

# CLOUD NATIVE & KUBERNETES

AI DAY

**NORTH AMERICA** 

# Dressing-up your cluster for Al in minutes with a portable network CR



November 12, 2024 Salt Lake City



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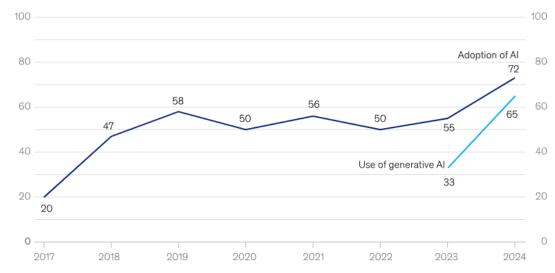
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Al adoption has increased dramatically, especially after the rise of generative Al.

2X Use of GenAl in 2024

# Al adoption worldwide has increased dramatically in the past year, after years of little meaningful change.

Organizations that have adopted AI in at least 1 business function, 1% of respondents



In 2017, the definition for Al adoption was using Al in a core part of the organization's business or at scale. In 2018 and 2019, the definition was embedding at least 1 Al capability in business processes or products. Since 2020, the definition has been that the organization has adopted Al in at least 1 function. Source: McKinsey Global Survey on Al, 1,363 participants at all levels of the organization, Feb 22—Mar 5, 2024

McKinsey & Company

# Trending: Al workloads in Containers

Consistent Environments

Rapid Experimentation

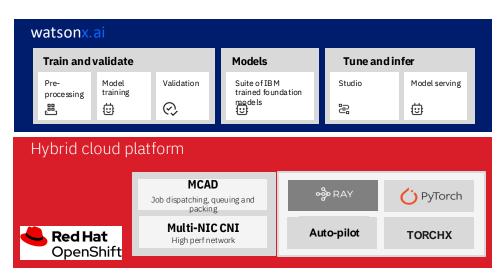
Simplified Dependency Management

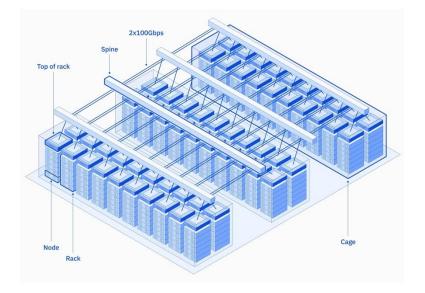


# IBM Cloud Vela: IBM's first Al-optimized, cloud-native supercomputer



- Vela is an A100 supercomputer built on top of IBM Cloud VPC (operational by May 2022)
- 8 x A100 GPUs with 80G of memory
- Virtualization with baremetal performance (<~5%)</li>
- 400G Ethernet network (RoCE / GPU Direct RDMA)
- Supports training models in Billions of parameters that process Trillions of tokens
- Multi-NIC CNI dynamically provides a pod direct communication with a secondary network

