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CloudNativeCon

North America 2024

Automated Multi-Cloud Large Scale K8s Cluster Lifecycle Management

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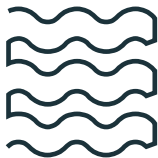
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Data Lake



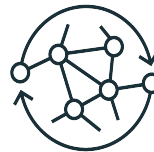
Machine Learning



Streaming



Generative AI



Data Science



Databricks: E2E Data & AI Platform

Governance



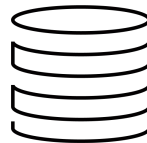
Orchestration & ETL



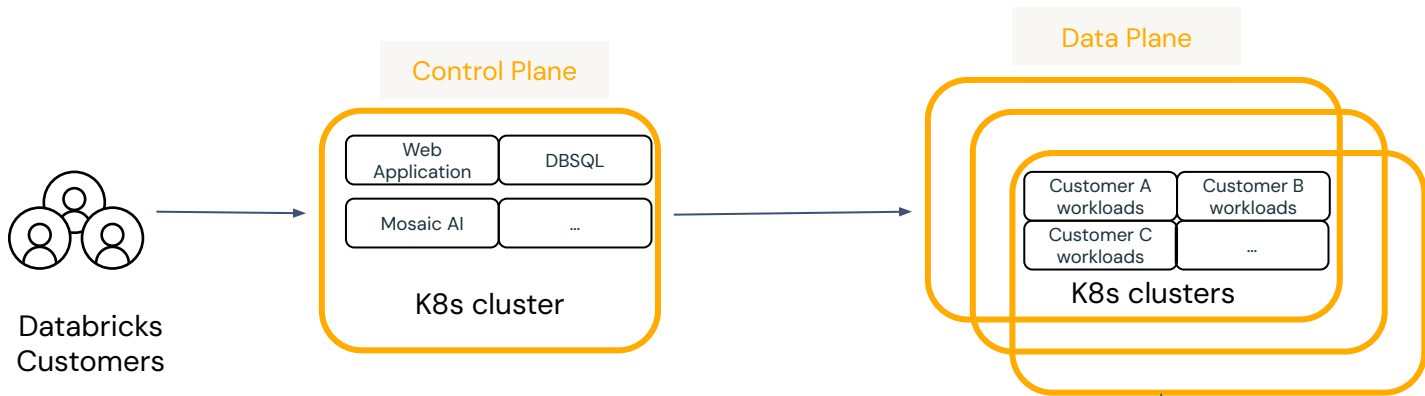
BI



Data Warehouse



Serverless Architecture



DATABRICKS
ACCOUNT

CUSTOMER
ACCOUNT



ADLS

GCP

Your Cloud Storage

Serverless Compute Footprint

- Manage over 1000 K8s clusters
 - All created in the last 3 years
- 3 clouds - AWS, Azure, GCP
- Deployed in more than 60 regions



- Provisioning / Deprovisioning of K8s clusters
 - Multi-cloud
 - Scalable
 - Reliable
- Upgrades
 - Support Cluster rotations - bring new clusters with new configuration and retire old clusters
 - necessary to do major infrastructure changes like cluster networking, k8s version upgrades, etc.
 - In-Place - update the nodes of clusters

What Cluster Provisioning Entails ?

