DonorsChoose

DonorsChoose.org receives hundreds of thousands of project proposals each year for classroom projects in need of funding. Right now, a large number of volunteers is needed to manually screen each submission before it's approved to be posted on the DonorsChoose.org website.

Next year, DonorsChoose.org expects to receive close to 500,000 project proposals. As a result, there are three main problems they need to solve:

- How to scale current manual processes and resources to screen 500,000 projects so that they can be posted as quickly and as efficiently as possible
- · How to increase the consistency of project vetting across different volunteers to improve the experience for teachers
- How to focus volunteer time on the applications that need the most assistance

The goal of the competition is to predict whether or not a DonorsChoose.org project proposal submitted by a teacher will be approved, using the text of project descriptions as well as additional metadata about the project, teacher, and school. DonorsChoose.org can then use this information to identify projects most likely to need further review before approval.

About the DonorsChoose Data Set

The train.csv data set provided by DonorsChoose contains the following features:

Feature	Description
project_id	A unique identifier for the proposed project. Example: p036502
	Title of the project. Examples:
<pre>project_title</pre>	• Art Will Make You Happy!
	• First Grade Fun
	Grade level of students for which the project is targeted. One of the following enumerated values:
project grade category	• Grades PreK-2
project_grade_category	• Grades 3-5
	• Grades 6-8
	• Grades 9-12
	One or more (comma-separated) subject categories for the project from the following enumerated list of values:
	• Applied Learning
	• Care & Hunger
	• Health & Sports
	• History & Civics
	• Literacy & Language
project subject categories	• Math & Science
. 3 = 3 = 3	Music & The ArtsSpecial Needs
	• Warmth
	Examples:
	• Music & The Arts
	• Literacy & Language, Math & Science
school_state	State where school is located (Two-letter U.S. postal code). Example: WY
	One or more (comma-separated) subject subcategories for the project. Examples :
project subject subcategories	ene en mere (comma coparatou) eusjoch eusgenegenee ier mie projech =numproe r
F3333	
	• Literature & Writing, Social Sciences
	• Literature & Writing, Social Sciences
	• Literature & Writing, Social Sciences An explanation of the resources needed for the project. Example:
<pre>project_resource_summary</pre>	• Literature & Writing, Social Sciences
<pre>project_resource_summary project_essay_1</pre>	 Literacy Literature & Writing, Social Sciences An explanation of the resources needed for the project. Example: My students need hands on literacy materials to manage sensory
	• Literacy • Literature & Writing, Social Sciences An explanation of the resources needed for the project. Example: • My students need hands on literacy materials to manage sensory needs!

Description	Feature
Description Fourth application essay	project_essay_4_
Datetime when project application was submitted. Example: 2016-04-28 12:43:56.245	<pre>project_submitted_datetime</pre>
A unique identifier for the teacher of the proposed project. Example: bdf8baa8fedef6bfeec7ae4ff1c15c56	teacher_id
Teacher's title. One of the following enumerated values: nan Dr. Mr. Mrs. Mrs. Teacher.	teacher_prefix
Number of project applications previously submitted by the same teacher. Example: 2	teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects

^{*} See the section **Notes on the Essay Data** for more details about these features.

Additionally, the resources.csv data set provides more data about the resources required for each project. Each line in this file represents a resource required by a project:

Feature	Description
id	A project_id value from the train.csv file. Example: p036502
description	Desciption of the resource. Example: Tenor Saxophone Reeds, Box of 25
quantity	Quantity of the resource required. Example: 3
price	Price of the resource required. Example: 9.95

Note: Many projects require multiple resources. The <code>id</code> value corresponds to a <code>project_id</code> in train.csv, so you use it as a key to retrieve all resources needed for a project:

The data set contains the following label (the value you will attempt to predict):

Label

Description

project_is_approved

A binary flag indicating whether DonorsChoose approved the project. A value of 0 indicates the project was not approved, and a value of 1 indicates the project was approved.

Notes on the Essay Data

Prior to May 17, 2016, the prompts for the essays were as follows:

- __project_essay_1:__ "Introduce us to your classroom"
- __project_essay_2:__ "Tell us more about your students"
- __project_essay_3:__ "Describe how your students will use the materials you're requesting"
- __project_essay_3:__ "Close by sharing why your project will make a difference"

Starting on May 17, 2016, the number of essays was reduced from 4 to 2, and the prompts for the first 2 essays were changed to the following:

- __project_essay_1:__ "Describe your students: What makes your students special? Specific details about their background, your neighborhood, and your school are all helpful."
- __project_essay_2:__ "About your project: How will these materials make a difference in your students' learning and improve their school lives?"

For all projects with project_submitted_datetime of 2016-05-17 and later, the values of project_essay_3 and project_essay_4 will be NaN.

In [75]:

```
%matplotlib inline
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

import sqlite3
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import nltk
import string
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfTransformer
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
# Tutorial about Python regular expressions: https://pymotw.com/2/re/
import string
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
from nltk.stem.wordnet import WordNetLemmatizer
from gensim.models import Word2Vec
from gensim.models import KeyedVectors
import pickle
from tqdm import tqdm
import os
from plotly import plotly
import plotly.offline as offline
import plotly.graph objs as go
offline.init notebook mode()
from collections import Counter
from mpl toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import roc curve
from sklearn.metrics import roc auc score
```

1.1 Reading Data

```
In [2]:
project data = pd.read csv('train data.csv')
resource data = pd.read csv('resources.csv')
In [3]:
print("Number of data points in train data", project data.shape)
print('-'*50)
print("The attributes of data :", project data.columns.values)
Number of data points in train data (109248, 17)
The attributes of data : ['Unnamed: 0' 'id' 'teacher id' 'teacher prefix' 'school state'
 'project submitted datetime' 'project grade category'
 'project subject categories' 'project subject subcategories'
 'project title' 'project essay 1' 'project essay 2' 'project essay 3'
 'project essay 4' 'project resource summary'
 'teacher number of previously posted projects' 'project is approved']
In [4]:
print ("Number of data points in train data", resource data.shape)
print(resource data.columns.values)
resource data.head(2)
Number of data points in train data (1541272, 4)
['id' 'description' 'quantity' 'price']
Out[4]:
                                      description quantity
             LC652 - Lakeshore Double-Space Mobile Drying 1 149.00
0 p233245
```

```
id description quantity price

1 p069063 Bouncy Bands for Desks (Blue support pipes) 3 14.95
```

1.2 preprocessing of project subject categories

In [5]:

```
catogories = list(project_data['project_subject_categories'].values)
# remove special characters from list of strings python:
https://stackoverflow.com/a/47301924/4084039
# https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/removing-stop-words-nltk-python/
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/23669024/how-to-strip-a-specific-word-from-a-string
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/8270092/remove-all-whitespace-in-a-string-in-python
cat_list = []
for i in catogories:
    temp = ""
    # consider we have text like this "Math & Science, Warmth, Care & Hunger"
    for j in i.split(','): # it will split it in three parts ["Math & Science", "Warmth", "Care & E
       if 'The' in j.split(): # this will split each of the catogory based on space "Math & Science"
e"=> "Math","&", "Science"
            j=j.replace('The','') # if we have the words "The" we are going to replace it with ''(i
.e removing 'The')
       j = j.replace(' ','') # we are placeing all the ' '(space) with ''(empty) ex:"Math &
Science"=>"Math&Science"
        temp+=j.strip()+" " #" abc ".strip() will return "abc", remove the trailing spaces
        temp = temp.replace('&','_') # we are replacing the & value into
    cat list.append(temp.strip())
project_data['clean_categories'] = cat_list
project data.drop(['project subject categories'], axis=1, inplace=True)
from collections import Counter
my counter = Counter()
for word in project data['clean categories'].values:
   my counter.update(word.split())
cat dict = dict(my_counter)
sorted cat dict = dict(sorted(cat dict.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[1]))
```

1.3 preprocessing of project_subject_subcategories

In [6]:

```
sub_catogories = list(project_data['project_subject_subcategories'].values)
# remove special characters from list of strings python:
https://stackoverflow.com/a/47301924/4084039
# https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/removing-stop-words-nltk-python/
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/23669024/how-to-strip-a-specific-word-from-a-string
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/8270092/remove-all-whitespace-in-a-string-in-python
sub cat list = []
for i in sub_catogories:
    temp = ""
    # consider we have text like this "Math & Science, Warmth, Care & Hunger"
    for j in i.split(','): # it will split it in three parts ["Math & Science", "Warmth", "Care & L
unger"]
       if 'The' in j.split(): # this will split each of the catogory based on space "Math & Science
e"=> "Math","&", "Science"
            j=j.replace('The','') # if we have the words "The" we are going to replace it with ''(i
.e removing 'The')
       j = j.replace(' ','') # we are placeing all the ' '(space) with ''(empty) ex:"Math &
Science"=>"Math&Science"
       temp +=j.strip()+" "#" abc ".strip() will return "abc", remove the trailing spaces
        temp = temp.replace('&',' ')
    sub cat list.append(temp.strip())
project data['clean subcategories'] = sub cat list
project data.drop(['project subject subcategories'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

1.3 Text preprocessing

```
In [7]:
```

In [8]:

```
project_data.head(2)
```

Out[8]:

	Unnamed: 0	id	teacher_id	teacher_prefix	school_state	project_submitted_datetime	project_grade_cate
0	160221	p253737	c90749f5d961ff158d4b4d1e7dc665fc	Mrs.	IN	2016-12-05 13:43:57	Grades P
1	140945	p258326	897464ce9ddc600bced1151f324dd63a	Mr.	FL	2016-10-25 09:22:10	Grade

```
1
```

In [9]:

```
price_data = resource_data.groupby('id').agg({'price':'sum', 'quantity':'sum'}).reset_index()
price_data.head(2)
project_data = pd.merge(project_data, price_data, on='id', how='left')
```

Assignment 9: RF and GBDT

Response Coding: Example

The response tabel is built only on train dataset. For a category which is not there in train data and present in test data, we will encode them with default values Ex: in our test data if have State: D then we encode it as [0.5, 0.5]

1. Apply both Random Forrest and GBDT on these feature sets

- Set 1: categorical(instead of one hot encoding, try <u>response coding</u>: use probability values), numerical features + project_title(BOW) + preprocessed_eassay (BOW)
- Set 2: categorical(instead of one hot encoding, try <u>response coding</u>: use probability values), numerical features + project_title(TFIDF)+ preprocessed_eassay (TFIDF)
- Set 3: categorical(instead of one hot encoding, try response coding: use probability values), numerical features +
 project_title(AVG W2V)+ preprocessed_eassay (AVG W2V). Here for this set take 20K datapoints only.

• Set 4: categorical(instead of one hot encoding, try <u>response coding</u>: use probability values), numerical features + project_title(TFIDF W2V)+ preprocessed_eassay (TFIDF W2V). Here for this set take **20K** datapoints only.

2. The hyper paramter tuning (Consider any two hyper parameters preferably n_estimators, max_depth)

- Consider the following range for hyperparameters **n_estimators** = [10, 50, 100, 150, 200, 300, 500, 1000], **max_depth** = [2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
- Find the best hyper parameter which will give the maximum AUC value
- Find the best hyper paramter using simple cross validation data
- You can write your own for loops to do this task

3. Representation of results

• You need to plot the performance of model both on train data and cross validation data for each hyper parameter, like shown in the figure

with X-axis as **n_estimators**, Y-axis as **max_depth**, and Z-axis as **AUC Score**, we have given the notebook which explains how to plot this 3d plot, you can find it in the same drive $3d_scatter_plot.ipynb$

or

• You need to plot the performance of model both on train data and cross validation data for each hyper parameter, like shown in the figure

seaborn heat maps with rows as n_estimators, columns as max_depth, and values inside the cell representing AUC Score

- You can choose either of the plotting techniques: 3d plot or heat map
- Once after you found the best hyper parameter, you need to train your model with it, and find the AUC on test data and plot the ROC curve on both train and test.
- Along with plotting ROC curve, you need to print the confusion matrix with predicted and original labels of test data points

4. Conclusion

 You need to summarize the results at the end of the notebook, summarize it in the table format. To print out a table please refer to this prettytable library <u>link</u>

Note: Data Leakage

- 1. There will be an issue of data-leakage if you vectorize the entire data and then split it into train/cv/test.
- 2. To avoid the issue of data-leakag, make sure to split your data first and then vectorize it.
- 3. While vectorizing your data, apply the method fit_transform() on you train data, and apply the method transform() on cv/test data.
- 4. For more details please go through this link.

2. Random Forest and GBDT

2.1 Splitting data into Train and cross validation(or test): Stratified Sampling

In [10]:

```
# please write all the code with proper documentation, and proper titles for each subsection
# go through documentations and blogs before you start coding
# first figure out what to do, and then think about how to do.
# reading and understanding error messages will be very much helpfull in debugging your code
# when you plot any graph make sure you use
# a. Title, that describes your plot, this will be very helpful to the reader
# b. Legends if needed
# c. X-axis label
# d. Y-axis label
sample_data=project_data.sample(50000)
sample_data.shape
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
data=sample_data
data.head()
y=data["project_is_approved"].values
```

```
x=uala
x train,x test,y train1,y test1=train test split(x,y,train size=0.8,test size=0.2,stratify=y)
x_train,x_cv,y_train1,y_cv1=train_test_split(x_train,y_train1,train_size=0.75,test_size=0.25,strati
fy=y_train1)
print("shape of train data ")
print(x train.shape)
print(y_train1.shape)
print("shape of test data ")
print(x_test.shape)
print(y_test1.shape)
print("shape of crossvalidation data ")
print(x cv.shape)
print(y cv1.shape)
4
shape of train data
(30000, 20)
(30000,)
shape of test data
(10000, 20)
(10000,)
shape of crossvalidation data
(10000, 20)
(10000,)
In [11]:
# please write all the code with proper documentation, and proper titles for each subsection
# go through documentations and blogs before you start coding
# first figure out what to do, and then think about how to do.
# reading and understanding error messages will be very much helpfull in debugging your code
# when you plot any graph make sure you use
    # a. Title, that describes your plot, this will be very helpful to the reader
    # b. Legends if needed
    # c. X-axis label
    # d. Y-axis label
sample data=project data.sample(20000)
sample data.shape
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
data=sample data
data.head()
y=data["project_is_approved"].values
x=data
x_train2,x_test2,y_train2,y_test2=train_test_split(x,y,train_size=0.8,test_size=0.2,stratify=y)
x train2,x cv2,y train2,y cv2=train test split(x train2,y train2,train size=0.75,test size=0.25,str
atify=y train2)
print("shape of train data ")
print(x train2.shape)
print(y train2.shape)
print("shape of test data ")
print(x test2.shape)
print(y_test2.shape)
print("shape of crossvalidation data ")
print(x cv2.shape)
print(y_cv2.shape)
4
shape of train data
(12000, 20)
(12000,)
shape of test data
(4000, 20)
(4000,)
shape of crossvalidation data
(4000, 20)
(4000,)
In [ ]:
```

2.2 Make Data Model Ready: encoding numerical, categorical features

In [12]:

```
def get fea dict(alpha, feature):
   fea dict=dict()
   value count=x train[feature].value counts()
   for i , denominator in value count.items():
       vec=[]
       for k in range (0,2):
           cnt=x train[(x train["project is approved"]==k) & (x train[feature]==i)]
           vec.append((cnt.shape[0]+alpha*10)/(denominator+alpha*20))
   return fea dict
def get fea(alpha, feature, df):
   fea_dict=get_fea_dict(alpha, feature)
   value_count=x_train[feature].value_counts()
   gv fea = []
    # for every feature values in the given data frame we will check if it is there in the train
data then we will add the feature to gv fea
    # if not we will add [1/9,1/9,1/9,1/9,1/9,1/9,1/9,1/9] to gv fea
   for index, row in df.iterrows():
       if row[feature] in dict(value count).keys():
           gv_fea.append(fea_dict[row[feature]])
       else:
           gv fea.append([1/2,1/2])
            #gv fea.append([-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,])
   return gv fea
```

In [20]:

```
def get_fea_dict2(alpha, feature):
    fea_dict=dict()
    value count=x train2[feature].value counts()
    for i , denominator in value count.items():
        vec=[]
        for k in range(0,2):
            \verb|cnt=x_train2[(x_train2["project_is_approved"] == k) & (x_train2[feature] == i)|| \\
            vec.append((cnt.shape[0]+alpha*10)/(denominator+alpha*20))
        fea dict[i]=vec
    return fea_dict
def get fea2(alpha, feature, df):
    fea_dict=get_fea_dict(alpha, feature)
    value count=x train2[feature].value counts()
    gv_fea = []
    # for every feature values in the given data frame we will check if it is there in the train
data then we will add the feature to gv fea
    # if not we will add [1/9,1/9,1/9,1/9,1/9,1/9,1/9,1/9,1/9] to gv fea
    for index, row in df.iterrows():
        if row[feature] in dict(value count).keys():
            gv_fea.append(fea_dict[row[feature]])
            gv fea.append([1/2,1/2])
            #gv_fea.append([-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1])
    return gv fea
```

In [13]:

```
alpha = 1
# train gene feature
train_cleancat_feature_responseCoding = np.array(get_fea(alpha, "clean_categories", x_train))
# test gene feature
test_cleancat_feature_responseCoding = np.array(get_fea(alpha, "clean_categories", x_test))
# cross validation gene feature
cv_cleancat_feature_responseCoding = np.array(get_fea(alpha, "clean_categories", x_cv))
```

```
In [18]:
```

```
alpha = 1
# train gene feature
train cleansub feature responseCoding = np.array(get fea(alpha, "clean subcategories", x train))
# test gene feature
test cleansub feature responseCoding = np.array(get fea(alpha, "clean subcategories", x test))
# cross validation gene feature
cv_cleansub_feature_responseCoding = np.array(get_fea(alpha, "clean_subcategories", x_cv))
alpha = 1
# train gene feature
train state feature responseCoding = np.array(get fea(alpha, "school state", x train))
# test gene feature
test_state_feature_responseCoding = np.array(get_fea(alpha, "school_state", x_test))
# cross validation gene feature
cv_state_feature_responseCoding = np.array(get_fea(alpha, "school_state", x_cv))
alpha = 1
# train gene feature
train teach feature responseCoding = np.array(get fea(alpha, "teacher prefix", x train))
# test gene feature
test_teach_feature_responseCoding = np.array(get_fea(alpha, "teacher_prefix", x_test))
# cross validation gene feature
cv teach feature responseCoding = np.array(get fea(alpha, "teacher prefix", x cv))
alpha = 1
# train gene feature
train proj feature responseCoding = np.array(get fea(alpha, "project grade category", x train))
 test gene feature
test_proj_feature_responseCoding = np.array(get_fea(alpha, "project_grade_category", x_test))
# cross validation gene feature
cv_proj_feature_responseCoding = np.array(get_fea(alpha, "project_grade_category", x_cv))
```

In [21]:

```
alpha = 1
# train gene feature
train cleancat feature responseCoding2 = np.array(get fea2(alpha, "clean categories", x train2))
 # test gene feature
test_cleancat_feature_responseCoding2 = np.array(get_fea2(alpha, "clean_categories", x_test2))
# cross validation gene feature
cv cleancat feature responseCoding2 = np.array(get fea2(alpha, "clean categories", x cv2))
alpha = 1
# train gene feature
train_cleansub_feature_responseCoding2 = np.array(get_fea2(alpha, "clean_subcategories",
x_train2))
# test gene feature
test_cleansub_feature_responseCoding2 = np.array(get_fea2(alpha, "clean_subcategories", x_test2))
# cross validation gene feature
cv cleansub feature responseCoding2 = np.array(get fea2(alpha, "clean subcategories", x cv2))
alpha = 1
# train gene feature
train state feature responseCoding2 = np.array(get fea2(alpha, "school state", x train2))
# test gene feature
test state feature responseCoding2 = np.array(get fea2(alpha, "school state", x test2))
# cross validation gene feature
cv state feature responseCoding2 = np.array(get fea2(alpha, "school state", x cv2))
alpha = 1
# train gene feature
train_teach_feature_responseCoding2 = np.array(get_fea2(alpha, "teacher_prefix", x_train2))
# test gene feature
test teach feature responseCoding2 = np.array(get fea2(alpha, "teacher prefix", x test2))
# cross validation gene feature
cv teach feature responseCoding2 = np.array(get fea2(alpha, "teacher prefix", x cv2))
alpha = 1
# train gene feature
train proj feature responseCoding2 = np.array(get fea2(alpha, "project grade category", x train2))
# test gene feature
test proj feature responseCoding2 = np.array(get fea2(alpha, "project grade category", x test2))
# cross validation gene feature
```

```
cv proj reature responsecoding/ = np.array(get rea/(alpna, "project grade category", x cv/))
In [40]:
def veccat(x, cat, subcat, state, teach, proj):
    \textbf{from sklearn.feature\_extraction.text import} \ \texttt{CountVectorizer}
    from sklearn.preprocessing import Normalizer
    from scipy.sparse import hstack
   price scalar = Normalizer(copy=False, norm='12')
   price scalar.fit(x['price'].values.reshape(1,-1)) # finding the mean and standard deviation of
this data
    # Now standardize the data with above maen and variance.
    price_standardized = price_scalar.transform(x['price'].values.reshape(1, -1))
    price standardized=np.transpose(price standardized)
    projects scalar = Normalizer(copy=False, norm='12')
   projects scalar.fit(x['teacher number of previously posted projects'].values.reshape(1,-1)) # f
inding the mean and standard deviation of this data
    # Now standardize the data with above maen and variance.
    projects standardized =
projects scalar.transform(x['teacher number of previously posted projects'].values.reshape(1, -1))
   projects standardized =np.transpose(projects standardized)
```

qty scalar.fit(x['quantity'].values.reshape(1,-1)) # finding the mean and standard deviation of

X1 = np.concatenate((cat, subcat, state, teach, proj, price_standardized, projects_standardized, qty_

In [41]:

standardized),axis=1)

print(X1.shape)
return(X1)

this data

qty scalar= Normalizer(copy=False, norm='12')

qty_standardized=np.transpose(qty_standardized)

Now standardize the data with above maen and variance.

qty standardized = qty scalar.transform(x['quantity'].values.reshape(1, -1))

x=veccat(x_train, train_cleancat_feature_responseCoding, train_cleansub_feature_responseCoding, train_
state_feature_responseCoding, train_teach_feature_responseCoding, train_proj_feature_responseCoding)
t=veccat(x_test, test_cleancat_feature_responseCoding, test_cleansub_feature_responseCoding, test_stat
e_feature_responseCoding, test_teach_feature_responseCoding, test_proj_feature_responseCoding)
cv=veccat(x_cv,cv_cleancat_feature_responseCoding,cv_cleansub_feature_responseCoding,cv_state_feature_responseCoding,cv_teach_feature_responseCoding)

[**]

(30000, 13) (10000, 13)

(10000, 13)

In [37]:

(30000, 2)

In [42]:

```
x2=veccat(x_train2, train_cleancat_feature_responseCoding2, train_cleansub_feature_responseCoding2, train_state_feature_responseCoding2, train_teach_feature_responseCoding2, train_proj_feature_responseCoding2)
t2=veccat(x_test2, test_cleancat_feature_responseCoding2, test_cleansub_feature_responseCoding2, test_state_feature_responseCoding2, test_proj_feature_responseCoding2
)
cv2=veccat(x_cv2, cv_cleancat_feature_responseCoding2, cv_cleansub_feature_responseCoding2, cv_state_feature_responseCoding2, cv_teach_feature_responseCoding2, cv_proj_feature_responseCoding2)
```

```
(12000, 13)
(4000, 13)
(4000, 13)

In [0]:

# please write all the code with proper documentation, and proper titles for each subsection
# go through documentations and blogs before you start coding
# first figure out what to do, and then think about how to do.
# reading and understanding error messages will be very much helpfull in debugging your code
# make sure you featurize train and test data separatly

# when you plot any graph make sure you use
# a. Title, that describes your plot, this will be very helpful to the reader
# b. Legends if needed
# c. X-axis label
# d. Y-axis label
```

2.3 Make Data Model Ready: encoding eassay, and project_title

In [43]:

```
# please write all the code with proper documentation, and proper titles for each subsection
# go through documentations and blogs before you start coding
# first figure out what to do, and then think about how to do.
# reading and understanding error messages will be very much helpfull in debugging your code
# make sure you featurize train and test data separatly
# when you plot any graph make sure you use
   # a. Title, that describes your plot, this will be very helpful to the reader
   # b. Legends if needed
   # c. X-axis label
   # d. Y-axis label
import re
def decontracted(phrase):
   # specific
   phrase = re.sub(r"won't", "will not", phrase)
   phrase = re.sub(r"can\'t", "can not", phrase)
   # general
   phrase = re.sub(r"n\'t", " not", phrase)
   phrase = re.sub(r"\'re", " are", phrase)
   phrase = re.sub(r"\'s", " is", phrase)
   phrase = re.sub(r"\'d", " would", phrase)
   phrase = re.sub(r"\'ll", " will", phrase)
   phrase = re.sub(r"\'t", " not", phrase)
   phrase = re.sub(r"\'ve", " have", phrase)
   phrase = re.sub(r"\'m", " am", phrase)
   return phrase
```

In [44]:

```
stopwords= ['i', 'me', 'my', 'myself', 'we', 'our', 'ours', 'ourselves', 'you', "you're", "you've",
            "you'll", "you'd", 'your', 'yours', 'yourself', 'yourselves', 'he', 'him', 'his',
'himself', \
            'she', "she's", 'her', 'hers', 'herself', 'it', "it's", 'its', 'itself', 'they', 'them',
'their'.\
            'theirs', 'themselves', 'what', 'which', 'who', 'whom', 'this', 'that', "that'll",
'these', 'those',
            'am', 'is', 'are', 'was', 'were', 'be', 'been', 'being', 'have', 'has', 'had', 'having',
'do', 'does', \
            'did', 'doing', 'a', 'an', 'the', 'and', 'but', 'if', 'or', 'because', 'as', 'until', '
while', 'of', \
            'at', 'by', 'for', 'with', 'about', 'against', 'between', 'into', 'through', 'during',
'before', 'after',\
            'above', 'below', 'to', 'from', 'up', 'down', 'in', 'out', 'on', 'off', 'over', 'under'
 'again', 'further',\
            'then', 'once', 'here', 'there', 'when', 'where', 'why', 'how', 'all', 'any', 'both', '\epsilon
ach', 'few', 'more',\
```

In [45]:

```
def preprocessing(x):
   import nltk
   nltk.download('stopwords')
   from tqdm import tqdm
   preprocessed_essays = []
    # tqdm is for printing the status bar
   for sentence in tqdm(x.values):
       sent = decontracted (sentence)
       sent = sent.replace('\\r', ' ')
       sent = sent.replace('\\"', ' ')
       sent = sent.replace('\\n', ' ')
       sent = re.sub('[^A-Za-z0-9]+', '', sent)
       # https://gist.github.com/sebleier/554280
       sent=' '.join(e.lower() for e in sent.split() if e.lower() not in stopwords)
       preprocessed essays.append(sent.strip())
   return preprocessed essays
```

In [46]:

```
train essay=[]
test essay=[]
cv essay=[]
train title=[]
test title=[]
cv title=[]
train essay=preprocessing(x train['essay'])
test essay=preprocessing(x test['essay'])
cv_essay=preprocessing(x_cv['essay'])
train title=preprocessing(x train['project title'])
test_title=preprocessing(x_test['project_title'])
cv title=preprocessing(x cv['project title'])
train_essay2=[]
test essay2=[]
cv essay2=[]
train title2=[]
test title2=[]
cv title2=[]
train essay2=preprocessing(x train2['essay'])
test essay2=preprocessing(x test2['essay'])
cv essay2=preprocessing(x cv2['essay'])
train title2=preprocessing(x train2['project title'])
test_title2=preprocessing(x_test2['project_title'])
cv_title2=preprocessing(x_cv2['project_title'])
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk data]
             C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
[nltk data]
              Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
                                                                                | 30000/30000
100%|
[00:28<00:00, 1058.07it/s]
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk_data]
              C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
             Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data]
100%|
                                                                                | 10000/10000
[00:08<00:00, 1248.12it/s]
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
               C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
[nltk data]
[nltk data]
              Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
100%|
                                                                                1 10000/10000
[00:08<00:00, 1249.18it/s]
```

```
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk data]
              C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
[nltk data]
             Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
100%|
                                                                        1 30000/30000
[00:01<00:00, 24445.15it/s]
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk data]
             C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
[nltk data]
             Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
                                                                             | 10000/10000
[00:00<00:00, 24464.90it/s]
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk_data]
              C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
[nltk data]
             Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
100%|
                                                                            10000/10000
[00:00<00:00, 25078.26it/s]
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk data]
              C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
[nltk data]
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[nltk data] C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
[nltk data]
             Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
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[00:03<00:00, 1232.29it/s]
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk_data]
             C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
[nltk data]
             Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
100%|
                                                                        1 4000/4000
[00:03<00:00, 1158.46it/s]
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk data] C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
[nltk_data]
100%|
             Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
                                                                           | 12000/12000
[00:00<00:00, 20992.09it/s]
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk data]
              C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
             Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[nltk data]
                                                                               4000/4000
100%|
[00:00<00:00, 23002.65it/s]
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk data]
             C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
             Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data]
                                                                               | 4000/4000
100%|
[00:00<00:00, 21871.65it/s]
```

In [49]:

```
from scipy.sparse import hstack
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
def bow text(train essay, test essay, cv essay,train title,test title,cv title,x1,t1,cv1):
    from scipy.sparse import hstack
    vectorizer = CountVectorizer(ngram range=(1,2),min df=10,max features=5000)
    vectorizer.fit(train_essay)
    text bow=vectorizer.transform(train essay)
    text bow1 = vectorizer.transform(test essay)
    text bow2 = vectorizer.transform(cv essay)
    #feature bow.extend(vectorizer.get feature names())
    vectorizer= CountVectorizer()
    vectorizer.fit(train title)
    title bow=vectorizer.transform(train title)
    title bow1 = vectorizer.transform(test title)
    title bow2 = vectorizer.transform(cv title)
    x1 = hstack((x1, text bow, title bow)).tocsr()
    t1= hstack((t1,text bow1,title bow1 )).tocsr()
    cv1 = hstack((cv1,text bow2,title bow2 )).tocsr()
```

```
return x1,t1,cv1
In [501:
xbow,tbow,cvbow=bow text(train essay, test essay, cv essay,train title,test title,cv title,x,t,cv)
print (xbow.shape)
print (tbow.shape)
print(cvbow.shape)
(30000, 14161)
(10000, 14161)
(10000, 14161)
In [53]:
def tfidf_text(train_essay, test_essay, cv_essay,train_title,test title,cv title,x1,t1,cv1):
    from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
    vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(ngram_range=(1,2),min_df=10,max_features=5000)
   vectorizer.fit(train essay)
    #feature_tfidf.extend(vectorizer.get_feature_names())
   text tfidf=vectorizer.transform(train essay)
    text tfidf1 = vectorizer.transform(test essay)
    text tfidf2 = vectorizer.transform(cv essay)
   vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
   vectorizer.fit(train title)
    title tfidf=vectorizer.transform(train title)
    title tfidf1 = vectorizer.transform(test title)
    title_tfidf2 = vectorizer.transform(cv_title)
    x1 = hstack((x1,text tfidf,title tfidf))
    t1= hstack((t1,text tfidf1,title tfidf1 ))
    cv1 = hstack((cv1,text_tfidf2,title_tfidf2 ))
    return x1,t1,cv1
In [54]:
xtf,ttf,cvtf=tfidf text(train essay, test essay, cv essay,train title,test title,cv title,x,t,cv)
print(xtf.shape)
print(ttf.shape)
print(cvtf.shape)
(30000, 14161)
(10000, 14161)
(10000, 14161)
In [55]:
def avgword2vec(text):
    with open('glove_vectors', 'rb') as f:
        model = pickle.load(f)
        glove words = set(model.keys())
    avg w2v vectors = []; # the avg-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list
    for sentence in tqdm(text):# for each review/sentence
       vector = np.zeros(300) # as word vectors are of zero length
        cnt words =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
        for word in sentence.split(): # for each word in a review/sentence
            if word in glove words:
                vector += model[word]
               cnt words += 1
        if cnt_words != 0:
            vector /= cnt words
        avg w2v vectors.append(vector)
    return avg_w2v_vectors
```

def w2v(train essav. test essav. cv essav.train title.test title.cv title.x.t.cv):

In [60]:

```
text_w2v=avgword2vec(train_essay2)
text_w2v1 = avgword2vec(test_essay2)
text_w2v2 = avgword2vec(cv_essay2)

title_w2v=avgword2vec(train_title2)
title_w2v1 = avgword2vec(test_title2)
title_w2v2 = avgword2vec(cv_title2)
x1 = np.concatenate((x,text_w2v,title_w2v),axis=1)
t1= np.concatenate((t,text_w2v1,title_w2v1),axis=1)
cv1 = np.concatenate((cv,text_w2v2,title_w2v2),axis=1)
return x1,t1,cv1
```

In [61]:

```
xaw2v,taw2v,cvaw2v=w2v(train_essay2, test_essay2, cv_essay2,train_title2,test_title2,cv_title2,x2,t
2,cv2)
print(xaw2v.shape)
print(taw2v.shape)
print (cvaw2v.shape)
                                                                     12000/12000
[00:04<00:00, 2436.59it/s]
[00:01<00:00, 2445.01it/s]
100%|
                                                                                1 4000/4000
[00:01<00:00, 2451.00it/s]
100%|
                                                                           1 12000/12000
[00:00<00:00, 36058.27it/s]
                                                                                4000/4000
[00:00<00:00, 42579.82it/s]
100%|
[00:00<00:00, 33634.14it/s]
(12000, 613)
(4000, 613)
(4000, 613)
```

In [63]:

```
def tfidfw2v(text,dictionary,tfidf words):
    with open('glove vectors', 'rb') as f:
           model = pickle.load(f)
            glove words = set(model.keys())
    tfidf_w2v_vectors = []; # the avg-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list
    for sentence in tqdm(text): # for each review/sentence
        vector = np.zeros(300) # as word vectors are of zero length
       tf_idf_weight =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
       for word in sentence.split(): # for each word in a review/sentence
            if (word in glove words) and (word in tfidf words):
               vec = model[word] # getting the vector for each word
                # here we are multiplying idf value(dictionary[word]) and the tf
value((sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())))
               tf idf = dictionary[word]*(sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())) # getting
the tfidf value for each word
               vector += (vec * tf idf) # calculating tfidf weighted w2v
               tf idf weight += tf idf
       if tf_idf_weight != 0:
           vector /= tf idf weight
        tfidf w2v vectors.append(vector)
    return tfidf_w2v_vectors
```

In [64]:

```
def tfiw2v(train_essay, test_essay, cv_essay,train_title,test_title,cv_title,x,t,cv):
    tfidf_model = TfidfVectorizer()
    tfidf_model.fit(train_essay2)
    # we are converting a dictionary with word as a key, and the idf as a value
    dictionary = dict(zip(tfidf_model.get_feature_names(), list(tfidf_model.idf_)))
```

```
tfidf_words = set(tfidf_model.get_feature_names())

text_tfw2v=tfidfw2v(train_essay2,dictionary,tfidf_words)
text_tfw2v1=tfidfw2v(test_essay2,dictionary,tfidf_words)

text_tfw2v2=tfidfw2v(cv_essay2,dictionary,tfidf_words)

tfidf_model.fit(train_title2)

# we are converting a dictionary with word as a key, and the idf as a value
dictionary = dict(zip(tfidf_model.get_feature_names(), list(tfidf_model.idf_)))

tfidf_words = set(tfidf_model.get_feature_names())

title_tfw2v=tfidfw2v(train_title2,dictionary,tfidf_words)

title_tfw2v1=tfidfw2v(test_title2,dictionary,tfidf_words)

title_tfw2v2=tfidfw2v(cv_title2,dictionary,tfidf_words)

x1 = np.concatenate((x,text_tfw2v,title_tfw2v),axis=1)

t1= np.concatenate((t,text_tfw2v1,title_tfw2v2),axis=1)

return x1,t1,cv1
```

In [65]:

```
xtw2v,ttw2v,cvtw2v=tfiw2v(train_essay2, test_essay2, cv_essay2,train_title2,test_title2,cv title2,x
2,t2,cv2)
print(xtw2v.shape)
print(ttw2v.shape)
print(cvtw2v.shape)
100%|
                                                                                 | 12000/12000 [00:
43<00:00, 273.85it/s]
100%|
                                                                                     4000/4000
[00:12<00:00, 322.60it/s]
100%|
[00:13<00:00, 303.78it/s]
100%|
                                                                               1 12000/12000
[00:00<00:00, 18761.62it/s]
100%|
                                                                                   4000/4000
[00:00<00:00, 22236.03it/s]
100%|
                                                                                 | 4000/4000
[00:00<00:00, 22113.20it/s]
(12000, 613)
(4000, 613)
(4000, 613)
```

2.4 Applying Random Forest

Apply Random Forest on different kind of featurization as mentioned in the instructions For Every model that you work on make sure you do the step 2 and step 3 of instrucations

2.4.1 Applying Random Forests on BOW, SET 1

In [83]:

```
# Please write all the code with proper documentation
def hp(x_train,y_train,x_cv,y_cv):
   alpha = [10, 50, 100, 150, 200, 300, 500, 1000]
   max_depth = [2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
   scores auc=[]
    cv log error array = []
    for i in alpha:
        for j in max depth:
            #print("for n estimators =", i,"and max depth = ", j)
            clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=i, criterion='gini', max_depth=j,
random state=42, n jobs=-1)
           clf.fit(x_train, y_train)
            prob= clf.predict proba(x cv)
            prob=prob[:,1]
            scores_auc.append(roc_auc_score(y_cv,prob))
        # Chosen optimal k with the highest AUC score
    index=scores auc.index(max(scores auc))
    optimal alpha = alpha[int(index/10)]
```

```
atp...a [ t... ( t...ac. )
   optimal depth= max depth[index%10]
  clf = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=optimal alpha, criterion='gini', max depth=optimal de
pth, random state=42, n jobs=-1)
  clf.fit(x_train,y_train)
   # predict probabilities
   prob = clf.predict proba(x cv)
   # keep probabilities for the positive outcome only
   prob = prob[:, 1]
   prob1=clf.predict_proba(x_train)
   prob1=prob1[:, 1]
   # calculate roc curve
   fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_cv, prob)
   fpr1, tpr1, thresholds1 = roc curve(y train, prob1)
   # plot no skill
   plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], linestyle='--')
   # plot the roc curve for the model
   plt.plot(fpr, tpr, marker='.',label="CrossValidated or test ROC")
   plt.plot(fpr1, tpr1, marker='.', label='Train ROC')
   plt.legend()
   # show the plot
   plt.title("Receiver Operating Characteristics")
   plt.xlabel("False Positive Rate")
   plt.ylabel("True Positive Rate")
   plt.show()
   print("Optimal alpha ",optimal alpha)
   print("Optimal depth ",optimal depth)
   print("AUC: ", max(scores auc))
   fig=plt.figure()
   depth plot=[2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]*8
   ax=fig.add subplot(111,projection='3d')
   ax.scatter(alpha plot, depth plot, scores auc)
   ax.set xlabel("n estimators")
   ax.set_ylabel("max_depth")
   ax.set zlabel("AUC Score")
   plt.show()
4
```

In [92]:

```
def test auc(x train, y train, x test, y test, est, depth):
   clf = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=est, criterion='gini', max depth=depth, random state=
42, n jobs=-1)
   clf.fit(x_train,y_train)
   # predict probabilities
   prob = clf.predict proba(x test)
    # keep probabilities for the positive outcome only
   prob = prob[:, 1]
   prob1=clf.predict_proba(x_train)
   prob1=prob1[:, 1]
    # calculate roc curve
   fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc curve (y test, prob)
   fpr1, tpr1, thresholds1 = roc curve(y train, prob1)
    # plot no skill
   plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], linestyle='--')
    # plot the roc curve for the model
   plt.plot(fpr, tpr, marker='.',label=" test ROC")
   plt.plot(fpr1, tpr1, marker='.', label='Train ROC')
   plt.legend()
    # show the plot
   plt.title("Receiver Operating Characteristics")
   plt.xlabel("False Positive Rate")
   plt.ylabel("True Positive Rate")
   plt.show()
   print(roc auc score(y test,prob))
```

In [99]:

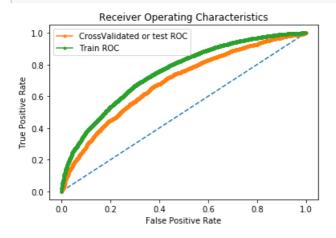
```
# Predictions on test data

def predict(v train v train v test v test alpha denth):
```

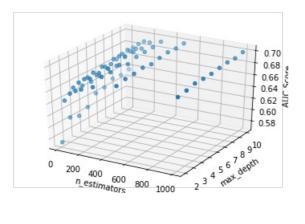
```
#from sklearn.naive_bayes import Multinomialrange
   clf=RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=alpha, criterion='gini', max_depth=depth, random_state=
42, n_jobs=-1)
   clf.fit(x_train,y_train)
   prob1=clf.predict_proba(x_train)
   prob1=prob1[:,1]
   fpr, tpr, threshould = roc_curve(y_train, prob1)
   t = threshould[np.argmax(tpr*(1-fpr))]
   prob= clf.predict_proba(x_test)
   prob=prob[:,1]
   \# (tpr*(1-fpr)) will be maximum if your fpr is very low and tpr is very high
   print("the maximum value of tpr*(1-fpr)", max(tpr*(1-fpr)), "for threshold", np.round(t,3))
   print("train AUC =",str(auc(fpr, tpr)))
   predictions = []
   for i in prob:
       if i>=t:
           predictions.append(1)
       else:
           predictions.append(0)
   return predictions
4
```

In [84]:

hp(xbow,y_train1,cvbow,y_cv1)



Optimal alpha 1000 Optimal depth 3 AUC: 0.6990887043919477

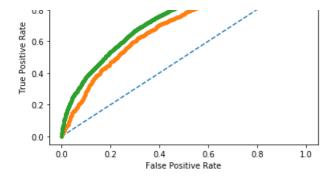


In [93]:

```
test_auc(xbow,y_train1,tbow,y_test1,1000,3)
```

```
Receiver Operating Characteristics

1.0 test ROC
Train ROC
```



0.6968920109453491

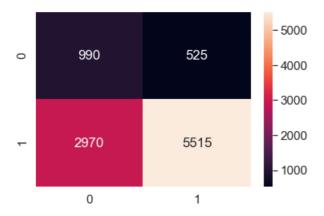
In [100]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
#from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
labels=[0,1]
print("Test confusion matrix")
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test1, predict(xbow, y_train1, tbow, y_test1,1000,3),labels)
sns.set(font_scale=1.4)
sns.heatmap(cm,fmt='d',annot=True)
```

Test confusion matrix the maximum value of tpr*(1-fpr) 0.4678694330205779 for threshold 0.847 train AUC = 0.7510668954606015

Out[100]:

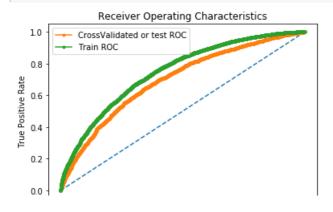
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1b0ddc538d0>



2.4.2 Applying Random Forests on TFIDF, SET 2

In [85]:

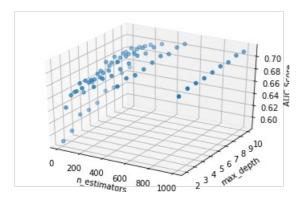
```
# Please write all the code with proper documentation
hp(xtf,y_train1,cvtf,y_cv1)
```





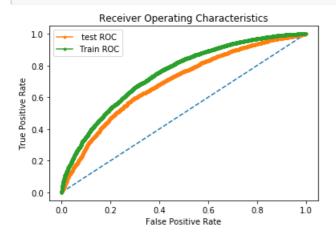
Optimal alpha 1000 Optimal depth 2

AUC: 0.7097005587417905



In [94]:

test_auc(xtf,y_train1,ttf,y_test1,1000,2)