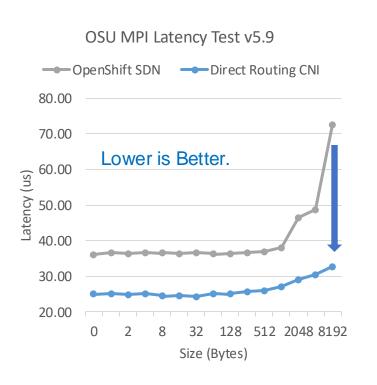


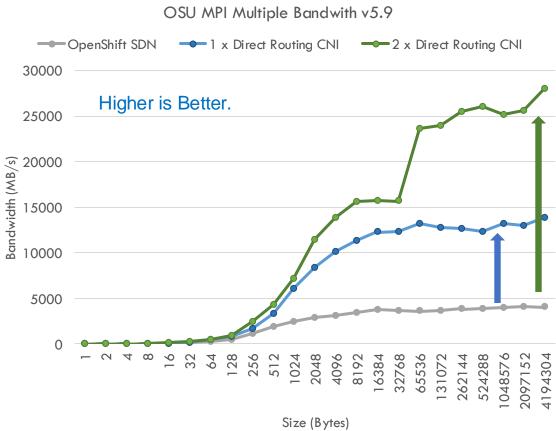


# A Common Goal of Al Networking Solution in Containers



### **Native Performance at Scale**

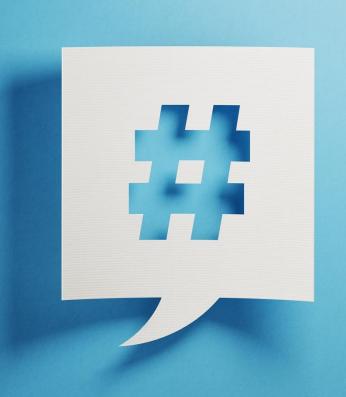




### Content

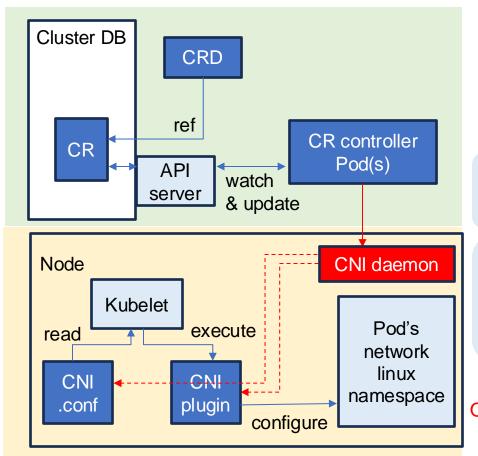


- Background CNI, CR
- Reasons behind "A Portable" Network CR
- Idea in a very simplified version
- Our implementation Multi-NIC CNI v1
- What's Next?



### **Network CR**





CR (custom resource) is commonly used to serve inputs to CNI for more flexibiltiy in network configuration.

Multus has NetworkAttachmentDefinition CR to delegate execution for secondary networks

SR-IOV Network
Operator has
SriovNetwork CR

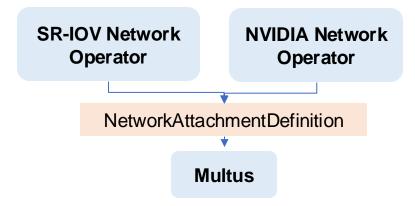
NVIDIA Network
Operator has
MacvlanNetwork,
HostDeviceNetwork,
IPolBNetwork

Our CNI names Multi-NIC CNI, our CR would name ???

## **Basic of CNIs for High Performance Network Device**



- Provide a pod direct communication of high performance network device, separating from the primary network, with a secondary network attachment by Multus.
- Multus attaches secondary networks by network plugins,
  - defined in NetworkAttachmentDefinition CR,
  - to be annotated in Pod Annotation.



#### 1. Define NetworkAttachmentDefinition CR

```
apiVersion: "k8s.cni.cncf.io/v1"
kind: NetworkAttachmentDefinition
metadata:
 name: macvlan-conf
  config: '{
      "cniVersion": "0.3.0",
      "type": "macvlan",
      "master": "eth0",
      "mode": "bridge",
      "ipam": {
        "type": "host-local",
        "subnet": "192.168.1.0/24",
        "rangeStart": "192.168.1.200",
        "rangeEnd": "192.168.1.216",
        "routes": [
          { "dst": "0.0.0.0/0" }
        "gateway": "192.168.1.1"
```

