

ACTIVITY ANSWER SHEET

Name	
Section:	

- Instructions:**
- 1. Push your output on your **GITHUB** repository.
 - 2. Use the answer sheet provided save it as PDF file then push it to your GitHub.
 - 3. Answer the ff. problems write it on the answer sheet.
 - 4. Late submissions will no longer be accepted.
 - 5. Caught copying outputs of others will be given sanctions.
 - 6. Failure to follow these instructions will be given sanctions.

Activity 1: Control Structures

1. Write down the syntax in PHP for the ff.

1. if	<pre>if (condition) { code to be executed if condition is true; }</pre>
2. if...else	<pre>if (condition) { code to be executed if condition is true; } else { code to be executed if condition is false; }</pre>
3. if...else if...else	<pre>if (condition) { code to be executed if this condition is true; } elseif (condition) { code to be executed if first condition is false and this condition is true; } else { code to be executed if all conditions are false; }</pre>
4. switch...case	<pre>switch (n) { case label1: code to be executed if n=label1; break; case label2: code to be executed if n=label2; break; case label3: code to be executed if n=label3; break; ... default: code to be executed if n is different from all labels; }</pre>
5. for loop	<pre>for (init counter; test counter; increment counter) { code to be executed for each iteration; }</pre>
6. do while loop	<pre>do { code to be executed; } while (condition is true);</pre>
7. while loop	<pre>while (condition is true) { code to be executed; }</pre>
8. foreach loop	<pre>foreach (\$array as \$value) { code to be executed; }</pre>

9. break statement	break;
10. continue statement	continue;
11. try...catch	<pre>try{ //A function using an exception should be in a “try” block. If the exception does not trigger, the code will continue as normal. } Catch(exception){ //code of exceptions }</pre>

2. Solve the ff. problem using PHP.

a. Write a program that checks if value is a number (integer).

Sample input: '1' Sample input: 1
Expected output: Not a number Expected output: A number

```
<?php
if(is_int($num) == false)
{
Echo "Not a number";
}else{
echo "A number"
}
?>
```

b. Write a program that checks if a value is positive or negative and odd or even.

Sample input: 0 Sample input: -1
Expected output: Positive & Even Expected output: Negative and Odd

```
<?php

function check($number){
    if($number % 2 == 0){
        if($value >= 0){ echo 'Positive and Odd';}
        else{echo "Negative & Odd";}
    }
    else{
        if($value >= 0){echo "Positive and Even";}
        else{echo 'Negative and Even';}
    }
}

?>
```

c. Write a program that checks if a value is palindrome.

Sample input: Anna Sample input: Bogart
Expected output: Palindrome Expected output: Not a Palindrome

```
<?php
// PHP code to check for Palindrome number in PHP
// Function to check for Palindrome
function Palindrome($number){
    $temp = $number;
    $new = 0;
    while (floor($temp)) {
        $d = $temp % 10;
        $new = $new * 10 + $d;
        $temp = $temp/10;
    }
    if ($new == $number){
        return 1;
    }
    else{
        return 0;
    }
}
```

```
// Driver Code
$original = Anna;
if (Palindrome($original)){
    echo "Palindrome";
}
else {
    echo "Not a Palindrome";
}

?>
```

d. Write a program to calculate and print the factorial of a number using a for loop.
Sample input: 4
Expected output: 24

```
<?php
$string = 4;
$factorial = 1;
for ($x=$ string; $x>=1; $x--)
{
    $factorial = $factorial * $x;
}
echo "$factorial";

?>
```

e. Write a PHP program to generate and display the first n lines of a Floyd triangle.
Sample input: 3
Sample output:
1
2 3
4 5 6

```
<?php
$string = "ASA";
$strings = "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog";
if(strpos(strtoupper($strings), strtoupper($string)) !== false){
    echo "$string is found the string";
} else{
    echo "$string is not found the string";
}

?>
```

Activity 2: PHP Built-in Functions

Write down the functionalities of the ff. built-in functions in PHP.

Array	<p>The array functions allow you to access and manipulate arrays.</p> <p>Simple and multi-dimensional arrays are supported.</p>
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Calendar	The calendar extension contains functions that simplifies converting between different calendar formats. For these functions to work, you have to compile PHP with --enable-calendar.
Date	The date/time functions allow you to get the date and time from the server where your PHP script runs. You can then use the date/time functions to format the date and time in several ways.
Directory	The directory functions allow you to retrieve information about directories and their contents.
Error	<p>The error functions are used to deal with error handling and logging.</p> <p>The error functions allow us to define own error handling rules, and modify the way the errors can be logged.</p>
File System	The filesystem functions allow you to access and manipulate the filesystem.
Filter	This PHP filters is used to validate and filter data coming from insecure sources, like user input.
FTP	The FTP functions give client access to file servers through the File Transfer Protocol (FTP).
Libxml	The libxml functions and constants are used together with SimpleXML, XSLT and DOM functions.
Mail	The mail() function allows you to send emails directly from a script.
Math	The math functions can handle values within the range of integer and float types.
Misc	The misc. functions were only placed here because none of the other categories seemed to fit.
MySQLi	The MySQLi functions allows you to access MySQL database servers.

