# CCES Cumulative Common Content (2006 - 2017)

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Kuriwaki, Shiro, 2018, "Cumulative CCES Common Content (2006-2017)", doi:10.7910/DVN/II2DB6, Harvard Dataverse

This dataset combines twelve years (2006 - 2017) of the Cooperative Congressional Election Study (Principal Investigators: Stephen Ansolabehere, Sam Luks, Brian Schaffner).

The Cooperative Congressional Election Study (CCES) is an online survey conducted around November of each year, asking a range of questions on political behavior and public opinion. Questions can change from year to year; this cumulative file includes standard questions asked multiple years.

This dataset was constructed based off CCES datasets from each year. A set of R scripts formatted, merged, and standardized these datasets to generate a tibble-style data frame. In addition, the same dataset is available on Crunch, an accessible analytics interface optimized for survey datasets.

Please note that this cumulative dataset makes modifications to the original CCES datasets for comparability. These modifications are only made when differences are deemed sufficiently minor, and are documented in source code (see below). However, for details on the survey methodology and a list of all questions, readers should consult the guides for each year.

### To see the source code,

report a bug, or ask a question about the data, please feel free to file an issue from the source code page: <a href="https://github.com/kuriwaki/cces\_cumulative">https://github.com/kuriwaki/cces\_cumulative</a>. Alternatively, please contact me by email.

#### To obtain the individual year's CCES datasets,

search the CCES dataverse (https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataverse/cces) or access the CCES homepage (https://cces.gov.harvard.edu/). Sign-up to the Crunch dataset from the homepage as well.

### To examine the survey methodology,

consult the Methodology section of the most recent Common Content's code-book: https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/GDF6Z0.

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# **Getting Started**

The .Rds format can be read into R. This format preserves dataset properties such as the distinction between integers and doubles, and labelled variables. Unlike a .Rdata file, an .Rds file must be assigned to an object when loading.

```
df <- readRDS("cumulative_2006_2017.Rds")</pre>
```

The dataset in R is best viewed in dplyr, although it can be analyzed as a standard data frame.

```
library(tidyverse)
df
```

```
# A tibble: 392,755 x 70
    year case_id weight weight_cumulative state st
                                                              dist dist_up
                                                       cd
   <int>
           <int> <dbl>
                                    <dbl> <chr>
                                                <chr> <chr> <int>
                                                                     <int>
   2006
         439219
                  1.85
                                    1.35 North~ NC
                                                       NC - 10
                                                                10
                                                                         10
 2
   2006
         439224 0.968
                                    0.704 Ohio
                                                 OH
                                                       0H-3
                                                                 3
                                                                         3
                                                                         1
 3
   2006
         439228 1.59
                                    1.16 New J~ NJ
                                                       NJ-1
                                                                 1
 4
   2006
         439237 1.40
                                    1.02 Illin~ IL
                                                       IL-9
                                                                 9
                                                                         9
 5
   2006 439238 0.903
                                    0.656 New Y~ NY
                                                                22
                                                                         22
                                                       NY-22
 6
   2006 439242 0.839
                                    0.610 Texas TX
                                                       TX-11
                                                                11
                                                                         11
 7
   2006 439251 0.777
                                    0.565 Minne~ MN
                                                       MN - 3
                                                                 3
                                                                         3
 8
   2006 439254 0.839
                                                       NV - 2
                                                                 2
                                                                         2
                                    0.610 Nevada NV
 9
   2006 439255 0.331
                                    0.241 Texas
                                                 ΤX
                                                       TX-24
                                                                24
                                                                         24
10
   2006 439263 1.10
                                    0.802 Maryl~ MD
                                                       MD - 2
                                                                         2
 ... with 392,745 more rows, and 61 more variables: cong <int>,
    cong_up <int>, zipcode <chr>, county_fips <chr>, tookpost <int+lbl>,
   weight_post <dbl>, starttime <dttm>, pid3 <int+lbl>,
#
    pid3_leaner <int+lbl>, pid7 <int+lbl>, ideo5 <fct>, gender <int+lbl>,
#
    birthyr <int>, age <int>, race <int+lbl>, hispanic <int+lbl>,
#
#
    educ <int+lbl>, faminc <fct>, economy_retro <int+lbl>,
#
    approval_pres <int+lbl>, approval_rep <fct>, approval_sen1 <fct>,
#
    approval_sen2 <fct>, approval_gov <int+lbl>, intent_pres_08 <fct>,
#
    intent_pres_12 <fct>, intent_pres_16 <fct>, voted_pres_08 <fct>,
#
    voted_pres_12 <fct>, voted_pres_16 <fct>, vv_regstatus <fct>,
#
    vv_party_gen <fct>, vv_party_prm <fct>, vv_turnout_gvm <fct>,
#
    vv_turnout_pvm <fct>, intent_rep <fct>, intent_sen <fct>,
#
    intent_gov <fct>, voted_rep <fct>, voted_sen <fct>, voted_gov <fct>,
    intent_rep_chosen <chr>, intent_rep_fec <chr>,
#
    intent_sen_chosen <chr>, intent_sen_fec <chr>,
    intent_gov_chosen <chr>, intent_gov_fec <chr>, voted_rep_chosen <chr>,
    voted_rep_fec <chr>, voted_sen_chosen <chr>, voted_sen_fec <chr>,
    voted_gov_chosen <chr>, voted_gov_fec <chr>, rep_current <chr>,
    rep_icpsr <int>, sen1_current <chr>, sen1_icpsr <int>,
    sen2_current <chr>, sen2_icpsr <int>, gov_current <chr>, gov_fec <chr>
```

