#### Code Transformation with

# Spoon



Gérard Paligot

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public void sayHello(String message) {
   if (message.isEmpty()) {
      System.out.println("Hello, World!");
   } else {
      System.out.println(message);
   }
}
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- Used more and more by libraries.

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@Log
public void sayHello(String message) {
   if (message.isEmpty()) {
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```

- Read, generate, analyse or transform.
- Used more and more by libraries.

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public void sayHello(@Log String message) {
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# Library rescue

APT

Others...

JDT

JavaParser

JTransformer

· ASM

pfff

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- Easy to create a Eclipse plugin with JDT.
- Read, generate, analyse and transform source code.
- API and meta model hard to use and to understand.

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- Adopted by a lot of open-source librairies.
- Accessible by the package javax.lang.model.\* and javax.annotation.processing.
- Well integrated in modernes build-management.
- Meta model limited and transformation not allowed.

```
<plugin>
  <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins </groupId>
  <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
  <executions>
        <id>default-compile</id>
        <goals>
            <goal>compile</goal>
            </goals>
            <configuration>
                  <compilerArgument>-proc:none</compilerArgument>
                  </execution>
                  </execution>
                  </executions>
                  </plugin>
```

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>fr.inria</groupId>
    <artifactId>apt</artifactId>
    <version>${project.parent.version}</version>
    <optional>true</optional>
</dependency>
```

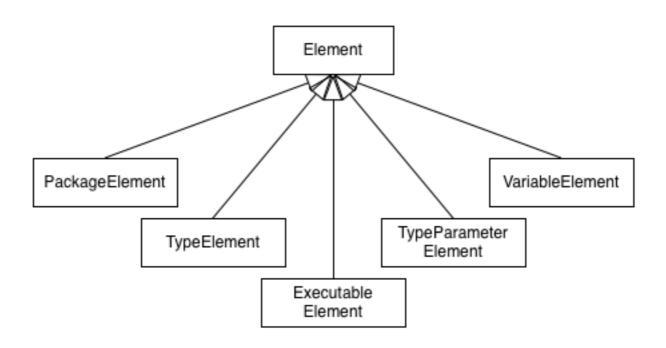
 Developed at INRIA by Renauld Pawlak, Nicolas Petitprez and Carlos Noguera.

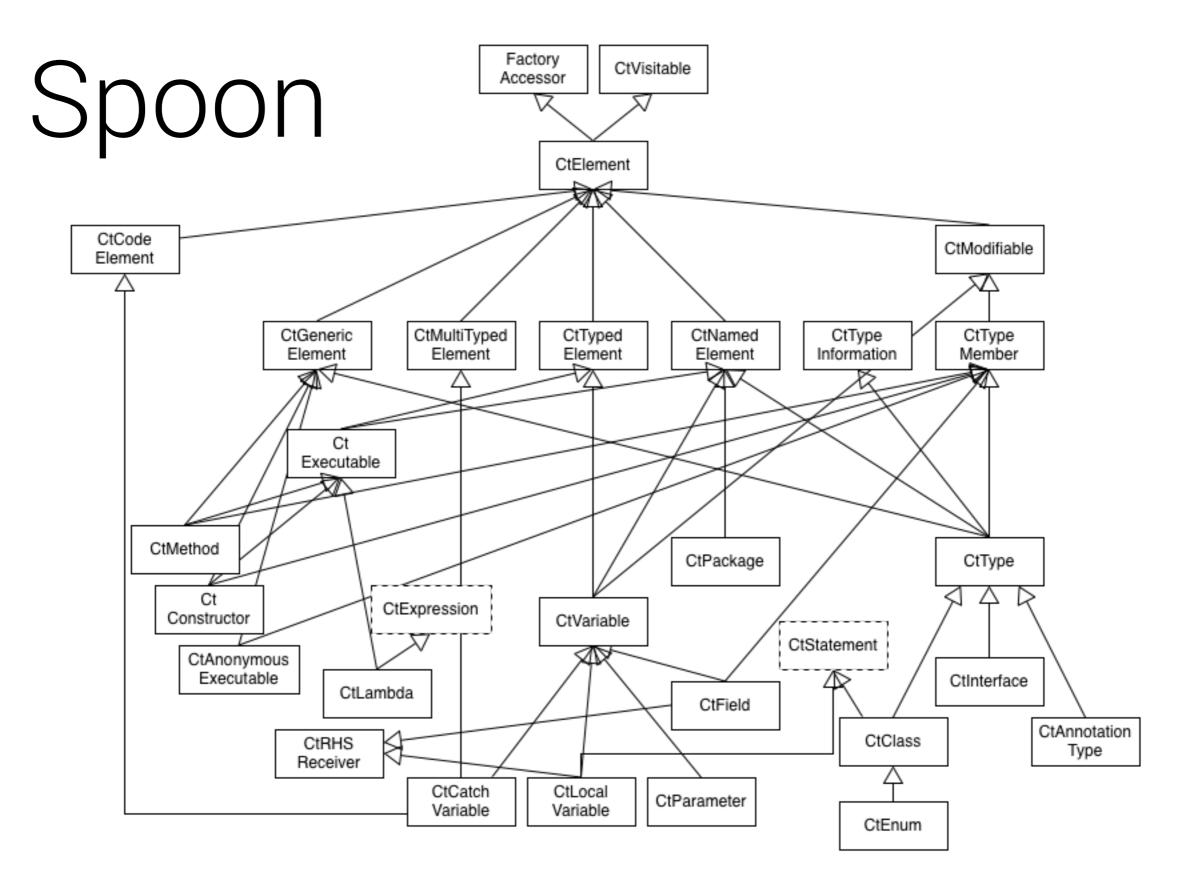
