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1 Introduction and functional overview

This specification describes the functionality, API, and the configuration of the AUTOSAR basic software module FlexRay Transport Protocol (FrTp).

According to the AUTOSAR layered software architecture [2] (see Figure 1), the FlexRay Transport Protocol (FrTp) is placed between the PDU Router module and the FlexRay Interface module. The main purpose of the FlexRay Transport Protocol is segmentation and reassembly of messages (I-PDUs) that do not fit in one of the assigned FlexRay L-PDUs.

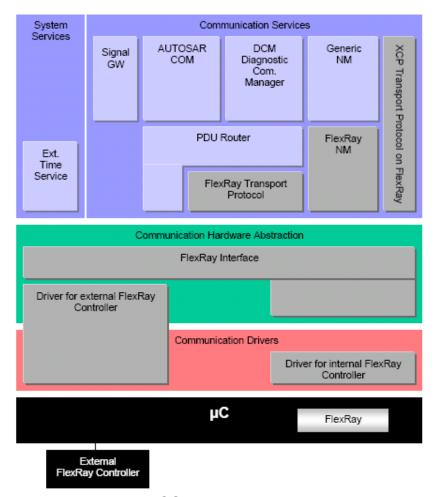


Figure 1: AUTOSAR FlexRay Layered Architecture

Figure 2 depicts the different PDU names in AUTOSAR nomenclature and the signal dependencies between the different AUTOSAR modules.

The PDU Router deploys upper Layers (e.g. COM, DCM etc) I-PDUs onto different communication protocols. The routing through a network system type (e.g. FlexRay, CAN, LIN etc.) depends on the I-PDU identifier. The PDU Router also determines (by configuration) if a transport protocol shall be used or not. Finally, this module carries out gateway functionality, when there is no rate conversion.

FlexRay Interface (FrIf) provides standardized mechanisms to access a FlexRay bus channel via a FlexRay Communication Controller regardless of its location (μ C



internal/external). Depending on the PDU ID, the FlexRay Interface has to forward an N-PDU to FrTp or an I-PDU to PduR. The FrTp handles only transport protocol N-PDUs (i.e. SF, CF, LF and FC PDUs).

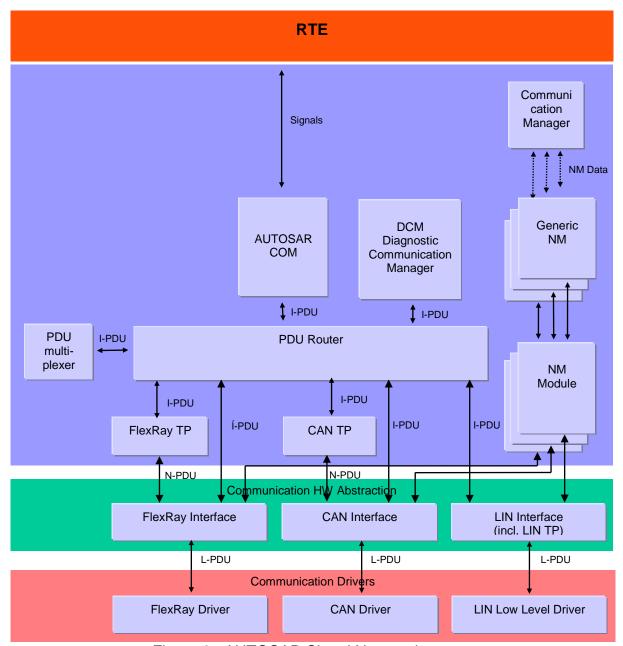


Figure 2: AUTOSAR Signal Nomenclature

The main purpose of FlexRay Transport Protocol is to perform a transfer of a message (I-PDU) that e.g. might or might not fit in a single FlexRay L-PDU. I-PDUs that do not fit into a single FlexRay L-PDU are segmented into multiple parts, where each can be transmitted in a FlexRay L-PDU. According to AUTOSAR basic software architecture, the FlexRay Transport Protocol provides methods for

- Segmentation of data in transmit direction
- Reassembling of data in receive direction
- Control of data flow
- Error detection in segmentation sessions



Transmit cancellation

It is an AUTOSAR decision to base basic software module specifications on existing standards, thus this AUTOSAR FlexRay Transport Layer specification is based on the international standard ISO 10681-2 [16]. This standard provides

- Transmission of a message with known message length
- Transmission of a message with unknown but finite message length
- Acknowledgement of transmission with retry mechanism

The FlexRay Transport Protocol supports 1:1 and 1:n connections.

The FlexRay Transport Protocol supports data transfers of up to 2¹⁶-1 Bytes payload.

FlexRay Transport Protocol is mainly used for vehicle diagnostic systems. Nevertheless, it was developed to deal with requirements from other FlexRay based systems requiring a Transport Protocol Layer protocol (e.g. Diagnostic communication, Inter-ECU communication, XCP communication etc.).



2 Acronyms and abbreviations

The prefix notation used in this document, is as follows:

Prefix:	Description:
 -	Relative to upper AUTOSAR Layer (e.g. COM, DCM etc.)
L-	Relative to the FlexRay Interface module.
N-	Relative to the FlexRay Transport Protocol Layer.

All acronyms and abbreviations, which are specific to the FlexRay Transport Layer and are therefore not contained in the AUTOSAR glossary are described in the following:

Tollowing.	
Acronym:	Description:
Fr L-SDU	This is the SDU of the FlexRay Interface module. It is similar to Fr N-PDU but from the FlexRay Interface module point of view.
Fr L-Sduld	This is the unique identifier of a Fr-L-SDU within the FlexRay Interface. It is used for
	referencing L-SDU's routing properties.
Fr N-PDU	This is the PDU of the FlexRay Transport Layer. It contains address information,
	protocol control information and data (the whole Fr N-SDU or a part of it).
Fr N-SDU	This is the SDU of the FlexRay Transport Layer. In the AUTOSAR architecture, it is a set of data coming from the PDU Router.
Fr N-Sduld	Unique N-SDU identifier within the FlexRay Transport Layer. It is used to reference N-
	SDU's routing properties.
I-PDU	This is the PDU of the upper AUTOSAR Layers modules (e.g. COM, DCM etc.). If data transfer via FlexRay Transport Protocol is configured, I-PDU is similar to an FrTp N-SDU.
PDU	In layered systems, it refers to a data unit that is specified in the protocol of a given layer. This contains user data of that layer (SDU) plus possible protocol control information.
	Furthermore, the PDU of layer X is the SDU of its lower layer X-1 (i.e. (X)-PDU = (X-1)-SDU).
PduInfoType	This type refers to a structure used to store basic information to process the transmission\reception of a PDU (or a SDU), namely a pointer to its payload in RAM and the corresponding length (in bytes).
Channel	A channel is a resource of the FrTp module to handle communication links to other communication nodes from FrTp's point of view (transferring Fr N-PDUs).
Connection	A connection specifies a communication link between different communication nodes from FrTp's point of view. A connection defines the sender / receiver relation of communication nodes
PCI	Protocol Control Information
e.g.	lat. 'exempli gratia' – engl. for example
i.e.	lat. 'id est' – engl. that is
CanTp	CAN Transport Protocol
LinTp	LIN Transport Protocol
CF	Consecutive Frame Fr N-PDU
СОМ	AUTOSAR Communications module
DCM	Diagnostic Communication Manager module
DET	Default Error Tracer
FC	Flow Control Fr N-PDU
Fr	FlexRay Driver module
Frlf	FlexRay Interface module
FrTp	FlexRay Transport Protocol Layer
PduR	PDU Router
SF	Start Frame Fr N-PDU
SF LF	Last Frame Fr N-PDU
TP	Transport Protocol Layer
	1p



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Acronym:	Description:	
SDU	In layered systems, this refers to a set of data that is sent by a user of the services of	
	a given layer, and is transmitted to a peer service user, whilst remaining semantically	
	unchanged.	
AUTOSAR	Automotive Open System Architecture	
SWS	Software Specification	
MISRA	Motor Industry Software Reliability Association	
ISO	International Standard Organisation	
ID	Identifier	
OS	Operating System	
MCAL	Microcontroller Abstraction Layer	
CPU	Central Processing Unit	
ROM	Read Only Memory	
RAM	Random Access Memory	
STF	Start Frame (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
AF	Acknowledge Frame (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
SN	Sequence Number (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_As	Timer Parameter for a sender. Time for transmission of the FlexRay frame (any	
	N_PDU) on the sender side. (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_Ar	Timer Parameter for a receiver. Time for transmission of the FlexRay frame (any	
	N_PDU) on the receiver side (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_BS	Timer Parameter for a sender. Time until reception of the next FlowControl N_PDU.	
	(please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_Br	Timer Parameter for a receiver. Time until transmission of the next FlowControl	
	N_PDU. (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_Cs	Timer Parameter for a sender. Time until transmission of the next ConsecutiveFrame	
	N_PDU/LastFrame N_PDU. (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_Cr	Timer Parameter for a receiver. Time until reception of the next ConsecutiveFrame	
	N_PDU (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	



3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents

- [1] List of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_TR_BSWModuleList.pdf
- [2] Layered Software Architecture AUTOSAR_EXP_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf.pdf
- [3] General Requirements of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_SRS_BSWGeneral.pdf
- [4] Requirements on FlexRay
 AUTOSAR_SRS_FlexRay.pdf
- [5] Specification of FlexRay Interface AUTOSAR_SWS_FlexRayInterface.pdf
- [6] Specification of PDU Router AUTOSAR_SWS_PDURouter.pdf
- [7] Specification of Communication Stack Types
 AUTOSAR_SWS_CommunicationStackTypes.pdf
- [8] Specification of Standard Types AUTOSAR_SWS_StandardTypes.pdf
- [9] Specification of Platform Types AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes.pdf
- [10] Basic Software Module Description Template, AUTOSAR_TPS_BSWModuleDescriptionTemplate.pdf
- [11] Specification of ECU Configuration, AUTOSAR TPS ECUConfiguration.pdf
- [12] Specification of Diagnostic Event Manager, AUTOSAR_SWS_DiagnosticEventManager.pdf
- [13] Specification of Default Error Tracer, AUTOSAR_SWS_DefaultErrorTracer.pdf
- [14] General Specification of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_SWS_BSWGeneral.pdf



3.2 Related standards and norms

- [15] FlexRay Communications System Protocol Specification Version 2.1
- [16] ISO10681-2, Road vehicles Communication on FlexRay Part 2: Communication Layer services

3.3 Related specification

AUTOSAR provides a General Specification on Basic Software modules [14] (SWS BSW General), which is also valid for FlexRay ISO Trnasport Layer.

Thus, the specification SWS BSW General shall be considered as additional and required specification for FlexRay ISO Trnasport Layer.



4 Constraints and assumptions

4.1 Limitations

The AUTOSAR architecture defines communication system specific transport protocol layers (FrTp, CanTp, LinTp etc.). Thus, the FlexRay Transport Protocol layer (FrTp) only covers FlexRay transport protocol specifics.

The FlexRay Transport Protocol has an interface to a single underlying FlexRay Interface Layer and a single upper PDU Router module.

4.2 Applicability to car domains

The FlexRay module can always be used for applications if the FlexRay protocol was used.

4.3 Restriction to ISO 10681-2

The AUTOSAR FrTp module does not support ISO 10681-2 functionalities as listed below:

Functionality	Description
Status monitoring	ISO 10681-2 provides the functionality to monitor the
	status of an active data transfer. Thus, the ISO-10681-
	2 API provides the service primitives
	C_GetStatus.request and C_GetStatus.confirm.
Read Communication	ISO 10681-2 provides the functionality to read out
Parameter values	current communication parameter values. Thus, the
	ISO-10681-2 API provides the service primitives
	C_GetParameters.request and
	C_GetParameters.confirm.

Table 1: Limitation of AUTOSAR FrTp vs. ISO 10681-2



5 Dependencies to other modules

This section sets out relations between the FlexRay Transport Protocol (FrTp) and other AUTOSAR basic software modules. It contains brief descriptions of the services, which are required by the FrTp from other modules or which are required by other modules from the FrTp.

5.1 FlexRay Transport Layer interactions

The FrTp's upper interface offers the PduR module global access, to transmit and receive data (Fr N-SDU). FlexRay N-SDU identifiers (Fr N-SDU-ID) achieve this access. FlexRay N- SDU-ID refers to a constant data structure that consists of attributes describing FlexRay N-SDU. The figure below shows the interactions between FrTp, PduR and FrIf modules.

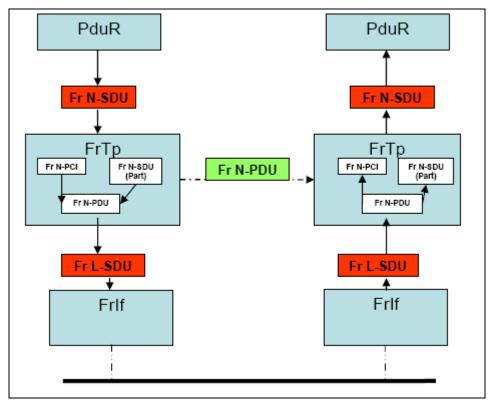


Figure 3: FrTp interactions



5.2 PDU Router

The FrTp module requests different services primitives provided by the PDU Router module. The requested services primitives of the PDU-Router module are listed below. For further details please refer to chapter 8.6 and specification [6]:

PduR_FrTpStartOfReception

By this API service primitive, the FrTp indicates the start of reception of a FrTp-I-PDU.

• PduR_FrTpCopyRxData

By this API service primitive, the FrTp initiates the copy process of the received FrTp N-PDU payload data to a provided <Upper Layer> Rx buffer

• PduR_FrTpRxIndication

By this API service primitive, the FrTp indicates the completed (un)successful reception of an FrTp-I-PDU.

PduR_FrTpCopyTxData

By this API service primitive, the FrTp initiates the copy process of the FrTp N-PDU payload data from the provided <Upper Layer> Tx buffer

• PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation

By this API service primitive, the FrTp module confirms the (un)successful sending of the complete Fr N-SDU to the corresponding sender module (e.g. COM, DCM etc).

The following services primitives of the FrTp module are called by the PDU-Router:

• FrTp Transmit

By this API service primitive, a upper layer initiates a I-PDU data transfer via PDU-Router

FrTp_CancelTransmit

By this API service primitive, sending of an Fr N-SDU is cancelled on sender site.

• FrTp ChangeParameter

By this API service primitive, some communication parameters of the FrTp module could be changed.

• FrTp CancelReceive

By this API service primitive, an ongoing reception could be canceled.



5.3 FlexRay Interface

The following services primitives of the FlexRay Interface (Frlf) module are called by the FrTp:

Frlf_Transmit

By this API service primitive, the transfer of an Fr N-PDU is initiated.

The following services primitives of the FrTp module are called by the FlexRay Interface module:

• FrTp_RxIndication

By this API service primitive, the FlexRay Interface module indicates the reception of an FrTp frame (Fr N-PDU, not to be confused with a FlexRay frame) to the FrTp. The FrTp then processes this frame.

• FrTp_TxConfirmation

By this API service primitive, the FlexRay Interface module confirms the sending of the frame containing the Fr N-PDU with result (E_OK if the transmission was successful, E_NOT_OK if the transmission failed) over the FlexRay network.

• FrTp_TriggerTransmit

By this API service primitive, the FlexRay Interface get access to the Fr N-PDU data.1

5.4 ECU State Manager

The following services primitives of the FrTp module are called by the ECU State Manager module (SWS_EcuM_02859):

FrTp_Init

By this API service primitive, the FrTp module is initialized.

• FrTp Shutdown

By this API service primitive, all active communication links are closed, resources are freed and the module is stopped.

5.5 Default Error Tracing

The following services primitives of the Default Error Tracing module are called by the FrTp module:

¹ Depending on the configured buffer access mode.





• **Det_ReportError**By this API service primitive, the FrTp module reports development errors.



5.6 File structure

5.6.1 Code file structure

For details refer to the chapter 5.1.6 "Code file structure" in SWS_BSWGeneral.

5.6.2 Header file structure

[SWS_FrTp_01157] FrTp.h shall contain all data exported from the FrTp – API declarations, callbacks, extern types and global data. ()

5.6.3 Design rules

[SWS_FrTp_00209] ΓThe source code of the FrTp module shall be neither compiler (tool) nor platform (processor) dependent.² ()

[SWS_FrTp_01129] The FlexRay Transport Layer module architecture shall support configuration modification by a dedicated update process (e.g. flash reprogramming) (SRS_Fr_05123)

² No compiler specific keywords shall be used.