A Stata dta file is provided as well. cumulative\_2006\_2017.dta can be read by Stata, or in R by the haven package

```
library(haven)
df <- read_dta("cumulative_2006_2017.dta")</pre>
```

A note on variable types. The R dataset stores variables in numeric, character, factor, or labelled format. The first three classes are frequently are commonly used, but the lablelled format is more recent. Essentially it is similar to a factor but more compatible with Stata and SPSS. It is built around R's haven package, which includes more documentation.

A labelled variable's labels are not shown immediately in the Console:

```
select(df, year, case_id, pid3)
```

```
# A tibble: 392,755 x 3
   year case_id pid3
          <int> <int+lbl>
   <int>
 1 2006 439219 1
   2006 439224 4
 2
 3 2006 439228 1
 4 2006 439237 1
 5
   2006 439238 1
 6
   2006 439242 3
 7
   2006 439251 2
 8
   2006 439254 1
 9
   2006
         439255 1
10 2006 439263 1
# ... with 392,745 more rows
```

But labels can be displayed by transforming the labelled vector into a factor.

```
library(haven)
select(df, year, case_id, pid3) %>%
  mutate(pid3_fct = as_factor(pid3))
```

```
# A tibble: 392,755 x 4
   year case_id pid3
                          pid3_fct
   <int>
          <int> <int+lbl> <fct>
 1 2006 439219 1
                          Democrat
   2006 439224 4
                          0ther
   2006 439228 1
 3
                          Democrat
 4 2006 439237 1
                          Democrat
 5
   2006 439238 1
                          Democrat
   2006 439242 3
                          Independent
 6
 7
   2006 439251 2
                          Republican
 8 2006 439254 1
                          Democrat
9
   2006
         439255 1
                          Democrat
10 2006 439263 1
                          Democrat
# ... with 392,745 more rows
```

#### Features of the 2006 - 2017 Cumulative Dataset

#### **Unified Variable Names**

Most variables in this dataset come straight from each year's CCES. However, it renames and standardizes variable names, making them accessible in one place. Please see the rest of this guide or the Crunch dataset for a full list and description of variables.

#### **Chosen Candidate Names and Identifiers**

One addition to this cumulative dataset are variables of candidate names and identifiers that a respondent chose. In the individual year's CCES datasets, typically the response values for a vote choice question is a generic label, e.g. Candidate1 and Candidate2. Then, separate variables of names and parties correspond to each Candidate1 and Candidate2.

Instead, the cumulative dataset shows both the generic label *and* the chosen candidate's name, party, and identifier, which will vary across individuals.

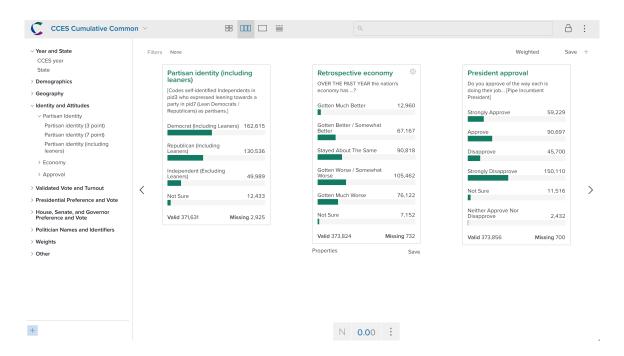
```
select(df, year, case_id, st, matches("voted_sen"))
# A tibble: 392,755 x 6
    year case_id st
                      voted_sen
                                         voted_sen_chosen
                                                             voted_sen_fec
   <int>
          <int> <chr> <fct>
                                         <chr>
                                                             <chr>
  2006 439219 NC
                      <NA>
                                         <NA>
                                                             <NA>
 2 2006 439224 OH
                       [Democrat / Cand~ Sherrod C. Brown (~ S60H00163
 3
   2006 439228 NJ
                       [Democrat / Cand~ Robert Menendez (D) S6NJ00289
 4
   2006 439237 IL
                      <NA>
                                         <NA>
                                                             <NA>
 5
   2006 439238 NY
                       [Democrat / Cand~ Hillary Rodham Cli~ SONY00188
                      I Did Not Vote I~ <NA>
 6
   2006 439242 TX
                                                             <NA>
 7
   2006 439251 MN
                       [Republican / Ca~ Mark Kennedy (R)
                                                             S6MN00275
                       [Democrat / Cand~ Jack Carter (D)
 8
   2006 439254 NV
                                                             S6NV00150
 9
   2006 439255 TX
                       [Democrat / Cand~ Barbara Ann Radnof~ S6TX00180
   2006 439263 MD
                       I Did Not Vote I~ <NA>
                                                             <NA>
```