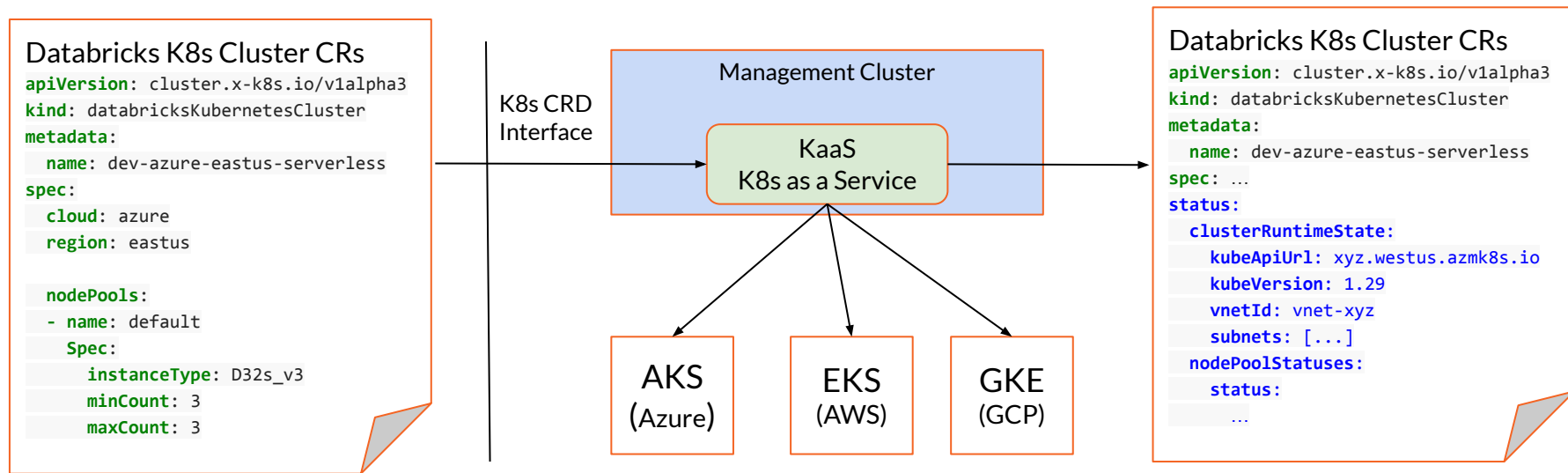
- Ready to use clusters by product teams
- Network - Vnet/VPC and Subnets
- Kubernetes cluster in cloud - AKS, EKS, GKE
- Nodepools
- Couple of cloud resources
 - IAM roles
 - EventHub/Kinesis Stream for logs
- Infra setup of the K8s cluster
 - Monitoring
 - Logging
 - RBAC
 - K8s Secrets - harbor image registry secrets, AKS SP secrets, etc
 - Essential infrastructure services
 - Cert Manager - management and issuance of TLS certificates
 - Ingress proxy

- **Single python script** of many, many steps run as a spinnaker pipeline
 - Very brittle
 - Required manual retries
 - Lacked Idempotency
 - Incomplete Monitoring
 - Expose low-level cloud specific details
 - Poor configuration management
 - one configuration file to read and write input and output
- New cluster creation could take **weeks**