#### 2. Pod Annotation

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: samplepod
  annotations:
    k8s.v1.cni.cncf.io/networks: macvlan-conf
```

## **As-is solution**



**Pod direct communication** is a key of Pod's networking performance. However, direct routing is not always available as-is, *especially on virtual cloud*.

	TCP/IP with L3	ENI on AWS	RoCE v2
CNI & Routing solution	Host Routing + IPVLAN	VPC API for IP Registration	Host Device + Host IP
Complexity	Options:  1. A central pool with per-pod IP routing configuration → not scale  2. Per-host per-interface pool with static configuration	IP in valid range of scheduled host	Static IP for each host and each device
#CR for N host with M interfaces	NxM	N	NxM

### **Limitation 1 of as-is solution**



### Host-dependent IP requirement → Host must be known at Pod annotating point.

1. Define NetworkAttachmentDefinition CR (s)

2. Pod Annotation

Multiple NetworkAttachmentDefinitions for direct routing (as-is)

NetAttachDef for Host A

NetAttachDef for Host B

NetAttachDef for Host C



Pod annotations:

k8s.v1.cni.cncf.io/networks: either A or B or C

A portable network CR (to-be)

NetAttachDef X



Pod annotations:

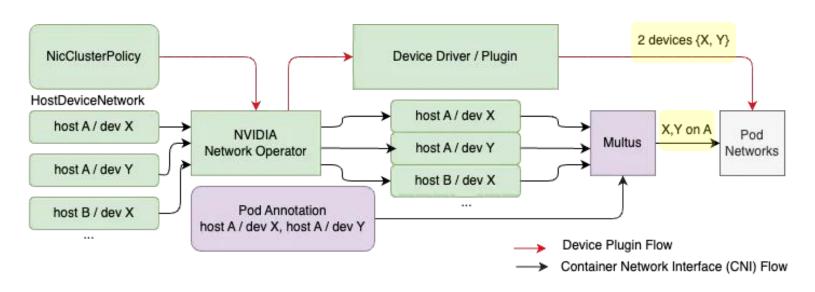
k8s.v1.cni.cncf.io/networks: X

# Limitation 2 of as-is solution (RoCE v2)



RoCE device plugin does not aware of Pod's annotation

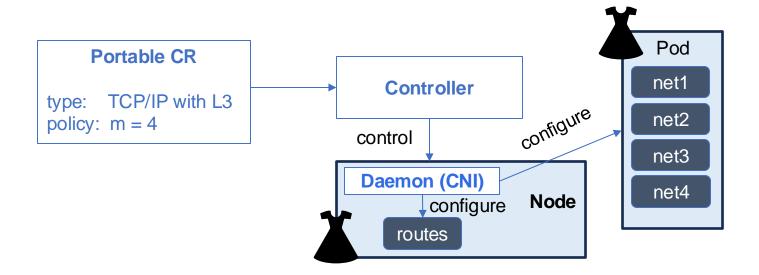
→ Misorder of IP assignment for interface-dependent valid range



# Idea of a portable network CR to dress up your cluster



- 1. User annotates a single network for m secondary interfaces.
- 2. The rest tasks (interface discovery, routing, IP assignment) are automated.



# **Key Design**



# An implementation to unpack single configuration to multiple configurations after executions of scheduler and device manager

#### Remark:

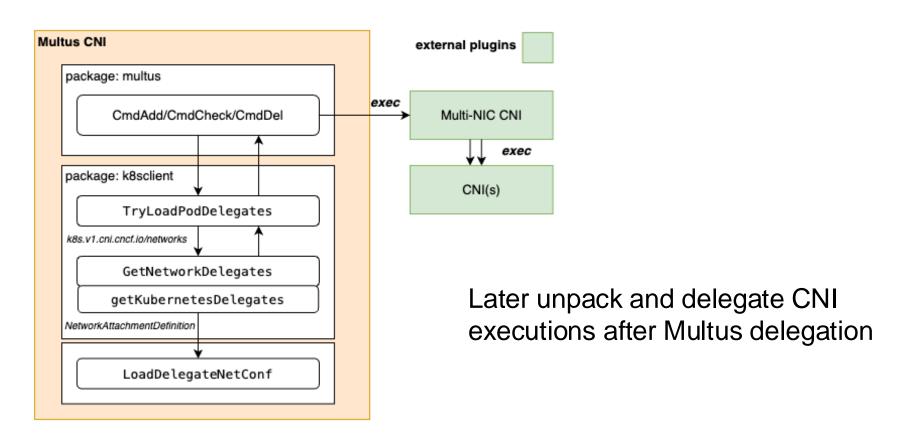
Multus does 1-to-m configurations.