#### Crunch

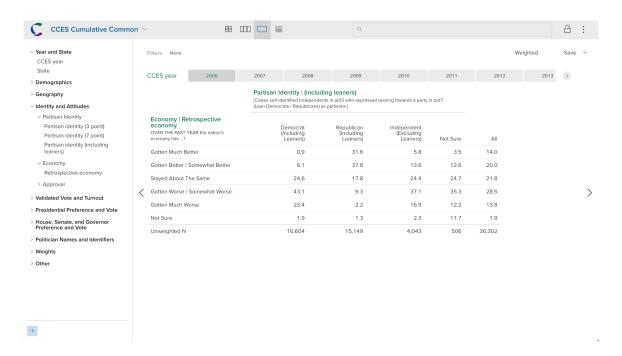
# ... with 392,745 more rows

A version of the dataset is also included in Crunch, a database platform that makes it easy to view and analyze survey data either with our without any programming experience. Crunch is in beta at the time of writing.

 Obtain Access: For View access to the dataset (free), please sign up here: https:// harvard.azl.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV\_066hQi4Eeco3Kap. For questions and more access, please contact the CCES Team. 2. Browse: Crunch offers a web GUI for quickly browsing variables:



3. Analyze: The crunch interface allows Viewers to make cross-tabs and bar graphs quickly.



Crunch datasets can also be manipulated from a R package, crunch <a href="https://github.com/Crunch-io/rcrunch">https://github.com/Crunch-io/rcrunch</a>.

#### **Variables**

The sections below provide summary more information on each variable.

- The title shows the name as used in the dataset, suitable for coding ("alias" in Crunch terminology). followed by a more descriptive. name suitable for presentation ("name" in Crunch terminology).
- Question wordings, where applicable, immediately follow. Otherwise an description is provide
  in square brackets ([ ]). All square brackets, both in the description and the response
  options, indicate descriptions that are summaries of what the respondent saw rather than the
  question verbatim.
- A tabulation of response options (or summary statistics for numeric variables) follow. Numbers are unweighted counts.
- The "Years" bullet lists the years of the CCES in which data on the variable is available at all.
   If a year is not listed, either the question was not asked in the year or was not incorporated in the creation of this dataset.
- Finally, the "Limitations" bullet notes some of the caveats required when interpreting this
  variable. As this dataset is combinations of different surveys, some year-specific details on
  implementation are inevitably lost. For example, for all 2016 responses "Not Asked" and
  "Skipped" are both coded as a NA (missing) to stay consistent with past years that did not
  make that finer distinction.

#### Administration

### year: CCES year

[Year of CCES Common Content]

```
year n
2006 36421
2007 9999
2008 32800
2009 13800
2010 55400
2011 20150
2012 54535
2013 16400
2014 56200
2015 14250
2016 64600
2017 18200
```

## starttime: Start time

[Pre-election wave start time (up to second)]

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median
"2006-10-07 00:02:34" "2010-10-06 15:30:40" "2012-10-10 08:29:31"

Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
"2012-09-06 15:09:20" "2014-10-27 12:03:25" "2017-12-12 23:16:03"
```

• Years: All of 2006-2017

### tookpost: Took post-election wave

[Whether or not the respondent took the post-election wave of the survey (in even years)]

```
tookpost n
Did Not Take Post-Election Survey 50872
Took Post-Election Survey 249084
<NA> 92799
```

Years: 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016 (Post-election wave only exists for even years)

# Weights

### weight: Survey weight (Year-Specific)

[weights from pre-election survey of each year]

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 0.0000 0.4076 0.7219 1.0000 1.1887 15.0006
```

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- In even years, they are re-computed after vote validation has been computed and those recomputed weights are taken here when available. The weights applied to the sample (which
  is originally drawn from a matched sample) are constructed to make each year's respondents'
  pool representative of the national adult population. See the methodology section of the 2016
  Guide for details.
- Limitations: Only specific to each year. Built off of the entire pre-election wave sample, but not necessarily to adjust post-election wave respondents. See weight\_post

### weight\_cumulative: Survey weight (Cumulative)

[weight variable with simple adjustment: multiplied a constant within year to make years comparable]

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 0.0000 0.2464 0.4803 0.8089 0.9657 19.3959
```

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- Limitations: Only a simple transformation of weight

### weight\_post: Survey weight for post-election wave

[weight for post-election wave respondents. Only available for some of the even years.]

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's 0.00 0.43 0.71 1.00 1.13 15.00 294978
```

- Years: 2012, 2016
- Limitations: Only available for some even years.

# Geography

A series of variables for the respondent's location

- state: State (FIPS): [State (Imputed from input zipcode)]
- st: State abbreviation (FIPS): [State (Imputed from input zipcode)]
- dist: Congressional district number in current Congress: [Current Congressional District Number (Imputed from input zipcode)]
- dist\_up: Congressional district number for upcoming Congress: [Upcoming Congressional District Number (Imputed from input zipcode)]
- cd: Congressional district in current Congress: [Current Congressional District (Imputed from input zipcode)]
- zipcode: Zipcode of residence: So that we can ask you about the news and events in your area, in what zip code do you currently reside?
- county\_fips: County of residence: [County (Imputed from input zipcode)]

```
Observations: 392,755
```

```
Variables: 7
```

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- Limitations: Some years do not provide the variable relevant to dist\_up, in which case the
  current district (dist) is assigned automatically. Thus, dist\_up may not reflect, for example, district changes in off-cycle redistricting. Only residence (not registration) geographies
  included here; see individual years' for registration geographies.

