores requested**

**Enables support for OpenMP
pragmas and directives**

```
slurm.sh  x
708 > open_mp_c_execution > slurm.sh
1  #!/bin/bash
2
3  #SBATCH --nodes=1
4  #SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=1
5  #SBATCH --cpus-per-task=6
6
7  #SBATCH --constraint=IB|OPA
8  #SBATCH --time=00:10:00
9  #SBATCH --partition=general-compute
10 #SBATCH --qos=general-compute
11
12 #SBATCH --job-name="ssc_6_thread"
13 #SBATCH --output=output_openmp.txt
14
15 #SBATCH --exclusive
16
17 module load intel
18
19 export OMP_NUM_THREADS=$SLURM_CPUS_PER_TASK
20
21 gcc -fopenmp -o compiled_executive ssc_openmp.c
22
23 ./compiled_executive
24
```

5) Parallel Solution

Sequential Code Snippet

```
115     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {  
116         for (int j = 0; j <= sum; j++) {  
117             if (a[i - 1] > j){  
118                 dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j];  
119             }  
120             else{  
121                 dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j] + dp[i - 1][j - a[i - 1]];  
122             }  
123         }  
124     }
```

Parallel OpenMP Code Snippet

```
126     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {  
127         #pragma omp parallel for ←  
128         for (int j = 0; j <= sum; j++) {  
129             if (a[i - 1] > j){  
130                 #pragma omp atomic write ←  
131                 dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j];  
132             }  
133             else {  
134                 #pragma omp atomic write ←  
135                 dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j] + dp[i - 1][j - a[i - 1]];  
136             }  
137         }  
138     }
```

5) Parallel Solution

```
140 // Row Wise Iteration
141 for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
142     #pragma omp parallel for
143     for (int j = 0; j <= sum; j++) {
144         // Parallel column execution for a given row i
145     }
146     // Resumes sequential execution
147 }
```

```
126 for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
127     #pragma omp parallel for
128     for (int j = 0; j <= sum; j++) {
129
130         int thread_id = omp_get_thread_num();
131         thread_table[i][j] = thread_id;
132
133         if (a[i - 1] > j){
134             #pragma omp atomic write
135             dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j];
136         }
137         else {
138             #pragma omp atomic write
139             dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j] + dp[i - 1][j - a[i - 1]];
140         }
141     }
142 }
```

```
1 Max Threads = 4
2
3 Input Array = [3, 1, 2, 4, 5]
4 Target Sum = 6
```

```
5
6 Thread Table:
7 Row 0: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
8 Row 1: 0 0 1 1 2 2 3
9 Row 2: 0 0 1 1 2 2 3
10 Row 3: 0 0 1 1 2 2 3
11 Row 4: 0 0 1 1 2 2 3
12 Row 5: 0 0 1 1 2 2 3
13
```

```
14 DP Table:
15 Row 0: 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
16 Row 1: 1 0 0 1 0 0 0
17 Row 2: 1 1 0 1 1 0 0
18 Row 3: 1 1 1 2 1 1 1
19 Row 4: 1 1 1 2 2 2 2
20 Row 5: 1 1 1 2 2 3 3
21
22 Subset Sum Count = 3
```

