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ReflCondition.java
 2 13, 13 2:42
                                                                        Page 1/7
package klib.refl;
import klib.mat.*;
import java.math.*;
public class ReflCondition {
        // Main components
       Matrix s0=null;
        Matrix e1=null;
        Matrix e2=null;
       Matrix e3=null;
       Matrix xyz1=null;
        Matrix xyz2=null;
       Matrix xyzsol=null;
       double dtor=4.0D*Math.atan(1.0D)/180D;
        double lorentz factor;
       double dstar, dstar2, dst4;
            Experimental conditions
       double divv, divh, mosaic;
        double dispersion;
                                // energy dispersion
               Divergence parameters
       double divergence;
        // distance from ES to XRLP at start/end oscillation
       double del1, del2, adel1, adel2;
       double ymid, yms;
                              // a middle point of XRLP1 and XRLP2 and its squ
are
        // XRLP coordinates in Reciprocal space
        double x1,y1,z1;
       double x2, y2, z2;
        double xys;
        // oscillation information
        // phistart: start oscillation angle of phi(input)
        // phiend : final oscillation angle of phi(input)
        // phi: the anglular point at which XRLP and E.S cross
       double oscwidth;
        double phistart, phiend;
       double phi;
        // for 'condition()'
       double cea, ceb, cec, ceabsq;
       boolean isInit=false;
                                                // initialization
       boolean isSolved=false;
                                                // solving phi
        boolean isCalculated=false;
                                                // calculation of DELEPSs/Pcalc
       boolean isLorentzAvailable=false;
                                                // calculation of Lorentz
                                                // calculation of DEL1/DEL2
       boolean isDelAvailable=false;
        boolean isRspotAvailable=false;
                                                // calculation of RSPOT
       boolean isDiffWidthAvailable=false;
                                                // calculation of DIFFWIDTH
       boolean isNframeAvailable=false;
                                                // calculation of diffraction wi
dth (frame)
        // reciprocal coordinates of xyz
       double[][] rc1;
       double[][] rc2;
        // reflection width
        // rspot: angle width of reflection
        // phiw: width of reflection
       // phis: angle at which a reflection start to reflect
       // phie: angle at which a reflection completely go through E.S.
        // istart: frame on which this reflection is observed at the first
        // iend : frame on which this reflection is observed at the end
        double rspot;
       double phiw, phis, phie;
       double width_max=3.0; // UNIT: degree
        int iwidth;
                       // diffraction frames on oscillation
        int istart,iend;
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ReflCondition.java
 2 13, 13 2:42
                                                                       Page 2/7
        // For cusp check
        double csmin, csmin2;
        int cuspflag=0;
        boolean inCusp=false;
        // epsilons to estimate partiality
        double deleps1, deleps2;
        // partiality of this reflection
        double part;
        // xyz1: reciprocal coordinate of the reflection at 'phistart'
        // xyz2: reciprocal coordinate of the reflection at 'phiend'
       // !!!NOTE!!!
        // mosaic: half width of mosaic spread in RADIANS.
       //=========
        // !!! Angular parameters should be converted from DEGREE to RADIANS bef
ore this routine !!!
        // !!! Except for phistart/phiend (They are in DEGREE)
        public ReflCondition(Matrix xyz1,Matrix xyz2,double phistart,double phie
nd, double divv, double divh, double mosaic, double dispersion)
                this.xyz1=xyz1;
                this.xyz2=xyz2;
                this.phistart=phistart;
                this.phiend=phiend;
                this.divv=divv;
                this.divh=divh;
                this.mosaic=mosaic;
                this.dispersion=dispersion;
        private boolean init() {
                SO vector (anti-parallel to the x-ray)
                double[][] tmp=new double[4][2];
                tmp[1][1]=-1;
                s0=new Matrix(tmp);
                E3 vector (z axis for rotation)
                double[][] tmp2=new double[4][2];
                tmp2[3][1]=1;
                e3=new Matrix(tmp2);
                E2 vector (E3xRLP/|E3xRLP|
                e2=e3.cross(xyz1);
                double e2_length=e2.length();
                e2=e2.scale(1.0/e2_length);
                El vector (see the equation)
                e1=e2.cross(e3);
                Receive actual double arrays of matrices xyz1 & xyz2
               rc1=xvz1.matrix();
                rc2=xyz2.matrix();
               For XRLP1
                x1=rc1[1][1];
               y1=rc1[2][1];
                z1=rc1[3][1];
               xys=Math.pow(x1,2)+Math.pow(y1,2);
                //System.out.printf("Simple XRLP=%12.8f%12.8f%12.8f\n",x1,y1,z1)
                For XRLP2
               x2=rc2[1][1];
               y2=rc2[2][1];
                z2=rc2[3][1];
                Preparation for d* and related values
                dstar=xyz1.length();
                dstar2=dstar*dstar;
                dst4=dstar2*dstar2*0.25D;
               Flag
                isInit=true;
                return(isInit);
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ReflCondition.java
 2 13, 13 2:42
                                                                        Page 3/7
        /* Estimation of deleps1, deleps2. this is the objective of this CLASS
       private boolean calc deleps() {
                       Is spot cut both ends?