0.6936569484880132

In [101]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
#from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
labels=[0,1]
print("Test confusion matrix")
\verb|cm=confusion_matrix(y_test1, predict(xtf, y_train1, ttf, y_test1, 1000, 2), labels)| \\
sns.set(font_scale=1.4)
sns.heatmap(cm,fmt='d',annot=True)
```

Test confusion matrix the maximum value of tpr*(1-fpr) 0.46404058286709576 for threshold 0.848 train AUC = 0.7474849545349169

Out[101]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1b08130f550>

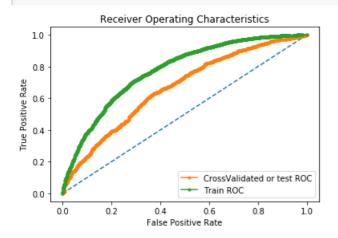




2.4.3 Applying Random Forests on AVG W2V, SET 3

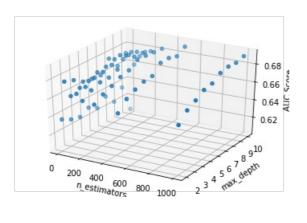
In [87]:

Please write all the code with proper documentation
hp(xaw2v,y_train2,cvaw2v,y_cv2)



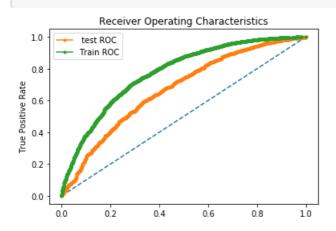
Optimal alpha 1000 Optimal depth 3

AUC: 0.6894918025237173



In [95]:

test_auc(xaw2v,y_train2,taw2v,y_test2,1000,3)



0.6720202711628298

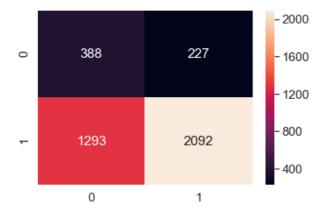
In [102]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
#from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
labels=[0,1]
print("Test confusion matrix")
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test2, predict(xaw2v, y_train2, taw2v, y_test2,1000,3),labels)
sns.set(font_scale=1.4)
sns.heatmap(cm,fmt='d',annot=True)
```

Test confusion matrix the maximum value of tpr*(1-fpr) 0.50192581375741 for threshold 0.842 train AUC = 0.7751250461207266

Out[102]:

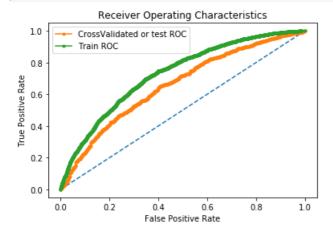
<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1b08303c588>



2.4.4 Applying Random Forests on TFIDF W2V, SET 4

In [88]:

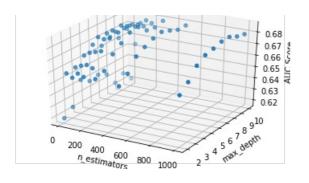
Please write all the code with proper documentation
hp(xtw2v,y train2,cvtw2v,y cv2)



Optimal alpha 300 Optimal depth 2

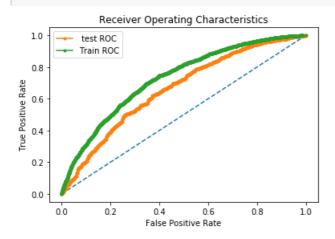
AUC: 0.6839462251696294





In [96]:

test_auc(xtw2v,y_train2,ttw2v,y_test2,300,2)



0.6633574713885987

In [103]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
#from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
labels=[0,1]
print("Test confusion matrix")
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test2, predict(xtw2v, y_train2, ttw2v, y_test2,300,2),labels)
sns.set(font_scale=1.4)
sns.heatmap(cm,fmt='d',annot=True)
```

Test confusion matrix the maximum value of tpr*(1-fpr) 0.45436379431724366 for threshold 0.841 train AUC = 0.729660786189539

Out[103]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1b091bc0ef0>



2.5 Applying GBDT

Apply GBDT on different kind of featurization as mentioned in the instructions

For Every model that you work on make sure you do the step 2 and step 3 of instrucations

```
In [110]:
```

```
def gbdt(x train,y_train,x_cv,y_cv):
   import xgboost as xgb
   from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
   from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
   from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve
   from sklearn.metrics import roc auc score
   from sklearn import preprocessing
   scores auc=[]
   alpha=[10,50,100,150,200,300,500,1000]
   max depth=[2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
   gbdt = xgb.XGBClassifier(n jobs=-1,class weight='balanced')
   parameters = {'n estimators': [10,50,100,150,200,300,500,1000], 'max depth':[2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
   # Fitted the model on train data
   clf = GridSearchCV(qbdt, parameters, cv=2,verbose=5, scoring='roc auc')
   clf.fit(x train, y train)
   prob = clf.predict_proba(x_cv)
   prob = prob[:, 1]
   scores_auc.append(roc_auc_score(y_cv,prob))
   #train_auc= clf.cv_results_['mean_train_score']
   #cv auc = clf.cv results ['mean test score']
   #max score= clf.best score
   #print("Train AUC:",train auc)
   #print("CV AUC:",cv auc)
   index=scores_auc.index(max(scores_auc))
   optimal alpha = alpha[int(index/10)]
   optimal depth= max depth[index%10]
   clf = xgb.XGBClassifier(n_jobs=-1,class_weight='balanced',n_estimators=optimal_alpha,max_depth=
optimal depth)
#clf = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=optimal alpha, criterion='gini',
max depth=optimal depth, random state=42, n jobs=-1)
   clf.fit(x_train,y_train)
   # predict probabilities
   prob = clf.predict proba(x cv)
   # keep probabilities for the positive outcome only
   prob = prob[:, 1]
   prob1=clf.predict_proba(x_train)
   prob1=prob1[:, 1]
    # calculate roc curve
   fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc curve(y cv, prob)
   fpr1, tpr1, thresholds1 = roc curve(y train, prob1)
   # plot no skill
   plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], linestyle='--')
   # plot the roc curve for the model
   plt.plot(fpr, tpr, marker='.',label="CrossValidated or test ROC")
   plt.plot(fpr1, tpr1, marker='.', label='Train ROC')
   plt.legend()
   # show the plot
   plt.title("Receiver Operating Characteristics")
   plt.xlabel("False Positive Rate")
   plt.ylabel("True Positive Rate")
   plt.show()
   print("Optimal alpha ",optimal_alpha)
   print("Optimal depth ", optimal depth)
   print("AUC: ", max(scores auc))
   fig=plt.figure()
   alpha plot=[10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10, 50,50,50,50,50,50,50,50,50, 100,100,100,100,100,100,100]
0001
   depth plot=[2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]*8
   ax=fig.add subplot(111,projection='3d')
   ax.scatter(alpha_plot,depth_plot,scores_auc)
   ax.set_xlabel("n_estimators")
   ax.set ylabel("max depth")
   ax.set_zlabel("AUC Score")
   plt.show()
   print("Max Score", max(scores auc))
```

```
# Found out the score for crossvalidated data
#print("Accuracy on crossvalidated data: " , clf.score(x_cv,y_cv))
#return train_auc,cv_auc
```

In [120]:

```
import xgboost as xgb
def test aucl (x train, y train, x test, y test, est, depth):
   clf = xgb.XGBClassifier(n_estimators=est, criterion='gini', max_depth=depth, random_state=42, n
_jobs=-1)
   clf.fit(x train,y train)
    # predict probabilities
   prob = clf.predict proba(x test)
    # keep probabilities for the positive outcome only
   prob = prob[:, 1]
   prob1=clf.predict_proba(x_train)
   prob1=prob1[:, 1]
    # calculate roc curve
   fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc curve(y test, prob)
   fpr1, tpr1, thresholds1 = roc curve(y train, prob1)
   # plot no skill
   plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], linestyle='--')
    # plot the roc curve for the model
   plt.plot(fpr, tpr, marker='.',label=" test ROC")
   plt.plot(fpr1, tpr1, marker='.' , label='Train ROC')
   plt.legend()
   # show the plot
   plt.title("Receiver Operating Characteristics")
   plt.xlabel("False Positive Rate")
   plt.ylabel("True Positive Rate")
   plt.show()
   print(roc_auc_score(y_test,prob))
```

In [125]:

```
# Predictions on test data
def predict1(x_train,y_train,x_test,y_test,alpha,depth):
   #from sklearn.naive bayes import Multinomialrange
   clf=xgb.XGBClassifier(n estimators=alpha, criterion='gini', max depth=depth, random state=42, n
jobs=-1)
   clf.fit(x train,y train)
   prob1=clf.predict_proba(x_train)
   prob1=prob1[:,1]
   fpr, tpr, threshould = roc_curve(y_train, prob1)
   t = threshould[np.argmax(tpr*(1-fpr))]
   prob= clf.predict proba(x test)
   prob=prob[:,1]
   # (tpr*(1-fpr)) will be maximum if your fpr is very low and tpr is very high
   print("the maximum value of tpr*(1-fpr)", max(tpr*(1-fpr)), "for threshold", np.round(t,3))
   print("train AUC =", str(auc(fpr, tpr)))
   predictions = []
   for i in prob:
       if i>=t:
            predictions.append(1)
       else:
           predictions.append(0)
   return predictions
```

2.5.1 Applying XGBOOST on BOW, SET 1

```
In [111]:
```

```
# Please write all the code with proper documentation
gbdt(xbow,y_train1,cvbow,y_cv1)
```

```
Fitting 2 folds for each of 72 candidates, totalling 144 fits
[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Using backend SequentialBackend with 1 concurrent workers.
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=10 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=10, score=0.6444332488093235, total= 2.1s
[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 1 out of 1 | elapsed: 2.9s remaining: 0.0s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=10 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=10, score=0.6599547320258762, total= 2.0s
[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 2 out of 2 | elapsed: 5.7s remaining: 0.0s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=50, score=0.6974026503063003, total= 4.4s
[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 3 out of 3 | elapsed: 10.9s remaining: 0.0s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=50, score=0.7034562467909279, total= 4.2s
[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 4 out of 4 | elapsed: 15.9s remaining: 0.0s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=100 ......
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=100, score=0.713982885271244, total= 7.2s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=100 ......
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=100, score=0.718522840571082, total=
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=150 ......
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=150, score=0.7218827529523464, total= 10.3s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=150, score=0.7252595406268536, total= 10.5s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=200 ......
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=200, score=0.7261185898783651, total= 13.0s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=200, score=0.7274911598361381, total= 13.1s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=300, score=0.7288655106906367, total= 19.3s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=300 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=300, score=0.7325969561673942, total= 19.9s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=500, score=0.7308195347841291, total= 31.5s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=500 ......
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=500, score=0.7346893887879444, total=33.1s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7288006895078833, total= 1.1min
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=1000, score=0.7343073777952126, total= 1.0min
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=10 .....
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=10, score=0.6619554571101973, total= 2.4s
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=10 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=10, score=0.6735051602433583, total= 2.3s
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=50, score=0.7054782907651757, total= 5.5s
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=50 .....
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=50, score=0.7130511996396987, total=
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=100, score=0.7225058074523509, total= 11.2s
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=100, score=0.7239573593153832, total= 12.4s
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=150 .....
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=150, score=0.7273719262068326, total= 16.5s
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=150 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=150, score=0.7307257697070227, total= 16.3s
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=200 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=200, score=0.728201322663353, total=20.7s
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=200, score=0.7322480560215472, total= 21.2s
```

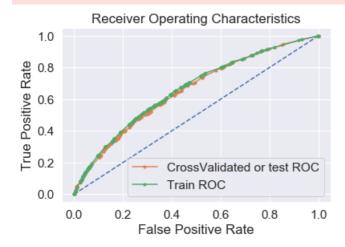
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=300