6 Requirements traceability

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
SRS_BSW_00005	Modules of the µC Abstraction Layer (MCAL) may not have hard coded horizontal interfaces	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00006	The source code of software modules above the $\hat{A}\mu C$ Abstraction Layer (MCAL) shall not be processor and compiler dependent.	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00009	All Basic SW Modules shall be documented according to a common standard.	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00010	The memory consumption of all Basic SW Modules shall be documented for a defined configuration for all supported platforms.	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00101	The Basic Software Module shall be able to initialize variables and hardware in a separate initialization function	SWS_FrTp_00147
SRS_BSW_00159	All modules of the AUTOSAR Basic Software shall support a tool based configuration	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00160	Configuration files of AUTOSAR Basic SW module shall be readable for human beings	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00161	The AUTOSAR Basic Software shall provide a microcontroller abstraction layer which provides a standardized interface to higher software layers	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00162	The AUTOSAR Basic Software shall provide a hardware abstraction layer	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00164	The Implementation of interrupt service routines shall be done by the Operating System, complex drivers or modules	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00167	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall provide configuration rules and constraints to enable plausibility checks	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00168	SW components shall be tested by a function defined in a common API in the Basis-SW	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00172	The scheduling strategy that is built inside the Basic Software Modules shall be compatible with the strategy used in the system	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00306	AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be compiler and platform independent	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00312	Shared code shall be reentrant	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00314	All internal driver modules shall separate the interrupt frame definition from the service routine	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00323	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall check passed API parameters for validity	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00325	The runtime of interrupt service routines and functions that are running in interrupt context shall be kept short	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00328	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall avoid the duplication of code	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00330	It shall be allowed to use macros instead of functions	SWS_FrTp_09999



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	where source code is used and runtime is critical	
SRS_BSW_00331	All Basic Software Modules shall strictly separate error and status information	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00333	For each callback function it shall be specified if it is called from interrupt context or not	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00335	Status values naming convention	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00341	Module documentation shall contains all needed informations	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00343	The unit of time for specification and configuration of Basic SW modules shall be preferably in physical time unit	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00345	BSW Modules shall support pre-compile configuration	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00347	A Naming seperation of different instances of BSW drivers shall be in place	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00350	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall allow the enabling/disabling of detection and reporting of development errors.	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00358	The return type of init() functions implemented by AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be void	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00373	The main processing function of each AUTOSAR Basic Software Module shall be named according the defined convention	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00375	Basic Software Modules shall report wake-up reasons	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00377	A Basic Software Module can return a module specific types	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00386	The BSW shall specify the configuration for detecting an error	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00401	Documentation of multiple instances of configuration parameters shall be available	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00405	BSW Modules shall support multiple configuration sets	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00407	Each BSW module shall provide a function to read out the version information of a dedicated module implementation	SWS_FrTp_00215
SRS_BSW_00409	All production code error ID symbols are defined by the Dem module and shall be retrieved by the other BSW modules from Dem configuration	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00410	Compiler switches shall have defined values	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00413	An index-based accessing of the instances of BSW modules shall be done	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00414	Init functions shall have a pointer to a configuration structure as single parameter	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00415	Interfaces which are provided exclusively for one module shall be separated into a dedicated header file	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00417	Software which is not part of the SW-C shall report error events only after the DEM is fully operational.	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00423	BSW modules with AUTOSAR interfaces shall be describable with the means of the SW-C Template	SWS_FrTp_09999



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SRS_BSW_00424	BSW module main processing functions shall not be allowed to enter a wait state	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00425	The BSW module description template shall provide means to model the defined trigger conditions of schedulable objects	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00426	BSW Modules shall ensure data consistency of data which is shared between BSW modules	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00427	ISR functions shall be defined and documented in the BSW module description template	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00428	A BSW module shall state if its main processing function(s) has to be executed in a specific order or sequence	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00429	Access to OS is restricted	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00432	Modules should have separate main processing functions for read/receive and write/transmit data path	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00433	Main processing functions are only allowed to be called from task bodies provided by the BSW Scheduler	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_Fr_05073	The FlexRay Transport Layer shall be configured to be compliant with the ISO 10681-2 specification	SWS_FrTp_01005, SWS_FrTp_01006
SRS_Fr_05077	Each N-SDU shall have a unique identifier	SWS_FrTp_01018
SRS_Fr_05088	FlexRay Transport Layer's variables shall be initialized	SWS_FrTp_01034, SWS_FrTp_01035
SRS_Fr_05093	A cancellation service of transmission shal be provided at any time	SWS_FrTp_01005, SWS_FrTp_01006
SRS_Fr_05095	The FlexRay Transport Layer shall support the dynamic bandwidth control mechanism	SWS_FrTp_01005, SWS_FrTp_01006
SRS_Fr_05123	The Configuration shall be modifiable by a Flashing Process	SWS_FrTp_01129



7 Functional specification

This section provides a description of the FlexRay Transport Protocol Layer functionality. It explains the services provided to the upper and lower layers and the internal behavior of the FrTp Layer module.

The main purpose of the FlexRay Transport Protocol (FrTp) Layer is transferring messages (I-PDUs) that may or may not fit in a single FlexRay frame (L-PDU). The FrTp Layer module provides services for segmentation and reassembly of upper-layer messages (Fr N-SDUs). Hence FrTp module offers services for segmentation, transmission with flow control, and reassembly of messages.

While reading this document, it is necessary to bear in mind, that the Transport Protocol functionality (e.g. frame assembly, frame handling, error handling etc.) is according to ISO10681-2, Road vehicles – Communication on FlexRay – Part 2: Communication Layer services [16].

[SWS_FrTp_01005] If no explicit recommendation or requirement is defined, the FrTp module shall follow the specification ISO10681-2, Road vehicles – Communication on FlexRay – Part 2: Communication Layer services [16]. (SRS_Fr_05073, SRS_Fr_05093, SRS_Fr_05095)

Transport protocol facilities will be used to transport AUTOSAR I-PDUs from different source modules (e.g. COM, DCM etc.). Therefore, the FrTp module is able to deal with multiple connections simultaneously (i.e. multiple segmentation sessions in parallel).

The maximum number of simultaneous active connections is statically configured. This configuration has an important impact on complexity and resource consumption (CPU, ROM and RAM) of the code generated, because resources (e.g. Rx and Tx state machines, variables used to work on N-PCI data and so on) have to be reserved for each simultaneous access.

7.1 FrTp usage scenarios

As depict in Figure 4, the FrTp module is usable within single Electronic Control Units (ECUs) as well as in Gateways. In both cases FrTp modules are responsible to handle communication via FlexRay but for gateway purpose some additional requirements have to be taken into account.

Note: Each time a special usage scenario has to be taken into account, a foot node is given within the document.



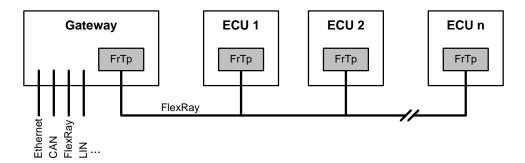


Figure 4: FrTp usage scenarios

7.2 FrTp behavior according to ISO10681-2

This chapter gives a small overview about the Transport Protocol behaviour and data transmission szenarios according to ISO 10681-2. This chapter is only for a better understanding of the software solution to fullfill ISO 10681-2 and specifies no additional requirement.

7.2.1 Protocol Data Unit (PDU)

[SWS_FrTp_01006] The FrTp module shall support the Fr N-PDU formats as defined in [16] ISO10681-2, Road vehicles – Communication on FlexRay – Part 2: Communication Layer services (SRS_Fr_05073, SRS_Fr_05093, SRS_Fr_05095)

7.2.2 Frame Sequence charts

This chapter describes the data transfer modes based on Transport Protocol Layer frame (N-PDU) sequences according to ISO10681-2. This is only for a better understanding of the FrTp internal work and shall not be an additional specification. For a final implementation only the figures in [16] ISO10681-2, Road vehicles – Communication on FlexRay – Part 2: Communication Layer services are relevant.

7.2.2.1 Unsegmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message length

[SWS_FrTp_01007] According to ISO 10681-2 [16] the FrTp module shall support an unsegmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message length as depict in Figure 5.



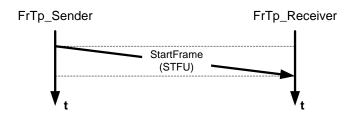


Figure 5: Frame sequence of an unsegmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message length |()

7.2.2.2 Unsegmented acknowledged data transfer with known message length

[SWS_FrTp_01008] \(\text{According to ISO 10681-2 [16] the FrTp module supports an unsegmented acknowledged data transfer with known message length as depict in Figure 6.

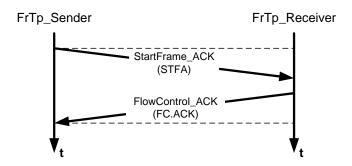


Figure 6: Frame sequence of an unsegmented acknowledged data transfer with known message length |()

7.2.2.3 Segmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message length

[SWS_FrTp_01009] \(\text{According to ISO 10681-2 [16] the FrTp module shall support a segmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message length as depict in Figure 7.



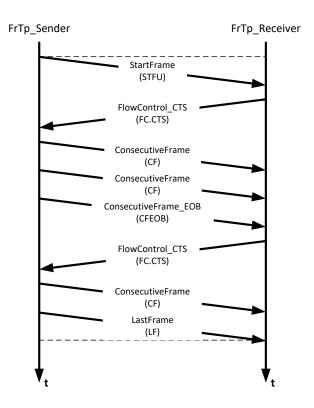


Figure 7: Frame sequence a segmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message $length_{\downarrow}()$

7.2.2.4 Segmented acknowledged data transfer with known message length



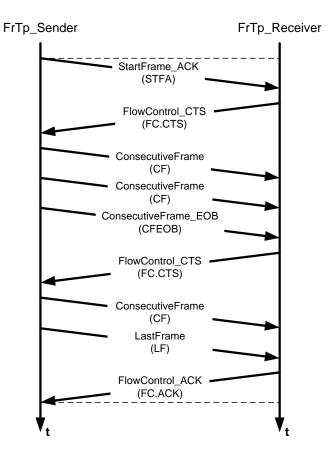


Figure 8: Frame sequence of a segmented acknowledged data transfer with known message $length_{\parallel}()$

7.2.2.5 Segmented unacknowledged data transfer with unknown message length



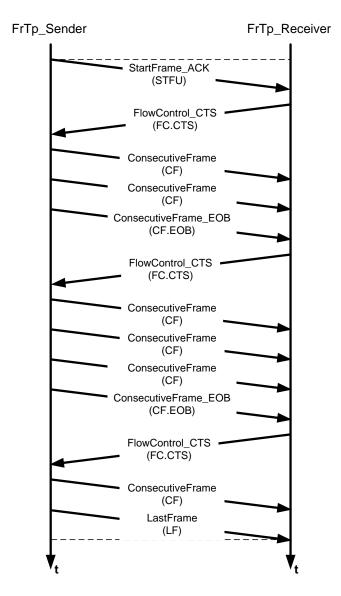


Figure 9: Frame sequence of a segmented unacknowledged data transfer with unknown message length |()

7.2.2.6 Segmented acknowledged data transfer with unknown message length



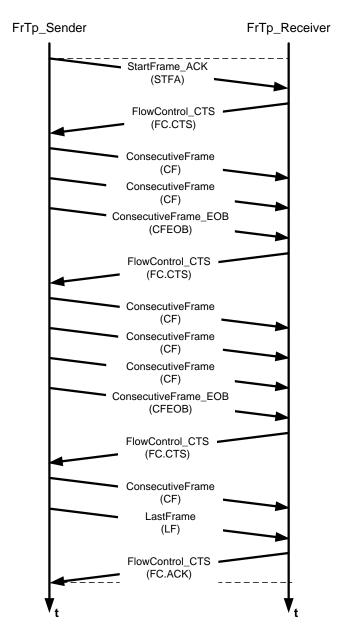


Figure 10: Frame sequence of a segmented acknowledged data transfer with unknown message length \(\)()

7.2.3 Limitation to ISO10681-2

The limitations to ISO 10681-2 are described in chapter 4.3 - Table 1.



7.3 Internal Module behavior specification

This chapter specifies the internal behaviour of the FlexRay Transport Layer module to fullfill the protocol behaviour according to ISO 10681-2 [15].

7.3.1 Overview

Figure 11 depicts an abstract overview of the FrTp layer module architecture.

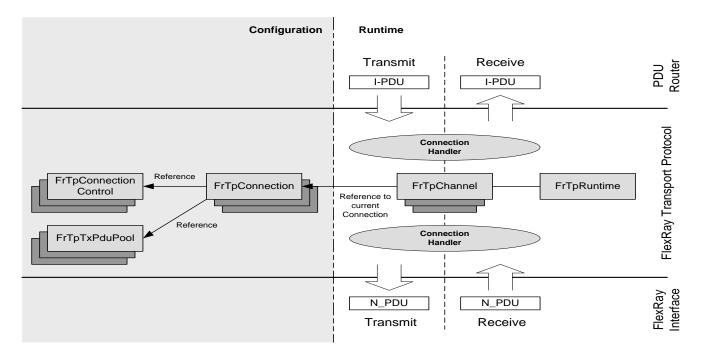


Figure 11: FlexRay Transport Module overview

Figure 11 depicts a division between configuration parts and runtime parts. After the module is initialized it is able to transmit I-PDUs from an upper layer (PDUR) or receive N-PDUs from a lower layer (Frlf). Below there is a short describes of the different parts being involved in FrTp layer handling procedure.

Term	Description
FrTpConnection	A connection is a configuration parameter set which includes all parameters to identify a connection link between different communication nodes uniquely. A connection has a fixed assignment between a sender node (representing by a source address), one or more receiver node(s) (representing by a target address), the upper Layer I-PDU source (representing by an I-PDU-ID). Additionally a connection has a reference to a set of N-PDUs (PDU-Pool) which are defined for sending data via FrTp. A reference to connection specific parameters (e.g. timings and timeouts etc.) is defined too.



FrTpConnection Control	A connection configuration is a parameter set which includes configuration specific parameter (e.g. timings, timeouts, default parameters etc.). It is referenced by a connection.
FrTpTxPduPool	A Tx-N-PduPool is a set of N-PDUs which are defined for FrTp sending purpose.
FrTpChannel	A channel is a runtime resource of the FrTp module which implements all communication control mechanisms (e.g. state machine etc.) to handle a communication link via FlexRay. A channel could be allocated by the connection handler to process a required connection. Therefore a channel has a reference to the connection which is currently handled by this channel. If a data transfer has been finished the assignment between the channel and the connection is cleared and the channel could be reallocated by another connection.
FrTpRuntime	FrTpRuntime is a set of runtime parameters which is necessary to control active connections. (please refer to chapter 7.3.3.1)
Connection Handler	The connection handler is an abstract part of the FrTp module and is responsible for the (re-)allocation of channels and the (re-)assignment of channels and connections.

If an upper layer module (e.g. COM, DCM etc) wants to transmit data (I-PDU) the PduR module executes the corresponding FrTp layer module API call. The connection handler evaluates the I-PDU-ID (equal to N-SDU-ID from FrTp's point of view) for the corresponding connection. The connection handler allocates a free channel and set channel's connection reference to the selected connection. The channel could now initialize with the connection control parameter set which is access able via the references. The channel process the communication until all data have been transmitted. After the last N-PDU was send the connection handler will free the channel and also the reference to the connection is reset.

If an N-PDU is received via FlexRay the Frlf executes the corresponding FrTp API call. The connection handler evaluates the target address and the source address of the N-PDU which is part of the Protocol Control Information (PCI). The connection handler search for the corresponding connection, allocates a channel, set the reference to the selected connection and initialize them. Until the last N-PDU was received the connection handler reallocates the channel, skips the reference to the selected connection and delivers the I-PDU to the addressed upper layer by calling the corresponding PDUR-module API.

7.3.2 Configuration data



7.3.2.1 FrTpConnection

A connection identifies the sender and the receiver(s) of this particular communication link.

An FrTp connection link is defined by

- a) a target address of the receiver node(s) and
- b) a source address of the sender node.

For the internal handling of different PDUs across the FlexRay communication stack the I-PDU-ID (N-SDU-ID) identifies the data link to upper layer's sender or receiver modules (see Figure 2).

Additionally a connection has a reference to a set of N-PDUs (FrTpTxPduPool) which are defined for sending data via this particular connection. A reference to connection specific parameters, e.g. timings and timeouts etc is defined too (FrTpConnectionConfig).

- [SWS_FrTp_01013] FAN FrTpConnection container shall implement all parameters as defined in chapter 10.2. ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01014] For each connection link the FrTp module shall handle, a new instance of FrTpConnection container shall be created. ()

- [SWS_FrTp_01018] [Each FrTpConnection shall have a module wide unique FRTP SDUID (N-SDU ID) (see section 10.2).](SRS_Fr_05077)

7.3.2.2 FrTpTxPduPool

The FrTpTxPduPool contains a list of N-PDUs configured for sending FrTp N-PDUs. An FrTpTxPduPool could be referenced by different FrTpConnections but each FrTpConnection has exactly one reference to one FrTpTxPduPool. (see

³ Post-build time configurable number of connections is required e.g. for gateways. If new connections are defined during vehicle lifecycle only the connection's parameter set has to be updated.

⁴ The AUTOSAR local address and remote address is mapped to the ISO 10681-2 source address and target address.



also Figure 17). The FrTpTxPduPools are necessary to support dynamic bandwidth assignment for connections.

Chapter 7.5.5 describes the dynamic bandwidth assignment in detail. At this position in specification only the term FrTpTxPduPool shall be introduced and some basic requirements to FrTpTxPduPools are specified.

[SWS_FrTp_01019] [An FrTpTxPduPool container shall implement all parameters as defined in chapter 10.2.9 ()

[SWS FrTp 01020] TA single FrTpTxPduPool can be referenced by different FrTpConnections. ()

Note: Configuration of PDU Pools to limit bandwidth to an ECU is described in chapter 10.4.4.

7.3.2.3 FrTpConnectionControl

An FrTpConnectionControl container contains all static (not runtime) parameters, which are necessary to control a connection e.g. initial timer values, timeout control values etc. Each FrTpConnection has an exclusive link to an FrTpConnectionControl container. FrTpConnections with equal control parameters can reference the same FrTpConnectionControl⁵.

[SWS_FrTp_01021] [An FrTpConnectionControl Container shall implement all parameters as defined in chapter 10.2. ()

[SWS FrTp 01022] 「An FrTpConnectionControl container can be referenced by different FrTpConnections. ()

7.3.3 Runtime data

As depict in Figure 11 also some runtime information are required. All runtime information are encapsulated in containers. This chapter defines all the runtime containers with the corresponding variables in that scope as it necessary to understand FrTp's work.

It's recommended to place all runtime data required for implementation into the global FrTpRuntime container too.

⁵ Use case: Reducing configuration control container instances



7.3.3.1 FrTpRuntime

Module Name	FrTpRuntime	
Module Description	This container contains the runtime parameters / variables which	
	are necessary to handle FlexRay Transport Protocol	
	communication according to ISO 10681-2.	

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
FrTp_Channel	1*	FrTp Channel:
		This container contains the runtime parameters
		/ variables for an FrTpChannel.
FrTp_ConCtrlRuntime	1*	FrTp Connection Control Runtime:
		This container contains the runtime parameters
		/ variables to handle an FrTpConnection.
FrTp_PduPoolRuntime	1*	FrTp Pdu Pool Runtime:
		This container contains the runtime parameters
		/ variables to handle an FrTpPduPool.