### **Demographics**

#### gender: Gender

Are you male or female?

```
gender n
Male 184273
Female 208482
```

• Years: All of 2006-2017

# birthyr: Year of birth

In what year were you born?

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
1900 1950 1960 1962 1975 1999
```

Years: All of 2006-2017

# age: Age

[Approximate age computed from the year of survey minus Year of Birth]

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 18.00 37.00 52.00 49.84 62.00 109.00
```

• Years: All of 2006-2017

#### educ: Education

What is the highest level of education you have completed?

```
educ n
No HS 11781
High School Graduate 108706
Some College 99659
2-Year 37584
4-Year 88755
Post-Grad 46203
<NA> 67
```

Years: All of 2006-2017

#### race: Race

What racial or ethnic group best describes you?

```
race n
White 292782
Black 43531
Hispanic 30959
Asian 7335
Native American 3096
Mixed 7441
Other 7002
Middle Eastern 609
```

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- Limitations: The "Hispanic" value may undercount self-identified Hispanics. See hispanic

### hispanic: Hispanic

Are you of Spanish, Latino, or Hispanic origin or descent? [Asked if response to race is not Hispanic]

```
hispanic n
Yes 9094
No 264014
<NA> 119647
```

- Years: 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017
- In years in which this question was fielded, this question supplements the race variable by asking does who did *not* respnd "Hipsanic" in the race question.

# faminc: Family Income

Thinking back over the last year, what was your family's annual income? [Brackets coarsened]

```
faminc
   Less than 10k 15880
        10k - 20k 28630
        20k - 30k 40176
        30k - 40k 40586
        40k - 50k 36487
        50k - 60k 35620
        60k - 70k 26004
        70k - 80k 28193
       80k - 100k 32741
      100k - 120k 23952
      120k - 150k 18936
            150k+ 21259
Prefer not to say 43063
          Skipped
             <NA> 1216
```

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- Limitations: The income brackets provided in the question has changed slightly over time. The brackets in this cumulative dataset coarsens the brackets so that the bracket labeling are all correct, but with loss of some granularity. In particular, the brackets from 2006 2010 are different from those before. From 2011-2016, brackets over 150k were asked in a follow-up question when the respondent initially selected "over 150k". These are all grouped in this cumulative dataset.
- The 2009 CCES did not have an option for 60-70k.

#### **Validations**

# vv\_regstatus: Validated registration status

[Validation results. Missing if validation was not conducted in the year. Categories are aggregated. Both Matched-not registered and unmatched are labeled as a no record.]

```
vv_regstatus n
Active 178356
No Record Of Registration 61861
Unregistered 13826
Dropped 5294
Inactive 3047
Multiple Appearances 1151
<NA> 129220
```

- Years: 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016
- · Limitations: Collapses some response options

### vv\_party\_gen: Validated registered party

[Validation results]

```
vv_party_gen
                                     n
No Record Of Party Registration
                                 60890
                        Unknown 51379
               Democratic Party 27058
               Republican Party 21522
           No Party Affiliation
                                  9835
              Declined To State
                                  1579
                          0ther
                                  1286
              Independent Party
                                  1176
             Liberatarian Party
                                   376
                    Green Party
                                   194
             Constitution Party
                                   27
                                     9
                   Reform Party
                                     3
                Socialist Party
                                     1
                            Cns
                           <NA> 217420
```

- Years: 2012, 2014, 2016
- · Limitations: Not available for some even years

#### vv\_party\_prm: Validated registered Primary party

[Validation results. All vote methods (polling, mail, early, unknown, etc..) are aggregated as a vote.]

```
vv_party_prm n
No Record Of Party Registration 157120
Republican Party 10010
Democratic Party 8202
Other 3
<NA> 217420
```

• Years: 2012, 2014, 2016

• Limitations: Not available for some even years

#### **Turnout**

#### vv\_turnout\_gvm: Validated turnout General Election

[Validation results. All vote methods (polling, mail, early, unknown, etc..) are aggregated as a vote.]

```
vv_turnout_gvm n
Voted 169204
No Record Of Voting 129019
No Voter File 1733
<NA> 92799
```

- Years: 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016
- Limitations: Collapses most response options. In particular, the particular voting method is
  collapsed into one category, even though gvm stands for General Election voting method.
  Also, the result of not matching to a voter file is collapsed with the result of matching to a
  voter file and having no indication of turning out to vote. The distinction is unclear in earlier
  years, and is thus collapsed for all years here. For finer distinctions, see the individual year's
  CCES.

### vv\_turnout\_pvm: Validated turnout Primary Election (Congressional)

[Validation results]

```
vv_turnout_pvm n
No Record Of Voting 185927
Voted 76245
No Voter File 1363
<NA> 129220
```

Years: 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016Limitations: See vv\_turnout\_gvm

# **Identity and Attitudes**

### **Partisan Identity**

### pid3: Partisan identity (3 point)

Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a ...?

```
pid3 n
Democrat 139175
Republican 102907
Independent 109594
Other 15437
Not Sure 16742
<NA> 8900
```

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- Limitations: Response options offer slightly by year. For example, the Not Sure option is not a response option in years 2006 and 2010. Open-text responses not included. 2010 values are from the post-election wave.