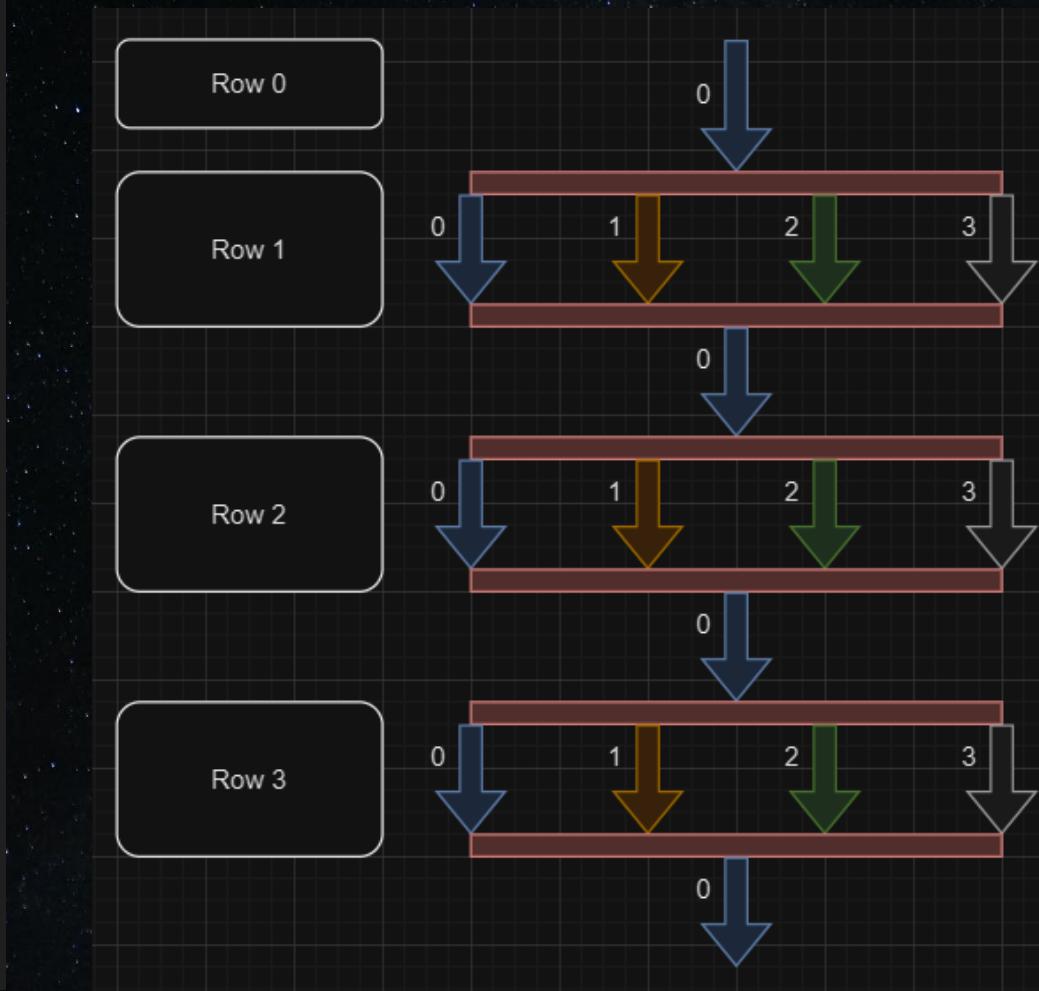
5) Parallel Solution

```
1 Max Threads = 4  
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3 Input Array = [3, 1, 2, 4, 5]  
4 Target Sum = 6
```

```
6 Thread Table:  
7 Row 0: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
8 Row 1: 0 0 1 1 2 2 3  
9 Row 2: 0 0 1 1 2 2 3  
10 Row 3: 0 0 1 1 2 2 3  
11 Row 4: 0 0 1 1 2 2 3  
12 Row 5: 0 0 1 1 2 2 3
```

```
14 DP Table:  
15 Row 0: 1 0 0 0 0 0 0  
16 Row 1: 1 0 0 1 0 0 0  
17 Row 2: 1 1 0 1 1 0 0  
18 Row 3: 1 1 1 2 1 1 1  
19 Row 4: 1 1 1 2 2 2 2  
20 Row 5: 1 1 1 2 2 3 3  
21  
22 Subset Sum Count = 3
```

```
140 // Row Wise Iteration  
141 for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {  
142     #pragma omp parallel for  
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144         // Parallel column execution for a given row i  
145     }  
146     // Resumes sequential execution  
147 }
```



6) Execution Result



```
extracted_values.log X  
708 > open_mp_c_execution > all_execution  
1  1-core: 0.000057 seconds  
2  2-core: 0.000291 seconds  
3  3-core: 0.000289 seconds  
4  4-core: 0.000401 seconds  
5  5-core: 0.000339 seconds  
6  6-core: 0.000485 seconds  
7  7-core: 0.000532 seconds  
8  8-core: 0.000604 seconds  
9  9-core: 0.000676 seconds  
10 10-core: 0.000680 seconds  
11 11-core: 0.000628 seconds  
12 12-core: 0.000863 seconds  
13 13-core: 0.000910 seconds  
14 14-core: 0.003784 seconds  
15 15-core: 0.001814 seconds  
16 16-core: 0.008463 seconds  
17
```

7) Future Scope

- 1) Gather result on much input size and plot graph
- 2) Analyze Standard Speedup (Amdhal's Law) and Scaled Speedup (Gustafson's Law)
- 3) Access more cores
- 4) Explore Hybrid approach



8) Reference

- 1) GFG: <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/count-of-subsets-with-sum-equal-to-x/>
- 2) Princeton University BootCamp:
https://princetonuniversity.github.io/PUBootcamp/sessions/parallel-programming/Intro_PP_bootcamp_2018.pdf
- 3) Dr. Jones Lectures on OpenMP