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- Source to source code transformation.

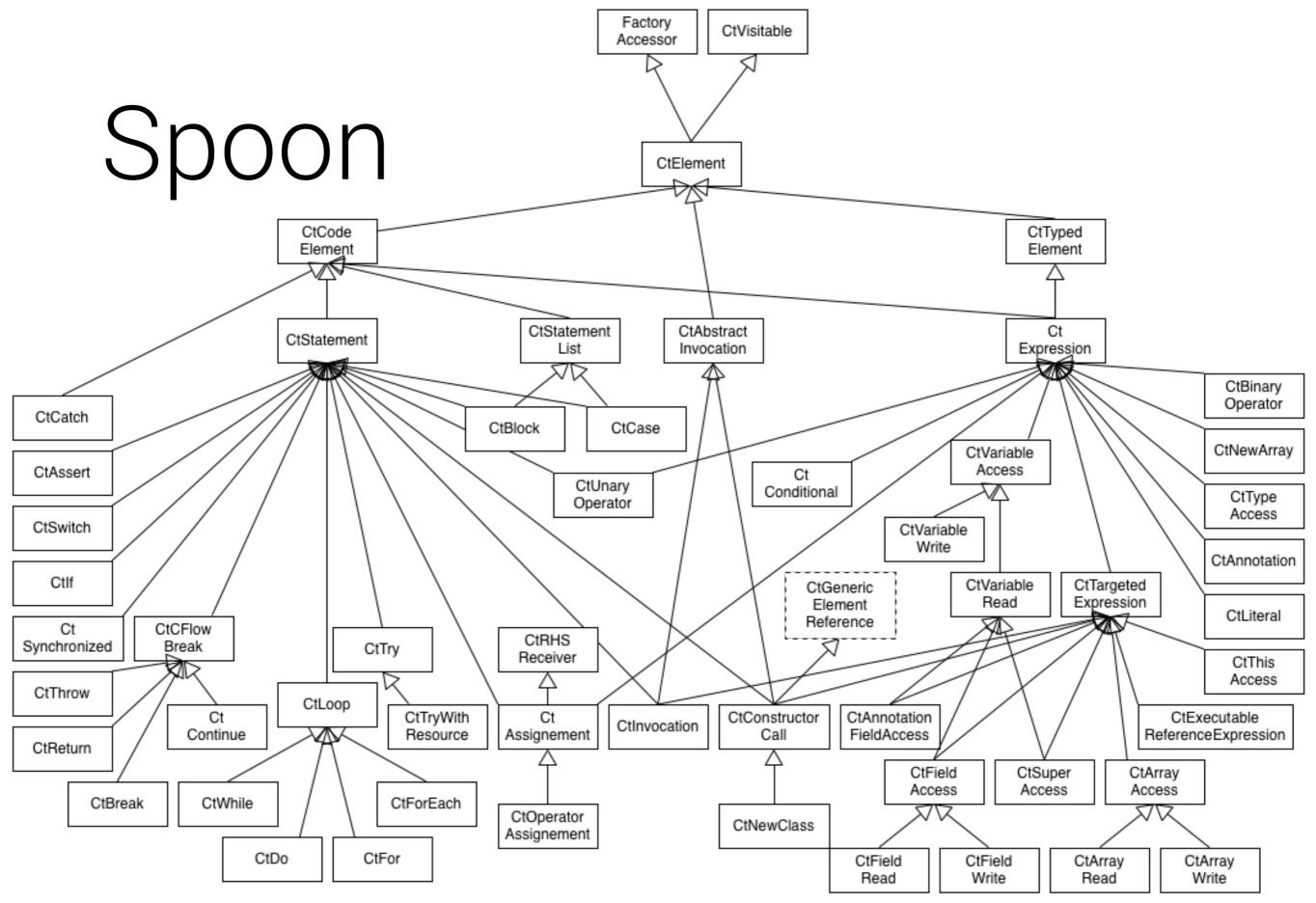
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- Designed for developers to be use easily.
- Source to source code transformation.
- Complete and fine-grained Java meta model.





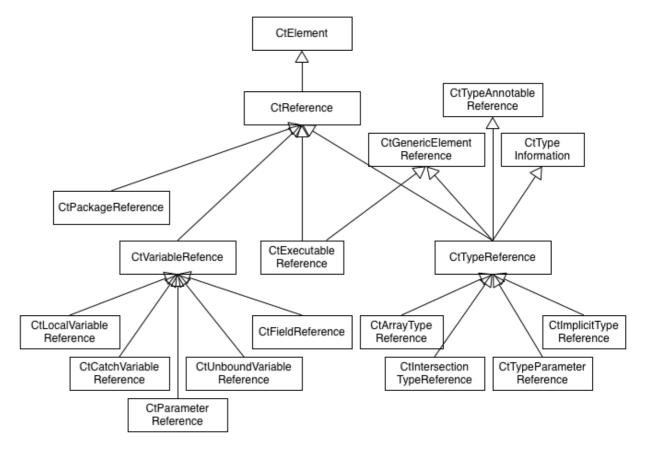
http://spoon.gforge.inria.fr/structural\_elements.html

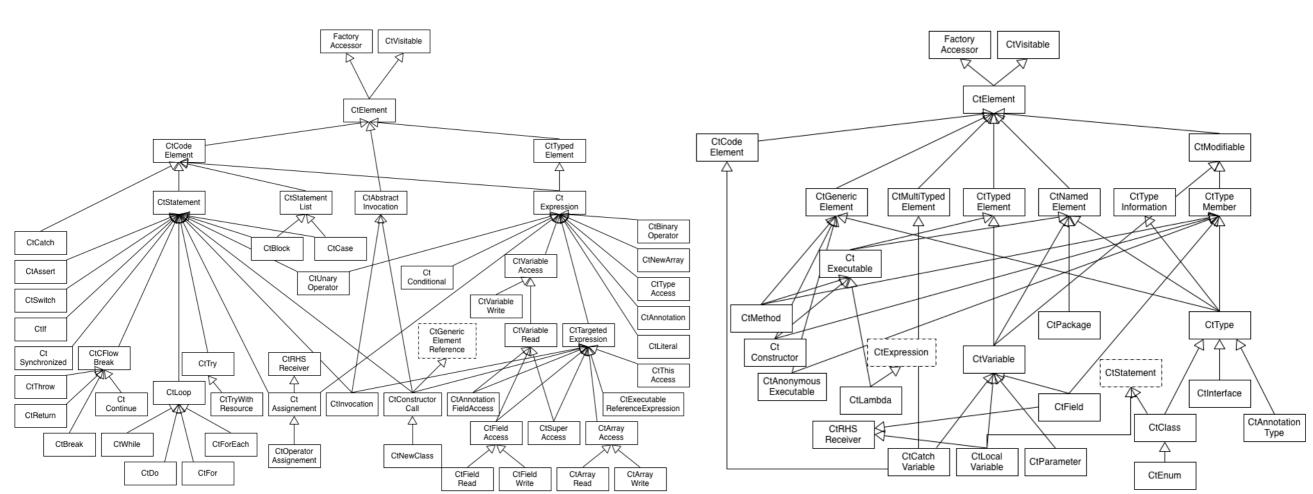
#### Spoon CtElement CtTypeAnnotable Reference CtReference CtGenericElement CtType Reference Information CtPackageReference CtExecutable CtTypeReference CtVariableRefence Reference CtLocalVariable CtArrayType CtImplicitType CtFieldReference Reference Reference Reference CtUnboundVariable CtIntersection CtTypeParameter CtCatchVariable Reference Reference Reference TypeReference CtParameter Reference



http://spoon.gforge.inria.fr/code\_elements.html

# Spoon

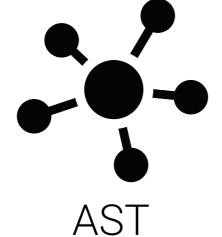




### How it works?



Input





Processing



Output





#### Features

- Factory
- Query
- Processor
- Template