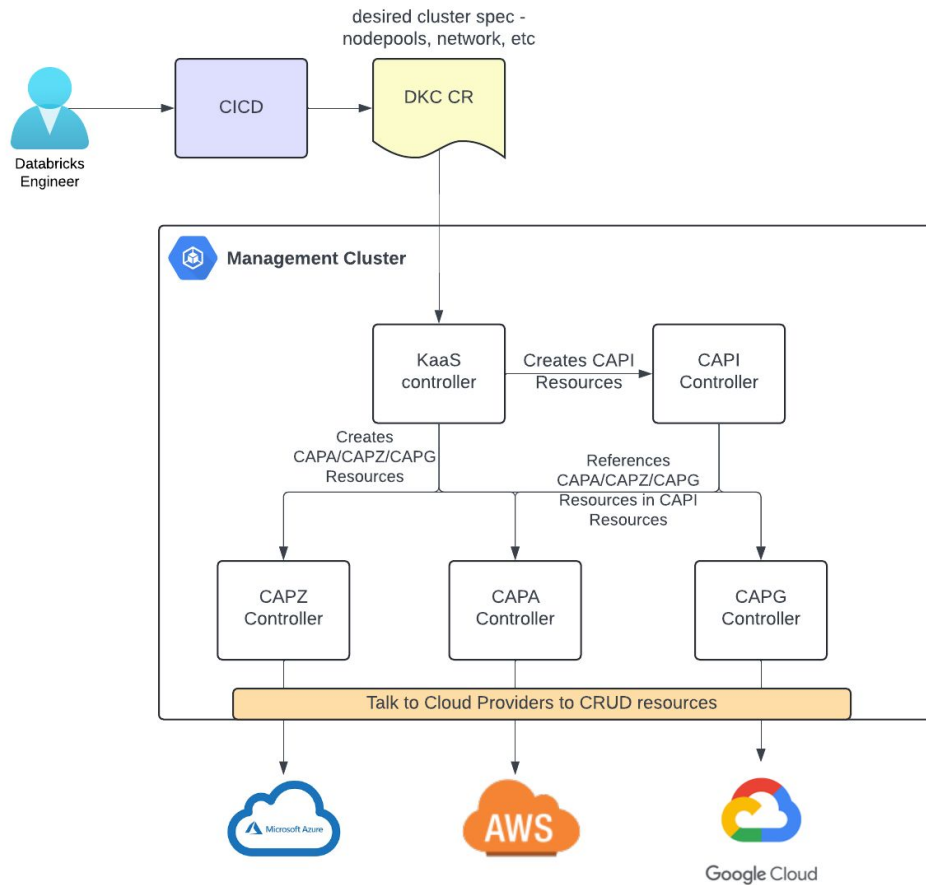
New Cluster Lifecycle Framework

Looked towards Kubernetes for inspiration

- Use Kubernetes to manage Kubernetes clusters lifecycle (K8s Operator Pattern)
 - Declarative configuration of kubernetes clusters by modeling it as a “[Custom Resource Definition](#)”
 - Continuously reconcile from the current to the desired state
 - Single CRD for all 3 clouds

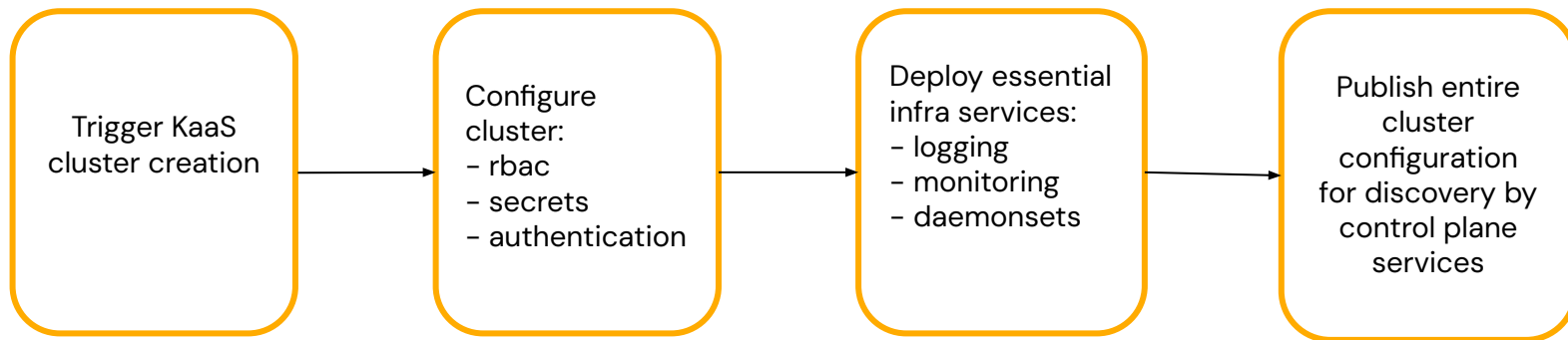


Cluster API



- Old Python Script run with Spinnaker pipeline
- Kubernetes-as-a-Service Operator
- Required manual retries
- Continuous reconciliation towards desired state
- Lacked Idempotency
- Operations invoked by Controller is idempotent
- Incomplete Monitoring
- Enable rich logging and monitoring
- Expose low-level cloud specific details
- Abstracts out majority of the cloud specific details by offering a consistent interface across all environments

E2E Cluster Provisioning pipeline



- Scalable ?
 - Hard to create multiple clusters across different regions at one go
 - Needed to manually construct DKC CR for every cluster and run the pipeline
 - Upgrades that require “**Cluster Rotations**” is painful
 - Required to create multiple CRs and pipeline runs to create replacement clusters and delete old clusters

- Reliable ?
 - Steps that create cloud resources before and after the k8s cluster itself, and deploy infra services to the k8s cluster, still had the original issues:
 - Required manual retries
 - Lacked Idempotency
 - Incomplete Monitoring
- E2E Latency ?
 - High
 - Cluster configuration and its lifecycle state are merged into our code repo at the end of the successful run of the pipeline
 - Serverless control plane services discover clusters from this checked-in configuration file during their service deployments => this could take a week sometimes

- A level of abstraction on top of KaaS
- ClusterSet Lifecycle Manager
 - Manage clusters in the unit of “ClusterSet” which is a set of cluster of the same “type”
 - Manages lifecycle of all resources that must be created before or after the K8s cluster itself, in addition to creating the CR that is read by KaaS
 - Implemented as a Kubernetes-style operator