7.3.3.2 FrTpChannel

As described above a channel is a runtime resource of the FrTp. A channel could be allocated to handle a connection. This chapter describes the relevant information of a channel without implementation specific information (e.g. types etc).

Name	FrTpChannel
Description	This container contains the parameters and variables of a
	FlexRay channel
Container parameters and variables	

Information	Description
FrTpChannelNumber	Number of that channel
FrTpTxChannelState	Current state of the Tx channel (idle = 0 or
	busy = 1)
FrTpTxConState	FrTp Tx Connection State:
	This parameter implements the current state of
	the Tx connection (Tx communication state
	machine according to ISO 10681-2 protocol
	handling).
FrTpTxConRef	FrTp Tx Connection Reference:
	This is the reference (pointer to connection) to
	the current Tx FrTpConnection, the channel
	is currently processing.
FrTpTxConTxPduPendingCounter	FrTp Tx Connection Tx Pdu Pending Counter:
	This counter counts the number of currently
	transmitted but not confirmed Fr N-PDUs of the
	active TxConnection (e.g. SF, CF, LF)
	This counter shall be incremented each time an
	FrTp Tx N-PDU is send by the FrTp.



	This counter shall be decremented each time
	an transmitted FrTp Tx N-PDU is confirmed by the FrIf.
FrTpTxConTxPduPoolRuntimeRef	FrTp TxConnection Tx PDU Pool Runtime
·	Reference:
	This is the reference (pointer to
	FrTp_TxPduPoolRuntime) to the runtime
	container of the corresponding PDU-Pool.
	Note: The runtime container of the PDU Pool
	controls the TxConfirmation signals.
FrTpTxConConfigRuntimeRef	FrTp Tx Connection Configuration Runtime Reference:
	This is the reference (pointer to
	FrTp_ConConfigRuntime) to the runtime
	container of the corresponding Tx connection
	configuration.
	Note: The runtime container of the Tx
	connection configuration controls the
	connection parameters, which are changeable
	during runtime.
FrTpRxChannelState	Current state of the Rx channel (idle or busy)
FrTpRxConState	FrTp Rx Connection State:
	This parameter implements the current state of
	the Rx connection (Rx communication state
	machine according to ISO 10681-2 protocol
	handling).
FrTpRxConRef	FrTp Rx Connection Reference:
	This is the reference (pointer to connection) to
	the current Rx FrTpConnection, the channel
ETIP OUT DI PULITURA	is currently processing.
FrTpRxConTxPduPendingCounter	FrTp Rx Connection Tx Pdu Pending Counter:
	This counter counts the number of currently
	transmitted but not confirmed Fr N-PDUs of the
	active RxConnection (FlowControl). This counter shall be incremented each time an
	FrTp Tx N-PDU is send by the FrTp.
	This counter shall be decremented each time a
	transmitted FrTp Tx N-PDU is confirmed by the
	Frlf. Therefore that FrTp Rx Connection Tx Pdu
	Pending Counter toggles only between 0 and 1.
FrTpRxConTxPduPoolRuntimeRef	·
	Reference:
	This is the reference (pointer to
	FrTpTxPduPoolRuntime) to the runtime
	container of the corresponding PDU-Pool.
	Note: The runtime container of the PDU Pool
	controls the TxConfirmation signals. This
	reference is required for the transmission control of FlowControl N-PDU during an
	control of FlowControl N-PDU during an



	ongoing reception on that channel.
	Note: For a full duplex channel configuration (see chapter 7.3.3.2.1) the FrTpTxConTxPduPoolRuntimeRef and the FrTpRxConTxPduPoolRuntimeRef are equal.
FrTpRxConConfigRuntimeRef	FrTp Rx Connection Configuration Runtime Reference:
	This is the reference (pointer to FrTpConConfigRuntime) to the runtime container of the corresponding Rx connection configuration.
	Note: The runtime container of the Rx connection configuration controls the connection parameters, which are changeable during runtime.
No included containers	

- [SWS_FrTp_00088] Γ The exact number of provided channels shall be configurable by the parameter FrTpChanNum (see section 10.2) ()

⁶ The number of channels represents the number of connections, which could be handled concurrently for the same direction. Therefore it is an indication of the performance of the FrTp. On the other hand a Gateway requires more channels than normal ECUs because a gateway handles more concurrent connections. Hence the number of supported channels shall be configurable.



Note:

The error handling for the case if no FrTpChannel resource is available (FrTpTxChannelState ≠ idle) for data transmission is specified in [SWS_FrTp_01041.

7.3.3.2.1 Full Duplex and Half Duplex

Normally a Full Duplex channel supports concurrent transmission and reception of Fr N-PDUs at the same time for the same⁷ connection. Figure 12 depicts a Full Duplex implementation.

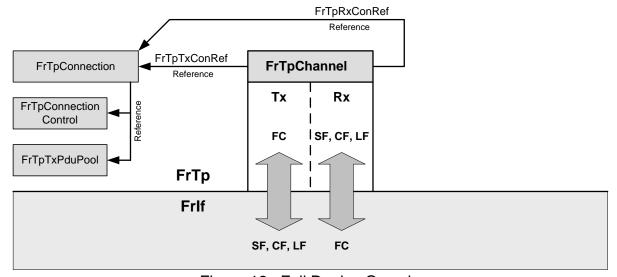


Figure 12: Full Duplex Overview

On the other hand a Half Duplex channel supports only a data transfer for one direction. The fact that an Rx transmission has also to send a FlowControl or a Tx transmission has to receive a FlowControl is not similar to a full duplex connection. Figure 13 depicts a half duplex FrTp_Channel, where either a Tx or a Rx Connection is processed.

⁷ Theoretically it is possible that two ECUs transferring data to each other at the same time. That means that each ECU is sender and receiver concurrently. If both ECUs have only one Remote Address and one Local Address the FrTp shall evaluate the PCI to distinguish whether a PDU for Rx-Direction (CF or LF) or a PDU for Tx-direction (FC) was received. This is a full duplex mechanism.



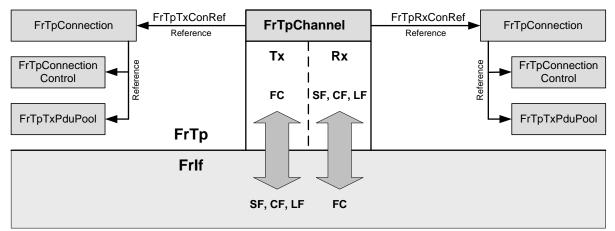


Figure 13: Half Duplex Overview

The final functionality of FrTpChannels depends on implementation and therefore it is not specified in this document.

7.3.3.3 FrTpConnectionControlRuntime

This chapter describes the relevant information of Connection Control without implementation specific information (e.g. types etc).

Name	FrTpConCtrlRuntime
Description	FrTp Connection Control Runtime:
	This container contains the ConnectionControl runtime data.
Container parameters and variables	

Information	Description
FrTpSCexpRuntime	FRTP_SEPARATION_CYCLE_EXPONEN
	Т
	Runtime value of FrTpSCexp parameter.
	This parameter could be changed via API-
	Call "FrTp_ChangeParameter" and differs
	than from the configured default value.
FrTpMaxNbrOfNPduPerCycleRuntime	FRTP_MAX_NUMBER_OF_NPDU_PER_C
	YCLE
	Runtime value of
	FrTpMaxNbrOfNPduPerCycle parameter.
	This parameter could be changed via API-
	Call "FrTp_ChangeParameter" and differs
	than from the configured default value.
No included containers	

7.4 Initialization and shutdown



- [SWS_FrTp_01029] The FrTp module shall implement a static status variable FrTpState to denote whether the FrTp module is initialized or not⁸. \downarrow ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01106] [The FrTpState shall be checked to detect whether FrTp module is initialized or not.]()
- [SWS_FrTp_01030] Γ The FrTp module shall be in the FRTP_OFF state after power up.J()
- [SWS_FrTp_01033] The FrTp module shall performed normal FrTp operation tasks (e.g. segmentation, reassembly etc.) only when the FrTp module is in the FRTP ON state 9 . $_1$ ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01034] The service primitive FrTp_Init shall initialize all global variables of the module and sets all transport protocol connections in a sub-state of FRTP_ON, in which neither transmissions nor receptions are in progress. (SRS_Fr_05088)

⁸ This variable is used for development error detection.

⁹ This requires that FrTp_Init() is called before the normal FrTp functionality is used by the COM-Stack.



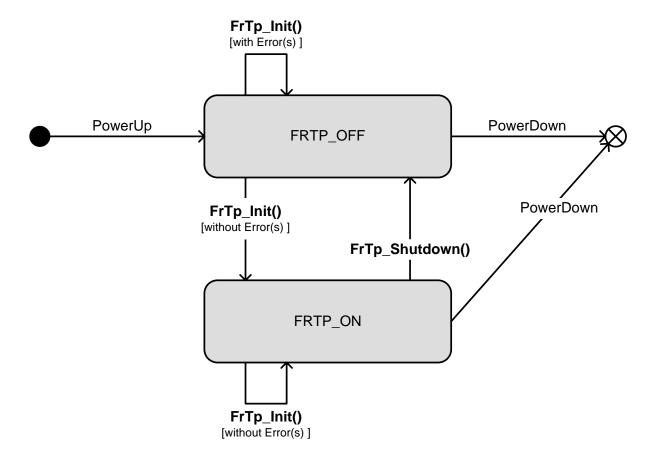


Diagram 1: FrTp Initialization and shutdown state diagram

7.5 Data Transfer Processing

This chapter covers all topics of FrTp module data transfer processing if transmission of data (Fr N-SDU) is requested by an upper layer (e.g. COM, DCM etc.) via PduR module or if data (Fr N-PDUs) have been received via Frlf module. For a better understanding the different topics are encapsulated in several sub-clauses starting with the basic definition of data transfer and reception. Buffer handling is described within an additional chapter.

The FlexRay protocol stack supports two different buffer access modes for data transmission:

- a) Immediate Buffer Access Mode
- b) Decoupled Buffer Access Mode

Due to this fact there are two different sequences for data transfer processing.

7.5.1 Flags

The FrTp module uses several flags to signal internal states. (see also sequence diagrams in Chapter 9). This chapter describes the flags required for inter-module state handling.



7.5.1.1 TX SDU AVAILABLE

The TX_SDU_AVAILABLE flag is set by the service primitive FrTp_Transmit to indicate the N-SDU transmit request.

Note: For detailed information about set and reset conditions and behaviour please refer to chapter 7.5.2 and **[SWS_FrTp_01057**].

7.5.1.2 TX SDU UNKNOWN MSG LENGTH

The <code>TX_SDU_UNKNOWN_MSG_LENGTH</code> flag is set by the service primitive $FrTp_Transmit$ to indicate the N-SDU transmit request with an unknown message length. Depending on the status of that flag the FrTp module will recall the service primitive PduR FrTpCopyTxData several times until all data are transmitted.

Note: For detailed information about set and reset conditions and behaviour please refer to chapter 7.5.2 and **[SWS_FrTp_01124**].

7.5.1.3 RX_PDU_AVAILABLE

The RX_PDU_AVAILABLE flag is set by the service primitive FrTp_RxIndication to indicate the reception of an N-PDU.

[SWS_FrTp_00418] The RX_PDU_AVAILABLE flag shall exist for every Fr N-PDU, which is configured to be received by the FrTp module. |()

Note: For detailed information about set and reset conditions and behaviour please refer to chapter 7.5.3 and **[SWS_FrTp_01074**].



7.5.1.4 RX ERROR

The RX_ERROR¹⁰ flag is required in case transmission with acknowledgement and retry is configured. During a segmented data reception an error could occur but sending FlowControl is currently not possible. In that case the information about an error has to be stored until sending a FlowControl is allowed.

7.5.2 Transmit Data

[SWS_FrTp_01204] 「During transmission, the FrTp shall use addressing information provided by the upper layer via the meta data items SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ADDRESS_16 as local address and remote address of the transmitted N-PDUs and to identify received flow control N-PDUs. ()

[SWS_FrTp_01205] 「If FrTpLa and/or FrTpRa are configured for a transmitted N-SDU, they are used even when the addressing information is the provided by the upper layer. If not, the address information in the N-PDUs shall be set according to the provided address information. ()

7.5.2.1 Transmit Data via 'Immediate Buffer Access' Mode

This chapter defines a data transfer requested by an upper layer (e.g. COM, DCM etc.) via 'Immediate Buffer Access' Mode.

¹⁰ Refer ISO 10681-2 - chapter 7.5.7.2.3.



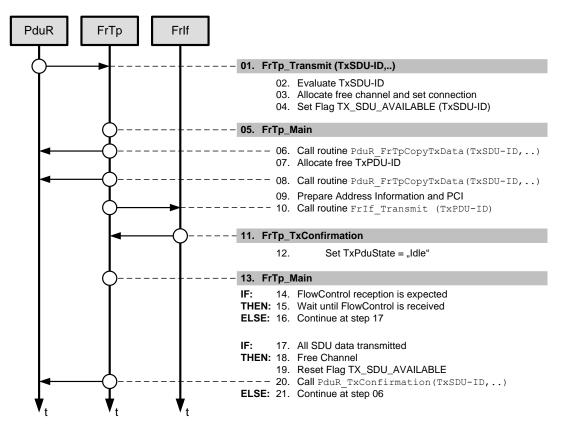


Figure 14: Transmit data overview in 'Immediate Buffer Access' mode Figure 14 depicts the internal processing for data transmission in principle ¹¹ if "Immediate Buffer Access" mode is configured ¹². Below there is a description of the different steps which are necessary to transmit data via FrTp.

Step 1 - 4

SduLength = 0: Transmission with unknown message length is

requested

SduLength ≠ **0**: Transmission with known message length is

requested. ()

¹¹ Figure 14 depicts only the overview of data transmission for a single channel without further functionality (e.g. transmit cancellation) or internal behaviour (e.g. internal control data handling, return values etc.). Also a schedule for data transfer in concurrent channels is not described here.

¹² Buffer access mode is configured for each N-PDU and is referenced via the PDU-Pool.



according to the result of [SWS_FrTp_01043 (see also chapter 7.5.1.2). |()

- - 1. a transmission with unknown message length is detected and
 - 2. support of unknown message legth is not configured and
 - 3. development error detection is enabled for the FrTp module. ()

The service primitive parameter TxPduld shall be used to select the correct connection. This shall be done by searching for the correct entry within the FrTpConnection container (FrTpConnection.FrTpTxSduId). If a valid parameter TxPduld is given, the FrTp module shall search for a free channel resource (FrTpTxChannelState = Idle) and allocate them to control the requested Tx data transfer.

- - a) the requested TxPduId is valid
 - b) a free channel resource is available (FrTpTxChannelState =
 Idle);()
- - a) shall be terminated and the return value shall be set to E_NOT_OK (see also chapter 8.2.1) and
 - b) the FrTp module shall raise an development error FRTP_E_INVALID_PDU_SDU_ID when development error detection for the FrTp module is enabled. ()

This scenario could occur on gateways, if communication via more connections is requested than channels resources are configured.



Step 5 - 10

If the TX_SDU_AVAILABLE flag is set, the FrTp module has to evaluate the length of the currently available FrTp N-SDU data by calling the service primitive PduR_FrTpCopyTxData() ¹⁴ a first time. With knowledge of the available data size FrTp module scans the FrTpTxPduPool and allocates the first free FrTpPdu for that data transfer. Depending on the available FrTp-N-SDU length and the FrTpTxPduPool's free FrTpPdu length the FrTp module decides whether segmentation is necessary or not for that N-SDU transfer. By calling the service primitive PduR_FrTpCopyTxData() the data shall be copied to the corresponding buffer. In a next step the corresponding Address Information and PCI are prepared and the service primitive FrIf Transmit is called with the corresponding TxPduId.

- [SWS_FrTp_01046] If a free FrTpTxPdu is identified, the FrTp module shall use this FrTpTxPdu to continue current transmission process. ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01047] If no free FrTpTxPdu is identified, the FrTp module shall postpone processing for the corresponding connection till the next main function call. |()

Note: FrTp module shall postpone the processing for the corresponding connection until either free FrTpTxPdu is identified according to SWS_FrTp_01046 or a timeout occurs (see section 7.5.8).

The available data length evaluation depends on different scenarios the FrTp is used in.

⁻ In case of a normal ECU which transfers data with unknown message lengths it is necessary to evaluate the length of the currently stored FrTp-N-SDU.

⁻ In case an ECU transmits data with known message length the Tx data length is given by the parameter of the FrTp_Transmit service primitive. An additional evaluation by calling PduR_FrTpCopyTxData(..) is possible to have equal evaluation sequences for known and unknown message length transfers but could be skipped by runtime optimisation (implementation dependency).

⁻ In case of a Gateway which routes N-SDUs of different bus systems it is necessary to get the currently available (received) data length in the gateway buffer.



[SWS_FrTp_01048] The FrTp module shall decide whether segmentation for the requested N-SDU transfer is required or not depending on the length information of the <u>first</u> allocated FrTpTxPdu from an FrTpTxPduPool for the currently processed FrTpConnection (see also Diagram 2). ()

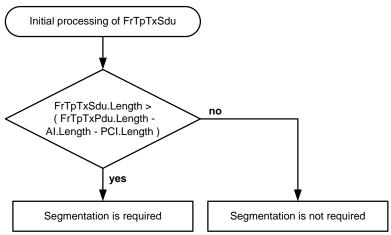


Diagram 2: Segmentation decision

Note: The decision whether segmentation is possible or not depends also on the connection mode (1:1 or 1:n).

