Decision Tree Classifier

In [1]:
```
#step 1: import all required libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import tree
```

```
c:\users\vamsi2001\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages\num
py\_distributor_init.py:30: UserWarning: loaded more than 1 DLL from .libs:
c:\users\vamsi2001\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages\num
py\.libs\libopenblas.EL2C6PLE4ZYW3ECEVIV3OXXGRN2NRFM2.gfortran-win_amd64.dll
c:\users\vamsi2001\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages\num
py\.libs\libopenblas.XWYDX2IKJW2NMTWSFYNGFUWKQU3LYTCZ.gfortran-win_amd64.dll
  warnings.warn("loaded more than 1 DLL from .libs:"
```

In [2]:
```
df=pd.read_csv('playgolf_data.csv')
df1=df.copy()
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 14 entries, 0 to 13
Data columns (total 5 columns):
 #   Column       Non-Null Count  Dtype 
---  ------       --------------  ----- 
 0   Outlook      14 non-null     object
 1   Temperature  14 non-null     object
 2   Humidity     14 non-null     object
 3   Wind         14 non-null     object
 4   PlayGolf     14 non-null     object
dtypes: object(5)
memory usage: 688.0+ bytes
```

In [3]:
```
df.head()
```

Out[3]:

	Outlook	Temperature	Humidity	Wind	PlayGolf
0	Sunny	Hot	High	Weak	No
1	Sunny	Hot	High	Strong	No
2	Overcast	Hot	High	Weak	Yes
3	Rainy	Mild	High	Weak	Yes
4	Rainy	Cool	Normal	Weak	Yes

In [4]:
```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

# Encode features
label_encoders = {}
for col in ['Outlook', 'Temperature', 'Humidity', 'Wind']:
    le = LabelEncoder()
    df[col] = le.fit_transform(df[col])
    label_encoders[col] = le  # Save encoders

# Encode target
target_encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['PlayGolf'] = target_encoder.fit_transform(df['PlayGolf'])

print(df)

```

	Outlook	Temperature	Humidity	Wind	PlayGolf
0	2	1	0	1	0
1	2	1	0	0	0
2	0	1	0	1	1
3	1	2	0	1	1
4	1	0	1	1	1
5	1	0	1	0	0
6	0	0	1	0	1
7	2	2	0	1	0
8	2	0	1	1	1
9	1	2	1	1	1
10	2	2	1	0	1
11	0	2	0	0	1
12	0	1	1	1	1
13	1	2	0	0	0

In [5]:
```
#divide X and y variables
X = df.drop(['PlayGolf'], axis=1)
y = df['PlayGolf']
```

In [6]:
```
# split X and y into training and testing sets

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.33,
```

In [7]:
```
X_train.shape
```

Out[7]: (9, 4)

In [8]:
```
# model Building
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
clf = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', random_state=0)
clf = clf.fit(X, y)
```

In [9]:
```
#predictions
y_pred=clf.predict(X_test)
y_pred
```

Out[9]:
```
array([1, 1, 0, 1, 0])
```

In [10]:
```
#performance Evaluation
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,classification_report,confusion_m
accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
```