                //
                double sign;
                // Calculate distance of edge of spot from sphere at end of rota
tion
                double dist2=adel2-rspot;
                // Test if spot is cut at beginning of rotation
                // Set DELEPS to a negative value
                // NOTE: sign change depending on whether Y is +ve/-ve
                if(adel1-rspot<0.0) {</pre>
                        if(y1<0.0)
                                sign=-1;
                        } else sign=1;
                        deleps1=-(sign*del1/rspot+1.0D)*0.5D;
                        Spot cut at beginning -check for cut at both ends
                        if(dist2<0.0)
                                if(y2<0.0) {
                                        sign=-1;
                                deleps2=(1.0D-sign*del2/rspot)*0.5D;
                } else if(dist2<0.0) {
                        if(y2<0.0) sign=-1;
                        else sign=1;
                        deleps2=(1.0D-sign*del2/rspot)*0.5D;
                //System.out.printf("DELEPS1/DELEPS2=%12.8f%12.8f\n",
                        //deleps1,deleps2);
        //
                Flag
                isRspotAvailable=true;
                return(true);
        // calculating partialities
       private boolean calc part()
                // check if this reflection is
                // 1. Already on Ewald sphere
                // 2. Cut at both ends
                // 3. Finally on the Ewald sphere
                double dist2=adel2-rspot;
                // Case 1
                if(adel1-rspot<0.0) {</pre>
                        // Case 2
                        if(dist2<0.0)
                                 double tmp=0.5D*(1.0-Math.cos(deleps1*Math.PI));
                                part=tmp-(1.0D-0.5D*(1.0-Math.cos(deleps2*Math.P
I)));
                                return(true);
                        else {
                                part=0.5D*(1.0-Math.cos(deleps1*Math.PI));
                                return(true);
                 else if(dist2<0.0)
                        part=0.5D*(1.0D-Math.cos(deleps2*Math.PI));
                        return(true);
                } else
                        System.out.printf("Something wrong\n");
                        part=0.0D;
                        return(false);
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ReflCondition.java
 2 13, 13 2:42
                                                                        Page 4/7
           "Radius of spot is same in plane perp to rot"
           "Note that one should use the horizontal crossfire term here"
        private boolean cuspcheck() {
                csmin=0.5D*dstar2+rspot;
                csmin2=dst4+dstar2*rspot;
           C---- What should csimin test be ? The spot can still appear on image
           C
                 even if the centre of the rlp never cuts the sphere (ie lies in
           C
                 the cusp region) providing any part of the rlp touches the sphe
re.
           C
                 In this case, the test on line below is the right one, but this
                 seems to overpredict in practice, so limit it to case where the
                 centre of the rlp must intersect the sphere.
