

# DSA Question Bank

## Bubble Sort:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {
    int arr[5] = {5, 4, 3, 2, 1}; // given package IDs
    int n = 5;
    for(int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {    // number of passes
        for(int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) { // compare adjacent elements
            if(arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {
                // swap them if they are in the wrong order
                int temp = arr[j];
                arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
                arr[j + 1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
    cout << "Sorted Package IDs: ";
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cout << arr[i] << " ";
    }
    return 0;
}
```

## Insertion Sort

```

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {
    int arr[5] = {5, 4, 3, 2, 1}; // given package IDs
    int n = 5;
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        int key = arr[i];    // take the current element
        int j = i - 1;
        // Move elements that are greater than key to one position ahead
        while (j >= 0 && arr[j] > key) {
            arr[j + 1] = arr[j];
            j--;
        }
        arr[j + 1] = key;    // insert the key at the correct position
    }
    // Print the sorted array
    cout << "Sorted Package IDs: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cout << arr[i] << " ";
    }
    return 0;
}

```

## Selection Sort

```

#include <iostream>

```

```

using namespace std;

int main() {
    int arr[5] = {5, 4, 3, 2, 1}; // given package IDs
    int n = 5;
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
        int minIndex = i; // assume the first element is the smallest
        for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
            if (arr[j] < arr[minIndex]) {
                minIndex = j; // update index of smallest element
            }
        }
        int temp = arr[i];
        arr[i] = arr[minIndex];
        arr[minIndex] = temp;
    }
    cout << "Sorted Package IDs: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cout << arr[i] << " ";
    }

    return 0;
}

```

## Linked List

```
#include <iostream>
```

```

using namespace std;

struct Node {
    int data;    // stores patient ID
    Node* next;  // pointer to next node
};

int main() {
    // Create three nodes
    Node* first = new Node();
    Node* second = new Node();
    Node* third = new Node();
    first->data = 111;
    second->data = 123;
    third->data = 124;
    first->next = second;
    second->next = third;
    third->next = NULL; // last node points to NULL
    cout << "Patient IDs in linked list: ";
    Node* temp = first;
    while (temp != NULL) {
        cout << temp->data << " -> ";
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    cout << "NULL" << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

## Binary Tree Searching

```

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

```

```

struct Node {

    int data;    // stores student roll number

    Node* left;    // pointer to left child

    Node* right;    // pointer to right child

};

Node* createNode(int value) {

    Node* newNode = new Node();

    newNode->data = value;

    newNode->left = NULL;

    newNode->right = NULL;

    return newNode;

}

void inorder(Node* root) {

    if (root == NULL)

        return;

    inorder(root->left);    // visit left child

    cout << root->data << " "; // print root data

    inorder(root->right);    // visit right child

}

int main() {

    Node* root = createNode(50);

    root->left = createNode(30);

    root->right = createNode(70);

    root->left->left = createNode(20);

    root->left->right = createNode(40);

    root->right->left = createNode(60);

    cout << "Inorder Traversal of Binary Tree: ";

    inorder(root);

    cout << endl;

```

```
    return 0;
}
```

## Counting Sort

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {
    int wallets[10] = {2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 0, 0, 1, 4}; // 9 wallets given, let's add one more for total
    10
    wallets[9] = 1; // adding 10th wallet

    int max_money = 6;
    int count[7] = {0}; // counts from 0 to 6

    // Count the money in each wallet
    for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        count[wallets[i]]++;
    }

    // Print the sorted wallets
    cout << "Wallets in ascending order: ";
    for(int i = 0; i <= max_money; i++) {
        for(int j = 0; j < count[i]; j++) {
            cout << i << " ";
        }
    }
}
```

```
    return 0;
}
```

## Quick Sort

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

// Quick Sort function
void quickSort(int arr[], int start, int end) {
    if(start >= end) return;

    int pivot = arr[end]; // last element as pivot
    int i = start;

    for(int j = start; j < end; j++) {
        if(arr[j] < pivot) {
            swap(arr[i], arr[j]);
            i++;
        }
    }
    swap(arr[i], arr[end]);

    quickSort(arr, start, i - 1);
    quickSort(arr, i + 1, end);
}

int main() {
    int scores[12] = {45, 12, 78, 34, 23, 89, 67, 11, 90, 54, 32, 76};
```

```
    quickSort(scores, 0, 11);

    cout << "Scores in ascending order: ";
    for(int i = 0; i < 12; i++) {
        cout << scores[i] << " ";
    }

    return 0;
}
```

## Traverse Linked List

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

// Node structure
struct Player {
    string name;
    Player* next;
};

int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter number of players: ";
    cin >> n;
    cin.ignore();
```



```

Player* head = nullptr;
Player* last = nullptr;

