

# Lab 3

## Factorial Calculator (10 pts)

Write a Python program that computes the factorial of a positive integer.

### What is a Factorial?

The factorial of a number  $n$ , written as  $n!$ , is the product of all positive integers from **1** up to **n**:

$$n! = n \times (n - 1) \times (n - 2) \times \cdots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

Examples:

- $4! = 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 24$
- $5! = 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 120$

### Requirements:

1. Ask the user for a positive integer.
2. Validate input: keep asking if it's not a positive integer or not an integer.
3. Use a loop to multiply numbers from 1 up to the input value.

### Example:

```
Enter a positive integer: 5
5! = 120
```

## Inverse Digit (20 pts)

Write a Python program that reverses the digits of a positive integer.

### Requirements:

1. The program should use `input()` to ask the user for a positive integer.
2. Validate the input: If the user enters a negative number or something that is not a whole number, keep asking until a valid positive integer is provided.
3. This question can be done using `while` loops.

### Example:

Enter a positive integer: 12340

Reversed number: 4321

## Remove Consecutive duplicates (20 pts)

Write a Python program that removes consecutive duplicate characters from a given string `s`.

### Requirements:

1. The program should use `input()` to ask the user for a string `s`.
2. Define a new string and update it in the loop.

### Examples:

Input: "aabbCcdeee"

Output: "abcCde"

Input: "helloo wooorld"

Output: "helo world"

Input: "aaabb@@@aaccd"

Output: "ab@acd"

### Hint:

- Use `+` add the `i`-th character of `s` to another string `A`:

`A = A + S[i]`

## Guess Number (20 pts)

Write a Python program that plays a guessing game where the computer tries to guess the user's secret number between 1 and 100. It uses a binary search strategy, and the user responds with "higher," "lower," or "correct".

### Requirements

1. Prompt the user to think of a number between 1 and 100 (User shouldn't input the number).
2. The computer prints its guess. And use `input()` to the user for responses:
  - The responses should be one of “higher,” “lower,” and “correct”
  - Keep asking until a valid response is given.
3. Do step 2 iteratively, until the user responds with “correct”

### **Examples:**

Think of a number between 1 and 100.

Is your number 50? higher

Is your number 75? lower

Is your number 62? higher

Is your number 68? correct

The computer guessed your number in 4 tries!