#### pid7: Partisan identity (7 point)

[Based on branching from Partisan Identity question]

```
pid7 n
Strong Democrat 93511
Not Very Strong Democrat 47615
Lean Democrat 39249
Independent 52414
Lean Republican 42003
Not Very Strong Republican 37883
Strong Republican 65725
Not Sure 11430
<NA> 2925
```

Years: All of 2006-2017Limitations: See pid3

## pid3\_leaner: Partisan identity (including leaners)

[Codes self-identified Independents in pid3 who expressed leaning towards a party in pid7 (Lean Democrats / Republicans) as partisans.]

```
pid3_leaner n
Democrat (Including Leaners) 180375
Republican (Including Leaners) 145611
Independent (Excluding Leaners) 52414
Not Sure 11430
<NA> 2925
```

Years: All of 2006-2017Limitations: See pid3

# ideo5: Ideology (5 point)

In general, how would you describe your own political viewpoint?

```
ideo5 n
Very Liberal 32708
Liberal 68662
Moderate 124331
Conservative 93216
Very Conservative 45010
Not Sure 27473
<NA> 1355
```

Years: All of 2006-2017

## **Economy**

# economy\_retro: Retrospective economy

OVER THE PAST YEAR the nation's economy has ...?

```
economy_retro n
Gotten Much Better 17802
Gotten Better / Somewhat Better 85451
Stayed About The Same 101238
Gotten Worse / Somewhat Worse 105357
Gotten Much Worse 74562
Not Sure 7577
<NA> 768
```

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- Limitations: Response options varies by year. Some are collapsed into one category (e.g. Gotten Better, presented in some years, and Gotten Somewhat Better, presented in other years, are collapsed into Gotten Better / Somewhat Better). Some are left as is. For example, Not Sure was not an option in 2009.

### **Approval**

#### approval\_pres: President approval

Do you approve of the way each is doing their job. . . [Pipe Incumbent President]

```
approval_pres n
Strongly Approve 77853
Somewhat Approve 95237
Somewhat Disapprove 41782
Strongly Disapprove 165996
Not Sure 10742
Neither Approve Nor Disapprove 443
<NA> 702
```

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- Limitations: Neither approve nor disapprove only included in 2007.
- This question is asked in a grid format, along with Governors, Congress, and Courts.

#### approval\_rep: House Representative approval

Do you approve of the way each is doing their job... [Pipe Incumbent Representative's Name]

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- Limitations: Neither approve nor disapprove only included in 2007.
- This question is asked in a grid format, along with Senators (approval\_sen1, approval\_sen2).
- To see who [Representative] refers to for a particular respondent, see rep\_inc (incumbent identifier in rep\_icpsr)

### approval\_sen1: Senator 1 approval

Do you approve of the way each is doing their job... [Pipe Incumbent Senator 1's Name]

```
approval_sen1 n
Strongly Approve 51467
Approve / Somewhat Approve 124184
Disapprove / Somewhat Disapprove 78204
Strongly Disapprove 76409
Never Heard / Not Sure 56753
Neither Approve Nor Disapprove 1413
<NA> 4325
```

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- Limitations: : Response options varies by year. Some are collapsed into one category (e.g. Approve, presented in some years, and Somewhat Approve, presented in other years, are collapsed into Approve / Somewhat Approve). Neither approve nor disapprove only included in 2007.
- To see who [Senator 1] refers to for a particular respondent, see sen1\_inc (incumbent identifier in sen1\_icpsr)

### approval\_sen2: Senator 2 approval

Do you approve of the way each is doing their job... [Pipe Incumbent Senator 2's Name]

```
approval_sen2 n
Strongly Approve 53919
Approve / Somewhat Approve 119806
Disapprove / Somewhat Disapprove 76720
Strongly Disapprove 77082
Never Heard / Not Sure 58971
Neither Approve Nor Disapprove 1158
<NA> 5099
```

See approval\_sen2

# approval\_gov: Governor approval

Do you approve of the way each is doing their job... Governor of [Pipe State]

approval\_gov n
Strongly Approve 57460
Somewhat Approve 121801
Somewhat Disapprove 74177
Strongly Disapprove 101957
Not Sure 33980
Neither Approve Nor Disapprove 1414
<NA> 1966

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- Limitations: See approval\_pres
- To see who the Governor refers to for a particular respondent, see gov\_inc (incumbent identifier in gov\_fec, if applicable).

#### **Presidential Vote**

# A note on intent and voted

In this dataset we make the distinction between "intent" / "preference" vs. "voted" / "vote choice". "Intent" (or "preference") refers to the response to the prospective question of the sort "who would you vote for?" in the *pre-election* wave. "Vote choice" refers to the response to the retrospective question of the sort "in the election this November, who did you vote for?" Response to the vote choice questions coalesces both *post-election* wave responses (the bulk of the responses) and pre-election respondents who reported having already voted early.