```
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=300, score=0.7306189850645356, total= 31.4s
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=300, score=0.7336573332001752, total= 31.7s
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=500 .....
   max depth=3, n estimators=500, score=0.7294581343339737, total= 56.0s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=3, n_estimators=500 .....
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=500, score=0.7340076338570392, total= 49.3s
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=1000 ......
   max_depth=3, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7281028719259303, total= 1.6min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV]
   max depth=3, n estimators=1000, score=0.7273816433326548, total= 1.7min
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=10 .....
   max depth=4, n estimators=10, score=0.6685881735455157, total=
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=10 .....
    max depth=4, n estimators=10, score=0.6798794391703774, total=
[CV]
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=50, score=0.7116688261048061, total= 12.4s
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=50, score=0.7168134909393509, total= 9.7s
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=100 .....
[CV]
    max depth=4, n estimators=100, score=0.722571060891591, total= 17.4s
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=100, score=0.7258013654878676, total= 15.5s
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=150 .....
   max_depth=4, n_estimators=150, score=0.7264524820789918, total= 24.6s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=150 .....
    max depth=4, n estimators=150, score=0.7303987244491461, total= 18.2s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=200, score=0.7289865252166677, total= 23.2s
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=200 .....
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=200, score=0.7314915207184337, total= 28.5s
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=300 .....
   max_depth=4, n_estimators=300, score=0.7281881820661555, total= 45.0s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=300 .....
   max depth=4, n estimators=300, score=0.7335826046987457, total= 36.8s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=500 .....
    max depth=4, n estimators=500, score=0.7290199818687423, total= 59.6s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=500 ......
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=500, score=0.729586220576128, total= 1.2min
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7272410562329035, total= 2.5min
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=1000 .....
[CV]
    max depth=4, n estimators=1000, score=0.722286636123308, total= 2.5min
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=10 .....
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=10, score=0.6765387362673843, total=
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=10 ......
   max_depth=5, n_estimators=10, score=0.6805850892398704, total=
[CV]
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=50 .....
   max depth=5, n estimators=50, score=0.7118961584363188, total=
[CV]
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=50, score=0.7219530378570922, total= 8.9s
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=100 .....
   max_depth=5, n_estimators=100, score=0.7217776108845089, total= 14.8s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=100 .....
   max_depth=5, n_estimators=100, score=0.729248489937899, total= 20.3s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=150 .....
   max depth=5, n estimators=150, score=0.7257105224646117, total= 22.7s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=150 .....
    max_depth=5, n_estimators=150, score=0.7328070328199556, total= 24.1s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=200, score=0.727618087630908, total= 28.3s
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=200 .....
   max_depth=5, n_estimators=200, score=0.7323334353228105, total= 27.2s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=300 .....
    max depth=5, n estimators=300, score=0.7268241707868202, total= 40.1s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=300 ......
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=300, score=0.7315175944297146, total= 39.9s
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=500 ......
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=500, score=0.7262695165532794, total= 1.1min
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=500 .....
   max depth=5, n estimators=500, score=0.7274008182304069, total= 1.1min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=1000 ......
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=1000, score=0.7245341105005267, total= 2.2min
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7201378545471446, total= 2.8min
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=10 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=10, score=0.6789066545920717, total= 3.6s
```

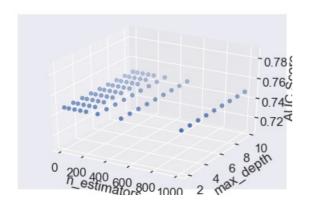
```
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=10 .....
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=10, score=0.6818674040432096, total=
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=50 ......
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=50, score=0.7168565436854313, total= 12.6s
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=50, score=0.7181597451222104, total= 10.9s
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=100, score=0.7247643475956302, total= 24.8s
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=100, score=0.7249618888100761, total= 22.7s
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=150 .....
   max_depth=6, n_estimators=150, score=0.7267244059896778, total= 36.3s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=150 .....
[CV]
    max_depth=6, n_estimators=150, score=0.7267071503107267, total= 31.9s
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=200 .....
    max depth=6, n estimators=200, score=0.7264780197922291, total= 44.3s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=200, score=0.7260821420114022, total= 44.6s
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=300, score=0.728343085500748, total= 57.4s
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=300 .....
[CV]
    max_depth=6, n_estimators=300, score=0.7274358655863529, total= 57.6s
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=500, score=0.7262281409623674, total= 1.7min
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=500 ......
   max_depth=6, n_estimators=500, score=0.723976776276768, total= 1.6min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=1000 .....
   max depth=6, n estimators=1000, score=0.7237848371063907, total= 3.3min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7195830101207497, total= 3.1min
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=10 ......
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=10, score=0.6795907091274865, total=
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=10 ......
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=10, score=0.6830480521208646, total=
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=50, score=0.7173805768694506, total= 15.0s
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=50 .....
    max depth=7, n estimators=50, score=0.7203474816529599, total= 12.4s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=100 ......
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=100, score=0.7256045158838007, total= 33.9s
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=100, score=0.7272402954614867, total= 30.1s
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=150 .....
    max_depth=7, n_estimators=150, score=0.7273560191681199, total= 28.8s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=150, score=0.7303987763199247, total= 28.6s
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=200 .....
   max depth=7, n estimators=200, score=0.7274745266065279, total= 50.4s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=200 .....
   max_depth=7, n_estimators=200, score=0.7308984993991288, total= 52.9s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=300, score=0.7274804052947477, total= 1.3min
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=300 ......
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=300, score=0.7270150725416293, total= 1.1min
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=500, score=0.7279492306802791, total= 1.5min
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=500, score=0.7236371610002567, total= 1.5min
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=1000 .....
    max depth=7, n estimators=1000, score=0.7254026693947468, total= 2.9min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=1000, score=0.7197656125510132, total= 3.0min
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=10 .....
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=10, score=0.6821410915603616, total= 3.4s
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=10 .....
[CV]
    max depth=8, n estimators=10, score=0.6825275115692584, total=
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=50 ......
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=50, score=0.716202487750197, total= 11.8s
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=50 .....
   max_depth=8, n_estimators=50, score=0.7227464187031366, total= 11.6s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=100, score=0.7251413444131161, total= 21.7s
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=100, score=0.7314866448652633, total= 21.4s
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=150 .....
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=150, score=0.7267889505282796, total= 31.9s
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=150 .....
```

```
[CV]
      max depth=8, n estimators=150, score=0.7337090310759908, total= 31.2s
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=200 .....
     max depth=8, n estimators=200, score=0.7264643431969884, total= 42.5s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=200 .....
[CV]
      max depth=8, n estimators=200, score=0.7324126247111835, total= 41.2s
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=300 .....
     max depth=8, n estimators=300, score=0.7275843716249413, total= 1.0min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=300, score=0.7312085483319465, total= 1.0min
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=500 .....
      max depth=8, n estimators=500, score=0.7274370759045157, total= 1.7min
[CV]
[CV]
     max depth=8, n estimators=500 .....
     max_depth=8, n_estimators=500, score=0.7274323383734209, total= 1.7min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=1000 .....
     max depth=8, n estimators=1000, score=0.7234105029888636, total= 3.4min
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=1000 .....
      max_depth=8, n_estimators=1000, score=0.724894768022813, total= 3.4min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=10 .....
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=10, score=0.6779849281499809, total=
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=10 .....
     max depth=9, n estimators=10, score=0.6760053144724728, total=
[CV]
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=50 .....
     max_depth=9, n_estimators=50, score=0.7154371862855322, total= 12.8s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=50 .....
     max depth=9, n estimators=50, score=0.7192240643341508, total= 12.8s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=100 .....
     max depth=9, n estimators=100, score=0.7247218827183719, total= 24.4s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=100, score=0.7268270409698923, total= 24.7s
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=150 .....
     max_depth=9, n_estimators=150, score=0.7260301156206567, total= 36.1s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=9, n_estimators=150 .....
[CV]
      max depth=9, n estimators=150, score=0.7275039546281461, total= 35.4s
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=200, score=0.7262722484142757, total= 46.8s
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=200 .....
     max_depth=9, n_estimators=200, score=0.7264754435435682, total= 46.2s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=300 .....
      max_depth=9, n_estimators=300, score=0.7274009392622233, total= 1.1min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=9, n_estimators=300 .....
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=300, score=0.7255419251445189, total= 1.1min
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=500 .....
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=500, score=0.7260479072976513, total= 1.9min
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=500 .....
     max_depth=9, n_estimators=500, score=0.7229027053584866, total= 1.9min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=1000, score=0.7252363716791637, total= 3.7min
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=1000 .....
      max_depth=9, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7212123058511344, total= 3.8min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=10 ......
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=10, score=0.67967216353985, total= 3.9s
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=10 .....
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=10, score=0.6794741554883987, total=
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=50 .....
      max depth=10, n estimators=50, score=0.7158319574897531, total= 14.2s
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=50, score=0.7199487163988013, total= 14.4s
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=100 .....
[CV]
     max_depth=10, n_estimators=100, score=0.7228162194806173, total=
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=100 .....
      max_depth=10, n_estimators=100, score=0.7262560993119307, total=
[CV]
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=150, score=0.7245608412416674, total=
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=150 .....
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=150, score=0.7267654184851409, total=
                                                                                   38.8s
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=200 .....
     max_depth=10, n_estimators=200, score=0.7264366442013173, total=
[CV]
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=200 .....
[CV]
     max_depth=10, n_estimators=200, score=0.7263565557194519, total=
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=300 .....
     max_depth=10, n_estimators=300, score=0.7287720049674224, total= 1.3min
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=300 .....
 [CV] \quad \texttt{max\_depth=10, n\_estimators=300, score=0.7265878129398642, total=1.3min and the state of the state
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=500, score=0.7281091482901179, total= 2.1min
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=500 .....
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=500, score=0.7234239893912501, total= 2.1min
```

[Parallel(n_jobs=1)]: Done 144 out of 144 | elapsed: 121.8min finished



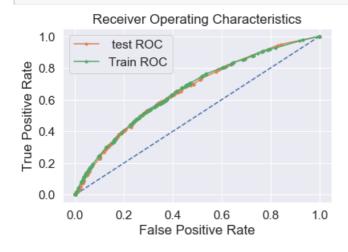
Optimal alpha 10 Optimal depth 2 AUC: 0.7476937169262006



Max Score 0.7476937169262006

In [121]:

test_auc1 (xbow,y_train1,tbow,y_test1,10,2)



0.6596134510327876

Tn [1271.

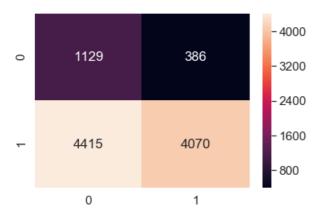
III [IZ/].

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
#from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
labels=[0,1]
print("Test confusion matrix")
\verb|cm=confusion_matrix(y_test1, predict1(xbow, y_train1, tbow, y test1, 10, 2), labels)| \\
sns.set(font scale=1.4)
sns.heatmap(cm,fmt='d',annot=True)
```