```
public class TypeSpoonProcessor extends AbstractAnnotationProcessor<NotNull, CtParameter<?>> {
    @Override public void process(NotNull annotation, CtParameter<?> element) {
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    }
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## Factory

Create new elements, fill their data and add them in an existing AST. The factory is the entry point to do that and each factory has them own responsibility. i.e., CoreFactory creates empty nodes and CodeFactory creates a node ready to be printed.

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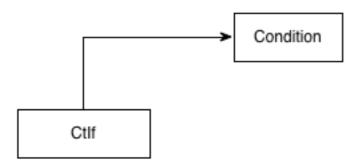
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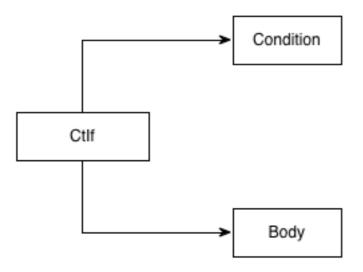
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Ctlf

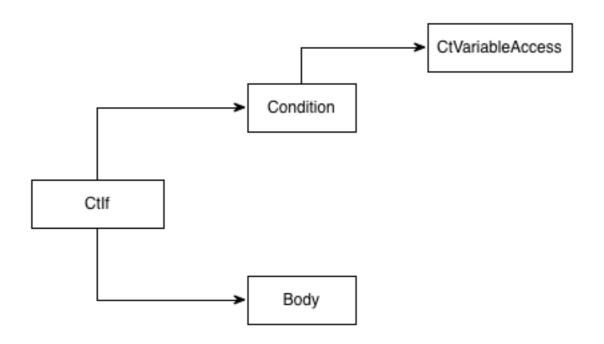
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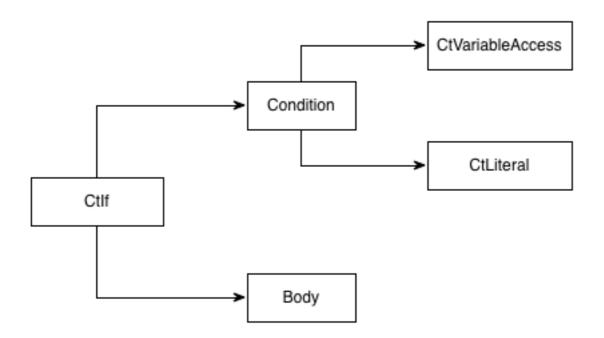
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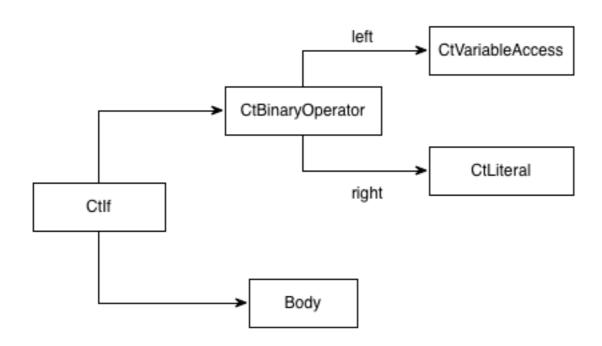
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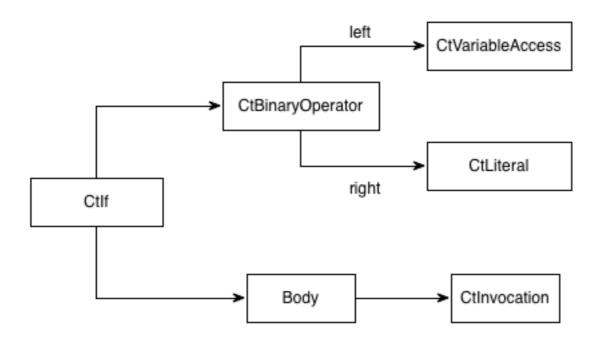
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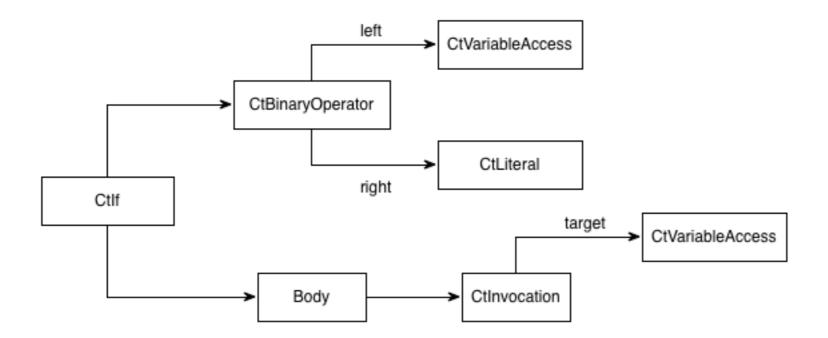
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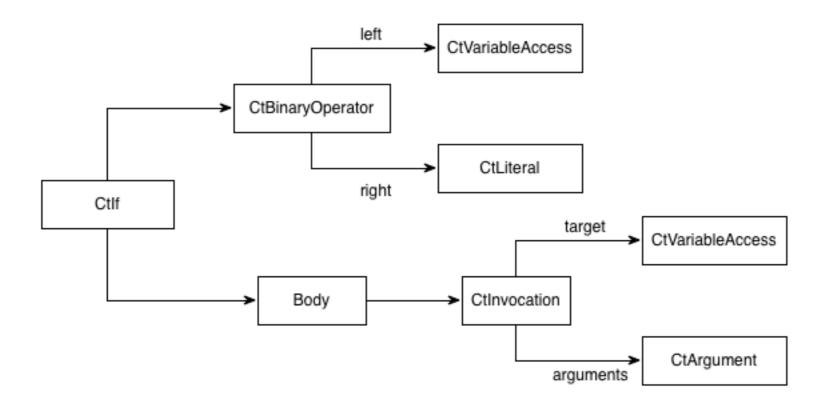