                if(xys<=csmin2)</pre>
                        A part of spot is in cusp region
                        cuspflag=-3;
                } else if(xys<dst4) {</pre>
                        Whole spot is included in cusp region
                        cuspflag=-4;
                        inCusp=true;
                return(inCusp);
        // Reflection width and start/end phi of diffraction
        private boolean diffWidth() {
                Full width of reflection condition (UNIT:radians)
                phiw=2.0D*rspot*lorentz_factor/dtor;
                phis=phi-0.5D*phiw;
                phie=phis+phiw;
                Flag
                isDiffWidthAvailable=true;
                return(true);
        Diffraction condition
        CEA.cos(phic)+CEB.sin(phic)=CEC
        1) CEA=(XRLP.E1)*(E1.S0)
        2) CEB=(XRLP.E1)*(E2.S0)
        3) CEC=0.5*(XRLP.E1)^2+0.5*(XRLP.E3)^2-(XRLP.E3)*(E3.S0)
        4) CEABSQ=CEA^2+CEB^2 (=0.0 -> XRLP on rotation axis)
        private boolean solvePhi()
                if(!isInit) this.init();
                double xyz1_dot_e1=xyz1.dot(e1);
                double xyz1_dot_e3=xyz1.dot(e3);
                double el_dot_s0=el.dot(s0);
                double e2_dot_s0=e2.dot(s0);
                double e3_dot_s0=e3.dot(s0);
                CEA, CEB, CEC
                cea=xyz1_dot_e1*e1_dot_s0;
                ceb=xyz1_dot_e1*e2_dot_s0;
                cec=0.5D*Math.pow(xyz1_dot_e1,2.0D)+0.5D*(Math.pow(xyz1_dot_e3,2
.OD))-(xyz1_dot_e3*e3_dot_s0);
                //System.out.printf("CEA,CEB,CEC:%12.8f %12.8f %12.8f\n",cea,ceb
.cec);
                ceabsq=Math.pow(cea,2.0D)+Math.pow(ceb,2.0D);
                //System.out.printf("CEAB**2=%15.8f\n",ceabsq);
                2 solutions
                double arg1=cec/Math.sqrt(ceabsq);
                //System.out.printf("ARG1=%12.8f\n",arg1);
                if(arg1>1.0) arg1=1.0;
                else if(arg1<-1.0) arg1=-1.0;
                double t1=Math.acos(arg1);
                double t2=Math.atan2(ceb,cea);
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ReflCondition.java
2 13, 13 2:42
                                                                      Page 5/7
              // 1st solution
              double phic=(t1+t2)/dtor;
              double phia=phistart+phic;
              // 2nd solution
              phic=(-t1+t2)/dtor;
              double phib=phistart+phic;
              //System.out.printf("T1/T2=%12.8f %12.8f\n",t1,t2);
              //System.out.printf("PHIA/PHIB=%12.8f %12.8f\n",phia,phib);
              //System.out.printf("PHIC:%12.8f\n",phic/dtor);
              xyzsol=new RotMat(phic*dtor).rotmat().prod(xyz1,true);
      11
              Phi range of this oscillation
              oscwidth=Math.abs(phiend-phistart);
              double midphi=0.5D*(phistart+phiend);
      11
              Choosing a phi solution nearby a current oscillation
              double diff1=Math.abs(phia-midphi);
              double diff2=Math.abs(phib-midphi);
              if(diff1<diff2) phi=phia;</pre>
              else phi=phib;
              //System.out.printf("Solved PHI= %12.8f\n",phi);
              Flag
              isSolved=true;
              return(true);
      private boolean distEStoRLP() {
              if(!isSolved) this.solvePhi();
              Ewald sphere
              (x+1)^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1.0
              XRLP at start phi
              double x1 2=(x1+1.0D)*(x1+1.0D);
              double y1_2=y1*y1;
              double z1_2=z1*z1;
              XRLP at start phi
              double x2 2=(x2+1.0D)*(x2+1.0D);
              double y2_2=y2*y2;
              Middle point of XRP1 and 2 on Y axis
              !! NOTE !! Z conpoment is Z1 2 in del2
              ymid=(y1+y2)*0.5D;
              yms=ymid*ymid;
              del1=Math.sqrt(x1_2+y1_2+z1_2)-1.0D;
              del2=Math.sqrt(x2_2+y2_2+z1_2)-1.0D;
              //System.out.printf("DEL1/DEL2=(%12.8f,%12.8f)\n",del1,del2);
              Absolute values of del1/del2
      //
              adel1=Math.abs(del1);
              adel2=Math.abs(del2);
              //System.out.printf("ADEL1/ADEL2=(%12.5f,%12.5f)\n",adel1,adel2)
      11
              isDelAvailable=true;
              return(true);
      private boolean calcLorentz() {
              Matrix tmp1=e3.cross(s0);
      11
              Lorentz factor is estimated at the beginning rotation angle
              double arg2=xyzsol.dot(tmp1);
              //System.out.printf("T3=%12.8f\n",arg2);
              lorentz_factor=Math.abs(1.0D/arg2);
              //System.out.printf("Lorentz factor=%12.8f\n",lorentz_factor);
              Flag