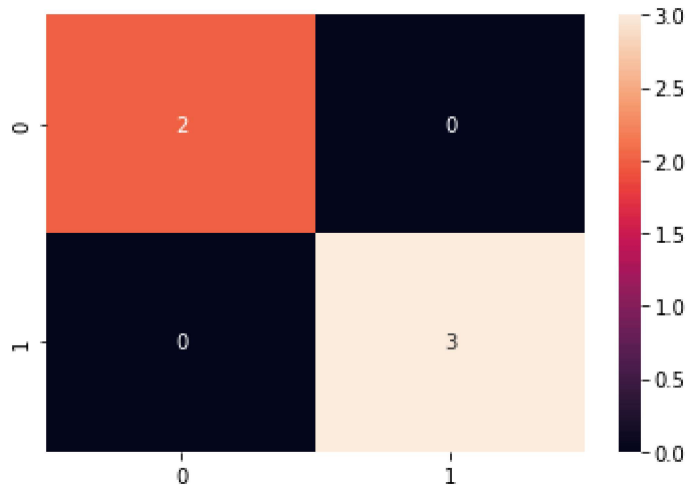
Out[10]:
```
1.0
```

In [11]:
```
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
```

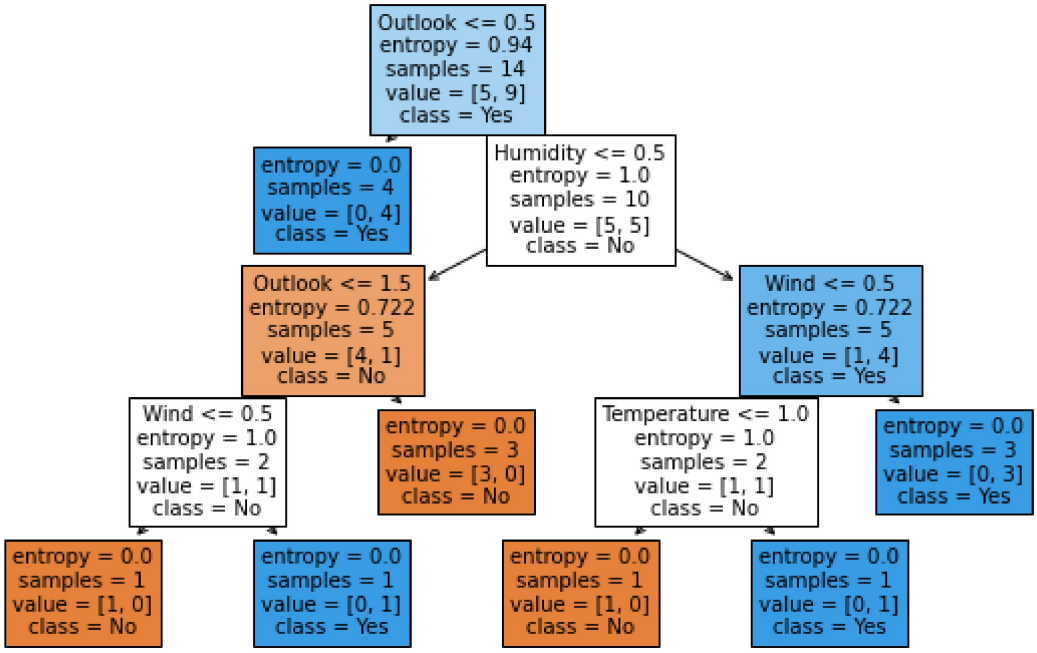
```
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

           0       1.00      1.00      1.00         2
           1       1.00      1.00      1.00         3

    accuracy                           1.00         5
   macro avg       1.00      1.00      1.00         5
weighted avg       1.00      1.00      1.00         5
```

In [12]:
```
import seaborn as sns
sns.heatmap(data=confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred),annot=True)
```