```
multus .conf primary config (by config file)
must config (by config file)
m x secondary config bytes (by pod annotations)
```

Even so, it unpacks the configuration before host is scheduled.

### Multi-NIC CNI - Mechanism Behind

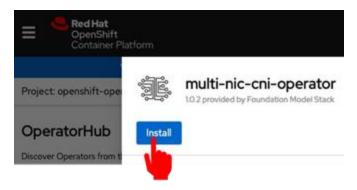


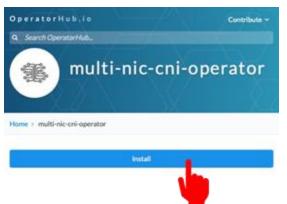


# Multi-NIC CNI – 3 magic steps



### 1. Install Operator





# 2. Deploy MultiNicNetwork (for TCP/IP L3 cluster)

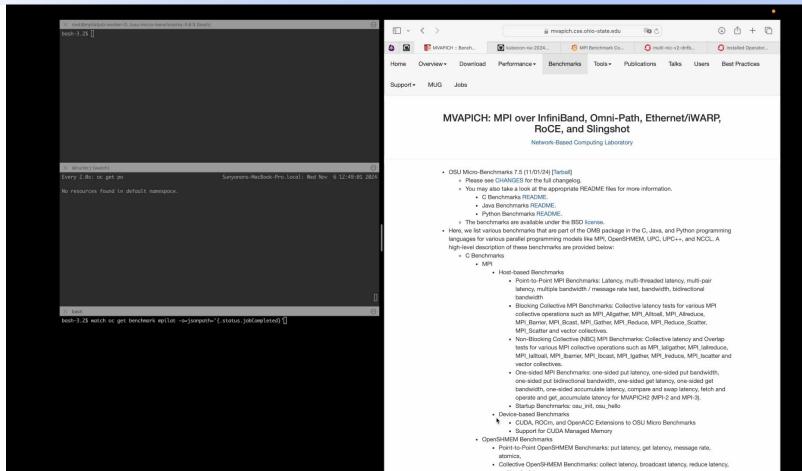
```
apiVersion: multinic.fms.io/v1
kind: MultiNicNetwork
metadata:
  name: multi-nic-sample
spec:
  subnet: "192.168.0.0/16"
  ipam:
      "type": "multi-nic-ipam",
      "hostBlock": 6,
      "interfaceBlock": 2,
      "vlanMode": "13"
  multiNICIPAM: true
 plugin:
    cniVersion: "0.3.0"
    type: ipvlan
    args:
      mode: 13
```

### 3. Attach Network to Pod

```
metadata:
   annotations:
    k8s.v1.cni.cncf.io/networks: multi-nic-sample
```

### Multi-NIC CNI - DEMO





# **Multi-NIC CNI – Currently Supported Solutions**



#### TCP/IP with L3

```
apiVersion: multinic.fms.io/v1
kind: MultiNicNetwork
metadata:
 name: multinic-ipvlan13
spec:
 subnet: "192.168.0.0/16"
 ipam:
      "type": "multi-nic-ipam",
      "hostBlock": 8,
      "interfaceBlock": 2,
      "vlanMode": "13"
 multiNTCTPAM: true
 plugin:
   cniVersion: "0.3.0"
   type: ipvlan
   ards:
      mode: 13
```

#### ENI on AWS

```
apiVersion: multinic.fms.io/v1
kind: MultiNicNetwork
metadata:
  name: multinic-aws-ipvlan
spec:
  ipam:
      "type": "multi-nic-ipam",
      "hostBlock": 8.
      "interfaceBlock": 2,
      "vlanMode": "12"
 multiNICIPAM: true
  plugin:
    cniVersion: "0.3.0"
    type: aws-ipvlan
    args:
      mode: 12
```

#### RoCE v2