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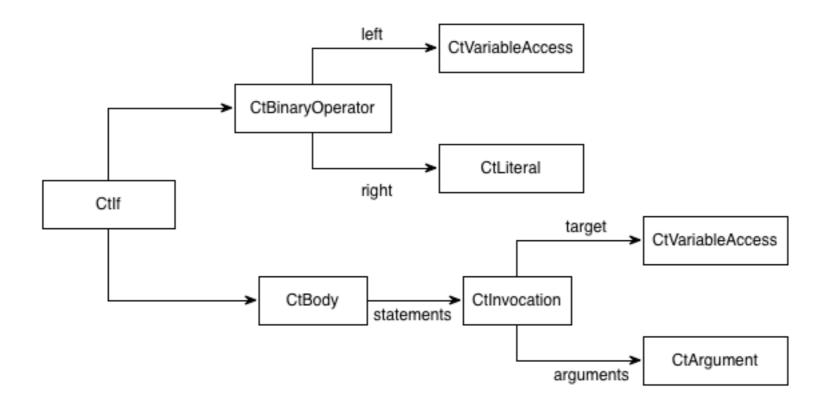
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```

# Template

Spoon provides developers a way of writing code transformations: code templates. Those templates are statically type-checked, in order to ensure statically that the generated code will be correct.

```
public class NotNullTemplate extends StatementTemplate {
    @Parameter CtVariableAccess<?> _access_;

public NotNullTemplate(CtVariableAccess<?> _access_) {
    this._access_ = _access_;
}

@Override public void statement() throws Throwable {
    if (_access_.S() == null) {
        System.out.println("Parameter is null");
    }
}
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```

```
@Override public void process(NotNull annotation, CtParameter<?> element) {
    System.out.println("annotation found on " + element.getSimpleName());
    new NotNullTemplate(parameter).apply(element.getParent(CtType.class));
}
```

## Query

Make a complexe query on a given AST, based on the notion of filter, done in plain Java, in the spirit of an embedded DSL and in one single line of code in the normal cases. i.e., TypeFilter is used to return all elements of a certain type.