// Input players and create linked list
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    Player* p = new Player;
    cout << "Enter name of player " << i+1 << ": ";
    getline(cin, p->name);
    p->next = nullptr;

    if(head == nullptr) head = p; // first player
    else last->next = p;          // link previous to current

    last = p; // move last pointer
}

// Chief guest meets players
cout << "\nChief Guest meets players:\n";
Player* curr = head;
while(curr) {
    cout << "Meeting " << curr->name << endl;
    curr = curr->next;
}

return 0;
}

```

## **Doubly Linked List**

```

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {

    string stops[] = {"A", "B", "C", "D"};

    int n = 4;

    // Onward journey
    cout << "Onward Journey: ";
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cout << stops[i] << " ";
    }

    // Return journey
    cout << "\nReturn Journey: ";
    for(int i = n-1; i >= 0; i--) {
        cout << stops[i] << " ";
    }

    return 0;
}

```

## PRE,POST,IN traversal

```

#include using namespace std;

// Node structure for BST struct Node {

    int data;

    Node* left;

```

```

Node* right;

};

// Function to create a new node

Node* createNode(int value)

{

Node* newNode = new Node;

newNode->data = value;

newNode->left = newNode->right = nullptr;

return newNode; }

// Insert value in BST

Node* insert(Node* root, int value) {

if(root == nullptr)

return createNode(value);

if(value < root->data)

root->left = insert(root->left, value);

else

root->right = insert(root->right, value);

return root;

}

// In-Order Traversal:

Left -> Root -> Right void

inOrder(Node* root) {

if(root == nullptr) return;

inOrder(root->left);

cout << root->data << " ";

inOrder(root->right);

```

```
}
```

// Pre-Order Traversal:

```
Root -> Left -> Right void preOrder(Node* root) {
```

```
if(root == nullptr) return;
```

```
cout << root->data << " ";
```

```
preOrder(root->left);
```

```
preOrder(root->right);
```

```
}
```

// Post-Order Traversal:

```
Left -> Right -> Root void postOrder(Node* root) {
```

```
if(root == nullptr) return;
```

```
postOrder(root->left);
```

```
postOrder(root->right); cout << root->data << " "; }
```

```
int main() { Node* root = nullptr;
```

```
int values[] = {50, 30, 20, 40, 70, 60, 80}; int n = 7;
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

## Key Insertion Into Hash

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {
    int table_size = 3;
    int hashTable[3] = {-1, -1, -1}; // -1 means empty
    int keys[4] = {1, 2, 3, 4};
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        int key = keys[i];
        int index = key % table_size; // hash function
        int start = index;
        bool inserted = false;
        do {
            if (hashTable[index] == -1) {
                hashTable[index] = key;
```

```

        inserted = true;

        break;
    }

    index = (index + 1) % table_size;
} while (index != start);

if (!inserted)

    cout << "Table is full! Cannot insert " << key << endl;
}

cout << "\nFinal Hash Table:\n";
for (int i = 0; i < table_size; i++) {
    cout << "Index " << i << " → ";

    if (hashTable[i] == -1)

        cout << "Empty" << endl;
    else

        cout << hashTable[i] << endl;
}

return 0;
}

```

## Matrix Creation :

```

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {
    int n = 6;

    int graph[7][7] = {0};

    graph[1][2] = graph[2][1] = 1;
    graph[1][5] = graph[5][1] = 1;

```

```

graph[1][6] = graph[6][1] = 1;
graph[2][3] = graph[3][2] = 1;
graph[2][5] = graph[5][2] = 1;
graph[3][4] = graph[4][3] = 1;
graph[3][5] = graph[5][3] = 1;
graph[4][5] = graph[5][4] = 1;
graph[5][6] = graph[6][5] = 1;
cout << "Adjacency Matrix:\n";
for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
    for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {
        cout << graph[i][j] << " ";
    }
    cout << endl;
}
cout << "\nAdjacency List:\n";
for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
    cout << i << " -> ";
    for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {
        if (graph[i][j] == 1) {
            cout << j << " ";
        }
    }
    cout << endl;
}
return 0;
}

```

## Graph Matrix

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {

    int n = 6; // number of intersections

    int graph[7][7] = {0}; // 1-based indexing

    graph[1][2] = graph[2][1] = 1;
    graph[1][5] = graph[5][1] = 1;
    graph[1][6] = graph[6][1] = 1;
    graph[2][3] = graph[3][2] = 1;
    graph[2][5] = graph[5][2] = 1;
    graph[3][4] = graph[4][3] = 1;
    graph[3][5] = graph[5][3] = 1;
    graph[4][5] = graph[5][4] = 1;
    graph[5][6] = graph[6][5] = 1;

    cout << "Adjacency Matrix:\n";

    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {
            cout << graph[i][j] << " ";
        }

        cout << endl;
    }

    return 0;
}
```