```
apiVersion: multinic.fms.io/v1
kind: MultiNicNetwork
metadata:
 name: multinic-mellanox-hostdevice
spec:
  subnet: ""
  ipam: |
        "type": "host-device-ipam"
 multiNTCTPAM: false
  plugin:
    cniVersion: "0.3.1"
    type: mellanox
```

# **Alternative implementation – with current k8s**

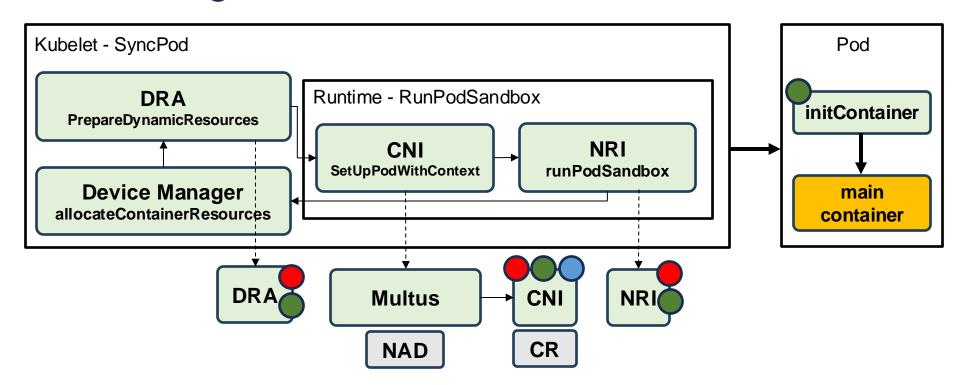


**Key Functions** 

select interfaces and assign dynamic host-dependent IP

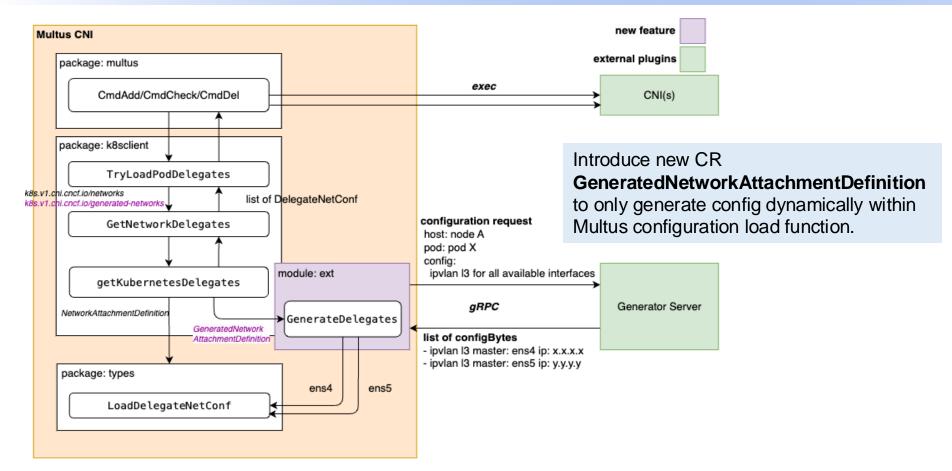
onfigure Pod's network namespace

register the IP/configure route for IP



# **Alternative implementation – with Multus extension**



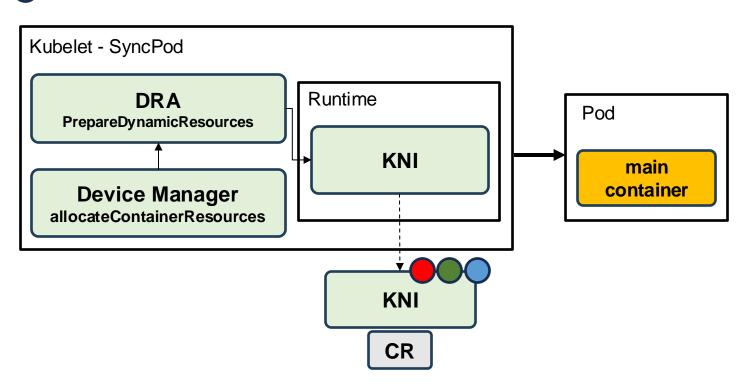


# **Alternative implementation – with future k8s**



- assign dynamic host-dependent IP
- onfigure the dynamic IP

register the IP/configure route for IP



### **Resources & Team**



IBM

Jul 2024

arXiv:2407.05467v1

Vela and Blue Vela AI Infrastructure

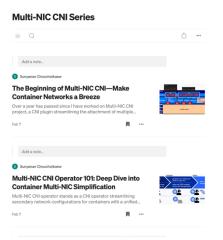


### **Open Source Project**

https://github.com/ foundation-model-stack/ multi-nic-cni



Medium Blogs



# The infrastructure powering IBM's Gen AI model development

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