[SWS_FrTp_01049] The FrTp module shall prepare the Address Information and PCI according to the result of [SWS_FrTp_01048 as defined in specification ISO 10681-2 [16]. ()

[SWS_FrTp_01050] The FrTp module shall initiate an N-PDU data transfer by calling the service primitive FrIf_Transmit() with the TxPduld of the recently allocated FrTpTxPdu. ()

¹⁵ FrTp transmits always the real amount of data stored in the corresponding buffer. FrTp is not responsible for fill bytes. Fill up N-SDUs to a configured frame size is done within lower layers (e.g. FrIf or FlexRay Driver). The FrTp only decides whether segmentation is necessary or not and to
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Step 11 - 12

If the N-PDU was successfully transmitted by the FrIf module, the FrIf module shall call the service primitive $FrTp_TxConfirmation$ with result E_OK. Within this service primitive the FrTp module shall reset the state of the corresponding FrTpTxPdu.

- [SWS_FrTp_01052] The service primitive FrTp_TxConfirmation shall be called by the underlying layer module after a successful or failed transmission of the corresponding N-PDU.j()
- [SWS_FrTp_01053] The service primitive FrTp_TxConfirmation shall be called by the underlying layer module with the corresponding FrTpTxConfirmationPduId of the successful transmitted PDU.j()

Step 13 - 16

Depending on ISO-10681-2 protocol handling in some cases a response N-PDU (Flow Control) from the receiver is expected by the sender. Hence the sender has to wait until the response N-PDU (Flow Control) is received and continue processing after reception.

[SWS_FrTp_01055] The FrTp module shall implement a timing and timeout behaviour as defined in chapter 7.5.8 | ()

Step 17 - 21

If all N-SDU data are transmitted the FrTp module shall free all allocated resources and reset all flags which signals an ongoing data transfer for this connection. If the data transmission is pending, the FrTp module shall continue the data transfer at step 6.

- - a) all Tx N-SDU data are transmitted and
 - b) FrTp_TxConfirmation was given with result E_OK and
 - c) the final acknowledge is received in case acknowledge is configured.

segment N-PDU Consecutive Frames to the maximum length of the corresponding PDU of the PduPool.



Or

d) FrTp_TxConfirmation was given with result E_NOT_OK.

]()

- - a) all N-SDU data are transmitted and
 - b) FrTp_TxConfirmation was given with result E_OK and
 - c) the final acknowledge is received in case acknowledge is configured. Or
 - d) FrTp_TxConfirmation was given with result E_NOT_OK.

1()

- - a) all N-SDU data are transmitted and
 - b) FrTp_TxConfirmation was given with result E_OK and
 - c) the final acknowledge is received in case acknowledge is configured or
 - d) if transmission was aborted <u>or FrTp_TxConfirmation</u> was given with result E_NOT_OK. ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01058] The FrTp module shall always call the service primitive PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation for the corresponding FrTpTxSdu ID after the transmission request was accepted.

The result shall be E OK if

- a) all N-SDU data are transmitted and
- b) FrTp_TxConfirmation was given with result E_OK and
- c) the final acknowledge is received in case acknowledge is configured.

Otherwise the result shall be E_NOT_OK.

J()

- [SWS_FrTp_01198]
 If an FC frame is received with an invalid FS or with FS set to OVFLW or ABT, the FrTp module shall abort the transmission of this message and notify the upper layer by calling the callback function

 PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation with the result E_NOT_OK. ()



7.5.2.2 Transmit Data via 'Decoupled Buffer Access' Mode

Figure 15 depicts the internal processing for data transmission in principle ¹⁶ if "Decoupled Buffer Access" mode is configured ¹⁷. Below there is a description of the different steps which are necessary to transmit data via FrTp.

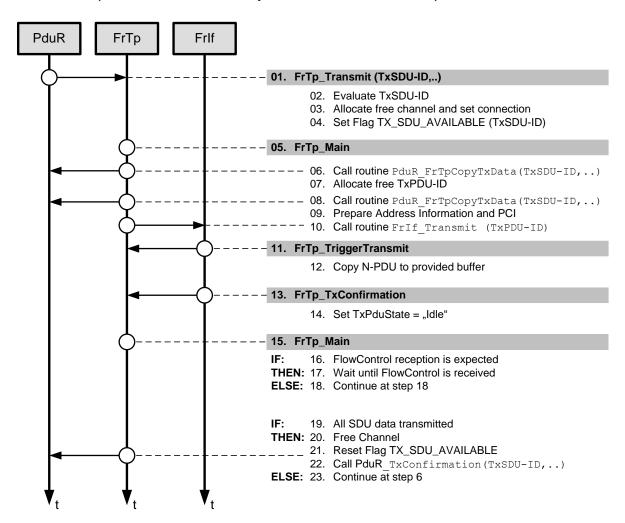


Figure 15: Transmit data overview in 'Decoupled Buffer Access' mode

Step 01 - 10

Step 01 - 10 in 'decoupled access mode' are equal to step 01 - 10 in 'immediate access mode'. Please refer chapter 7.5.2.1.

For step 09 it is recommended to set the address information and PCI to a local buffer because the service primitive FrTp TriggerTransmit is called in interrupt

Figure 15 depicts only the overview of data transmission for a single channel without further functionality (e.g. transmit cancellation) or internal behaviour (e.g. internal control data handling, return values etc.). Also a schedule for data transfer in concurrent channels is not described here.

Buffer access mode is configured for each N-PDU (refer to Frlf) and is referenced via the PDU-Pool.



mode and therefore the processing time to copy the complete N-PDU (Address Information, PCI and (part of) SDU data) shall be as short as possible.

Step 11 - 12

- [SWS_FrTp_01059] The service primitive FrTp_TriggerTransmit shall be called by the FrIf module to propagate FrTp N-PDUs to the lower layers (e.g. FlexRay Driver). ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01061] The service primitive FrTp_TriggerTransmit shall set the corresponding data length referenced by the service primitive parameter PduInfoType to the exact data length of the buffer. ()

Step 13 - 23

Steps 13 - 23 in 'decoupled access mode' are equal to step 10 - 20 in 'immediate access mode'. Please refer chapter 7.5.2.1.

7.5.2.3 Data Transfer with unknown message length

ISO10681-2 supports the possibility to transmit data with an unknown message length.

¹⁸ Unknown message length data transfer requires segmentation because at least a StartFrame and a LastFrame have to be transmitted.



- a) a 1:n connection is requested as described in SWS_FrTp_01063.J()

- [SWS_FrTp_01067]
 The FrTp module shall add all PduInfoType.PduLength values to calculate the total message length which is transmitted by the LastFrame (LF). ()

7.5.2.4 Segmentation condition for data transfer

- [SWS_FrTp_01068]

 If the FrTpConnectionControl parameter FRTP_MULTIPLE_RECEIVER_CON (see section 10.2) for the corresponding FrTpConnection is set, the communication handler shall not process a segmentation of an N-SDU and take the following actions:
 - a) shall raise a runtime error FRTP_E_SEG_ERROR and
 - b) shall abort the transmission of this message and notify the upper layer by calling the callback function PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation with the result E_NOT_OK. ()



7.5.3 Receive Data

This chapter defines a data reception on FrTp module requested by the lower layer FlexRay Interface (FrIf).

[SWS_FrTp_01206]

During reception, the FrTp shall forward addressing information received as local address and remote address in the N-PDU to the upper layer via the meta data items SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ADDRESS_16, and shall use the same address information when transmitting flow control N-PDUs. |()

[SWS_FrTp_01207] If FrTpLa and/or FrTpRa are not configured for a received N-SDU, any received addressing information can be assigned to this N-SDU. N-SDUs with configured FrTpLa and/or FrTpRa shall be preferred during reception over those without these configuration parameters. ()

Note: The service routine PduR_FrTpStartOfReception() shall be called in either FrTp_MainFunction() or FrTp_RxIndication().

Figure 16 depicts the internal processing for data reception in principle¹⁹. Below there is a description of the different steps which are necessary to receive data via FrTp.

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¹⁹ Figure 16 depicts only an overview of data reception for a single channel without further functionality (e.g. transmit cancellation) or internal behaviour (e.g. internal control data handling, return values etc.). Also a schedule for data transfer in concurrent channels is also not described here.



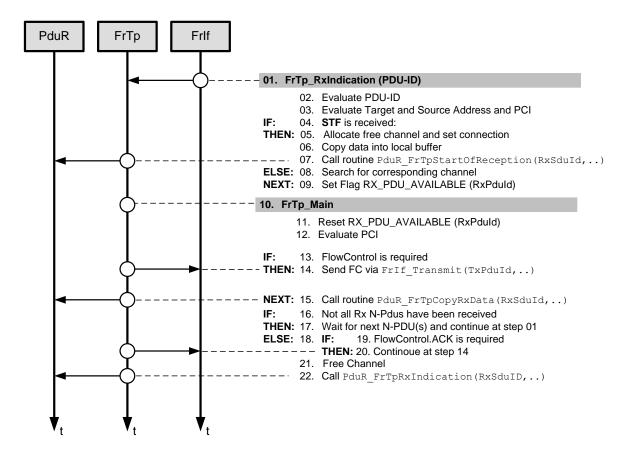


Figure 16: Receive data overview (FrTp_RxIndication() shall call PduR_FrTpStartOfReception() routine)

Step 1 - 9

The FrTp module shall validate the <code>RxPduId</code>. If an invalid <code>RxPduId</code> is received, the service primitive <code>FrTp_RxIndication</code> is terminated. For a valid <code>RxPduId</code> the <code>FrTp</code> module evaluates the target and source address and selects the corresponding <code>FrTpConnection</code>. If a Startframe (STF) is received a free <code>FrTpChannel</code> resource (<code>FrTpRxChannelState = Idle</code>) has to be allocated for that connection. A call of the service primitive <code>PduR_FrTpStartOfReception</code> signals a new data reception to the upper layer.

If a consecutive frame (CF) or a last frame (LF) has been received, the corresponding channel has to be evaluated and the Rx_PDU_AVAILABLE flag shall be set.

[SWS_FrTp_01069] The FrTp module shall process a received FrTp N-PDU only if

a) a valid RxPduld is received and



- b) the FrTp N-PDU's address information matches to the configured FrTpConnection address information. ()
- - a) ignore the FrTp N-PDU and
 - b) shall raise an development error FRTP_E_INVALID_PDU_SDU_ID when development error detection for the FrTp module is enabled. ()
- - c) the received FrTp N-PDU's "Target Address" (see ISO 10681-2) is equal to the configured FrTpConnection's Local Address (FrTpLa, see section 10.2) and
 - d) the received FrTp N-PDU's "Source Address" (see ISO 10681-2) is equal to the configured FrTpConnection's Remote Address (FrTpRa, see section 10.2). ()
- - a) the requested RxPduld is valid and
 - b) the address check matches to a configured FrTpConnection and
 - c) a free channel resource is available (FrTpRxChannelState =
 Idle);()

²⁰ If DET is active a corresponding error shall be set.

²¹ It is not possible to signal that temporary resource lack to the upper layer because "PduR_FrTpStartOfReception" provide no parameter fort hat case.



- [SWS_FrTp_01193] \(\text{ With the call of } PduR_FrTpStartOfReception, the FrTp \) shall provide the data and size of STF to the upper layer via info \(\text{parameter of } PduR_FrTpStartOfReception. \(\text{j} \) \(\text{)}

Step 10 - 14

According to ISO 10681-2 protocol (evaluate PCI) it is possible that a received N-PDU requires an N-PDU response (e.g. FlowControl). In that case the FrTp module shall allocate the first free N-PDU from the referenced PDU pool, prepare the response and initiate the transmission process by a service primitive call $FrIf_Transmit$ with the corresponding TxPduId. After transmission the FrTp module shall wait for reception of consecutive N-PDUs. If no N-PDU response is required by protocol the FrTp module shall continue reception handling.

Step 15

[SWS_FrTp_01079] The FrTp module shall extract the N-SDU data from the received N-PDU data according to ISO 10681-2 ()

²² Only the received StartFrame PDU shall be stored temporarry in a local buffer. This is necessray in case of a gateway has temporarry no free resources to process that frame. The correct protocol and timing behavour is ensured if FrTp sends a FlowControl PDU after a free channel was allocated.

²³ The procedure is also used for the "Routing-On-The-Fly" behaviour for gateways.



[SWS_FrTp_00421] The RX_PDU_AVAILABLE flag shall be cleared when finished processing the Fr N-PDU. ()

Step 16 - 17

The FrTp module could calculate whether all N-PDUs of an N-SDU are received. If the communication is still ongoing the FrTp module shall continue data reception at step 01.

Step 18 - 22

If all FrTp Rx-PDUs of a complete N-SDU transmission have been received the FrTp module shall send an Acknowledgement if required and free the allocated channel ressource. In a next step the FrTp module shall call the service primitive PduR_FrTpRxIndication with the corresponding FrTpRxSdu ID to signal upper layers that an N-SDU has been received.

- a) all N-SDU data are received and
- b) all required response N-PDUs (FlowControl) are transmitted and TxConfirmation was given with result E_OK.

Or

c) FrTp TxConfirmation was given with result E_NOT_OK. ()

[SWS_FrTp_01083] The FrTp module shall always call the service primitive $PduR_FrTpRxIndication$ after $PduR_FrTpStartOfReception$ succeeded. The result shall be E OK if

- a) all N-SDU data are received and
- b) all required response N-PDUs (FlowControl) are transmitted and TxConfirmation was given. ()

7.5.3.1 Receive with unknown message length

The FrTp according to ISO 10681-2 provides a method to receive data with unknown message length.

Note: If the API PduR_FrTpStartOfReception () is called with a data length of zero ("0") the upper modul shall provide the maximum buffer size that is currently available.



ECU szenario:

Upper layer, e.g. DCM, shall provide the currently available maximum buffer size.

Gateway szenario:

PduR module shall provide the currently available maximum buffer size.

7.5.4 Buffer Handling

The FrTp module handles received/transmitted data one frame at a time.

During reception it forwards data received from the Frlf directly to the upper layer, no buffering is involved.

During transmission in case of immediate buffer access mode it must provide a temporary buffer to the upper layer which is then directly forwarded to FrIf.

In case of decoupled buffer access mode a static buffer per connection has to be provided to the upper layer and be kept until TriggerTransmit occurs.

The service primitives used to request the upper layer to copy the data from/to the buffers provided by FrTp are: PduR_FrTpCopyTxData and PduR_FrTpCopyRxData.

[SWS_FrTp_01196] 「 If the call for a TxBuffer (service primitive PduR_FrTpCopyTxData) does not provide a valid buffer and if service primitive notification result type value is BUFREQ_E_BUSY, then FrTp module shall try up to FrTpTimeCs times to get a valid buffer.」()

call TxBuffer the for а (service primitive PduR FrTpCopyTxData) does not provide a valid buffer (when FrTpTimeCs primitive expired) service notification result value if type BUFREQ E NOT OK, then the transfer shall aborted be by calling PduR FrTpTxConfirmation with E_NOT_OK. ()

7.5.4.1 Buffer Access Mode

- a) "Immediate Buffer Access" mode and
- b) "Decoupled Buffer Access" mode. ()



7.5.5 Dynamic Bandwidth Assignment

From FrTp's point of view physical FlexRay bandwidth is represented by N-PDUs. As depict in Figure 17 there is a direct mapping between N-PDUs and L-PDUs (done within FrIf module's frame construction plan).

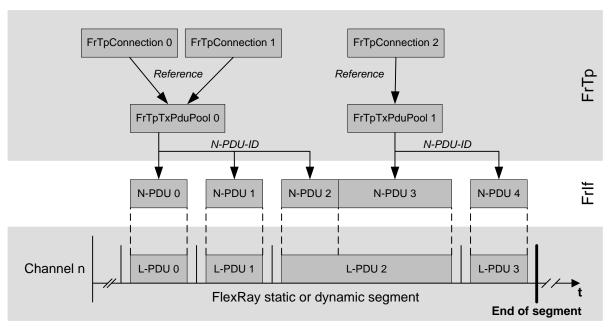


Figure 17: Mapping of N-PDUs to N-PDU-Pools

An FrTpTxPduPool could be referenced by different FrTpConnections (see also chapter 7.3.2.2). Depending on the number of currently active FrTpConnections the bandwidth (N-PDUs) is shared between them ²⁴. By supporting dynamic bandwidth assignment, a support of different communication scenarios is possible. Figure 18 depicts two different scenarios which could be supported with only one FrTp configuration. From gateway's point of view different communication scenarios are possible:

- a) single connection communication
 Complete bandwidth (slots) is assigned to one communication link (e.g. to ECU 2)
- b) multiple connection communication Bandwidth (slots) is shared between different communication links to different ECUs (e.g. ECU 1-3).

²⁴ Scenario: e.g. gateway communication: For diagnostic communication it is necessary to define a connection to each ECU. In some cases it is required to have a maximum communication in parallel on the other hand it is required to have maximum bandwidth to exactly on ECU (e.g. reprogramming purpose). If dynamic bandwidth assignment is possible, both scenarios are educible with a minimum amount of FlexRay resources ("slots").



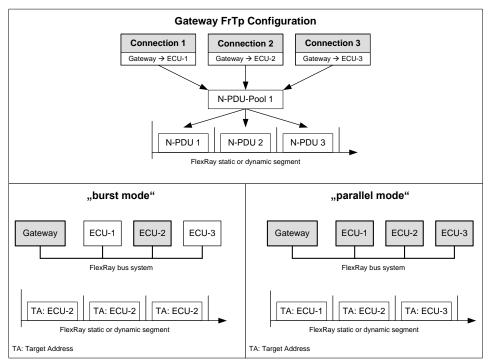


Figure 18: PDU-Pool sharing by different connections

The connection handler controls the partitioning of bandwidth (see Figure 19).