Test confusion matrix the maximum value of tpr*(1-fpr) 0.38378253542705 for threshold 0.717 train AUC = 0.6617544837792468

Out[127]:

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1b085118cc0>



2.5.2 Applying XGBOOST on TFIDF, SET 2

In [112]:

```
# Please write all the code with proper documentation
gbdt(xtf,y train1,cvtf,y cv1)
```

```
Fitting 2 folds for each of 72 candidates, totalling 144 fits
[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Using backend SequentialBackend with 1 concurrent workers.
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=10 .....
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=10, score=0.6429139537096874, total= 2.6s
[Parallel(n_jobs=1)]: Done 1 out of 1 | elapsed: 3.3s remaining: 0.0s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=10 .....
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=10, score=0.6675699155848036, total= 2.6s
[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 2 out of 2 | elapsed: 6.7s remaining: 0.0s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=50, score=0.6991767692500067, total= 7.7s
[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 3 out of 3 | elapsed: 15.2s remaining: 0.0s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=50 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=50, score=0.7100345853602128, total= 7.7s
[Parallel(n_jobs=1)]: Done 4 out of 4 | elapsed: 23.6s remaining: 0.0s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=100 .....
```

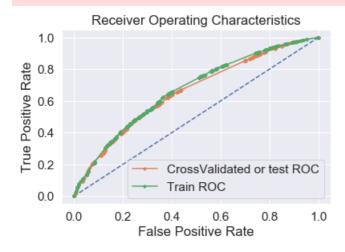
```
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=100, score=0.7147461810658102, total= 14.2s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=100, score=0.72167577125623, total= 14.3s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=150, score=0.7223154762761042, total= 20.4s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=150 .....
   max depth=2, n estimators=150, score=0.7258847736995511, total= 20.3s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=200, score=0.7252415933375236, total= 26.5s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=200, score=0.7271832894760138, total= 26.7s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=300 .....
    max depth=2, n estimators=300, score=0.7288853426182489, total= 39.0s
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=300, score=0.7282158464813077, total= 39.0s
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=500 .....
   max_depth=2, n_estimators=500, score=0.727963132048893, total= 1.1min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=500 .....
   max depth=2, n estimators=500, score=0.7294438352893919, total= 1.1min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=1000, score=0.724134532604173, total=156.4min
[CV] max_depth=2, n_estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max depth=2, n estimators=1000, score=0.7245466632289019, total= 2.3min
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=10 ......
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=10, score=0.6668791178481954, total=
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=10 ......
[CV]
   max_depth=3, n_estimators=10, score=0.6824549443502625, total=
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=50 .....
   max depth=3, n estimators=50, score=0.7096995347122016, total= 10.5s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=50, score=0.7177153162927913, total= 10.6s
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=100, score=0.7229731631658272, total= 21.0s
[CV] max depth=3, n_estimators=100 .....
    max depth=3, n estimators=100, score=0.7254503559303653, total= 21.4s
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=150, score=0.7252966801041952, total= 38.0s
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=150 .....
 [CV] \quad \text{max\_depth=3, n\_estimators=150, score=0.7263232719699719, total=} \quad 34.3s 
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=200 .....
   max depth=3, n estimators=200, score=0.7249320631124903, total= 45.3s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=200, score=0.7283787207255159, total= 45.7s
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=300, score=0.7258839783476155, total= 1.3min
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=300, score=0.7282409000672798, total= 1.2min
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=500, score=0.7236674189543295, total= 2.3min
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=500 .....
   max depth=3, n estimators=500, score=0.7270799110146423, total= 2.2min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=1000, score=0.7201978171669869, total= 3.8min
[CV] max depth=3, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max_depth=3, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7197204331030179, total= 3.6min
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=10 .....
    max depth=4, n estimators=10, score=0.6764529938706723, total=
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=10 ......
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=10, score=0.6838601410276556, total= 4.0s
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=50 ......
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=50, score=0.7171776065135312, total= 16.4s
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=50 .....
    max depth=4, n estimators=50, score=0.7217789941052664, total= 16.5s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=100, score=0.7233136429553121, total= 29.7s
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=100, score=0.7271011780337905, total= 28.8s
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=150, score=0.7223299309330211, total= 43.5s
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=150, score=0.72706040760196, total= 38.2s
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=200 .....
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=200, score=0.7225214032663928, total= 1.1min
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=200, score=0.7278538576090421, total= 56.6s
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=300, score=0.719484300029435, total= 1.4min
```

```
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=300 .....
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=300, score=0.7278330920074185, total= 1.3min
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=500, score=0.7192358217105903, total= 2.1min
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=500, score=0.7234657972386488, total= 2.2min
[CV] max_depth=4, n_estimators=1000 .....
    max depth=4, n estimators=1000, score=0.7144587996631582, total= 4.6min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max depth=4, n estimators=1000, score=0.7157820750911819, total= 4.2min
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=10 ......
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=10, score=0.6770526373593541, total=
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=10 ......
[CV]
    max_depth=5, n_estimators=10, score=0.6845148885732687, total=
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=50 ......
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=50, score=0.715190194929002, total= 16.9s
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=50 .....
   max_depth=5, n_estimators=50, score=0.7236965703317959, total= 17.1s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=100, score=0.7202320173002187, total= 38.6s
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=100, score=0.7291912591790529, total= 32.7s
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=150, score=0.7209347798963802, total= 55.1s
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=150, score=0.7304217377845009, total= 55.3s
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=200, score=0.7210006557849611, total= 1.2min
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=200 ......
    max depth=5, n estimators=200, score=0.7314084928924585, total= 1.2min
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=300, score=0.7201090489748674, total= 1.9min
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=300, score=0.7308879696311116, total= 1.7min
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=500 .....
[CV]
    max depth=5, n estimators=500, score=0.7163620595548463, total= 2.9min
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=500 .....
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=500, score=0.7257344176031993, total= 2.8min
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7130678155790493, total= 5.4min
[CV] max depth=5, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max_depth=5, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7172305319977692, total= 5.9min
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=10 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=10, score=0.6770871314269968, total= 5.8s
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=10 ......
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=10, score=0.6818540213823797, total= 6.0s
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=50, score=0.7124245660559839, total= 23.3s
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=50, score=0.7234131483985624, total= 22.8s
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=100 .....
    max depth=6, n estimators=100, score=0.7166100018756474, total= 44.4s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=100, score=0.7270183922714476, total= 44.5s
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=150, score=0.7176740617336956, total= 1.1min
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=150 .....
   max_depth=6, n_estimators=150, score=0.727463495420986, total= 1.1min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=200, score=0.7168554889796036, total= 1.4min
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=200 .....
   max_depth=6, n_estimators=200, score=0.7277989437449652, total= 1.4min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=300, score=0.7154974947105639, total= 2.1min
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=300, score=0.7249864928493019, total= 2.1min
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=500 .....
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=500, score=0.7150343232398793, total= 3.4min
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=500, score=0.7220186716820407, total= 3.6min
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7124975309509477, total= 6.7min
[CV] max_depth=6, n_estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max depth=6, n estimators=1000, score=0.715719034805154, total= 6.8min
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=10 .....
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=10, score=0.6770594324313258, total= 7.8s
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=10 .....
```

```
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=10, score=0.6821745827929551, total= 6.5s
[CV] max depth=7, n_estimators=50 .....
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=50, score=0.7166265832344791, total= 25.3s
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=50, score=0.7170741934716407, total= 26.9s
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=100 .....
   max_depth=7, n_estimators=100, score=0.720187339269748, total= 49.7s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=100 .....
   max depth=7, n estimators=100, score=0.7222064784804048, total= 50.5s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=150 ......
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=150, score=0.7196218613337789, total= 1.2min
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=150 ......
   max_depth=7, n_estimators=150, score=0.7243053257872186, total= 1.2min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=200 ......
[CV]
   max depth=7, n estimators=200, score=0.7178861440563558, total= 1.7min
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=200 .....
   max depth=7, n estimators=200, score=0.7236754762152425, total= 1.6min
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=300 .....
    max_depth=7, n_estimators=300, score=0.7161326869727163, total= 2.5min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=300, score=0.7228435208003204, total= 2.4min
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=500, score=0.7165683496405839, total= 4.0min
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=500 .....
[CV]
    max depth=7, n estimators=500, score=0.7196933046859093, total= 4.0min
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max depth=7, n estimators=1000, score=0.7138846938877134, total= 7.9min
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=1000 ......
[CV] max_depth=7, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7149855647081736, total= 7.3min
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=10 .....
    max_depth=8, n_estimators=10, score=0.6796256873223945, total=
[CV]
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=10 .....
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=10, score=0.679140228707253, total= 6.1s
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=50 .....
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=50, score=0.7172896473948973, total= 25.6s
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=50, score=0.719772857169731, total= 25.1s
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=100, score=0.7229381849709192, total= 48.9s
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=100 .....
   max depth=8, n estimators=100, score=0.724946621510964, total= 48.3s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=150 .....
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=150, score=0.7228717039232566, total= 1.2min
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=150, score=0.7252241301754588, total= 1.2min
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=200 .....
    max depth=8, n estimators=200, score=0.7221312312711909, total= 1.6min
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=200, score=0.7230551362859747, total= 1.6min
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=300, score=0.7224578615628403, total= 2.3min
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=300 .....
   max depth=8, n estimators=300, score=0.7208602070072857, total= 2.5min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=500, score=0.7207799110423068, total= 4.6min
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=500 .....
[CV] \max_{n=1}^{\infty} depth=8, n_{n}=0.7155536534733227, total= 4.5min
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max_depth=8, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7182640053868149, total= 8.9min
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max depth=8, n estimators=1000, score=0.7127138666774374, total= 9.0min
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=10 .....
   max depth=9, n estimators=10, score=0.6749466837558981, total= 7.6s
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=10 .....
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=10, score=0.6809680684871328, total= 7.6s
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=50, score=0.7173405672090367, total= 33.2s
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=50 .....
    max depth=9, n estimators=50, score=0.7209723862107276, total= 34.2s
[CV]
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=100, score=0.7197445011442003, total= 1.1min
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=100 ......
 [CV] \quad \texttt{max\_depth=9, n\_estimators=100, score=0.7236864728202654, total= 1.2min } \\
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=150, score=0.7182910819331452, total= 1.7min
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=150 .....
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=150, score=0.7249899854817149, total= 1.7min
```