	Note: The MySQLi extension is designed to work with MySQL version 4.1.13 or newer.
Network	The Network functions contains various network function and let you manipulate information sent to the browser by the Web server, before any other output has been sent.
SimpleXML	<p>SimpleXML is an extension that allows us to easily manipulate and get XML data.</p> <p>SimpleXML provides an easy way of getting an element's name, attributes and textual content if you know the XML document's structure or layout.</p>
Stream	Streams are the way of generalizing file, network, data compression, and other operations which share a common set of functions and uses.
String	The PHP string functions are part of the PHP core.
XML Parser	<p>The XML functions lets you parse, but not validate, XML documents.</p> <p>XML is a data format for standardized structured document exchange. More information on XML can be found in our XML Tutorial.</p>
Zip	The Zip files functions allows you to read ZIP files.
Timezones	<p>complete list of the timezones supported by PHP, which are useful with several PHP date functions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Africa• America• Antarctica• Arctic• Asia• Atlantic• Australia• Europe• Indian• Pacific

Activity 3: Regular Expression

1. Define Regular Expression (RegEx) and provide example programming scenario where you can use (RegEx). Provide example syntax in PHP.

2. Solve the ff. problem using Regular Expressions.

a. Write a PHP script that checks if a string contains another string

Sample String: 'The quick brown fox'

Test input: 'Fox'

Expected output: Fox is found the string

```
<?php
$string = "Fox";
$strings = "The quick brown fox";
if(strpos(strtoupper($strings), strtoupper($string)) !== false){
    echo "$string is found the string";
}
else {
    echo "$string is not found the string";
}
?>
```

b. Write a PHP script that removes the last word from a string.

Sample String: 'The quick brown fox'

Expected output: 'The quick brown'

```
<?php
$string = 'The quick brown fox';
$removeLast = explode( " ", $string );
array_splice( $removeLast, -1 );
echo implode( " ", $removeLast );
?>
```

c. Write a PHP script to remove nonnumeric characters except comma and dot.

Sample String: '/\$123,34.00A#'

Expected output: 123,34.00

```
<?php
$string = "/$123,34.00A#";
echo preg_replace("/[^0-9,.]"/, "", $string);
?>
```

d. Write a PHP script to extract text (within parenthesis) from a string.

Sample String: 'The quick brown [fox].'

Expected output: Fox

```
<?php
$string = 'The quick brown (fox)';
preg_match('#((.*?)\)#', $string, $match);
echo $match[1];
?>
```

e. Write a PHP script to remove all characters from a string except a-z A-Z 0-9 or " ".

Sample String: 'abcde\$ddfd @abcd)der'

Expected output: abcdedfd abcd der

```
<?php
$string = "abcde$ddfd @abcd )der1]";
echo preg_replace("/[^\A-Za-z0-9 ]/", "", $string);
?>
```

Activity 4: Error Handling

1. List down the different PHP errors. Provide example code on how to handle these errors.

PHP ERRORS

Error Functions:

debug_backtrace()

- Used to generate a backtrace.

debug_print_backtrace()

- Prints a backtrace.

error_get_last()

- Gets the last error that occurred.

error_log()

- Sends an error message to the web server's log, a file or a mail account.

error_reporting()

- Specifies which PHP errors are reported.

restore_error_handler()

- Reverts to the previous error handler function.

restore_exception_handler()

- Goes back to the previous exception handler.

set_error_handler()

- Sets a user-defined function to handle script errors.

set_exception_handler()

- Sets an exception handler function defined by the user.

trigger_error()

- Generates a user-level error message, you can also use user_error().

Error Constants:

E_ERROR

- Fatal run-time errors that cause the halting of the script and can't be recovered from.

E_WARNING

- Non-fatal run-time errors, execution of the script continues.

E_PARSE

- Compile-time parse errors, should only be generated by the parser.

E_NOTICE

- Run-time notices that indicate a possible error.

E_CORE_ERROR

- Fatal errors at PHP initialization, like an E_ERROR in PHP core.

E_CORE_WARNING

- Non-fatal errors at PHP startup, similar to E_WARNING but in PHP core.

E_COMPILE_ERROR

- Fatal compile-time errors generated by the Zend Scripting Engine.

E_COMPILE_WARNING

- Non-fatal compile-time errors by the Zend Scripting Engine.

E_USER_ERROR

- Fatal user-generated error, set by the programmer using `trigger_error()`.
`E_USER_WARNING`
- Non-fatal user-generated warning.
`E_USER_NOTICE`
- User-generated notice by `trigger_error()`.
`E_STRICT`
- Suggestions by PHP to improve your code (needs to be enabled).
`E_RECOVERABLE_ERROR`
- Catchable fatal error caught by a user-defined handle.
`E_DEPRECATED`
- Enable this to receive warnings about a code which is not futureproof.
`E_USER_DEPRECATED`
- User-generated warning for deprecated code.
`E_ALL`
- All errors and warnings except `E_STRICT`