ClusterSet Spec

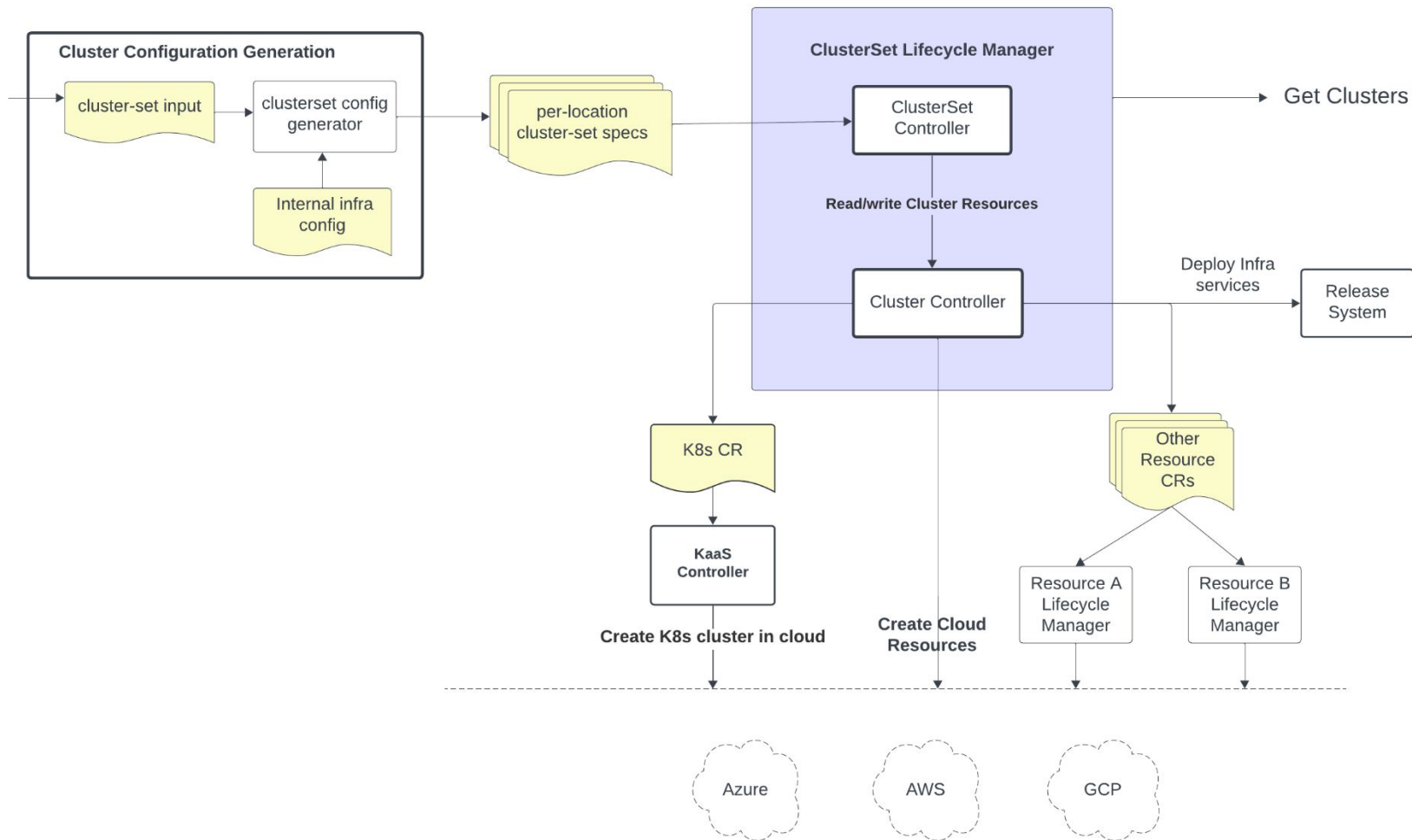
```
kind: ClusterSet
metadata:
  location:<env> + <cloud> + <region>
  clusterType: ModelServing
spec:
  count: 5
  features:
    - private-connectivity
    - byon
  nodePools:
    - name: default
      Spec:
        instanceType: D32s_v3
        minCount: 3
        maxCount: 3
  infra-services:
    - rbac
    - namespaces
    - observability
    - ...
  update_strategy:
    - cluster-rotation:
    - max_surge:
  tags:
```