### intent\_pres\_08: 2008 President preference (before voting)

For which candidate for President of the United States would you vote?

```
intent_pres_08
                  John McCain 13322
                 Barack Obama 12897
                     Ron Paul
                                 535
                 Ralph Nader
                                 209
                     Bob Barr
                                 258
             Cynthia McKinney
                                 74
                        0ther
                                 352
I Won't Vote In This Election
                                 851
                I'm Not Sure 1697
                         <NA> 362560
```

• Years: 2008

#### intent\_pres\_12: 2012 President preference (before voting)

In the race for President of the United States, who do you prefer?

```
intent_pres_12 n
Mitt Romney (Republican) 20738
Barack Obama (Democratic) 24401
Other 1781
I Will Not Vote In This Election 1467
I'm Not Sure 3856
<NA> 340512
```

• Years: 2012

## intent\_pres\_16: 2016 President preference (before voting)

Which candidate did you prefer for President of the United States?

```
intent_pres_16 n
Donald Trump (Republican) 19227
Hillary Clinton (Democrat) 27502
Gary Johnson (Libertarian) 3145
Jill Stein (Green) 1400
```

```
Other 1880
I Won't Vote In This Election 3312
I'm Not Sure 6536
<NA> 329753
```

Years: 2016

#### voted\_pres\_08: 2008 President vote choice (after voting)

2008: For which candidate for President of the United States did you vote? [see guide for wording in all years]

```
voted_pres_08 n
Barack Obama (Democratic) 73986
John McCain (Republican) 68398
Someone Else 4204
Did Not Vote 18227
Don't Recall 1787
<NA> 226153
```

- Years: 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012
- Limitations: Response options offer slightly by year; some are collapsed into one.

#### voted\_pres\_12: 2012 President vote choice (after voting)

2012: For whom did you vote for President of the United States? 2016: In 2012, who did you vote for in the election for President? [see guide for wording in all years]

```
voted_pres_12 n
Barack Obama 82681
Mitt Romney 64956
Other / Someone Else 5890
Did Not Vote 2758
Not Sure / Don't Recall 1990
I Did Not Vote In This Race 81
<NA> 234399
```

- Years: 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016
- Limitations: Response options offer slightly by year; some are collapsed into one.
- This variable coalesces two variables: Either the response to the early vote question in the pre-election wave if the respondent indicates they have already voted, or if not, the response in the post-election wave.

### voted\_pres\_16: 2016 President vote choice (after voting)

2017: In the election for U.S. President, who did you vote for? [If reported voting] 2016: For whom did you vote for President of the United States? [Post-election]

```
voted_pres_16 n
Donald Trump 24578
Hilary Clinton 29395
Other / Someone Else 5473
Did Not Vote 229
Not Sure / Don't Recall 326
<NA> 332754
```

- Years: 2016, 2017
- This variable coalesces two variables in the CCES: Either the response to the early vote question in the pre-election wave if the respondent indicates they have already voted, or if not, the response in the post-election wave.

## House, Senate and Governor Voting

#### **Preference**

### intent\_rep: House preference (before voting)

In the general election for U.S. House of Representatives in your area, who do you prefer?

```
intent_rep
            [Democrat / Candidate 1] 103873
          [Republican / Candidate 2] 97039
               [Other / Candidate 3]
                                       4071
  $HouseCand4Name ($HouseCand4Party)
                                         18
                               0ther
                                       1720
                        I'm Not Sure 60579
                              No One 15860
 $HouseCand5Name ($HouseCand5Party)
                                         20
       I Won't Vote In This Election
                                      2269
 $HouseCand6Name ($HouseCand6Party)
                                         19
 $HouseCand7Name ($HouseCand7Party)
                                         15
 $HouseCand8Name ($HouseCand8Party)
                                         14
 $HouseCand9Name ($HouseCand9Party)
                                          1
$HouseCand10Name ($HouseCand10Party)
$HouseCand11Name ($HouseCand11Party)
                                          3
                                <NA> 107253
```

- Years: 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016
- Limitations: Only available for even years. The third party candidate not specified for early years. The fourth candidate and onwards not shown for most years. Response options differ by year.
- Note that it is not always the case that 1 is a Democrat and 2 is a Republican. When two Democrats are on the general ballot (e.g. in top-two primary states like California), both candidates are Democrats.
- Note that for each respondent, a name (and party affiliation) is shown in place of the square bracket values. To see the candidate chosen, see intent\_rep\_chosen. [Other / Candidate 3] refers to the third option presented, whereas Other refers to the unnamed choice after all numbered candidates.

#### intent\_sen: Senate preference (before voting)

In the race for U.S. Senator in your state, who do you prefer?

```
intent_sen n
[Democrat / Candidate 1] 78318
[Republican / Candidate 2] 68733
[Other / Candidate 3] 4113
$SenCand4Name ($SenCand4Party) 19
Other 1188
```

```
 \begin{tabular}{lll} I'm Not Sure & 31681 \\ No One & 9493 \\ I Won't Vote In This Election & 1145 \\ <& NA> & 198065 \\ \end{tabular}
```

- Years: 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016
- Limitations: See intente\_rep. When both senate seats are up for re-election in the same year, only responses to the first senate seat is incorporated. For the second senate seat, see individual year's CCES.