```
Query.getElements(factory, new TypeFilter<>(CtParameter.class));
Query.getElements(element, new TypeFilter<>(CtParameter.class));
element.getElements(new TypeFilter<>(CtParameter.class));
```

## Usage

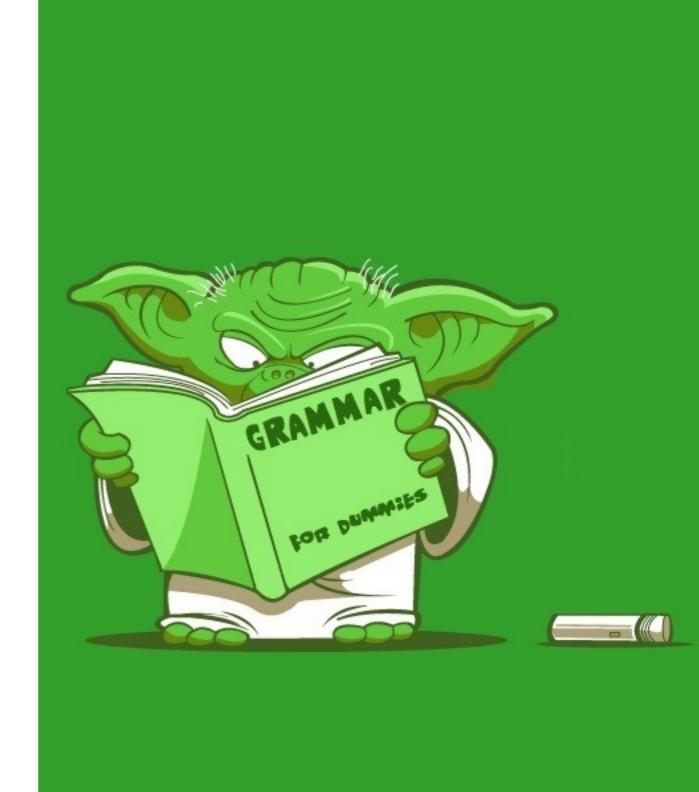
#### Dependency

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>fr.inria.gforge.spoon</groupId>
  <artifactId>spoon-core</artifactId>
  <version>5.1.1</version>
</dependency>
```

#### API

```
final SpoonAPI spoon = new Launcher();
spoon.addInputResource("/src/main/java/");
spoon.setSourceOutputDirectory("/target/");
spoon.addProcessor(new AwesomeProcessor());
spoon.run();

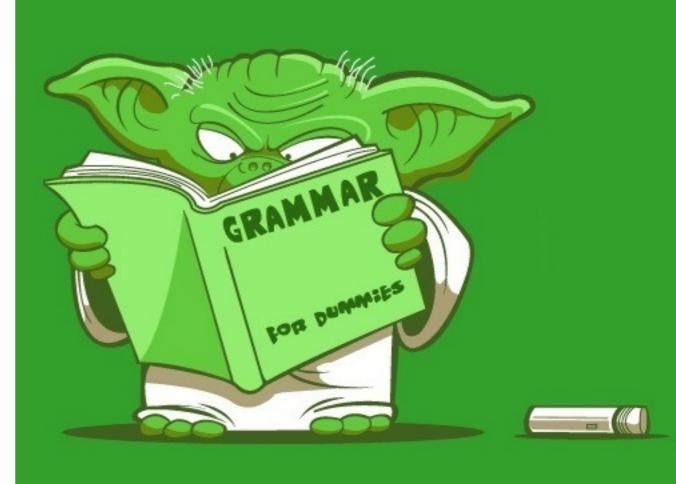
// Here, make complex query from the factory.
```



## Usage

#### Maven Plugin

```
<plugin>
  <groupId>fr.inria.gforge.spoon
  <artifactId>
    spoon-maven-plugin
  </artifactId>
  <version>2.2</version>
  <executions>
    <execution>
      <phase>generate-sources</phase>
     <qoals>
       <goal>generate</poal>
     </goals>
    </execution>
  </executions>
  <configuration>
    cessors>
      cessor>
       fr.inria.AwesomeProcessor
     </processor>
    </processors>
  </configuration>
</plugin>
```