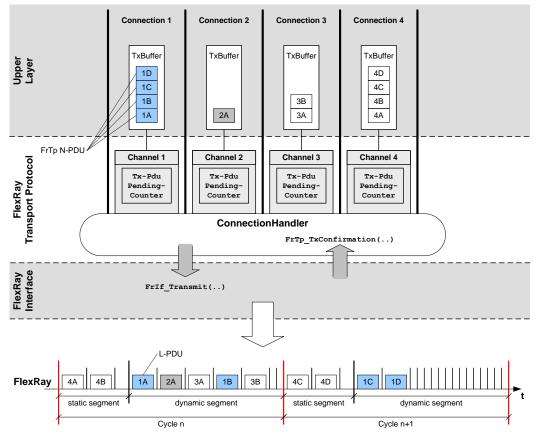


Figure 19: Connection Handler for different connections

The bandwidth assignment can change each communication cycle depending on the active communication links. Especially a gateway could have multiple active communication links in parallel. Hence there are some additional requirements for



the FrTp module to handle concurrent connections. Especially for a segmented data transfer it is necessary to ensure that the connection handler could not swap the order of consecutive frames.²⁵

[SWS_FrTp_01088] \(\text{All FrTp Tx N-PDUs within an FrTpTxPduPool shall be listed in ascending order depending on their position within the global N-PDU network plan²⁶. \(\)()

Note: See also chapter 7.3.2.2

[SWS_FrTp_01089] Feach FrTp Tx N-PDU within an FrTpTxPduPool could have an individual length.²⁷ J()

If more than one FrTp Tx N-PDU is used for data transmission within one connection the number of currently used FrTp Tx N-PDUs has to be controlled. Hence a counter is defined to track all initiated but currently not confirmed FrTp Tx N-PDU transmissions.

²⁵ This could occure within the dynamic segment if the transfer of the last L-PDU (including a consecutive frame) is skipped for the current communication cycle and within the next communication cycle other consecutive frames are sent in front of the skiped one.

²⁶ ECU specific N-PDU plan means that each N-PDU (uniquely identified by its N-PDU-ID) is mapped to an L-PDU. Each L-PDU is uniquely identified by its parameter set "slot-ID", "cycle counter" and "cycle offset". Hence all N-PDUs have an implicit order too.

²⁷ As depict in Figure 17, at the end of a segment it could occure that only an L-PDU with less payload could be placed in the schedule. Hence the mapped FrTp N-PDU should have the corresponding length to prevent waste of bandwidth.



service primitive FrTp_TxConfirmation with the corresponding
FrTpTxConfirmationPduId.]()

The communication handler task shall process an active <code>FrTpConnection</code> (referenced by an FrTpChannel) only if the corresponding <code>TxPduPendingCounter</code> is zero at begin of the task. If the <code>TxPduPendingCounter</code> is unequal to zero an FrTp <code>Tx N-PDU</code> confirmation is pending and the processing for the corresponding <code>FrTpConnection</code> is skipped for the current communication handler task.

- [SWS_FrTp_01094] 「An active FrTpConnection (referenced by FrTpCannel) shall only processed if the TxPduPendingCouter of the corresponding FrTpChannel is zero ("0") at begin of a communication handler task. ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01095] If the TxPduPendingCouter is unequal to zero ("0") the processing for the corresponding FrTpConnection shall skipped for the current communication handler task. ()

7.5.6 Transmit Cancellation

According to ISO 10681-2 the FrTp module supports "Transmit Cancellation" for an ongoing FrTp N-SDU transfer. This functionality could disable by a global compiler switch.)

- [SWS_FrTp_01097] FThe "Transmit Cancellation" feature shall be (de)activated by static configuration of the FrTp parameter FrTpTransmitCancellation (see section 10.2). ()
- [SWS_FrTp_00384] FA Transmit Cancellation request shall be done by the call of the service primitive FrTp_CancelTransmit() (see SWS_FrTp_00150). ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01116]
 \[\text{When a transmission is still in progress,} \]
 \[FrTp_CancelTransmit \]
 \text{shall stop the transmission and shall return} \]

²⁸ Alternate means that a schedule has to be implemented which processes all active FrTpConnections with one N-PDU per instance. It is recommended to use a simple round-robin method but other schedules are also possible.



E_OK. When a connection is not active, or when the last N-PDU of a transmission without acknowledgement has already been forwarded to the FrIf, *FrTp_CancelTransmit* shall return E_NOT_OK. ()

7.5.6.1 Transmit Cancellation for unsegmented data transfer

A Transmit Cancellation request for an unsegmented data transfer could occur on two different positions within FrTp module's processing:

- a) Before sending the StartFrame (STF)
 The Transmit Cancellation Request is effective.
- After sending the StartFrame (STF)
 The Transmit Cancellation Request is not effective because of the StartFrame was sent.

Figure 20 depicts the transmit cancellation behavior of an unsegmented data transfer.

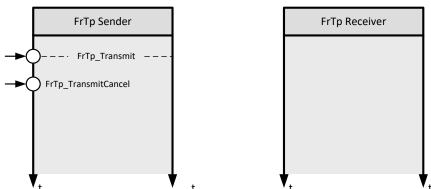


Figure 20: Transmit Cancellation at unsegmented data transfer

If a requested but currently not started data transfer shall be cancelled the service primitive $FrTp_CancelTransmit()$ is called. $FrTp_CancelTransmit()$ shall cancel the requested data transfer. On receiver side no data transfer is recognized.

7.5.6.2 Transmit Cancellation for segmented data transfer

A Transmit Cancellation request for a segmented data transfer could occur on three different positions within FrTp module's processing:

- a) Before sending the StartFrame (STF)
 The Transmit Cancellation Request is effective.
- b) Within an ongoing data transfer
 The Transmit Cancellation Request is effective.
- c) After sending the LastFrame (LF)



The Transmit Cancellation Request is not effective because of because after having transmitted the LastFrame (LF) the transmission is finished

Figure 21 depicts the transmit cancellation behavior of a segmented data transfer. If a requested but currently not started data transfer shall be cancelled the service primitive FrTp CancelTransmit is called. On receiver side no data transfer is recognized.

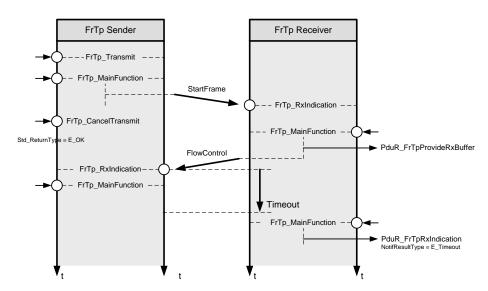


Figure 21: Transmit Cancellation at segmented data transfer

ongoing data transfer shall be cancelled, the service FrTp CancelTransmit() is called. FrTp CancelTransmit() shall cancel the current data transfer process. On receiver side an initial data reception is recognized and processed (e.g. call of service primitive PduR FrTpStartOfReception, send FlowControl N-PDU etc.). If the sender cancels data transfer a timeout occurs on receiver side.

If no retry is configured, this timeout is used to cancel the current reception by calling the service primitive PduR FrTpRxIndication with the corresponding notification result error code.

If retry is configured, the receiver sends an additional FlowControl 29. After a configured amount of retries the final timeout is used to cancel the current reception by calling the service primitive PduR_FrTpRxIndication with the corresponding notification result error code.

7.5.7 Change FrTp Parameter

[SWS FrTp 00242] The FrTp module shall change the ISO10681-2 FlowControl PDU parameter(s) of BandwidthControl (BC)

FrTpSCexp (please refer to ISO 10681-2)

²⁹ Note: On sender site the additional FlowControl is received as an unexpected N-PDU and is ignored.



- b) FrTpMaxNbrOfNPduPerCycle (please refer to ISO 10681-2) during runtime if the corresponding API service primitive FrTp_ChangeParameter is called. \(\)()
- [SWS_FrTp_01195] The layout of the BC parameter shall be identical to the layout in the FC(CTS) frame: The FrTpMaxNbrOfNPduPerCycle shall be placed in bits 3..7, the FrTpSCexp in the bits 0...2. The upper byte of the parameter is not used. ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01156] The FrTp module shall use the new BandwidthControl parameters for the corresponding connection if the change was successfully executed. |()

Note: Bandwidth Control is part of the runtime parameter set. For details please refer to chapter 7.3.3.3.

7.5.8 Timing parameter and timeout behaviour

The FrTp module requires different timing parameters for communication handling. This chapter defines the timing and timeout behaviour.

[SWS_FrTp_01099] The FrTp module shall support the different timers and their start/stop conditions for communication handling as defined in Figure 22, Figure 23 and Table 2. ()



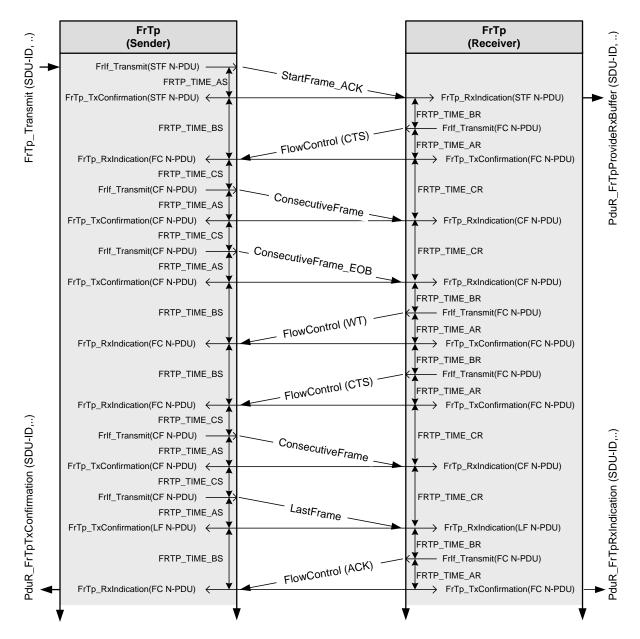


Figure 22: Timing parameter definition for one PDU transmission per Main-Function call

As described above it is possible to transmit more than one N-PDU per connection within on FlexRay Communication Cycle. Hence the communication handler shall be able to call FrIf_Transmit API several times (depending on available N-PDUs within the Tx-PDU-Pool) independent whether FrTp_TxConfirmation for the previously transmitted N-PDUs is given. Due to that, timing behavior (e.g. Start FRTP_Time_AS etc.) is different too. If more than one N-PDU shall be transmitted within one Main-Function call the timing behaviour is depict in Figure 23.



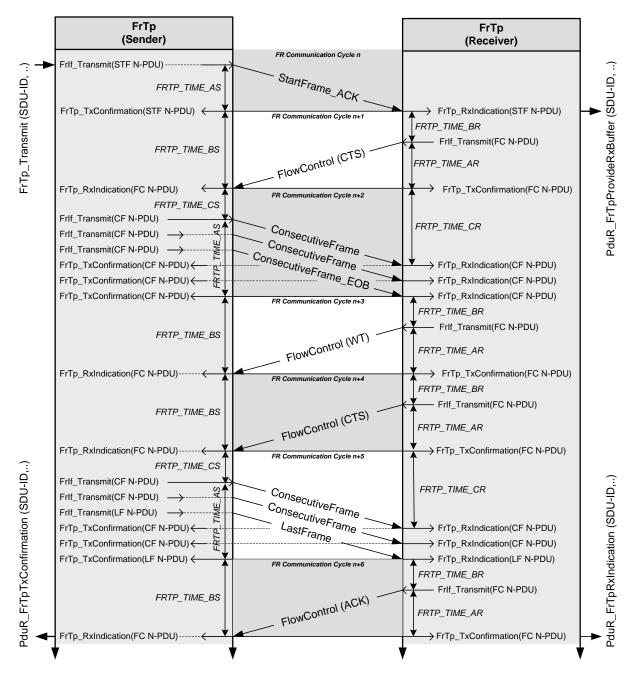


Figure 23: Timing parameter definition for multiple PDU transmission per Main-Function call

Note:

Bandwidth Control restricts the number of N-PDUs per Flexray-Cycle. This has an impact to FrTp_Time_CS and. Hence that time depends on implementation (task schedule of FrTp_Main() and the corresponding FlowControl Parameters) For details please refer to chapter 7.3.3.3.

Timing Parameter	Description	Timer Start Condition	Timer Stop Condition
FRTP_TIME_AS	Time for transmission of any FrTp N-PDU on the sender side.	FrIf_Transmit()	FrTp_TxConfirmation()
	This is a performance requirement.		
	The time depends on implementation and the global FlexRay schedule.		
	The maximum time is controlled by the FRTP_TIMEOUT_AS.		
FRTP_TIME_AR	Time for transmission of FlowControl FrTp N-PDU on the receiver side.	Frlf_Transmit()	FrTp_TxConfirmation
	This is a performance requirement.		
	The time depends on implementation and the global FlexRay schedule.		
	The maximum time is controlled by the FRTP_TIMEOUT_AR.		
FRTP_TIME_BS	Time until reception of the next FlowControl N-PDU.	FrTp_TxConfirmation (STF), FrTp_RxIndication (FC),	FrTp_RxIndication (FC)
	The maximum time is controlled by the FRTP_TIMEOUT_BS.	FrTp_TxConfirmation (CF), FrTp_TxConfirmation (LF)	
FRTP_TIME_BR	Time until transmission of the next FlowControl N-PDU.	FrTp_RxIndication (STF), FrTp_TxConfirmation (FC), FrTp_RxIndication (CF), FrTp_RxIndication (LF)	Frlf_Transmit (FC)
FRTP_TIME_CR	Time until reception of the next ConsecutiveFrame N-PDU.	FrTp_TxConfirmation (FC), FrTp_RxIndication (CF)	FrTp_RxIndication (CF) FrTp_RxIndication (LF)
	The maximum time is controlled by the FRTP_TIMEOUT_CR.		
FRTP_TIME_CS	Time (in seconds) until transmission of the next ConsecutiveFrame N-PDU / LastFrame N-PDU.	FrTp_TxConfirmation (CF), FrTp_RxIndication (FC)	FrIf_Transmit (CF)
S/s sender			
R/r receiver			

Table 2: Timing parameter for the FrTp module

Timeout Parameter	Cause	Action	
FRTP_TIMEOUT_AS	Any FrTp N-PDU not transmitted in time	Abort message transmission. ³¹	
	on the sender side. ³⁰	a) Call FrIf_CancelTransmit() and free the FrTpTxPdu.	
		b) issue PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation with the corresponding FrTpTxSdu ID and E_NOT_OK.	
FRTP_TIMEOUT_AR	Any FrTp FC N-PDU not transmitted in time on the receiver side. ³²	Abort message reception and issue PduR_FrTpRxIndication with the corresponding FrTpRxSdu ID.	
FRTP_TIMEOUT_BS	FlowControl N-PDU not received (lost, overwritten) on the sender side.	Abort message transmission and issue PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation with the corresponding FrTpTxSdu ID and E_NOT_OK.	
FRTP_TIMEOUT_CR	ConsecutiveFrame or Last Frame N-PDU not received (lost, overwritten) on the receiver side. ³³	Abort message reception and issue PduR_FrTpRxIndication with the corresponding FrTpRxSdu ID and E_NOT_OK.	
FRTP_TIMEOUT_BR	Any FrTp FC N-PDU transmission is not initiated on the receiver side after receiving the next consecutive frame (STF or last CF of a block or LF) or after the transmit confirmation for the flow control (WT) frame.	Abort message reception and issue PduR_FrTpRxIndication with the corresponding FrTpRxSdu ID.	
FRTP_TIMEOUT_CS	Any FrTp CF N-PDU transmission is not initiated on the sender side in time after receiving the flow control frame (CTS).	Abort message transmission and issue PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation with the corresponding FrTpTxSdu ID and E_NOT_OK.	

Table 3: Timeout behaviour for FrTp module

³⁰ This could occur if an N-PDU was suspended several times within the dynamic segment.

³¹ NOTE: In FlexRay the transmission confirmation doesn't provide an End-To-End confirmation as on other bus protocols (e.g. CAN). This means that a transmission confirmation is provided as soon/only if the L-PDU was passed over to the network. Hence, if no confirmation occurs, the L-PDU is still stuck within the message buffer of the FlexRay controller, which is occupied and cannot be used in the meanwhile.

³² This could occur if an N-PDU is suspended several times within the dynamic segment.

³³ This could occur in case preceding FlowControl N-PDU not received (lost, overwritten) on overall sender side.



7.6 Counters

Several counters are used to handle the different retry attempts. This chapter defines these different counters and their increasing and decreasing behaviour. Each counter is limited by a specified value. The figure below shows the different interactions between timer, counter and function calls.

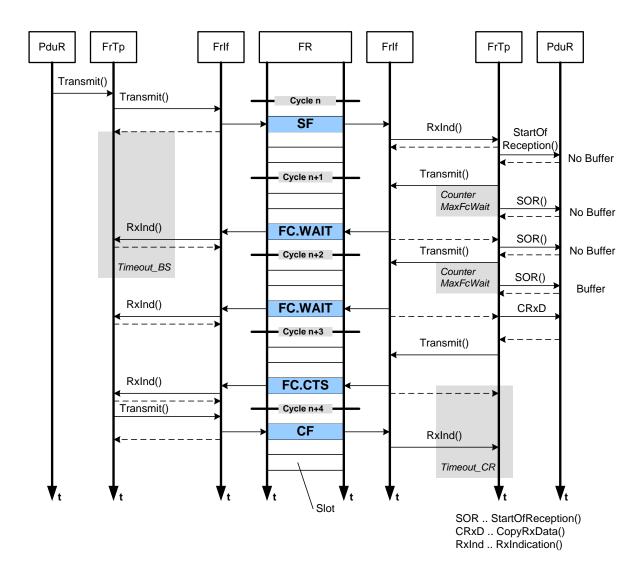


Figure 24: Counter, timer and function call interaction

[SWS_FrTp_01114] Feach FrTp Counter shall be limited by a max value as defines in Table 4. ()



Counter Name	Counter Description	Limit
COUNTER_FCWT	On receiver site: Counts the number of transmittes FlowControl.Wait frames ³⁴	FrTpMaxFCWait
Counter_RX_RN	Counts the transmission retry requests on receiver site initiated due to a frame error, e.g. bad SN in a CF.	FrTpMaxRn

Table 4: FrTp Counter

Counter Name	Handling if counter has been reached
COUNTER_FCWT	Abort transmission
COUNTER_RX_RN	Case a) Segmented – Acknowledged transmission
	Abort reception by calling service primitive
	PduR_FrTpRxIndication with E_NOT_OK
	2) Send FlowControl.ABT (if aFlowControl is possible)

Table 5: FrTp module reaction if counters reached

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³⁴ The limit of COUNTER_FCWT shall be in relation to the task to get an RxBuffer (service primitive call PduR_FrTpCopyRxData). The frequency of buffer request retries must be equal/higher than the FC.WAIT transmission frequency.