ClusterSet Status

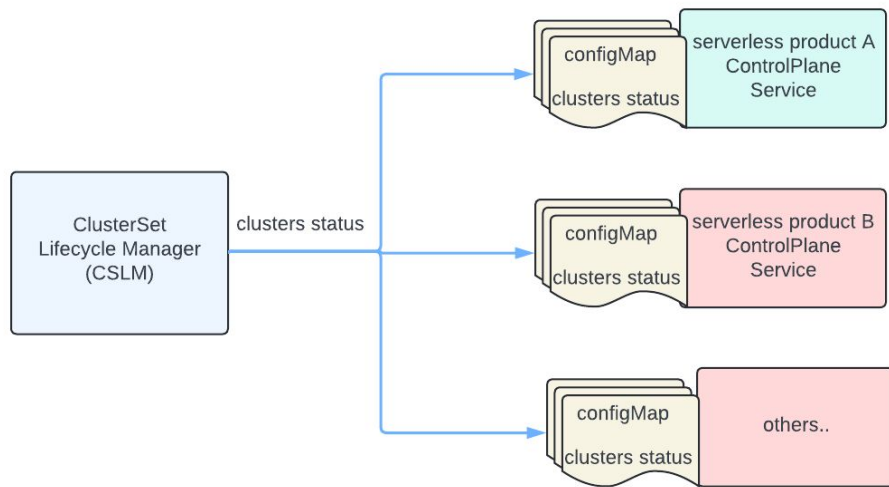
```
status:
  clusters:
    - cluster-xyz
      kind: Cluster
      metadata:
        location:<env> + <cloud> + <region>
        clusterType: ModelServing
      spec:
        features: ...
        nodePools:
          - name: default
            - spec: ...
        infra-services:
        tags:
      status:
        - state: <CREATING / READY / DELETION>
        - network:
        - infra-services-status:
        - ...
```



Databricks
Engineers

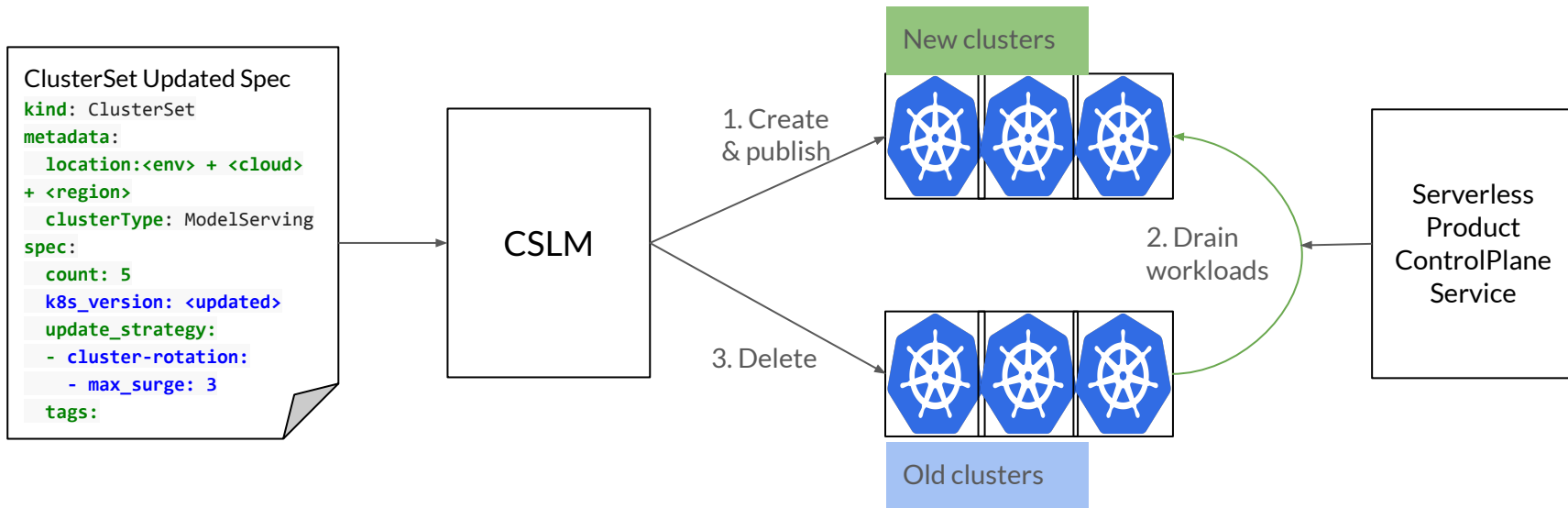


- Publish cluster configurations automatically to serverless product control plane services.
- Reduces latency of control plane services discovering clusters to < 1 hour

