



BITS, PILANI – K. K. BIRLA GOA CAMPUS

# Operating Systems

by

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# Synchronization

# PROCESS SYNCHRONIZATION

## Some Interesting Problems

### THE READERS/WRITERS PROBLEM:

```
BINARY_SEMAPHORE  wrt      = 1;
BINARY_SEMAPHORE  mutex    = 1;
int                readcount = 0;
```

Writer:

```
do {
    wait( wrt );
    /* writing is performed */
    signal( wrt );
} while(TRUE);
```

Reader:

```
do {
    wait( mutex );                /* Allow 1 reader in entry*/
    readcount = readcount + 1;
    if readcount == 1 then wait(wrt); /* 1st reader locks writer */
    signal( mutex );
    /* reading is performed */
    wait( mutex );
    readcount = readcount - 1;
    if readcount == 0 then signal(wrt); /*last reader frees writer */
    signal( mutex );
} while(TRUE);
```

WAIT ( S ):

```
while ( S <= 0 );
```

```
S = S - 1;
```

SIGNAL ( S ):

```
S = S + 1;
```

# PROCESS SYNCHRONIZATION

## Some Interesting Problems

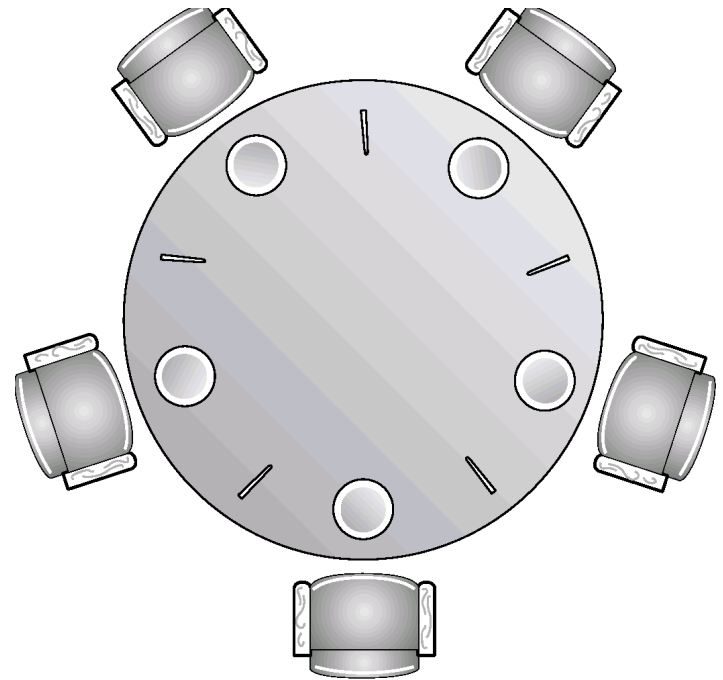
### THE DINING PHILOSOPHERS PROBLEM:

5 philosophers with 5 chopsticks sit around a circular table. They each want to eat at random times and must pick up the chopsticks on their right and on their left.

Clearly deadlock is rampant ( and starvation possible.)

Several solutions are possible:

- Allow only 4 philosophers to be hungry at a time.
- Allow pickup only if both chopsticks are available. ( Done in critical section )
- Odd # philosopher always picks up left chopstick 1<sup>st</sup>, even # philosopher always picks up right chopstick 1<sup>st</sup>.



# DINING PHILOSOPHER PROBLEM

- Data structure support needed
  - semaphore chopstick [N] ;
- Data structure Initialization
  - for( int i=0; i< N; i + +)  
    chopstick [ i ] = 1;

# DINING PHILOSOPHER PROBLEM

- The structure of Philosopher  $i$ :

```
do {  
    wait ( chopstick[i] );  
    wait ( chopstick[ (i + 1) % 5] );  
  
    // eat  
  
    signal ( chopstick[i] );  
    signal ( chopstick[ (i + 1) % 5] );  
  
    // think  
  
} while (TRUE);
```

# DINING PHILOSOPHER PROBLEM

- Draw back
  - Dead lock is possible → if everyone picks up left/right chopstick
- Solution
  - The philosopher can pick up a chopstick if both the left & right one are free.
  - Let the odd philosopher pick the left chopstick and even philosopher pick the right chopstick.
  - Take only even number of philosophers