7.7 Error Classification

Section 7.x "Error Handling" of the document "General Specification of Basic Software Modules" describes the error handling of the Basic Software in detail. Above all, it constitutes a classification scheme consisting of five error types which may occur in BSW modules.

Based on this foundation, the following section specifies particular errors arranged in the respective subsections below.

7.7.1 Development Errors

[SWS_FrTp_01201][

[3443_111p_01201]			
Type of error	Related error code	Error value	
API service call without module initialization: Exception: a) FrTp_Init() b) FrTp_GetVersionInfo()	FRTP_E_UNINIT	0x01	
NULL-Pointer on any API call	FRTP_E_PARAM_ POINTER	0x02	
API call with invalid SDU-ID (PduR) or PDU-ID (FrIf)	FRTP_E_INVALID_PDU_ SDU_ID	0x03	
API call with invalid Parameter	FRTP_E_INVALID_ PARAMETER	0x04	
Transmission of unknown message length is detected but not configured.	FRTP_E_UMSG_ LENGTH_ERROR	0x06	
FrTp initialization has been failed; e.g. selected configuration set doesn't exist.	FRTP_E_INIT_FAILED	0x08	

|()

7.7.2 Runtime Errors

[SWS_FrTp_01208][

Type of error	Related error code	Error value
Segmentation is required for a 1:n connection	FRTP_E_SEG_ERROR	0x05
No free channel available	FRTP_E_NO_CHANNEL	0x07

(()



7.7.3 Transient Faults

There are no transient faults.

7.7.4 Production Errors

There are no production errors.

7.7.5 Extended Production Errors

There are no extended production errors.



8 API specification

8.1 Imported types

This chapter lists all included types for FlexRay Transport Layer and their corresponding header files.

[SWS_FrTp_00141] \[Std_ReturnType \] shall be imported from Std_Types.h. \(\)()

[SWS_FrTp_01164] \[\text{Std_VersionInfoType shall be imported from Std_Types.h. \] ()

[SWS_FrTp_01165] \[BufReq_ReturnType shall be imported from \]
ComStack_Types.h. \(\)()

[SWS_FrTp_01167] 「PduIdType shall be imported from ComStack_Types.h.」()

[SWS_FrTp_01168] [PduInfoType shall be imported from ComStack_Types.h.]()

[SWS_FrTp_01169] 「PduLengthType shall be imported from ComStack_Types.h.

_()

[SWS_FrTp_01170] 「RetryInfoType shall be imported from ComStack_Types.h.」()

Module	Header File Imported Type		
	ComStack_Types.h	BufReq_ReturnType	
	ComStack_Types.h	PduldType	
	ComStack_Types.h	PduInfoType	
ComStack_Types	ComStack_Types.h	PduLengthType	
	ComStack_Types.h	RetryInfoType	
	ComStack_Types.h	TPParameterType	
	ComStack_Types.h	TpDataStateType	
Std	Std_Types.h	Std_ReturnType	
Siu	Std_Types.h	Std_VersionInfoType	



8.2 Type definitions

8.2.1 FrTp_ConfigType

The post-build-time configuration fulfills two functionalities:

- Post-build selctable, where more than one configuration is located in the ECU, and one is selected at init of the FrTp module
- Post-build loadable, where one configuration is located in the ECU. This configuration may be reprogrammed after compile-time

Basically there is no restriction to mix both selectable and loadable. Typically the post-build loadable is located in its own flash sector where it can be reprogrammed without affecting other modules/applications.

[SWS FrTp 01194][

<u> </u>	[-11-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-		
Name	FrTp_ConfigType		
Kind	Structure		
	implementation specific		
Elements	Type		
	Comment		
Description	This is the base type for the configuration of the FlexRay Transport Protocol A pointer to an instance of this structure will be used in the initialization of the Flex Ray Transport Protocol. The outline of the structure is defined in chapter 10 Configuration Specification		
Available via	FrTp.h		

]()

8.3 Function definitions

8.3.1 Standard functions

8.3.1.1 FrTp_GetVersionInfo

[SWS FrTp 00215][

Service Name	FrTp_GetVersionInfo	
Syntax	<pre>void FrTp_GetVersionInfo (Std_VersionInfoType* versioninfo)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x27	

Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	None	
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	versioninfo Pointer to where to store the version information of this module.	
Return value	None	
Description	Returns the version information.	
Available via	FrTp.h	

J(SRS_BSW_00407)

[SWS_FrTp_00498] The function FrTp_GetVersionInfo shall be pre compile time configurable On/Off by the configuration parameter:

FrTpVersionInfoApij()

[SWS_FrTp_01150]
If development error detection for the FrTp_GetVersionInfo is enabled: the function FrTp_GetVersionInfo shall check the parameter versioninfo for being valid. If the check for FrTpRxPduInfoPtr fails, the function FrTp_GetVersionInfo shall raise the development error FRTP_E_PARAM_POINTER and return E_NOT_OK.

__()

8.3.2 Initialization and Shutdown

8.3.2.1 FrTp_Init

[SWS_FrTp_00147][

Service Name	FrTp_Init	
Syntax	<pre>void FrTp_Init (const FrTp_ConfigType* configPtr)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x00	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	configPtr Pointer to FlexRay Transport Protocol configuration.	
Parameters	None	



(inout)	
Parameters (out)	None
Return value	None
Description	This service initializes all global variables of a FlexRay Transport Layer instance and set it in the idle state. It has no return value because software errors in initialisation data shall be detected during configuration time (e.g. by configuration tool).
Available via	FrTp.h

J(SRS_BSW_00101)

8.3.2.2 FrTp_Shutdown

[SWS_FrTp_00148][

Service Name	FrTp_Shutdown		
Syntax	<pre>void FrTp_Shutdown (void)</pre>		
Service ID [hex]	0x01		
Sync/Async	Synchronous		
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant		
Parameters (in)	None		
Parameters (inout)	None		
Parameters (out)	None		
Return value	None		
Description	This service closes all pending transport protocol connections by simply stopping operation, frees all resources and stops the FrTp Module		
Available via	FrTp.h		

]()

8.3.3 Normal Operation

8.3.3.1 FrTp_Transmit

[SWS_FrTp_00149][

Service Name	FrTp_Transmit	
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType FrTp_Transmit (PduIdType TxPduId, const PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x49	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
	TxPduld	Identifier of the PDU to be transmitted
Parameters (in)	PduInfoPtr	Length of and pointer to the PDU data and pointer to Meta Data.
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	Std_Return- Type	E_OK: Transmit request has been accepted. E_NOT_OK: Transmit request has not been accepted.
Description	Requests transmission of a PDU.	
Available via	FrTp.h	

10

Note: The service primitive FrTp_Transmit sets the flag TX_SDU_AVAILABLE if new data

are available for transmission.

8.3.3.2 FrTp CancelTransmit

[SWS_FrTp_00150][

Service Name	FrTp_CancelTransmit		
Syntax Std_ReturnType FrTp_CancelTransmit (

	PduIdType TxPduId	
Service ID [hex]	0x4a	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
Parameters (in)	TxPduId Identification of the PDU to be cancelled.	
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	Std_Return- Type	E_OK: Cancellation was executed successfully by the destination module. E_NOT_OK: Cancellation was rejected by the destination module.
Description	Requests cancellation of an ongoing transmission of a PDU in a lower layer communication module.	
Available via	FrTp.h	

]()

8.3.3.3 FrTp_ChangeParameter

[SWS_FrTp_00151][

Service Name	FrTp_ChangePa	FrTp_ChangeParameter		
Syntax	Std_ReturnType FrTp_ChangeParameter (PduIdType id, TPParameterType parameter, uint16 value)			
Service ID [hex]	0x4b			
Sync/Async	Synchronous			
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant			
Parameters (in)	id Identification of the PDU which the parameter change shall affect.			



	parameter	ID of the parameter that shall be changed.	
	value	The new value of the parameter.	
Parameters (inout)	None		
Parameters (out)	None		
Return value	Std_Return- Type E_OK: The parameter was changed successfully. E_NOT_OK: The parameter change was rejected.		
Description	Request to change a specific transport protocol parameter (e.g. block size).		
Available via	FrTp.h		

(()

Note: The service FrTp_ChangeParameter is used to change the transport protocol parameter Bandwidth Control (BC).

[SWS_FrTp_01143] Γ lf development error detection for the FrTp ChangeParameter is enabled: the function FrTp_ChangeParameter shall check the parameter Id for being valid. If the check for Id fails, the function FrTp_ChangeParameter shall raise the development error FRTP E INVALID PDU SDU ID and return E_NOT_OK. ()

[SWS_FrTp_01144] Γ lf development for the error detection enabled: FrTp_ChangeParameter is the function FrTp ChangeParameter shall check the parameter for being valid. If the check for parameter fails, the function FrTp ChangeParameter shall raise the development error FRTP E INVALID PARAMETER and return E_NOT_OK. ()

8.3.3.4 FrTp_CancelReceive

[SWS FrTp 01172][

<u>raa</u> b_a	_ 4:			
Service Name	FrTp_CancelReceive			
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType FrTp_CancelReceive (PduIdType RxPduId)</pre>			
Service ID [hex]	0x4c			
Sync/Async	Synchronous			
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant			
Parameters (in)	RxPduld Identification of the PDU to be cancelled.			
Parameters	None			

(inout)			
Parameters (out)	None	None	
Return value	Std_Return- Type	E_OK: Cancellation was executed successfully by the destination module. E_NOT_OK: Cancellation was rejected by the destination module.	
Description	Requests cancellation of an ongoing reception of a PDU in a lower layer transport protocol module.		
Available via	FrTp.h		

]()

[SWS_FrTp_01180] [If development error detection is enabled:

The function FrTp_CancelReceive shall check the parameter RxPduId for being valid. If the check for RxPduId fails, the function shall raise the development error FRTP_E_INVALID_PDU_SDU_ID and return E_NOT_OK. ()

[SWS_FrTp_01181]
The FrTp shall abort the reception of the current N-PDU if the service FrTp_CancelReceive provides a valid RxPduld. ()

[SWS_FrTp_01182] The FrTp shall reject the request for receive cancellation in case of an

- a) unsegmented reception or
- b) in case the FrTp is in the process of receiving the LastFrame of the N-SDU

and shall return E_NOT_OK. ()

[SWS_FrTp_01183] ΓIf the FrTp_CancelReceive service has been successfully Executed, FrTp_CancelReceive shall return with result E_OK. ()

8.4 Call-back notifications

8.4.1 FrTp_TriggerTransmit

[SWS_FrTp_00154][

Service Name	FrTp_TriggerTransmit
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType FrTp_TriggerTransmit (PduIdType TxPduId, PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr)</pre>



Service ID [hex]	0x41		
Sync/Async	Synchronou	S	
Reentrancy	Reentrant fo	or different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
Parameters (in)	TxPduld	ID of the SDU that is requested to be transmitted.	
Parameters (inout)	PduInfoPtr	PduInfoPtr Contains a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) to where the SDU data shat be copied, and the available buffer size in SduLengh. On return, the service will indicate the length of the copied SDU data in SduLength.	
Parameters (out)	None		
Return value	Std Return- Type	Return- Copied bytes. F NOT OK: No SDI I data has been copied. PduInfoPtr must not be	
Description	Within this API, the upper layer module (called module) shall check whether the available data fits into the buffer size reported by PduInfoPtr->SduLength. If it fits, it shall copy its data into the buffer provided by PduInfoPtr->SduDataPtr and update the length of the actual copied data in PduInfoPtr->SduLength. If not, it returns E_NOT_OK without changing PduInfoPtr.		
Available via	FrTp.h		

(()

8.4.2 FrTp RxIndication

[SWS_FrTp 00152][

<u> </u>	
Service Name	FrTp_RxIndication
Syntax	<pre>void FrTp_RxIndication (PduIdType RxPduId, const PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr</pre>



)		
Service ID [hex]	0x42	0x42	
Sync/Async	Synchro	onous	
Reentrancy	Reentra	nt for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
Parameters	RxPdu Id	ID of the received PDU.	
(in)	Pdu InfoPtr	Contains the length (SduLength) of the received PDU, a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) containing the PDU, and the MetaData related to this PDU.	
Parameters (inout)	None	None	
Parameters (out)	None		
Return value	None		
Description	Indication of a received PDU from a lower layer communication interface module.		
Available via	FrTp.h	FrTp.h	

|()

8.4.3 FrTp_TxConfirmation

[SWS_FrTp_00153][

Service Name	FrTp_TxConfirmation		
Syntax	<pre>void FrTp_TxConfirmation (PduIdType TxPduId, Std_ReturnType result)</pre>		
Service ID [hex]	0x40		



Sync/Async	Synchrono	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Reentrant	for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
	TxPduld	ID of the PDU that has been transmitted.	
Parameters (in)	result	E_OK: The PDU was transmitted. E_NOT_OK: Transmission of the PDU failed.	
Parameters (inout)	None		
Parameters (out)	None		
Return value	None		
Description	The lower layer communication interface module confirms the transmission of a PDU, or the failure to transmit a PDU.		
Available via	FrTp.h		

(()

[SWS_FrTp_01203] If development error detection is enabled:

The function FrTp_TxConfirmation shall check the parameter result for being valid.

If the check for result fails, the function FrTp_TxConfirmation shall raise the development error FRTP E INVALID PARAMETER. ()

8.5 Scheduled functions

Basic Software Scheduler directly calls these functions.

8.5.1 FrTp_MainFunction

[SWS_FrTp_00203] $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{FrTp module.} \parbox{$\tt J()$} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be used to schedule the} \\ \hline \parbox{The $\tt FrTp_MainFunction $\tt shall be$

[SWS_FrTp_00580] The FrTp_MainFunction shall be the entry point for FrTp processing tasks.]()



[SWS_FrTp_01152] The FrTp_MainFunction shall be called at least one time per FlexRay cycle.35]()

The FrTp_MainFunction shall follow the service primitive definition as described below:

[SWS_FrTp_00162][

Service Name	FrTp_MainFunction	
Syntax	<pre>void FrTp_MainFunction (void)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x10	
Description	Schedules the FlexRay TP. (Entry point for scheduling)	
Available via	SchM_FrTp.h	

|()

8.6 Expected Interfaces

This chapter describes all expected APIs from other modules.

8.6.1 Mandatory Interfaces

This chapter defines all mandatory interfaces (API service primitives), which are required in order to fulfill the core functionality of the FrTp module.

[SWS_FrTp_00577][

API Function	Header File	Description
Det_Report- RuntimeError	Det.h	Service to report runtime errors. If a callout has been configured then this callout shall be called.
Frlf_Transmit	Frlf.h	Requests transmission of a PDU.
PduR_FrTp- CopyRxData	PduR_ FrTp.h	This function is called to provide the received data of an I-PDU segment (N-PDU) to the upper layer. Each call to this function provides the next part of the I-PDU data. The size of the remaining buffer is written to the position indicated by bufferSizePtr.

³⁵ The number of MainFunction calls depends on the global Flexray communication cycle length, the available reveive buffers of the FlexRay driver and the implementation (which functionality of transmission and reception could be implemented in interrupt mode). At least one call is necessary to reconfigure the buffers for the corresponding cycle.

If more than one call is necessary it is recommended to call MainFunction at the start of the static segment and at the start of the dynamic segment within the communication cycle. If the length of that segments are asymetic the different segment lengths have to be considered.



PduR_FrTp- CopyTxData	PduR_ FrTp.h	This function is called to acquire the transmit data of an I-PDU segment (N-PDU). Each call to this function provides the next part of the I-PDU data unless retry->TpDataState is TP_DATARETRY. In this case the function restarts to copy the data beginning at the offset from the current position indicated by retry->TxTpDataCnt. The size of the remaining data is written to the position indicated by availableDataPtr.
PduR_FrTpRx-Indication	PduR_ FrTp.h	Called after an I-PDU has been received via the TP API, the result indicates whether the transmission was successful or not.
PduR_FrTp- StartOf- Reception	PduR_ FrTp.h	This function is called at the start of receiving an N-SDU. The N-SDU might be fragmented into multiple N-PDUs (FF with one or more following CFs) or might consist of a single N-PDU (SF). The service shall provide the currently available maximum buffer size when invoked with TpSduLength equal to 0.
PduR_FrTpTx- Confirmation	PduR_ FrTp.h	This function is called after the I-PDU has been transmitted on its network, the result indicates whether the transmission was successful or not.

]()

Table 6: FrTp_MandatoryInterfaces

8.6.2 Optional Interfaces

This chapter defines the interfaces, which are required, in order to fulfill the optional functionality of the module.

[SWS_FrTp_00579]

API function	Description
Det_ReportError	Service to report development errors.
Frlf_CancelTransmit	Wraps the FlexRay Driver API function Fr_CancelTxLPdu

Table 7: FrTp_OptionalInterfaces

8.6.3 Configurable interfaces

No interfaces are defined.



9 Sequence diagrams

Although the following sequence diagrams are quite detailed, they do not depict every detail. Thus they should be seen as an addendum to this specification.

9.1 Sending of N-Pdus

The flow chart below depicts the sending process' API calls and flag handling. The flow chart shows segmented/unsegmented transfer, Transfer with and without acknowledgement and immediate / decoubled buffer access.

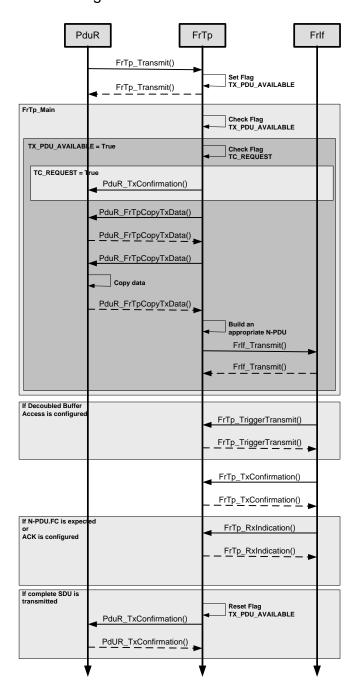


Figure 25: Sending of N-Pdus



9.2 Receiving of N-Pdus

The flow chart below depicts the receiving process' API calls and flag handling. The flow chart shows segmented/unsegmented transfer, Transfer with and without acknowledgement and immediate / decoubled buffer access.