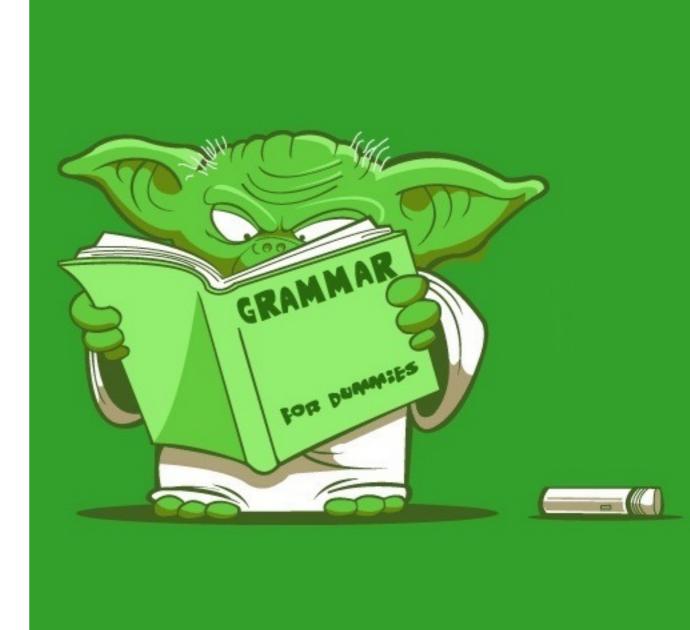


## Usage

#### Gradle Plugin

```
buildscript {
  repositories {
    mavenCentral()
    mavenLocal()
  }
  dependencies {
    classpath 'fr.inria.gforge.spoon:spoon-gradle-plugin:
1.0-SNAPSHOT'
  }
}
apply plugin: "java"
apply plugin: "spoon"

spoon {
  processors = ['fr.inria.AwesomeProcessor']
}
```