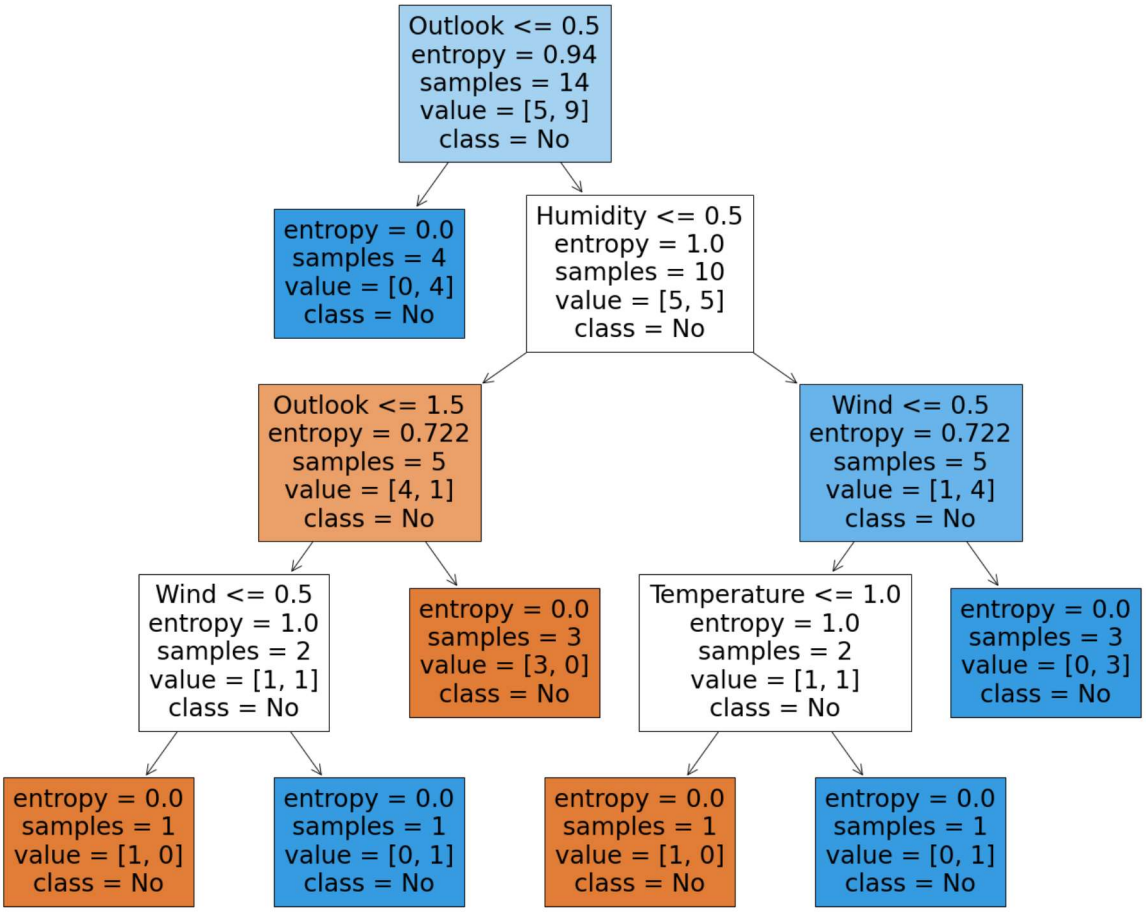
Out[12]:
```
<AxesSubplot:>
```



In [13]:
```
from sklearn import tree
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
tree.plot_tree(clf, feature_names=X.columns, class_names=target_encoder.clas
plt.show()
```



In [14]:
```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(25,20))
_ = tree.plot_tree(clf,
                   feature_names=df1.columns,
                   class_names=df1['PlayGolf'],
                   filled=True)
```



In [15]:
```
text_representation = tree.export_text(clf)
print(text_representation)
```

```
|--- feature_0 <= 0.50
|   |--- class: 1
|--- feature_0 >  0.50
|   |--- feature_2 <= 0.50
|   |   |--- feature_0 <= 1.50
|   |   |   |--- feature_3 <= 0.50
|   |   |   |   |--- class: 0
|   |   |   |--- feature_3 >  0.50
|   |   |   |   |--- class: 1
|   |   |--- feature_0 >  1.50
|   |   |   |--- class: 0
|   |--- feature_2 >  0.50
|   |   |--- feature_3 <= 0.50
|   |   |   |--- feature_1 <= 1.00
|   |   |   |   |--- class: 0
|   |   |   |--- feature_1 >  1.00
|   |   |   |   |--- class: 1
|   |   |--- feature_3 >  0.50
|   |   |   |--- class: 1
```

With GINI INDEX

In [16]:
```
# model Building
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
clf = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='gini', random_state=0)
clf = clf.fit(X, y)
```

In [17]:
```
y_pred=clf.predict(X_test)
y_pred
```

Out[17]:
```
array([1, 1, 0, 1, 0])
```

In [18]:
```
#performance Evaluation
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,classification_report,confusion_m
accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
```

Out[18]:
```
1.0
```

In [19]:
```
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
```

```
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

           0       1.00      1.00      1.00         2
           1       1.00      1.00      1.00         3

    accuracy                           1.00         5
   macro avg       1.00      1.00      1.00         5
weighted avg       1.00      1.00      1.00         5
```

In [20]:
```
from sklearn import tree
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
tree.plot_tree(clf, feature_names=X.columns, class_names=target_encoder.clas
plt.show()
```