### intent\_gov: Governor preference (before voting)

In the race for Governor in your state, who do you prefer?

```
intent_gov n
[Democrat / Candidate 1] 55600
[Republican / Candidate 2] 50244
[Other / Candidate 3] 3681
Other 882
I'm Not Sure 18342
No One 5723
I Won't Vote In This Election 466
<NA> 257817
```

- Years: 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016
- Limitations: See intente\_rep. For governor elections in odd years, see individual year's CCES.

### **Vote Choice**

#### voted\_rep: House vote choice (after voting)

For whom did you vote for U.S. House?

```
voted_rep
                                           n
            [Democrat / Candidate 1]
                                       94662
          [Republican / Candidate 2]
                                       94122
               [Other / Candidate 3]
                                        2571
  $HouseCand4Name ($HouseCand4Party)
                                          15
                                0ther
                                        2434
         I Did Not Vote In This Race 11591
  $HouseCand5Name ($HouseCand5Party)
                                          22
                                        4020
                             Not Sure
  $HouseCand6Name ($HouseCand6Party)
                                          15
  $HouseCand7Name ($HouseCand7Party)
                                          13
  $HouseCand8Name ($HouseCand8Party)
                                          16
  $HouseCand9Name ($HouseCand9Party)
                                           2
$HouseCand10Name ($HouseCand10Party)
                                           2
$HouseCand11Name ($HouseCand11Party)
                                           3
                                 <NA> 183267
```

- Years: 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016
- This variable coalesces two variables in the CCES for years 2012 and onwards: Either the
  response to the early vote question in the pre-election wave if the respondent indicates they
  have already voted, or if not, the response in the post-election wave.

# voted\_sen: Senate vote choice (after voting)

For whom did you vote for U.S. Senator?

```
voted_sen
                                    n
      [Democrat / Candidate 1]
                                68808
    [Republican / Candidate 2]
                                63844
         [Other / Candidate 3]
                                 2743
                         0ther
                                 1624
                      Not Sure
                                 1849
$SenCand4Name ($SenCand4Party)
                                  11
  I Did Not Vote In This Race
                                 4108
                          <NA> 249768
```

- Years: 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016
- This variable coalesces two variables in the CCES for years 2012 and onwards: Either the
  response to the early vote question in the pre-election wave if the respondent indicates they
  have already voted, or if not, the response in the post-election wave.

### voted\_gov: Governor vote choice (after voting)

For whom did you vote for Governor?

```
voted_gov n
[Democrat / Candidate 1] 46504
[Republican / Candidate 2] 45056
[Other / Candidate 3] 2466
Other 1162
I Did Not Vote In This Race 4509
Not Sure 911
<NA> 292147
```

- Years: 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016
- This variable coalesces two variables in the CCES for years 2012 and onwards: Either the
  response to the early vote question in the pre-election wave if the respondent indicates they
  have already voted, or if not, the response in the post-election wave.

#### Text

#### **Identifiers**

The case identifier case\_id is unique within the year and is identical to the case identifiers in the individual year's CCES. It should be used in conjunction with year for a unique identifier for the whole dataset. Some individuals across years may be the same YouGov panel respondent with different identifiers; for example the 2007 CCES draws from the 2006 CCES respondents.

### **Current Representatives**

### Name and Party

The four names in the three offices that represent the respondent at the time of the survey. Parties are not shown if the particular year's CCES did not show party. Party names are also abbreviated down to initials (D for Democrat, R for Republican, I for Independent) in this dataset.

```
Observations: 392,755
Variables: 4
$ rep_current <chr> "Patrick T. McHenry (R)", "Michael R. Turner (R)"...
$ sen1_current <chr> "Elizabeth Dole (R)", "Mike DeWine (R)", "Robert ...
$ sen2_current <chr> "Richard Burr (R)", "George V. Voinovich (R)", "F...
$ gov_current <chr> "Michael Easley (D)", "Bob Taft (R)", "Jon Corzin...
```

#### **Incumbent Identifiers**

Unique identifiers (ICPSR / Nominate for Congress, FEC for Governor) for the current representatives. Identifiers are not part of the individual year's CCES but merged on for this cumulative dataset only.

The matching of identifiers to respondent occurs through matching by district, by district and last name, or both:

- For House representatives, we join on cong, st, and dist to a NOMINATE database that
  only consists of unique observations according to the key. For duplicates with regards to
  these three variables (e.g. in the rare case where a new representative comes into office
  mid-session), we match on cong, st, dist and last name.
- For Senators, we join entirely on cong, st, and last name
- For Governors, we join only on st and last name. In this period, there are no two governors in the same state that share the same last name.

```
Observations: 392,755
Variables: 4
$ rep_icpsr <int> 20522, 20342, 29132, 29911, 29380, 20531, 29126, 29...
$ senl_icpsr <int> 40303, 15020, 29373, 15021, 14858, 49306, 40101, 15...
$ sen2_icpsr <int> 29548, 49903, 14914, 40502, 40105, 40305, 40302, 29...
$ gov_fec <chr> "NC5998", NA, "NJ6395", "IL7", NA, "TX3156", "MN472...
```

- Years: All of 2006-2017
- Limitations: Matching procedure may be incomplete or inaccurate.