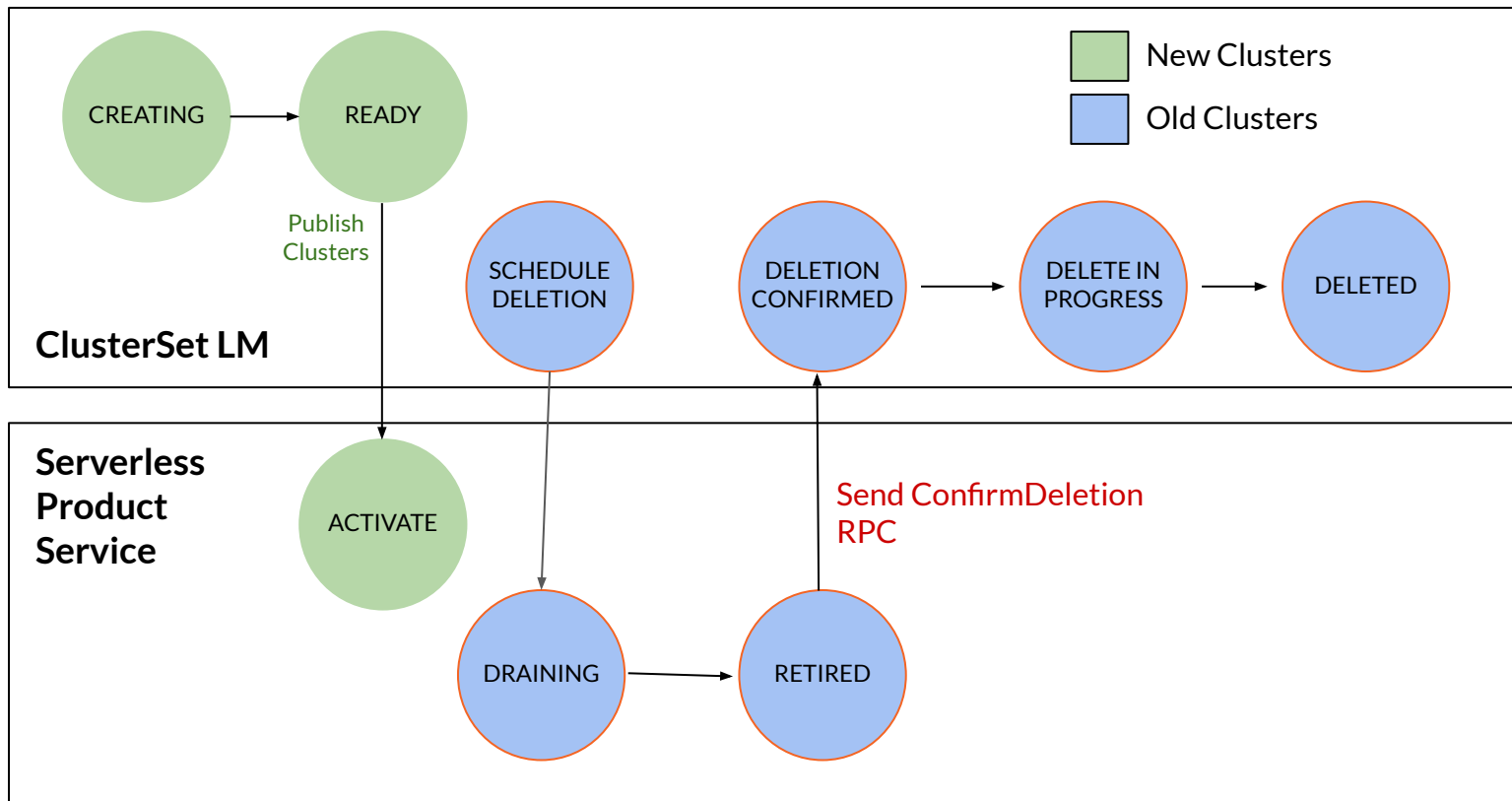


Cluster Rotation Upgrades

1. Create a batch of new clusters with updated configurations
2. Drain workloads from old clusters to new clusters
3. Delete the batch old clusters
4. Repeat steps 1-3 until all clusters are upgraded in the set



Upgrades: Cluster State Machine



- Scalable ?
 - Create multiple clusters across different regions at one go
 - Automated cluster swap upgrades
- Reliable ?
 - All provisioning steps have continuous reconciliation
 - Idempotency
 - Automatic Retries
- E2E Latency ?
 - Dynamic cluster discovery within 1 hour



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Questions



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