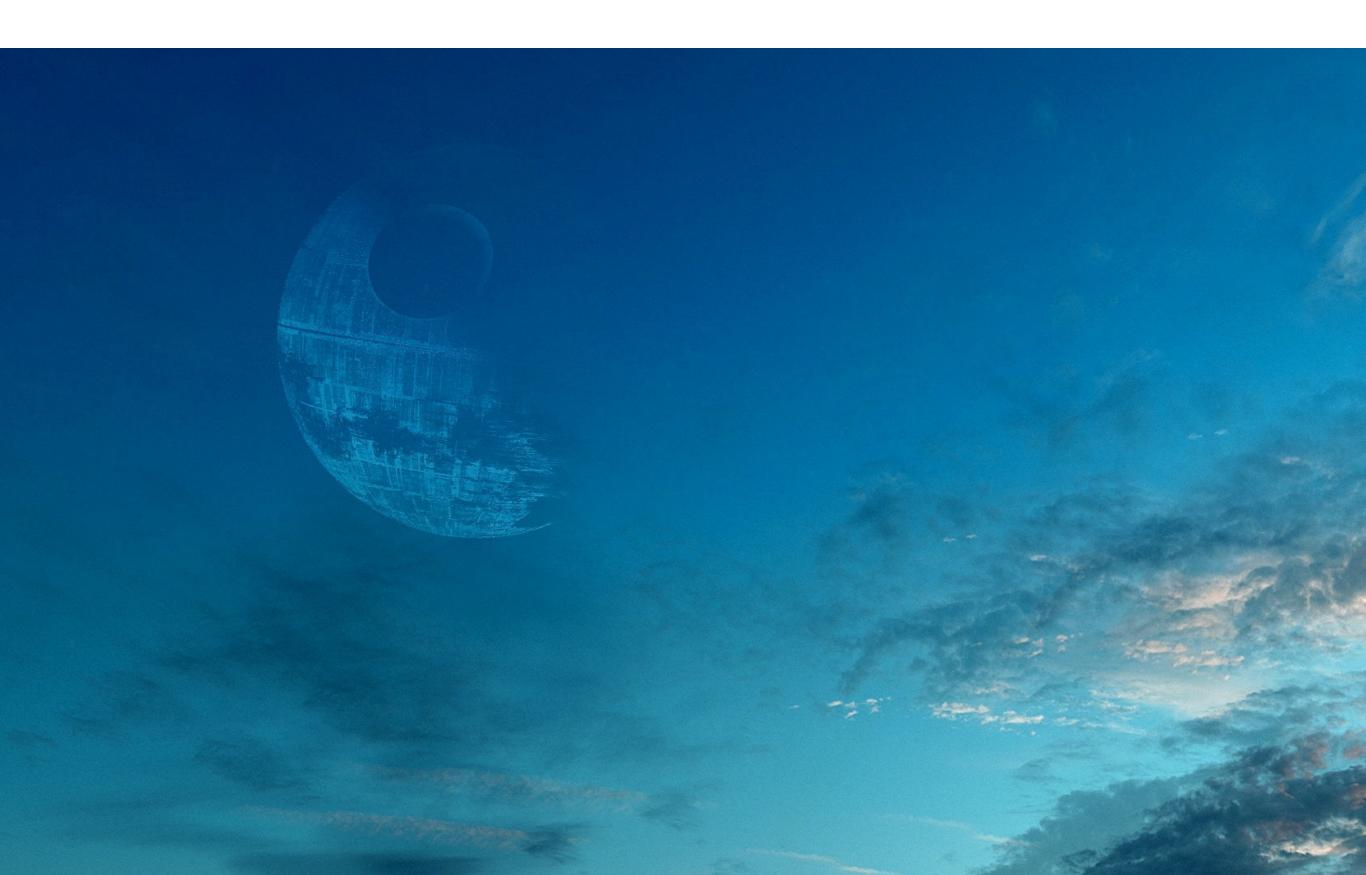




### Thank you!

Gérard Paligot

### Practical work



For each interface, count how many classes implement it.

```
public interface Delicious {
   void prepare(Prepare prepare, int time);
   void make(Cook cook, int time);
}
```

Inserts a probe in all entry methods to display its name and its declaring type.

```
@Override
public void prepare() {
}
```

```
@Override
public void prepare() {
   System.out.println("enter: Tacos - prepare");
}
```

# #2 expert

Inserts a probe in all **exit** methods to display its name and its declaring type.

Adds a probe (with the invocation of a method named isNotNull) to check all parameters not primitives of a method.

```
@Override
public void prepare(Prepare prepare) {
}
```

```
@Override
public void prepare(Prepare prepare) {
   fr.inria.tp3.Check.isNotNull(
      prepare, "Parameter %s can't be null.", "prepare");
}
```

# #3 expert

Uses an annotation, named @NotNull, to check the parameter annotated.

```
@Override
public void prepare(@NotNull Prepare prepare) {
}
```

```
@Override
public void prepare(Prepare prepare) {
   fr.inria.tp3.Check.isNotNull(
      prepare, "Parameter %s can't be null.", "prepare");
}
```

Create the annotation @Bound to check the minimum and maximum of a method parameter.

```
@Override
public void prepare(@Bound(min = 0, max = 10) int time) {
}
```

```
@Override
public void prepare(int time) {
   if (time > 10.0)
      throw new RuntimeException(
      "out of max bound (" + time + " > 10.0");

   if (time < 0.0)
      throw new RuntimeException(
      "out of min bound (" + time + " < 0.0");
}</pre>
```

Create the annotation @RetryOnFailure to relaunch execution of a method if an exception is thrown.

Think to use templates. ;)

```
@java.lang.Override
public void prepare() {
  int attempt = 0;
  java.lang.Throwable lastTh = null;
  while ((attempt++) < 3) {</pre>
    try {
      // Body of the original code here.
    } catch (java.lang.Throwable ex) {
      lastTh = ex;
      if (false) {
        ex.printStackTrace();
      }
      try {
        java.lang.Thread.sleep(50L);
      } catch (java.lang.InterruptedException ignored) {
  if (lastTh != null) {
    throw new java.lang.RuntimeException(lastTh);
```

- TP 1: For each interface, count how many classes implement it.
- TP 2: Inserts a probe in all entry methods to display its name and its declaring type.
- TP 2 (expert): Handles exit of methods.
- TP 3: Adds a probe (with the invocation of a method named checkNotNull) to check all parameters not primitives of a method.
- TP 3 (expert): Handles it with an annotation named @NotNull.
- TP 4: Create the annotation @Bound to check the minimum and maximum of a method parameter.
- TP 5 (expert): Create the annotation @RetryOnFailure to relaunch execution of a method if an exception is thrown.