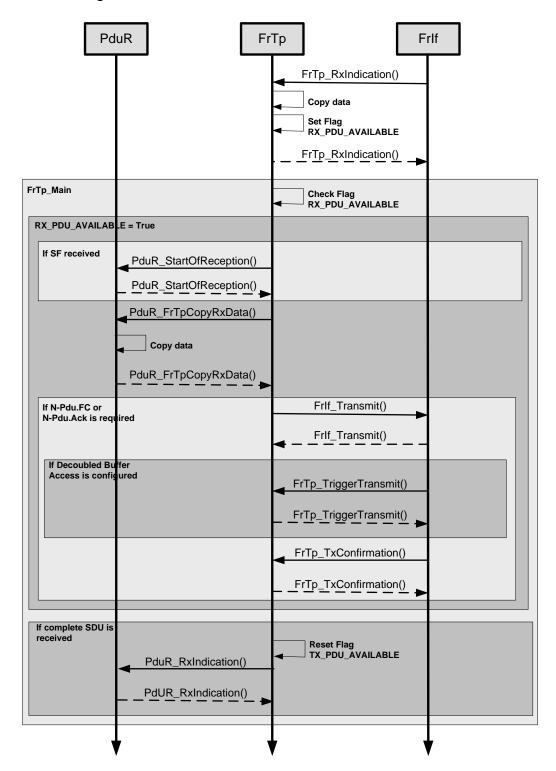


Figure 26: Receiving of N-Pdus (FrTp_MainFunction() shall call PduR_FrTpStartOfReception() routine)



10 Configuration specification

This chapter defines configuration parameters and their clustering into containers. In order to support the specification, Chapter 10.1 describes fundamentals.

Chapter 10.2 specifies the structure (containers) and the parameters of the FlexRay Transport Layer module.

Chapter 10.3 specifies published information for the module FlexRay Transport Layer module.

[SWS_FrTp_00569] The configuration tool should extract all information to configure the FlexRay Transport Protocol. ()

10.1 How to read this chapter

For details refer to the chapter 10.1 "Introduction to configuration specification" in SWS BSWGeneral.



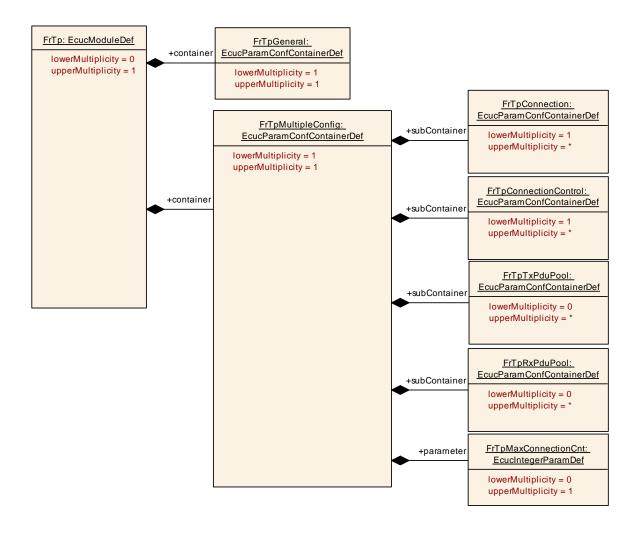
10.2 Containers and configuration parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters for the FrTp module.

10.2.1 FrTp

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00001:
Module Name	FrTp
uvioanie Description	Configuration of the FlexRay Transport Protocol module according to ISO 10681-2.
Post-Build Variant Support	true
Supported Config Variants	VARIANT-POST-BUILD, VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE

Included Containers				
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency		
FrTpGeneral		This container contains the general configuration parameters of the FlexRay Transport Protocol module.		
FrTpMultipleConfig		This container contains the configuration parameters and sub containers of the AUTOSAR FrTp module.		





10.2.2 FrTpGeneral

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00009:
Container Name	FrTpGeneral
Parent Container	FrTp
	This container contains the general configuration parameters of the FlexRay Transport Protocol module.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00002:				
Name	FrTpAckRt	FrTpAckRt			
Parent Container	FrTpGeneral				
Description	Preprocessor switch for enabling the Acknowledgement and retry mechanisms. True: Acknowledge and Retry is enabled False: Acknowledge and Retry is disabled				
Multiplicity	1				
Type	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	false				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants		
	Link time				
	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00052:				
Name	FrTpChangeParamApi	FrTpChangeParamApi			
Parent Container	FrTpGeneral				
Description	Preprocessor switch for enabling the API to change FrTp communication parameters.				
	True: ChangeParameter API is enabled False: ChangeParameter API is disabled.				
Multiplicity	1	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	false				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants		
	Link time				
	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00004:		
Name	FrTpChanNum		
Parent Container	FrTpGeneral		
Description	Preprocessor switch for defining the number of concurrent channels the module supports. Up to 32 channels shall be definable here.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 32		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•	



SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00008:		
Name	FrTpDevErrorDetect		
Parent Container	FrTpGeneral		
Description	Switches the development e	rror de	etection and notification on or off.
	true: detection and notification is enabled. false: detection and notification is disabled.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00051:	ECUC_FrTp_00051:		
Name	FrTpFullDuplexEnable			
Parent Container	FrTpGeneral			
Description	Preprocessor switch for enabling full duplex mechanisms for all channels. True: Full duplex is enabled False: Fullduplex is disabled (Half duplex is enabled)			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00011:			
Name	FrTpMainFuncCycle			
Parent Container	FrTpGeneral			
Description	This parameter contains the calling period of the TPs Main Function. The parameter is specified in seconds.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef			
Range]0 INF[]0 INF[
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00036:
Name	FrTpTransmitCancellation
Parent Container	FrTpGeneral
Description	Preprocessor switch for enabling Transmit Cancellation and Receive Cancellation. True: Transmit/Receive Cancellation is enabled False: Transmit/Receive Cancellation is disabled
Multiplicity	1
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef



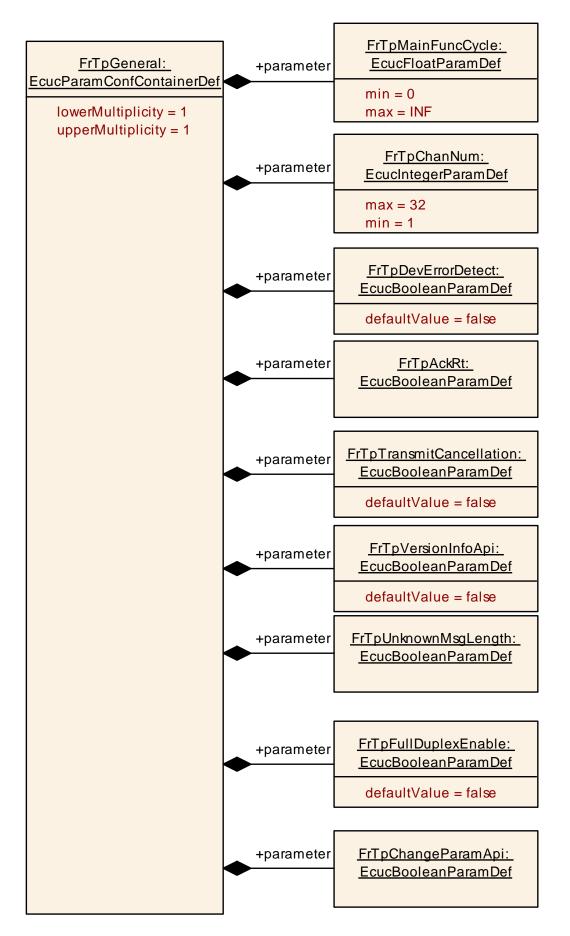
Default value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00044:				
Name	FrTpUnknownMsgLength	FrTpUnknownMsgLength			
Parent Container	FrTpGeneral				
Description	Preprocessor switch to support data transfer with unknown message length. True: Transmission with unknown message length is enabled False: Transmission with unknown message length is disabled				
Multiplicity	1				
Type	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	false				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants				
	Link time				
	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00045:			
Name	FrTpVersionInfoApi	FrTpVersionInfoApi		
Parent Container	FrTpGeneral			
Description	Preprocessor switch for enabling the Version info API. True: Version Info API is enabled False: Version Info API is disabled			
Multiplicity	1			
Type	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

No Included Containers







10.2.3 FrTpMultipleConfig

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00018:
Container Name	FrTpMultipleConfig
Parent Container	FrTp
	This container contains the configuration parameters and sub containers of the AUTOSAR FrTp module.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00054:			
Name	FrTpMaxConnectionCnt			
Parent Container	FrTpMultipleConfig			
Description	Maximum number of TP connections. This parameter is needed only in case of post-build loadable implementation using static memory allocation.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 18446744073709551615			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
Class	Link time	-		
	Post-build time	-		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
FrTpConnection		This container contains the connection specific parameters to transfer N-PDUs via FlexRay TP.
FrTpConnectionControl		This container contains the configuration parameters to control a FlexRay TP connection.
FrTpRxPduPool	()	This container contains all Pdus that are assigned to that Pdu Pool.
FrTpTxPduPool	()	This container contains all Pdus that are assigned to that Pdu Pool.

10.2.4 FrTpConnection

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00006:
Container Name	FrTpConnection
Parent Container	FrTpMultipleConfig
II IASCRINTIAN	This container contains the connection specific parameters to transfer N-PDUs via FlexRay TP.
Post-Build Variant	true



Multiplicity			
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
Class	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Configuration Parameters			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00050:				
Name	FrTpBandwidthLimitation				
Parent Container	FrTpConnection				
Description	This parameter indicates whether the connection requires a bandwidth limitation or not. If FrTpBandwidthLimitation=True the sender shall send a StartFrame always on the first PDU of a PDU-Pool.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00010:				
Name	FrTpLa				
Parent Container	FrTpConnection	FrTpConnection			
Description	This parameter defines the Local Address for the respective connection. When the local instance is the sender, this is the Source Address within the TP frame. When the local instance is the receiver, this is the Target Address within the TP frame. If this parameter is not configured, all related Rx N-SDUs must be configured to use the meta data item TARGET_ADDRESS_16, and all related Tx-N-SDUs must be configured to use the meta data item SOURCE ADDRESS_16.				
Multiplicity	01				
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef				
Range	0 65535				
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00019:			
Name	FrTpMultipleReceiverCon	FrTpMultipleReceiverCon		
Parent Container	FrTpConnection			
Description	This parameter defines, whether this connection is an 1:1 ('false') or an 1:n ('true') connection. If data segmentation is required this parameter is used to check whether segmentation is possible or not. If the connection is 1:n segmentation is not possible and an error will occur.			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	<u> </u>		



SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00021 :					
Name	-rTpRa					
Parent Container	FrTpConnection					
Description	This parameter defines the Remote Address for the respective connection. When the local instance is the sender, this is the Target Address within the TP frame. When the local instance is the receiver, this is the Source Address within the TP frame. If this parameter is not configured, all related Rx N-SDUs must be configured to use the meta data item SOURCE_ADDRESS_16, and all related Tx-N-SDUs must be configured to use the meta data item TARGET_ADDRESS_16.					
Multiplicity	01	01				
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef					
Range	0 65535					
Default value						
Post-Build Variant Value	true	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time					
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD					
Scope / Dependency	scope: local					

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00005:			
Name	FrTpConCtrlRef			
Parent Container	FrTpConnection			
Description	FrTpConnectionControlReference: This parameter defines a reference to a connection control container.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Reference to [FrTpConnectionControl]			
Post-Build Variant Value	true	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

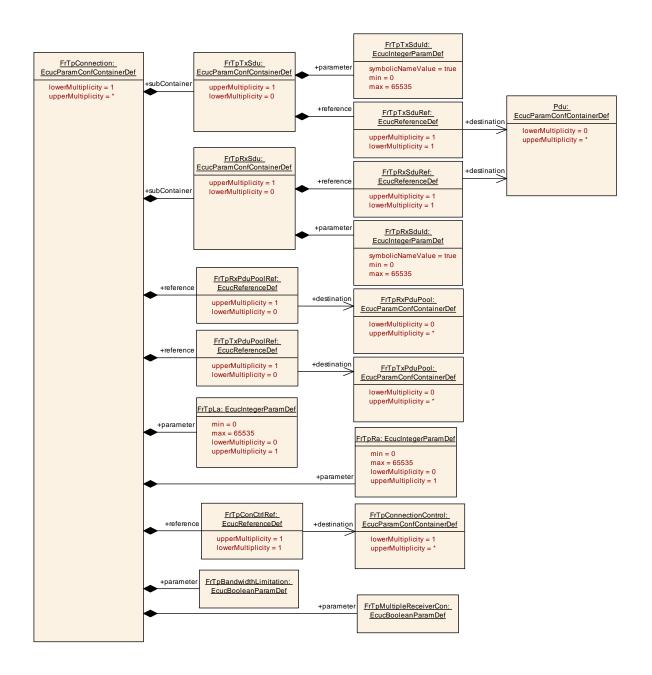
SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00025:			
Name	FrTpRxPduPoolRef			
Parent Container	FrTpConnection			
Description	This parameter defines a ref	erence	e to a RxPduPool.	
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	Reference to [FrTpRxPduPo	ool]		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE Link time			
Class				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	ŀ		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00039:
Name	FrTpTxPduPoolRef
Parent Container	FrTpConnection
Description	This parameter defines a reference to a TxPduPool.
Multiplicity	01



Туре	Reference to [FrTpTxPduPool]			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
Class	Link time			
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Included Containers				
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency		
FrTpRxSdu	01	This parameter defines the Rx Service Data Unit Identifier (Sdu Id) which uniquely identifies a data transfer (inter-module communication) between FrTp and PDUR. This N-SDU can produce meta data items of type SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ADDRESS_16.		
FrTpTxSdu	01	This parameter defines the Tx Service Data Unit Identifier (Sdu Id) which uniquely identifies a data transfer (inter-module communication) between FrTp and PDUR. This N-SDU can consume meta data items of type SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ADDRESS_16.		



10.2.5 FrTpTxSdu

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00041:
Container Name	FrTpTxSdu
Parent Container	FrTpConnection
Description	This parameter defines the Tx Service Data Unit Identifier (Sdu Id) which uniquely identifies a data transfer (inter-module communication) between FrTp and PDUR. This N-SDU can consume meta data items of type SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ADDRESS_16.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00042:
Name	FrTpTxSduld
Parent Container	FrTpTxSdu
Description	This is a unique identifier for a to be transmitted message from the PduR



	to the FrTp.			
	ImplementationType: PduIdType			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Sym	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		
Range	0 65535			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00043:			
Name	FrTpTxSduRef			
Parent Container	FrTpTxSdu			
Description	Reference to a PDU in the g	lobal	PDU structure.	
Multiplicity	1	1		
Type	Reference to [Pdu]			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency				

No Included Containers

10.2.6 FrTpRxSdu

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00027:
Container Name	FrTpRxSdu
Parent Container	FrTpConnection
Description	This parameter defines the Rx Service Data Unit Identifier (Sdu Id) which uniquely identifies a data transfer (inter-module communication) between FrTp and PDUR. This N-SDU can produce meta data items of type SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ADDRESS_16.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00053:			
Name	FrTpRxSduld			
Parent Container	FrTpRxSdu			
Description	This unique identifier is used for change parameter request or receive cancellation from PduR to FrTp. ImplementationType: PduIdType			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Syml	oolic N	Name generated for this parameter)	
Range	0 65535			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	-		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			



SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00028:			
Name	FrTpRxSduRef	FrTpRxSduRef		
Parent Container	FrTpRxSdu			
Description	Reference to a PDU in the g	lobal l	PDU structure.	
Multiplicity	1	1		
Type	Reference to [Pdu]			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency				

No Included Containers

10.2.7 FrTpConnectionControl

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00007:				
Container Name	FrTpConnectionControl	FrTpConnectionControl			
Parent Container	FrTpMultipleConfig				
Description	This container contains the configuration parameters to control a FlexRay TP connection.				
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true				
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
Class	Link time				
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Configuration Parameters					

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00003:			
Name	FrTpAckType			
Parent Container	FrTpConnectionControl			
_	This parameter defines the type of ackn channel.	This parameter defines the type of acknowledgement which is used for the specific channel.		
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	FRTP_ACK_WITH_RT	Ack	knowledgement with retry	
	FRTP_NO	No	acknowledgement	
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
Configuration	Link time			
Class	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00014:
Name	FrTpMaxFCWait
Parent Container	FrTpConnectionControl
Description	This parameter defines the maximum number of FlowControl N-PDUs with FlowState "WAIT"
Multiplicity	1
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef



Range	0 255		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00029:				
Name	FrTpMaxNbrOfNPduPerCyc	le			
Parent Container	FrTpConnectionControl	FrTpConnectionControl			
Description	This parameter is part of the ISO 10681-2 protocol's FlowControl parameter "Bandwidth Control (BC)". It limits the number of N-Pdus the sender is allowed to transmit within a FlexRay cycle.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef				
Range	0 31	0 31			
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00017:			
Name	FrTpMaxRn			
Parent Container	FrTpConnectionControl			
Description	This parameter defines the maximum number of retries (if retry is configured).			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 255			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00020:			
Name	FrTpSCexp			
Parent Container	FrTpConnectionControl			
	This parameter is part of the ISO 10681-2 protocol's FlowControl parameter "Bandwidth Control (BC)". It represents the exponent to calculate the minimum number of "Separation Cycles" the sender has to wait for the next transmission of an FrTp N-Pdu.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	07			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			



SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00047:				
Name	FrTpTimeBr	FrTpTimeBr			
Parent Container	FrTpConnectionControl	FrTpConnectionControl			
Description	This parameter defines the time in seconds the FrTp requires to transmit a corresponding FlowControl Frame. According to ISO 10681-2 this parameter is a performance requirement.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef				
Range	[0 0.255]				
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00056:			
Name	FrTpTimeCs	FrTpTimeCs		
Parent Container	FrTpConnectionControl			
Description	This parameter defines the time in seconds between the sending of two CFs or between the sending of a CF and LF or between the reception of a FC and sending of the next CF.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef	EcucFloatParamDef		
Range	[0 65.535]			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00032:			
Name	FrTpTimeoutAr			
Parent Container	FrTpConnectionControl			
Description	This parameter states the timeout in seconds between the PDU transmit request of the Transport Layer to the FlexRay Interface and the corresponding confirmation of the FlexRay Interface on the receiver side (for FC or AF).			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef			
Range	[0 65.535]			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: It is obvious that FRTP_TIME_BR + FRTP_TIMEOUT_AR < FRTP_TIMEOUT_BS must hold (because the transmission duration on the bus has also to be considered).			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00033:
Name	FrTpTimeoutAs
Parent Container	FrTpConnectionControl
Description	This parameter specifies the timeout in seconds the Frlf shall confirm a

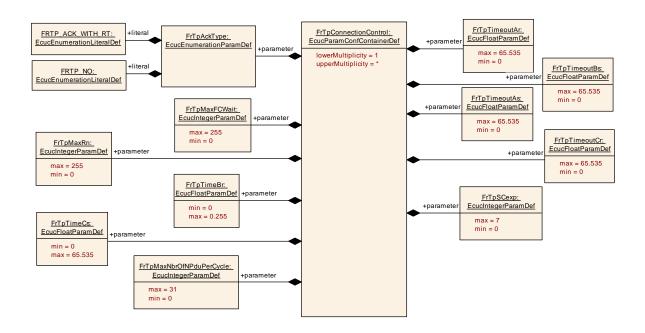


	transmitted Pdu to the FrTp.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef			
Range	[0 65.535]			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: It is obvious that FRTP_TIME_CS + FRTP_TIMEOUT_AS < FRTP_TIMEOUT_CR must hold (because the transmission duration on the bus has also to be considered).			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00034:			
Name	FrTpTimeoutBs			
Parent Container	FrTpConnectionControl			
Description	This parameter defines the t	This parameter defines the timeout in seconds for waiting for an FC or AF		
	on the sender side in a 1:1 c	onne	ction.	
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef			
Range	[0 65.535]			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			
	dependency: It is obvious that FRTP_TIME_BR + FRTP_TIMEOUT_AR < FRTP_TIMEOUT_BS must hold (because the transmission duration on the bus has also to be considered).			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00035:			
Name	FrTpTimeoutCr			
Parent Container	FrTpConnectionControl	FrTpConnectionControl		
Description	This parameter defines the timeout value in seconds a receiver is waiting			
	for a CF or a LF.		_	
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef			
Range	[0 65.535]	[0 65.535]		
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			
	dependency: It is obvious that FRTP_TIME_CS + FRTP_TIMEOUT_AS < FRTP_TIMEOUT_CR must hold (because the transmission duration on the bus has also to be considered)			
	bus has also to be considere	ed).		

No Included Containers



10.2.8 FrTpTxPduPool

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00038:			
Container Name	FrTpTxPduPool			
Parent Container	FrTpMultipleConfig			
Description	This container contains all P	This container contains all Pdus that are assigned to that Pdu Pool.		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
Class	Link time	1		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Configuration Parameters				

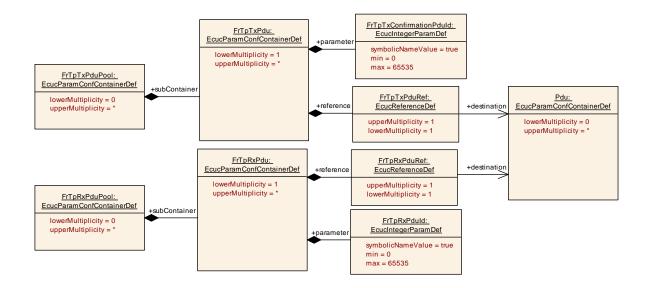
Included Containers					
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency			
FrTpTxPdu	1 "	Container to hold the PDU parameters. ImplementationType: PduInfoType			

10.2.9 FrTpRxPduPool

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00024:		
Container Name	FrTpRxPduPool		
Parent Container	FrTpMultipleConfig		
Description	This container contains all Pdus that are assigned to that Pdu Pool.		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true		
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
Class	Link time	1	
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Configuration Parameters			



Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
FrTpRxPdu	1*	Container to hold the PDU parameters.
l Tipixxi du	1	ImplementationType: PduInfoType



10.2.10 FrTpTxPdu

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00037:			
Container Name	FrTpTxPdu	FrTpTxPdu		
Parent Container	FrTpTxPduPool			
Description	Container to hold the PDU parameters. ImplementationType: PduInfoType			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
Class	Link time			
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Configuration Parameters				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00049:			
Name	FrTpTxConfirmationPduId			
Parent Container	FrTpTxPdu	FrTpTxPdu		
Description			confirm the transmission of the	
	FrTpTxPdu to the Frlf modul			
	TriggerTransmit (FrTp_TriggerTransmit).			
Multiplicity	1			
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)			
Range	0 65535			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			



	Post-build time	-		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			
SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00040:			
Name	FrTpTxPduRef			
Parent Container	FrTpTxPdu	-rTpTxPdu		
Description	Reference to a PDU in the g	Reference to a PDU in the global PDU structure.		
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Reference to [Pdu]			
Post-Build Variant Value	true	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	-		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	·		

No Included Containers

10.2.11 FrTpRxPdu

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00022:			
Container Name	FrTpRxPdu	FrTpRxPdu		
Parent Container	FrTpRxPduPool			
Description	Container to hold the PDU p	Container to hold the PDU parameters.		
	ImplementationType: PduInfoType			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
Class	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Configuration Parameters				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00023:			
Name	FrTpRxPduId			
Parent Container	FrTpRxPdu	FrTpRxPdu		
	This is a unique identifier for a received message which is forwarded from the FrIp. ImplementationType: PduIdType			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Sym	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		
Range	0 65535			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time	ł		
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00026:
Name	FrTpRxPduRef
Parent Container	FrTpRxPdu
Description	Reference to a PDU in the global PDU structure.
Multiplicity	1



Туре	Reference to [Pdu]		
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency			

No Included Containers



10.3 Published Information

For details refer to the chapter 10.3 "Published Information" in SWS_BSWGeneral.

10.4 Configuration dependencies and recommendation

The FrTp module functionality is based on several configuration parameters. To guarantee a well working software module this chapter gives some recommendation to the configuration parameter set. These rules shall be part of consistency checks of configuration tools.

10.4.1 Retry behaviour

The term of retry is used several times within this document but always with different focus. As depict in Figure 27 the FrTp module has basically two different retry behaviours:

- a) Multiple API calls in case of an error or a busy system
- b) Retry of PDU transfer depending on transport protocol conditions.

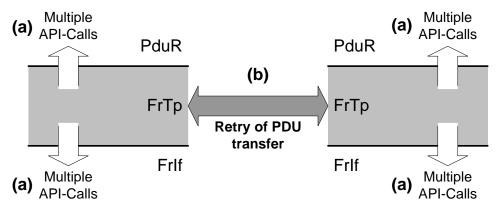


Figure 27: FrTp Retry Scenarios

Only for case (b) Retry of PDU transfer a global switch for enabling and disabling is defined (FrTpAckType). All other cases depend on the configuration of the different counters for the API calls: FRTP_MAX_FCWAIT, FRTP_MAX_AR.

10.4.2 TP-Acknowledgement and Retry

Acknowledgement and retry is only possible on 1:1 connections because the communication nodes have to deal with the FlowControl N-PDU parameters. FlowControl is not allowed for 1:n connections.



10.4.3 Timing and Timeout Parameters

Timing and timeout behaviour depends on the global FlexRay schedule. To guarantee a stable system some timing and timeout relations shall be taken into account. The timeout behaviour is defined in chapter 7.5.8.

→ Hinweise Configurationshinweis

```
For timeout As configuration it shall be considered that
[SWS FrTp 01154]
FRTP TIMEOUT AS
                       FRTP TIME AS |()
                       For timeout Ar configuration it shall be considered that
[SWS_FrTp_01155]
FRTP TIMEOUT AR
                       FRTP TIME AR ()
[SWS FrTp 00599]
                       For timeout Bs configuration it shall be considered that
FRTP TIMEOUT BS
                      FRTP TIME BR + FRTP TIME AR |()
[SWS FrTp 01153]
                       For timeout Cr configuration it shall be considered that
FRTP TIMEOUT CR
                    > FRTP TIME CS + FRTP TIME AS ()
            FRTP TIME AR, FRTP TIME AS, FRTP TIME BR and
Note:
FRTP TIME CS are performance timing values and depend on the global FlexRay
           schedule. To calculate that values please refer to the formulas at ISO
            10681-2 [16]
[SWS FrTp 00180]
                       Γ
                          The
                                        configuration
                                 FrTp
                                                       shall
                                                                       that
                                                              ensure
```

2 SeparationCycleExponent-1 x $t_{CycleTime} \le FRTP_TIMEOUT_CR.^{36} \]()$

10.4.4 Bandwidth Control Configuration

It could occur that an ECU is not able to receive as much PDUs as defined within the PDU-Pool referenced by a connection³⁷. In that case the bandwidth has to be limited by the receiver. There are three possibilities to limit the bandwidth for a connection link:

- a) Limit Bandwidth by Parameter FlowControl.BandwidthControl.MaxPduPerCycle in combination with Hardware FIFO buffer mechanisms.³⁸
- b) Limit Bandwidth by Parameter FlowControl.BandwidthControl.MaxPduPerCycle to reduce the number of allowed PDUs of the currently selected PDU-Pool.
- c) Limit Bandwidth by using a dedicated PDU-Pool for the connection to the affected Ecu.

³⁶ This is to prevent a timeouts. Please refer to ISO 10681-2.

³⁷ This is possible if a Flexray Communication Controller only supports less Rx buffers and buffer reconfiguration at the end of a cycle is not possible or desired.

³⁸ This is an esential mechanism of FlexRay 3.0 protocol.



10.4.4.1 BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameter in combination with Hardware FIFO buffer mechanisms

If BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameter in combination with Hardware FIFO buffer mechanisms is used no additional configuration restictions occur. This szenario implements "pure" ISO 10681-2 behaviour with focus on FlexRay 3.0 Hardware FIFO buffer mechanisms. The figure below shows the dependencies.

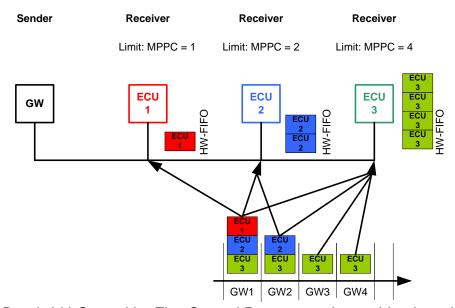


Figure 28: BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameters in combination with HW FIFO buffer

10.4.4.2 BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameter

If BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameter is used some configuration restictions have to be taken into account. The figure below shows the dependencies.

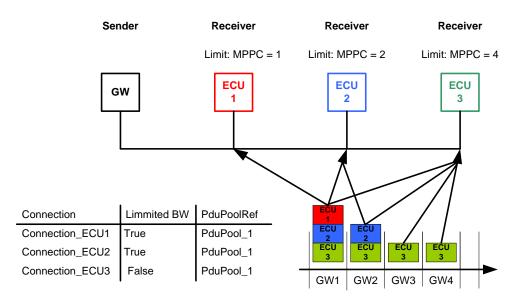




Figure 29: BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameters In a network four FlexRay nodes are connected. 4 PDUs are defined for the sender node. Two of the receivers have bandwidth limitations (ECU1 and ECU2). The configuration restrictions are:

- [SWS_FrTp_01173]
 If bandwidth limitation in a connection to a certain ECU is realized by FlowControl parameter BC (without HW-FIFO mechanism), the attribute "FrTpBandwidthLimitation" within the corresponding connection shall be set to "TRUE".

 []()
- [SWS_FrTp_01174] If bandwidth limitation is realized by FlowControl parameter BC and if the attribute "FrTpBandwidthLimitation" is True, a Start Frame to initiate a communication link shall always be send in the first PDU of the referenced PDU-Pool. This is valid for both 1:1 and 1:n connections.

Note: The reason for using the first frame of the pool in case of bandwidth limitation is historical. Bandwidth limitation is only required for FlexRay controllers with a limited number of buffers, which are then assigned to the first slots of the pool (the ones with the lowest numbers). ()

- [SWS_FrTp_01177] If the attribute "FrTpBandwidthLimitation" is set to "TRUE", a Rx-connection shall use the first Pdu of the referenced Tx-Pdu-Pool for sending the required FlowControl frame to continue a communication link. ()

10.4.4.3 BandwidthControl via different PDU Pools

If BandwidthControl is realized by different PDU Pools two different szenarios could occur.

10.4.4.3.1 BandwidthControl via non-overlapping Tx-Pdu-Pools

In case an ECU is not capable of receiving all Tx-Pdus sent for TP-communication in the FlexRay-cluster then non-overlapping Tx-Pdu-Pools can be configured as shown in the figure below:

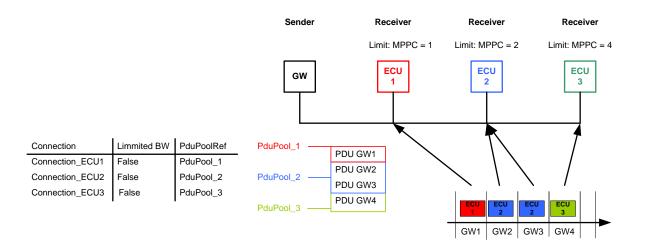


Figure 30: BandwidthControl by non-overlapping PDU Pools

10.4.4.3.2 BandwidthControl via overlapping Tx-Pdu-Pools

In case an Ecu is not capable of receiving all Tx-Pdus sent for TP- communication in the FlexRay-cluster then dedicated overlapping Tx-Pdu-Pools can be configured as shown in the figure below:

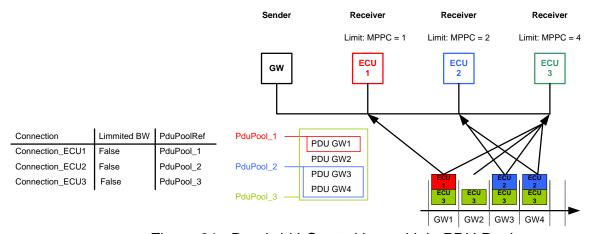


Figure 31: BandwidthControl by multiple PDU Pools

In the figure above ECU1 and ECU2 are not capable of receiving all Pdus GW1-GW4 shown above in their Rx-buffers ("Weak Ecu") and dedicated overlapping Pdu-Pools are configured and used. One Tx-Pdu can belong to more than one Tx-PDU-Pool at the same time³⁹.

[SWS_FrTp_01176] It shall be possible to have overlapping PDU-Pools_J()

_

³⁹ Reduced pools have to be taken into account for configuring the FlexRay-driver of "weak Ecus".



10.4.5 Configuration Requirements on the FlexRay Interface

If more than one Fr N-PDU is used for one Fr N-SDU within a connection, the FrIf shall guarantee that the Fr N-PDUs (Fr L-SDUs) are scheduled (sent over the bus) in the same order the FlexRay Transport Protocol Layer uses them, i.e. in ascending order regarding the Fr N-PDU IDs used in the FlexRay Transport Protocol Layer. Furthermore these PDUs shall be scheduled with the same frequency and within one Job (concerning the Joblist) in the FlexRay Interface module (since the reading of the PDU-Available Information for all PDUs of a connection has to be atomic.) This is necessary to avoid CFs coming out of order in a segmented transfer.

For every FrTp L-SDU the PDU-Update/Valid Information of the FrIf shall be activated.

For each transmitted N-Pdu a TransmitConfirmations shall be given by the Frlf module.

For every FrTp L-SDU no FrIf Trigger Transmit counter shall be utilized, i.e. the limit of the respective counter shall be 1. This is necessary in order to avoid multiple service primitive calls of *FrTp_TriggerTransmit* for the same Fr N-PDU in case e. g. a retry is necessary due to an timeout of the AS / AR timer.



11 Not applicable requirements

[SWS_FrTp_09999] 「These requirements are not applicable to this specification.」 (SRS_BSW_00306, SRS_BSW_00312, SRS_BSW_00314, SRS_BSW_00323, SRS_BSW_00325, SRS_BSW_00328, SRS_BSW_00330, SRS_BSW_00331, SRS_BSW_00333, SRS_BSW_00335, SRS_BSW_00341, SRS_BSW_00343, SRS_BSW_00345, SRS_BSW_00347, SRS_BSW_00350, SRS_BSW_00358, SRS_BSW_00373, SRS_BSW_00375, SRS_BSW_00377, SRS_BSW_00386, SRS_BSW_00401, SRS_BSW_00405, SRS_BSW_00409, SRS_BSW_00410, SRS_BSW_00413, SRS_BSW_00414, SRS_BSW_00415, SRS_BSW_00417, SRS_BSW_00423, SRS_BSW_00424, SRS_BSW_00425, SRS_BSW_00426, SRS_BSW_00427, SRS_BSW_00428, SRS_BSW_00429, SRS_BSW_00432, SRS_BSW_00433, SRS_BSW_00428, SRS_BSW_00429, SRS_BSW_00432, SRS_BSW_00433, SRS_BSW_00005, SRS_BSW_00066, SRS_BSW_00009, SRS_BSW_00162, SRS_BSW_00164, SRS_BSW_00160, SRS_BSW_00161, SRS_BSW_00162, SRS_BSW_00164, SRS_BSW_00167, SRS_BSW_00168, SRS_BSW_00172)