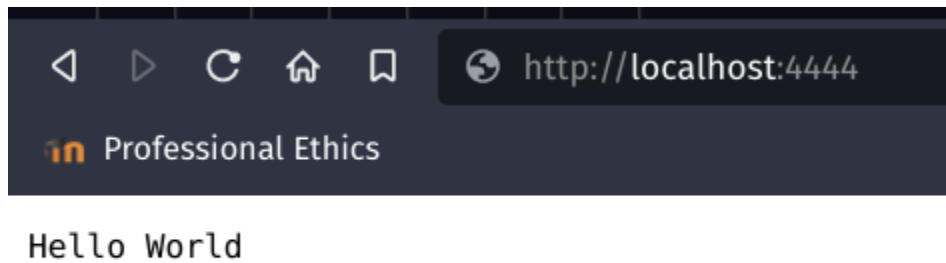


Q3



```
#include<sys/socket.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#include<stdio.h>

#define PORT 4444

int main(int argc, char const *argv[]){
    int server_fd, new_sock;
    struct sockaddr_in address;
    // char *hello = "Hello World";
    char *hello = "'HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\nContent-Type:
text/plain\r\nConnection: close\r\n\r\nHello World";
    // Had to change the format of the response, because just "Hello World"
was resulting in an invalid response

    // write your code here

    // Socket file descriptor for server
    // We use AF_INET for IPv6
    // SOCK_STREAM = reliable and connection oriented
    server_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

    // Error Checking
    if(server_fd<0){
        printf("Error in opening socket\n");
        return 0;
    }
```

```

// Need to specify address and port number so that it can bind to it
address.sin_family = AF_INET;
address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
address.sin_port = htons(PORT);

// need to bind the server_fd to an address and a port as mentioned in
struct (sockaddr_in) (4444 in this case)
if(bind(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *) &address, sizeof(address)) ==
-1){
    printf("Cannot bind\n");
    return 0;
}

// this is needed so that the socket waits for client to approach. The
number 7 is the maximum queue size.
listen(server_fd, 7);

int addrlen = sizeof(address); // had to initialize this variable in
order to pass it as a pointer in a later function
// it accepts the first connection request from the listening socket
queue and creates a new connected socket and returns a file descriptor
new_sock = accept(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *) &address,
(socklen_t*)&addrlen);

// Error Checking
if(new_sock == -1){
    printf("Cannot accept\n");
    return 0;
}

send(new_sock, hello, strlen(hello), 0);
printf("Hello message sent to browser\n");
return 0;
}

```