The unique identifiers can be used to join with other databases to append additional information such as committee membership and ideology scores, such as

Lewis, Jeffrey B., Keith Poole, Howard Rosenthal, Adam Boche, Aaron Rudkin, and Luke Sonnet (2017). Voteview: Congressional Roll-Call Votes Database. https://voteview.com/

#### **Candidates**

The text responses that the respondent chose in each of the intent\_ / voted\_ questions, if the respondent was a candidate. For example, respondent with case\_id = 163051575 in the 2012 CCES chose the first option in the House representative preference question. intent\_rep\_chosen shows that for this particular respondent, the first option was Maxine Waters (Democrat) who has a FEC Identifier of H4CA23011.

```
df %>%
  filter(year == 2012, st == "CA", dist_up == 43) %>%
 select(matches("intent_rep"))
# A tibble: 91 x 3
                              intent_rep_chosen intent_rep_fec
   intent_rep
   <fct>
                              <chr>
                                                 <chr>
 1 [Democrat / Candidate 1]
                              Maxine Waters (D) H4CA23011
 2 I'm Not Sure
                              <NA>
                                                 <NA>
 3 No One
                               <NA>
                                                 <NA>
 4 [Democrat / Candidate 1]
                              Maxine Waters (D) H4CA23011
 5 [Republican / Candidate 2] Bob Flores (D)
                                                 H2CA43385
 6 I'm Not Sure
                              <NA>
                                                 <NA>
 7 Other
                               <NA>
                                                 <NA>
 8 [Republican / Candidate 2] Bob Flores (D)
                                                 H2CA43385
9 [Republican / Candidate 2] Bob Flores (D)
                                                 H2CA43385
10 [Democrat / Candidate 1]
                              Maxine Waters (D) H4CA23011
# ... with 81 more rows
```

The name and party are those as provided in the CCES datasets (e.g. in the form HouseCand1Name). The FEC ID is not part of the CCES but joined in this dataset.

For all three offices, the matching generally occurs by year, st, dist\_up (not dist, because dist\_up, refers to the district of the upcoming session) and party. party is the party affiliation as indicated in the CCES. For years 2008 and 2010, the first option is automatically labelled as a Democrat and the second option as a Republican, although these may be inaccurate at times.

The FEC database runs up until 2014 (thus more recent candidates do *not* get a FEC ID) originates from

```
Bonica, Adam, 2015, "Database on Ideology, Money in Politics, and Elections (DIME)", doi:10.7910/DVN/05PX0B, Harvard Dataverse, V2
```

which helpfully includes candidates office sought, district (for House members), party affiliation, and cycle in which the candidate filed. The variable cycle in Bonica's data is used to join on the CCES dataset's year variable.

Only candidates who are unique within the district and party are considered for the first join. However, many candidates are not unique within the district-party, as many co-partisans may file in the same district. The second matching process thus considers the full name of the candidate

listed in the CCES and the candidates in the FEC database. *Within* the subset of year, district, and party, a Jaro-Winker string distance (that ranges from 0 to 1) is computed for both last name and the first name - middle name. If the sum of the two string distances are more than 0.2 for all possible combinations, no match is returned. If there is a unique combination that achieves a unique minimum that is below 0.2, that combination is declared a match. If there are multiple matches with the same minimum string distance, one is randomly chosen.

#### Chosen

```
Observations: 392,755
Variables: 6
$ intent_rep_chosen <chr> "Richard C. Carsner (D)", "Stephanie Studeba...
$ intent_sen_chosen <chr> NA, "Sherrod C. Brown (D)", "Robert Menendez...
$ intent_gov_chosen <chr> NA, "Ted Strickland (D)", NA, "Rod Blagojevi...
$ voted_rep_chosen <chr> "Richard C. Carsner (D)", "Stephanie Studeba...
$ voted_sen_chosen <chr> NA, "Sherrod C. Brown (D)", "Robert Menendez...
$ voted_gov_chosen <chr> NA, "Ted Strickland (D)", NA, "Rod Blagojevi...
```

- Years: 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016
- Early years may mislabel the candidate's party, especially when the two candidates are of the same party (as in top-two primary states)

#### **Candidate Identifiers**

```
Observations: 392,755
Variables: 6
$ intent_rep_fec <chr> "H6NC10141", "H60H03142", "H0NJ01066", "H8IL090...
$ intent_sen_fec <chr> NA, "S60H00163", "S6NJ00289", NA, NA, NA, "S6MN...
$ intent_gov_fec <chr> NA, "0H19691", NA, "IL7", "NY19490", NA, "MN472...
$ voted_rep_fec <chr> "H6NC10141", "H60H03142", "H0NJ01066", "H8IL090...
$ voted_sen_fec <chr> NA, "S60H00163", "S6NJ00289", NA, "S0NY00188", ...
$ voted_gov_fec <chr> NA, "0H19691", NA, "IL7", "NY19490", NA, "MN472...
```

- Years: 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016
- Limitations: Matching may be inaccurate (see previous section on matching methodology). In particular, a lack of a FEC ID may either indicate a failure of the matching procedure, or that the candidate in question did not file under the FEC. The match rate in the current procedure is upwards of 80 percent in the current procedure.