              isLorentzAvailable=true;
              return(true);
      private boolean numframes()
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ReflCondition.java
 2 13, 13 2:42
                                                                         Page 6/7
        //
                Estimating max frames of this reflections
                int maxframes=(int)(width max/oscwidth);
                Find start BATCH in which this reflection is observed
                for(int i=1;i<=maxframes+1;i++) {</pre>
                         if(phistart-(i-1)*oscwidth<=phis) {</pre>
                                 istart=i;
                                 break;
                for(int i=1;i<=maxframes+1;i++) {</pre>
                         if(phiend+(i-1)*oscwidth>=phie) {
                                 iend=i;
                                 break;
                iwidth=istart-1+iend-1+1;
                Flag
                return(true);
        // Estimating spot radius of a reflection
        private boolean rspot()
                double delcor=0.0001D;
                Preparation of parameters required for divergence calculation
                double esynh=delcor*dstar2+z1*divh;
                double esynv=divv*ymid;
                Divergence calculation
                divergence=Math.sqrt((Math.pow(esynh,2.0)+Math.pow(esynv,2.0))/(
yms+z1*z1));
                Radius of reflection spot
                rspot=(divergence+mosaic)*Math.sqrt(dstar2-dst4)+0.25D*dispersio
n*dstar2;
                //System.out.printf("divv=%12.8f divh=%12.8f\n",divv,divh);
                //System.out.printf("DIVERGE=%12.8f SPOT RADIUS %12.8f\n", diverg
ence, rspot);
                //System.out.printf("RSPOT=%12.5f\n",rspot);
                return(true);
        public boolean ppp() {
                init();
                solvePhi();
                distEStoRLP();
                calcLorentz();
                rspot();
                diffWidth();
                numframes();
                if(cuspcheck()) {
                         System.out.printf("The reflection is in a cusp region.\n");
                         this.deleps1=0.0;
                         this.deleps2=0.0;
                         this.part=0.0;
                } else {
                         calc_deleps();
                         calc_part();
                Ćalculation
                isCalculated=true;
                return(true);
        public double pcalc()
                if(isCalculated==false) ppp();
                return(this.part);
        public double deleps1() {
                if(isCalculated==false) ppp();
```

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ReflCondition.java
2 13, 13 2:42
                                                                         Page 7/7
               return(this.deleps1);
      public double deleps2() {
               if(isCalculated==false) ppp();
               return(this.deleps2);
      public double lorentz() {
               if(isLorentzAvailable==false) {
                       init();
                       solvePhi();
                       distEStoRLP();
                       calcLorentz();
               return(this.lorentz_factor);
      public double phi()
               if(!isSolved)
                       init();
                       solvePhi();
               return(phi);
      public double getDiffWidth() {
               distEStoRLP();
               calcLorentz();
               rspot();
               return(rspot);
      public int numFrames() {
    if(!isInit) this.init();
               if(!isSolved) this.solvePhi();
               if(!isDelAvailable) this.distEStoRLP();
               if(!isLorentzAvailable) this.calcLorentz();
              if(!isRspotAvailable) this.rspot();
if(!isDiffWidthAvailable) this.diffWidth();
               if(!isNframeAvailable) this.numframes();
               numframes();
               return(iwidth);
      public static void main(String[] args) {
               Matrix amat=new Amatrix(args[0]).amat();
               Double
               double tmp[][]=new double[4][2];
               tmp[1][1]=-12;
               tmp[2][1]=-16;
               tmp[3][1]=-19;
               Matrix hkltmp=new Matrix(tmp);
               Matrix rm=new RotMat(Math.toRadians(0.01)).rotmat();
               Matrix arot=rm.prod(amat, true);
               Matrix conv=new Axis(amat,arot).transmat();
               conv.showMat();
               Matrix convamat=conv.prod(amat, true);
               Matrix xtmp=convamat.prod(hkltmp,true);
               xtmp.showMat();
               ReflCondition rc=new ReflCondition(xtmp,0.0,0.01);
               rc.ppp();
```