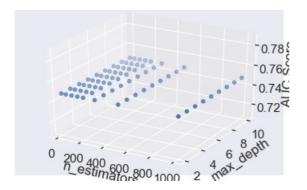
```
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=200, score=0.7179723014192952, total= 2.2min
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=200 .....
    max depth=9, n estimators=200, score=0.7244263057327307, total= 2.3min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=300 .....
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=300, score=0.7171739928493019, total= 3.3min
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=300 ......
[CV]
    max_depth=9, n_estimators=300, score=0.721969722957481, total= 3.0min
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=500 .....
   max depth=9, n estimators=500, score=0.7165304666820851, total= 5.0min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=500 .....
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=500, score=0.7175199017802605, total= 5.0min
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=1000 ......
[CV] max_depth=9, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7140489340624198, total= 9.8min
[CV] max depth=9, n estimators=1000 .....
   max_depth=9, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7142733789206009, total= 9.0min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=10 .....
[CV]
    max_depth=10, n_estimators=10, score=0.6720609221600817, total=
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=10 .....
    max depth=10, n estimators=10, score=0.6783740281490958, total=
[CV]
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=50, score=0.7168230524528376, total= 35.4s
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=50 .....
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=50, score=0.7182012417449386, total= 34.8s
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=100 .....
[CV]
    max depth=10, n estimators=100, score=0.7186217235649914, total= 1.1min
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=100 .....
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=100, score=0.7250670135876541, total= 1.1min
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=150 ......
   max_depth=10, n_estimators=150, score=0.7183524450640044, total= 1.5min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=150 .....
   max depth=10, n estimators=150, score=0.7241914348480891, total= 1.8min
[CV]
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=200, score=0.7184754306796152, total= 2.2min
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=200 .....
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=200, score=0.724355035283195, total= 2.0min
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=300 .....
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=300, score=0.7192407321442799, total= 2.9min
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=300 .....
   max_depth=10, n_estimators=300, score=0.7223520797554024, total= 2.9min
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=500 .....
    max depth=10, n estimators=500, score=0.7178207695852993, total= 4.8min
[CV]
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=500 .....
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=500, score=0.7206786592828498, total= 4.9min
[CV] max depth=10, n estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7155260582192084, total=10.4min
[CV] max depth=10, n_estimators=1000 .....
[CV] max_depth=10, n_estimators=1000, score=0.7191826887432389, total=10.4min
```

[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 144 out of 144 | elapsed: 435.3min finished



Optimal alpha 10 Optimal depth 2

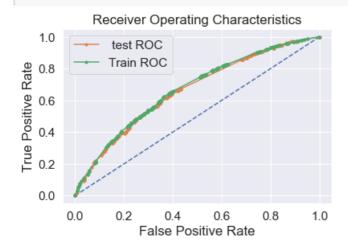
AUC: 0.7484095598717209



Max Score 0.7484095598717209

In [122]:

test_auc1(xtf,y_train1,ttf,y_test1,10,2)



0.6623374971557262

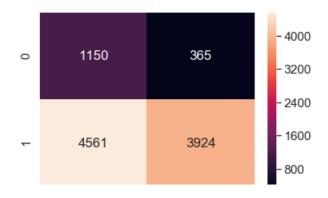
In [128]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
#from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
labels=[0,1]
print("Test confusion matrix")
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test1, predict1(xtf, y_train1, ttf, y_test1,10,2),labels)
sns.set(font_scale=1.4)
sns.heatmap(cm,fmt='d',annot=True)
```

Test confusion matrix the maximum value of tpr*(1-fpr) 0.3964864584762661 for threshold 0.719 train AUC = 0.6707762169783709

Out[128]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1b080133710>



0 1

2.5.3 Applying XGBOOST on AVG W2V, SET 3

In [116]:

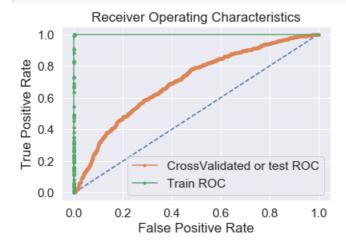
```
def gbdt2(x_train,y_train,x_cv,y_cv):
   import xgboost as xgb
   from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
   from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
   from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve
   from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
   from sklearn import preprocessing
   scores auc=[]
   alpha=[10,50,100,150,200,300,500,1000]
   \max depth=[2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
   for i in alpha:
       for j in max depth:
          gbdt = xgb.XGBClassifier(n jobs=-1,class weight='balanced',n estimators=i,max depth=j)
   #parameters = {'n estimators': [10,50,100,150,200,300,500,1000], 'max depth':
[2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]}
   # Fitted the model on train data
   #clf = GridSearchCV(gbdt, parameters, cv=2,verbose=5, scoring='roc_auc')
          gbdt.fit(x train, y train)
          prob = gbdt.predict_proba(x_cv)
          prob = prob[:, 1]
          scores_auc.append(roc_auc_score(y_cv,prob))
   #train auc= clf.cv results ['mean train score']
   #cv auc = clf.cv results ['mean test score']
   #max score= clf.best score
   #print("Train AUC:",train auc)
   #print("CV AUC:",cv auc)
   index=scores auc.index(max(scores auc))
   optimal_alpha = alpha[int(index/10)]
   optimal depth= max depth[index%10]
   clf = xgb.XGBClassifier(n jobs=-1, class weight='balanced', n estimators=optimal alpha, max depth=
optimal depth)
#clf = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=optimal alpha, criterion='gini',
max_depth=optimal_depth, random_state=42, n_jobs=-1)
   clf.fit(x train,y train)
   # predict probabilities
   prob = clf.predict_proba(x_cv)
   # keep probabilities for the positive outcome only
   prob = prob[:, 1]
   prob1=clf.predict_proba(x_train)
   prob1=prob1[:, 1]
   # calculate roc curve
   fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_cv, prob)
   fpr1, tpr1, thresholds1 = roc curve(y train, prob1)
   # plot no skill
   plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], linestyle='--')
   # plot the roc curve for the model
   plt.plot(fpr, tpr, marker='.',label="CrossValidated or test ROC")
   plt.plot(fpr1, tpr1, marker='.' , label='Train ROC')
   plt.legend()
   # show the plot
   plt.title("Receiver Operating Characteristics")
   plt.xlabel("False Positive Rate")
   plt.ylabel("True Positive Rate")
   plt.show()
   print("Optimal alpha ", optimal alpha)
   print("Optimal depth ",optimal depth)
   print("AUC: ", max(scores auc))
   fig=plt.figure()
   depth plot=[2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]*8
   ax=fig.add_subplot(111,projection='3d')
   ax.scatter(alpha plot, depth plot, scores auc)
   ax.set_xlabel("n_estimators")
   ax.set_vlabel("max_depth")
```

```
ax.set_zlabel("AUC Score")
plt.show()
print("Max_Score", max(scores_auc))

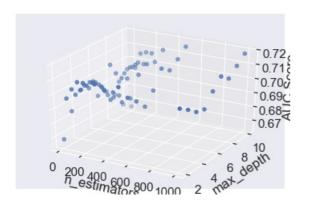
# Found out the score for crossvalidated data
#print("Accuracy on crossvalidated data: " , clf.score(x_cv,y_cv))
#return train_auc,cv_auc
```

In [117]:

```
# Please write all the code with proper documentation
gbdt2(xaw2v,y_train2,cvaw2v,y_cv2)
```



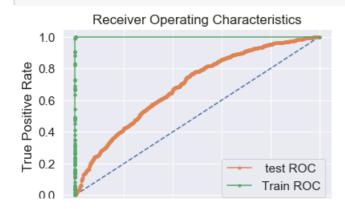
Optimal alpha 1000 Optimal depth 3 AUC: 0.717951743882595



Max Score 0.717951743882595

In [123]:

```
test_auc1 (xaw2v,y_train2,taw2v,y_test2,1000,3)
```



0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 False Positive Rate

0.6896369684524024

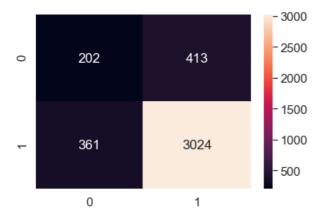
In [129]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
#from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
labels=[0,1]
print("Test confusion matrix")
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test2, predict1(xaw2v, y_train2, taw2v, y_test2,1000,3),labels)
sns.set(font scale=1.4)
sns.heatmap(cm,fmt='d',annot=True)
```

Test confusion matrix the maximum value of tpr*(1-fpr) 0.9986708481369575 for threshold 0.693 train AUC = 0.9999922109588182

Out[129]:

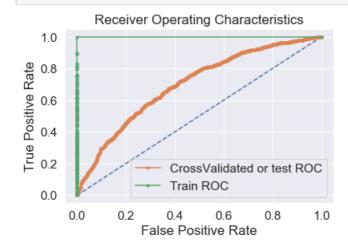
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1b0df553d68>



2.5.4 Applying XGBOOST on TFIDF W2V, SET 4

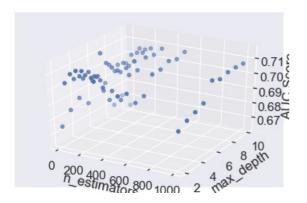
In [119]:

```
# Please write all the code with proper documentation
gbdt2(xtw2v,y_train2,cvtw2v,y_cv2)
```



Optimal alpha 150 Optimal depth 8

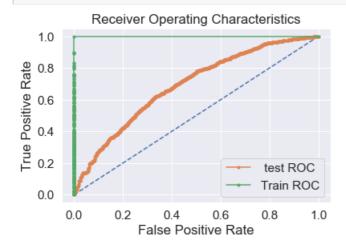
AUC: 0.7146757276411533



Max_Score 0.7146757276411533

In [124]:

test_auc1(xtw2v,y_train2,ttw2v,y_test2,150,8)



0.6908316220532958

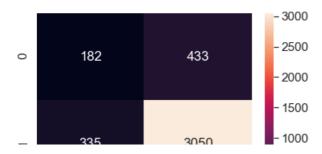
In [130]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
#from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
labels=[0,1]
print("Test confusion matrix")
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test2, predict1(xtw2v, y_train2, ttw2v, y_test2,150,8),labels)
sns.set(font_scale=1.4)
sns.heatmap(cm,fmt='d',annot=True)
```

Test confusion matrix the maximum value of tpr*(1-fpr) 1.0 for threshold 0.813 train AUC = 1.0

Out[130]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1b081f7a358>



3. Conclusion

```
In [1]:
```

```
# Please compare all your models using Prettytable library
from prettytable import PrettyTable
x=PrettyTable()
x.field_names=["Vectorizer","Model","estimator","Depth","Test AUC"]
x.add_row(["BOW","RandomForest","1000","3","0.75" ])
x.add_row(["TFIDF","RandomForest","1000","2","0.693"])
x.add_row(["AVG W2V","RandomForest","1000","3","0.672"])
x.add_row(["TFIDF W2V","RandomForest","300","2","0.663"])
print(x)
```

- 4		ㅗ.								_
	Vectorizer		Model		estimator		Depth		Test AUC	1
i	BOW	İ	RandomForest	i	1000		3		0.75	İ
	TFIDF		RandomForest		1000		2		0.693	
	AVG W2V		RandomForest		1000		3		0.672	
	TFIDF W2V		RandomForest		300		2		0.663	
4		+.		+-		+-		+-		+

In [3]:

```
x=PrettyTable()
x.field_names=["Vectorizer","Model","estimator","Depth","Test AUC"]
x.add_row(["BOW","XGBoost","10","2","0.65" ])
x.add_row(["TFIDF","XGBoost","10","2","0.662"])
x.add_row(["AVG W2V","XGBoost","1000","3","0.689"])
x.add_row(["TFIDF W2V","XGBoost","150","8","0.69"])
print(x)
```

			estimator		
i	BOW	XGBoost			0.65
	TFIDF	XGBoost	10	2	0.662
	AVG W2V	XGBoost	1000	3	0.689
	TFIDF W2V	XGBoost	150	8	0.69
+		+	+	+	++

```
In [ ]:
```